CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION
OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED
INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
REVIEW REPORT
ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş.

PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES AT 31 MARCH 2020 WITH AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT (Convenience Translation of the Report on Review of Interim Financial Information Originally Issued in Turkish)

REPORT ON REVIEW OF UNCONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the General Assembly of Türk Ekonomi Bankası AŞ.;

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying unconsolidated statement of financial position of Türk Ekonomi Bankası A.Ş. ("the Bank") as at 31 March 2020, and the unconsolidated statement of income, unconsolidated statement of income and expense items under shareholders' equity, unconsolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity and unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the three-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The Bank management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the accompanying interim financial information in accordance with "the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Financial Reporting Regulations" including the regulation on "The Procedures and Principles Regarding Banks' Accounting Practices and Maintaining Documents" published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with No. 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Board and circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" principles for the matters not legislated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit conducted in accordance with Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying unconsolidated interim financial information does not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Türk Ekonomi Bankası A.Ş. as at 31 March 2020, and of the results of their operations and their cash flows for the three-month period then ended in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Regulations.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the unconsolidated interim financial information provided in the Management's interim report included in section seven of the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements, is not presented fairly, in all material respects, and is not consistent with the reviewed unconsolidated interim financial statements and the explanatory notes.

Additional paragraph for English translation:

The effect of the differences between the accounting principles summarized in Section 3 and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying unconsolidated interim financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) have not been quantified and reflected in the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the Bank's financial position and results of its operations in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in such countries of users of the unconsolidated interim financial statements and IFRS.

DRT BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE SERBEST MUHASEBECİ MALİ MÜŞAVİRLİK A.Ş. Member of **DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU LIMITED**

Yaman Polat, SMMM Partner

İstanbul, 5 May 2020

Convenience Translation of Publicly Announced Unconsolidated Interim Financial Statements and Review Report Originally Issued in Turkish, See in Note I. of Section Three

UNCONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT OF TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. AS OF AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

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The unconsolidated interim financial report for the three-month period, prepared in accordance with "Communiqué on the Financial Statements and the Related Policies and Disclosures to be Publicly Announced" as regulated by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is consist of the sections listed below:

- General Information about the Bank
- Unconsolidated Financial Statements of the Bank
- Explanations on the Accounting Policies Applied in the Related Period
- Information on Financial Structure and Risk Management of the Bank
- Disclosures and Footnotes on Unconsolidated Financial Statements
- Auditor's Review Report
- Interim Activity Report

The accompanying unconsolidated interim financial statements for the three-month period, related disclosures and footnotes which have been reviewed and presented in this report are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, the related statements and guidance, and incompliance with the financial records of our Bank, and unless stated otherwise, presented in **thousands of Turkish Lira** (**TL**).

Nicolas de Baudinet

Yavuz Canevi de Courcelles Ayşe Aşardağ Ümit Leblebici M. Aşkın Dolaştır Gökhan Kazcılar Vice Chairman Chairman Chairman Chief Executive **Assistant General** Director of the Board of of the Audit of the Audit Manager Responsible of Responsible of Officer Financial Reporting Financial Reporting Directors Committee Committee

Information related to responsible personnel for the questions can be raised about financial statements:

Name-Surname/Title: Aslıhan Kaya / External Reporting Senior Manager

Telephone Number : (0216) 635 24 51 Fax Number : (0216) 636 36 36

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(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

SECTION ONE

GENERAL INFORMATION

I. History of the Bank, Including its Incorporation Date, Initial Legal Status and Amendments to Legal Status

Türk Ekonomi Bankası Anonim Şirketi ("TEB" or "Bank"), which had been a local bank incorporated in Kocaeli in 1927 under the name of Kocaeli Halk Bankası T.A.Ş., was acquired by the Çolakoğlu Group in 1982. Its title was changed as Türk Ekonomi Bankası A.Ş. and its headquarters moved to İstanbul. On 10 February 2005, BNP Paribas took over 50% of shares of TEB Holding A.Ş. Consequently, BNP Paribas became indirect shareholder of TEB with 42.125% ownership. In 2009 BNP Paribas Group successively acquired 75% of Fortis Bank Belgium and 66% of Fortis Bank Luxembourg and became the shareholder holding the majority of the shares of Fortis Bank Turkey. The indirect majority shareholders of TEB which are BNP Paribas and Çolakoğlu Group has agreed on the merger of TEB and Fortis Bank under the trademark of TEB and following the authorizations obtained from the regulatory authorities on 14 February 2011 the legal merge of two banks has been performed. The process regarding the procedure has been summarized below. As a result of the merger of TEB Holding, TEB has a majority stake of 55% and on the other hand Çolakoğlu Group and BNP Paribas have the share of 50%.

II. Explanation on the Bank's Capital Structure, Shareholders of the Bank who are in Charge of the Management and/or Auditing of the Bank Directly or Indirectly, Changes in these Matters (if any), and the Group the Bank Belongs to

As of 31 March 2020 and 31 December 2019 the shareholders' structure and their respective ownerships are summarized as follows:

	31 Mar	31 Decem	ber 2019	
	Paid in		Paid in	
Name of shareholders	Capital	%	Capital	%
TEB Holding A.Ş.	1,212,415	55.00	1,212,415	55.00
BNPP Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	518,342	23.51	518,342	23.51
BNP Paribas Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	467,879	21.23	467,879	21.23
BNP Paribas SA	5,253	0.24	5,253	0.24
Kocaeli Chamber of Commerce	501	0.02	501	0.02
	2,204,390	100.00	2,204,390	100.00

As of 31 March 2020, the Bank's paid-in-capital consists of 2,204,390,000 shares of TL 1.00 (full TL) nominal each.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations Regarding the Chairman and the Members of Board of Directors, Audit Committee, General Manager and Assistants and Shares of the Bank They Possess

Name	<u>Title</u>	Education
Board of Directors; Yavuz Canevi	Chairman of the Board of Directors	M
		Master PhD
Dr.Akın Akbaygil	Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors	1 112
Jean Paul Sabet	Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors Member of the Board of Directors and Vice Chairman of the Audit Committee	University
Ayşe Aşardağ		University
François Andre Jesualdo Benaroya	Member of the Board of Directors	University
Yvan L.A.M De Cock	Member of the Board of Directors and Audit Committee	University
Sabri Davaz	Member of the Board of Directors and Audit Committee	Master
Xavier Henri Jean Guilmineau	Member of the Board of Directors	Master
Özden Odabaşı	Member of the Board of Directors	Master
Jacques Roger Jean Marie Rinino	Member of the Board of Directors	University
Nicolas de Baudinet de Courcelles	Member of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Audit Committee	University
Ümit Leblebici	Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Member	Master
Assistant General Managers;		
Gökhan Mendi	Senior Assistant General Manager Responsible from Retail and Private	Master
	Banking Group	
Dr.Nilsen Altıntaş (**)	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Human Resources Group	PhD
Melis Coşan Baban	Chief Legal Advisor and Secretary of the Board of Directors	Master
Mehmet Ali Cer	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Information Technologies	Master
Mustafa Aşkın Dolaştır	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Financial Affairs Group	Master
Osman Durmus	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Retail and Small Business Credit	University
o oman Damaş	Group	Cinversity
Kubilay Güler	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Banking Operations and Support	University
True may Guiler	Services	Cinversity
Gülümser Özgün Henden	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Corporate Banking Group	University
Dr.Tuğrul Özbakan	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Asset Liability Management and	PhD
	Treasury Group	
Akil Özçay	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Fixed Income	Master
Gökhan Özdil	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Corporate Loans	University
Ömer Abidin Yenidoğan	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Corporate Investment Banking	Master
omer riotain remacgan	Group	Master
Ali İhsan Arıdasır	Assistant General Manager Responsible from SME Loans	University
Ali Gökhan Cengiz	Assistant General Manager Responsible from SME Banking	Master
C		
Group Heads (*);		
Nimet Elif Akpınar	Head of Group Risk Management	University
Birol Deper	Head of Compliance Group and Internal Control Group, Consumer Relations	Master
	Coordination Officer	
Internal Audit (*);		
Hakan Tıraşın	Head of Internal Audit Group	University

^(*) Group Heads and Head of Internal Audit are in Assistant General Manager status.

There are no Bank shares owned by the above stated Chairman and Members of Board of Directors, General Manager and Assistants.

^(**) Nilsen Altıntaş, Assistant General Manager responsible for the Human Resources Group of the Bank, has resigned from her duties being effective as of 31 March 2020. Bade Sipahioğlu Işık was appointed as the Assistant General Manager responsible for the Human Resources Group, effective from 13 April 2020.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Information on the Bank's Qualified Shareholders

Y 10	Share	Share	Paid-up	Unpaid
Name / Commercial Name	Amount	Ratio	Shares	Shares
TEB Holding A.Ş.	1,212,415	55.00%	1,212,415	_
BNPP Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	518,342	23.51%	518,342	-
BNP Paribas Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.S.	467,879	21.23%	467,879	=

TEB Holding A.Ş. is a member of both Çolakoğlu and BNP Paribas groups. 50% of the shares of TEB Holding A.Ş. are controlled by BNP Paribas, Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş., while the remaining 50% is controlled by Çolakoğlu Group. BNP Paribas Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş. is controlled by Fortis Bank SA/NV whose shareholders are BNP Paribas Fortis NV/SA by 100% shares, respectively. 100% of the shares of BNPP Yatırımlar Holding are controlled by BNP Paribas SA.

V. Summary on the Bank's Functions and Lines of Activity

The Bank's operating areas include, corporate, commercial, SME, retail and private banking as well as project finance and custody operations. Besides the ordinary banking operations, the Bank is handling agency functions through its branches on behalf of TEB Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., Zurich Sigorta A.Ş. and Cardif Hayat Sigorta A.Ş. As of 31 March 2020, the Bank has 467 local branches and 4 foreign branches (31 December 2019: 467 local branches, 4 foreign branches). As of 31 March 2020, the number of employees of the Bank is 8,906 (31 December 2019: 8,954).

VI. Differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards and Short Explanation about the Entities Subject to Full Consolidation or Proportional Consolidation and Entities which are Deducted from Equity or Entities which are not Included in these Three Methods

There is no difference for the Bank between the consolidation process according to the Turkish Accounting Standards and the Communiqué of the Preparation of Financial Statements of Banks in Turkey.

The Bank owns 0.1% but the Group owns 33.3% share of Bantaş Nakit ve Kıymetli Mal Taşıma ve Güvenlik Hizmetleri A.Ş, it is presented as joint venture in financial statements however, and it is carried by cost value since necessary requirements for consolidation is not met.

VII. Current or Likely, Actual or Legal Barriers to Immediate Transfer of Equity or Repayment of Debts Between Bank and its Subsidiaries

None.

SECTION TWO

UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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 V. Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
 VI. Statement of Cash Flows

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MARCH 2020

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

	ASSETS		C	Reviewed furrent Period 31.03.2020	1		Audited Prior Period 31.12.2019	
		Section 5 Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		12,825,242	21,938,345	34,763,587	8,076,181	22,007,009	30,083,190
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,031,706	18,685,117	22,716,823	2,626,642	18,709,959	21,336,601
1.1.1	Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(I-1)	2,092,615	14,897,904	16,990,519	716,053	11,239,917	11,955,970
	Banks	(I-4)	1,940,191	3,795,529	5,735,720		7,480,991	8,552,165
1.1.3	Money Markets		-	-	-	840,263	-	840,263
	Expected Loss Provision (-)		1,100	8,316	9,416	848	10,949	11,797
1.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		1,451,183	701,652	2,152,835	426,084	869,339	1,295,423
1.2.1	Government Debt Securities	(I-2)	1,410,416	621,915	2,032,331	385,317	782,677	1,167,994
	Equity Securities		40,767	79,737	120,504	40,767	84,258	125,025
	Other Financial Assets	<i>a</i> .5		2 1 6 7 4 4 6	- 240 550	- 222 1 42	2,404	2,404
1.3 1.3.1	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income Government Debt Securities	(I-5)	5,202,133 5,192,172	2,167,446 2,167,446	7,369,579 7,359,618	3,323,142 3,315,247	2,216,475 2,216,475	5,539,617 5,531,722
1.3.1	Equity Securities		9,961	2,107,440	9,961	7,895	2,210,473	7,895
1.3.3	Other Financial Assets		9,901	_	9,901	1,093	-	7,693
1.3.3	Derivative Financial Assets		2,140,220	384,130	2 524 350	1,700,313	211,236	1,911,549
1.4.1	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss	(I-3)	1,550,318	355,499	1,905,817	, ,	196,247	1,670,042
	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive	(13)	1,000,010	355,.,,	1,,,00,,01,	1,,	170,217	1,070,012
	Income	(I-12)	589,902	28,631	618,533	226,518	14,989	241,507
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTIZED COST (Net)		67,787,819	14,284,312	82,072,131	57,002,218	13,480,439	70,482,657
2.1	Loans	(I-6)	67,965,183	12,708,606	80,673,789	56,725,319	12,492,716	69,218,035
2.2	Lease Receivables	(I-11)	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.3	Factoring Receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4	Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	(I-7)	3,239,006	1,957,791	5,196,797		1,356,631	4,906,618
2.4.1	Government Debt Securities		3,239,006	1,957,791	5,196,797	3,549,987	1,356,631	4,906,618
2.4.2	Other Financial Assets		-	-		-	-	
2.5	Expected Credit Loss (-)		3,416,370	382,085	3,798,455	3,273,088	368,908	3,641,996
III.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND		141 151		141 151	121 262		121 272
3.1	RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	(J. 14)	141,171 141,171	-	141,171 141,171	131,362 131,362	-	131,362
3.1	Held for Sale Purpose Related to Discontinued Operations	(I-14)	141,171	-	141,1/1	131,302	-	131,362
IV.	EQUITY INVESTMENTS		115,991	_	115,991	115,991	_	115,991
4.1	Investments in Associates (Net)	(I-8)	113,551		113,551	113,551		113,991
4.1.1	Associates Valued Based on Equity Method	(1-0)	_	_	_	_	_	_
4.1.2	Unconsolidated Associates		_	_	_	_	_	_
4.2	Subsidiaries (Net)	(I-9)	115,986	-	115,986	115,986	_	115,986
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		115,986	-	115,986	115,986	-	115,986
4.2.2	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3	Joint Ventures (Net)	(I-10)	5	-	5	5	-	5
4.3.1	Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
	Unconsolidated Joint Ventures		5	-	5	5	-	5
V.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Net)		887,640	-	887,640	877,782	-	877,782
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		539,039	-	539,039	555,886	-	555,886
6.1	Goodwill		421,124	-	421,124	421,124	-	421,124
6.2	Other INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (N.A.)	(7.12)	117,915	-	117,915	134,762	-	134,762
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Net)	(I-13)	1 0/0	-	1 0/0	10.050	-	10.050
VIII. IX.	CURRENT TAX ASSET DEFERRED TAX ASSET		1,869 588,844	-	1,869	10,958	-	10,958 650,094
X.	OTHER ASSETS(Net)		3,198,400	1,945,540	588,844 5,143,940	650,094 2,345,923	2,096,325	4,442,248
Δ.	TOTAL ASSETS		86,086,015	38,168,197	124,254,212			107,350,168
	IVIAL AUGEIU		00,000,015	30,100,17/	147,434,414	02,100,373	21,203,113	107,550,100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MARCH 2020

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

				Reviewed			Audited	
	LIABILITIES			Current Peri			Prior Perio	d
		~		31.03.2020	0		31.12.2019	
		Section 5		EC	T 4.1	TOT.	EC	T . 1
_	DEDOGUEG	Note	TL	FC 20 240 055	Total	TL	FC 27.710.252	Total 7220
I. II.	DEPOSITS ELINDS ROPPOWED	(II-1)	43,935,394	39,349,855		34,476,076 307,801	37,718,252	72,194,328 8,576,982
III.	FUNDS BORROWED MONEY MARKET FUNDS	(II-3)	331,627 3,737,849	8,619,470	8,951,097	,	8,269,181	1,644,665
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	(II-3)	3,441,630	890,764	4,628,613 3,441,630		327,167	2,333,877
4.1	Bills	(11-3)	3,441,630	-	3,441,630		-	2,333,877
4.2	Asset Backed Securities		3,441,030	_	3,441,030	2,333,677	_	2,333,677
4.3	Bonds				_	_		
V .	FUNDS				_	_	_	_
5.1	Borrower Funds		_	_	_	_	_	_
5.2	Other		_	_	_	_	_	_
VI.	FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT							
, 1.	AND LOSS		_	_	_	_	_	_
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		3,284,437	262,107	3,546,544	3,404,041	107,517	3,511,558
7.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss	(II-2)	1,571,566	254,193	1,825,759	1,486,334	100,250	1,586,584
7.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other	` /	,- ,- ,	- ,	,,	,,	,	, ,
	Comprehensive Income	(II-6)	1,712,871	7,914	1,720,785	1,917,707	7,267	1,924,974
VIII.	FACTORING LIABILITIES	(-/	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	LEASE LIABILITIES (Net)	(II-5)	635,011	50,506	685,517	614,030	39,677	653,707
X.	PROVISIONS	(II-7)	686,208	198,045	884,253	657,461	168,521	825,982
10.1	Restructuring Provisions		_	-	-	_	_	-
10.2	Reserve for Employee Benefits		397,628	22,621	420,249	352,885	22,713	375,598
10.3	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
10.4	Other Provisions		288,580	175,424	464,004	304,576	145,808	450,384
XI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	(II-8)	233,069	-	233,069	213,516	-	213,516
XII.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY		-	-	-	-	-	-
XIII.	LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR							
	SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.1	Held For Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.2	Held From Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
XIV.	SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS		-	3,510,967	3,510,967	-	3,190,503	3,190,503
14.1	Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.2	Other Debt Instruments		4 400 ==3	3,510,967	3,510,967	-	3,190,503	3,190,503
XV.	OTHER LIABILITIES	(TT 0)	4,488,773	489,351	4,978,124		454,725	4,484,476
XVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(II-9)	10,287,201	(178,052)	10,109,149	9,705,323	15,251	9,720,574
16.1	Paid-in Capital		2,204,390	-	2,204,390		-	2,204,390
16.2	Capital Reserves Share Premiums		390,297	-	390,297	390,297	-	390,297
16.2.1 16.2.2	Share Premiums Share Cancellation Profits		2,565	-	2,565	2,565	-	2,565
16.2.2	Other Capital Reserves		387,732	-	387,732	387,732	-	387,732
16.2.3	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expense that will not be		361,132	-	361,132	361,132	-	361,132
10.5	Reclassified at Profit and Loss		323,650		323,650	312,187		312,187
16.4	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expense that will be		323,030	-	323,030	312,167	-	312,107
10.4	Reclassified at Profit and Loss		(700,863)	(178,052)	(878,915)	(884,581)	15,251	(869,330)
16.5	Profit Reserves		7,664,139	(170,032)	7,664,139	6,603,179	13,231	6,603,179
16.5.1	Legal Reserves		452,086	_	452,086	398,568	_	398,568
16.5.2	Status Reserves		.52,000	_	.52,000	-	_	-
16.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		7,020,021	_	7,020,021	6,194,919	_	6,194,919
16.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		192,032	_	192,032	9,692	_	9,692
16.6	Profit or Loss		405,588	_	405,588	1,079,851	_	1,079,851
16.6.1	Prior Periods' Profit / Loss		9,497	-	9,497	9,497	-	9,497
16.6.2	Current Periods' Profit / Loss		396,091	-	396,091	. ,	-	1,070,354
16.7	Minority Shares		-	_	-	-	-	-
			71.071.100	52 102 012	124 254 212	57.050.254	50 200 504	107 250 170
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		71,061,199	55,195,013	124,254,212	51,059,574	50,290,794	107,350,168

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AS OF 31 MARCH 2020

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

				Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2020	I		Audited Prior Period 31.12.2019	
		Section 5 Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
Ā.	OFF BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (I+II+III)	Note	68,539,680	101,172,874	169,712,554	67,739,091	87,362,056	155,101,147
I.	GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES	(III-1)	8,496,591	13,526,831	22,023,422	9,130,519	13,244,967	22,375,486
1.1	Letters of Guarantee		6,170,158	7,207,857	13,378,015	6,481,105	7,071,936	13,553,041
1.1.1 1.1.2	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations		89,735 288,635	84,015 452,178	173,750 740,813	93,314 319,439	79,406 417,745	172,720 737,184
1.1.3	Other Letters of Guarantee		5,791,788	6,671,664	12,463,452	6,068,352	6,574,785	12,643,137
1.2	Bank Acceptances		-	23,875	23,875	-	12,915	12,915
1.2.1	Import Letter of Acceptance		-	23,875	23,875	-	12,915	12,915
1.2.2 1.3	Other Bank Acceptances		25,449	2,736,996	2,762,445	260	2,623,591	2 622 951
1.3.1	Letters of Credit Documentary Letters of Credit		25,449	1,049,533	1,074,722	200	1,119,305	2,623,851 1,119,305
1.3.2	Other Letters of Credit		260	1,687,463	1,687,723	260	1,504,286	1,504,546
1.4	Prefinancing Given as Guarantee		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.1	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2 1.6	Other Endorsements Purchase Guarantees for Securities Issued		-		_	_	_	-
1.7	Factoring Guarantees		_	_	_	_	_	_
1.8	Other Guarantees		2,300,975	2,498,934	4,799,909	2,649,033	2,382,926	5,031,959
1.9	Other Collaterals		9	1,059,169	1,059,178	121	1,153,599	1,153,720
II.	COMMITMENTS	(III-1)	18,068,283	4,788,588	22,856,871	16,821,291	3,460,708	20,281,999
2.1 2.1.1	Irrevocable Commitments Asset Purchase Commitments		18,068,283 1,681,623	4,788,588 4,110,216	22,856,871 5,791,839	16,821,291 1,406,402	3,460,708 2,278,420	20,281,999 3,684,822
2.1.1	Deposit Purchase and Sale Commitments		1,061,025	138,545	138,545		759,924	759,924
2.1.3	Share Capital Commitment to Associates and Subsidiaries		-		-	-		
2.1.4	Loan Granting Commitments		5,212,683	188,113	5,400,796	5,059,676	174,696	5,234,372
2.1.5	Securities Issuance Brokerage Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.6 2.1.7	Commitments for Reserve Deposit Requirements Commitments for Cheque Payments		1,902,020	-	1,902,020	1,769,641	-	1,769,641
2.1.7	Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments		62,742	-	62,742	71,566	-	71,566
2.1.9	Commitments for Credit Card Limits		9,202,310	-	9,202,310	8,506,931	=	8,506,931
2.1.10	Commitments for Credit Cards and Banking Services Promotions		4,805	-	4,805	4,975	-	4,975
2.1.11	Receivables from Short Sale Commitments on Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.12	Payables for Short Sale Commitments on Securities		2 100	251.714	252.014	2 100	247.669	240.769
2.1.13 2.2	Other Irrevocable Commitments Revocable Commitments		2,100	351,714	353,814	2,100	247,668	249,768
2.2.1	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2.2	Other Revocable Commitments		-	-	-	-	=	-
III.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		41,974,806	82,857,455	124,832,261	41,787,281	70,656,381	112,443,662
3.1	Derivative Financial Instruments for Hedging Purposes		17,868,723	12,336,560	30,205,283	16,303,838	9,650,297	25,954,135
3.1.1	Fair Value Hedge		2,158,285	3,611,865	5,770,150	16 202 020	1,740,184	1,740,184
3.1.2 3.1.3	Cash Flow Hedge Foreign Net Investment Hedges		15,710,438	8,724,695	24,435,133	16,303,838	7,910,113	24,213,951
3.2	Held for Trading Transactions		24,106,083	70,520,895	94,626,978	25,483,443	61,006,084	86,489,527
3.2.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions		3,901,685	6,536,593	10,438,278	3,905,504	6,836,778	10,742,282
3.2.1.1	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Buy		2,031,531	3,166,476	5,198,007	2,186,296	3,210,603	5,396,899
3.2.1.2	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Sell		1,870,154	3,370,117	5,240,271	1,719,208	3,626,175	5,345,383
3.2.2.	Swap Transactions Related to Foreign Currency and Interest Rates		17,906,620	57,907,761	75,814,381	18,588,736	48,542,952	67,131,688
3.2.2.1 3.2.2.2	Foreign Currency Swap-Buy Foreign Currency Swap-Sell		3,511,294 12,363,326	29,955,874 21,287,135	33,467,168 33,650,461	4,003,482 12,453,254	25,326,796 16,946,840	29,330,278 29,400,094
3.2.2.3	Interest Rate Swaps-buy		1,016,000	3,332,376	4,348,376	1,066,000	3,134,658	4,200,658
3.2.2.4	Interest Rate Swaps-Sell		1,016,000	3,332,376	4,348,376	1,066,000	3,134,658	4,200,658
3.2.3	Foreign Currency, Interest Rate and Securities Options		2,260,988	5,919,085	8,180,073	2,952,821	5,548,060	8,500,881
3.2.3.1	Foreign Currency Options-Buy		1,101,806	2,986,074	4,087,880	1,726,935	2,562,617	4,289,552
3.2.3.2	Foreign Currency Options-Sell		1,159,182	2,933,011	4,092,193	1,225,886	2,985,443	4,211,329
3.2.3.3 3.2.3.4	Interest Rate Options-Buy Interest Rate Options-Sell		_		_	_	_	-
3.2.3.5	Securities Options-Buy		-	_	-	-	-	-
3.2.3.6	Securities Options-Sell		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.4	Foreign Currency Futures		36,790	37,101	73,891	36,362	35,164	71,526
3.2.4.1	Foreign Currency Futures-Buy		22,048	14,586	36,634	36,362	25.161	36,362
3.2.4.2 3.2.5	Foreign Currency Futures-Sell Interest Rate Futures		14,742	22,515	37,257	-	35,164	35,164
3.2.5.1	Interest Rate Futures Interest Rate Futures-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.5.2	Interest rate Futures-Sell		-	_	-	-	-	-
3.2.6	Other		-	120,355	120,355	20	43,130	43,150
В.	CUSTODY AND PLEDGES RECEIVED (IV+V+VI)		161,459,637	36,344,439	197,804,076	155,126,352	34,382,041	189,508,393
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		29,520,041	3,177,125	32,697,166	22,692,296	3,362,169	26,054,465
4.1	Customer Fund and Portfolio Balances		17 226 220	1.504.002	10.021.221	10 692 121	1.026.086	14 600 207
4.2 4.3	Investment Securities Held In Custody Cheques Received for Collection		17,336,329 10,534,388	1,584,992 975,691	18,921,321 11,510,079	12,683,121 9,224,197	1,926,086 917,651	14,609,207 10,141,848
4.3	Commercial Notes Received for Collection		570,747	141,746	712,493	501,378	129,625	631,003
4.5	Other assets Received for Collection		125	474,696	474,821	125	388,807	388,932
4.6	Assets Received for Public Offering		-	- ,	-	-		-
4.7	Other Items under Custody		1,078,452	-	1,078,452	283,475	-	283,475
4.8	Custodians		100 150	-	161.055.55	-	20.252	150 22
V. 5.1	PLEDGES RECEIVED Marketable Securities		128,458,306 410,347	32,609,695 87,483	161,068,001 497,830	127,978,988 362,798	30,359,974 100,651	158,338,962 463,449
5.1	Marketable Securities Guarantee Notes		410,347	87,483 22,010,003	71,090,810	362,798 48,526,817	20,196,846	463,449 68,723,663
5.3	Commodity		46,644	51,840	98,484	50,194	20,170,040	50,194
5.4	Warranty			,0.0	- 5,	,.,,,,	=	
5.5	Immovable		68,967,995	7,250,575	76,218,570	69,855,979	7,236,289	77,092,268
5.6	Other Pledged Items		9,952,513	3,209,794	13,162,307	9,183,200	2,826,188	12,009,388
5.7	Pledged Items-Depository		2 401 202	-	4 020 000	4.455.000		-
VI.	ACCEPTED BILL, GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES		3,481,290	557,619	4,038,909	4,455,068	659,898	5,114,966
	TOTAL OFF BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (A+B)		229,999.317	137,517,313	367,516,630	222,865,443	121,744,097	344,609,540
	TI		,,011	1:1.	1.0	,000,770	, , 0 . /	1,007,040

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 1 JANUARY - 31 MARCH 2020

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

	INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS	Section 5 Note	Reviewed Current Period 01.0131.03.2020	Reviewed Prior Period 01.01-31.03.2019
	NAMES DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	ATT 40	2.545.240	
I. 1.1	INTEREST INCOME Interest Income on Loans	(IV-1)	2,715,240 2,300,547	3,058,058 2,664,716
1.1	Interest Income on Reserve Requirements		3,606	36,863
1.3	Interest Income on Banks		23,589	65,281
1.4	Interest Income on Money Market Transactions		4,971	65,413
1.5	Interest Income on Securities Portfolio		379,935	220,202
1.5.1	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		58,563	35,553
1.5.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		151,728	64,902
1.5.3	Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost		169,644	119,747
1.6	Financial Lease Income		-	-
1.7	Other Interest Income		2,592	5,583
II.	INTEREST EXPENSE (-)	(IV-2)	1,181,027	1,858,244
2.1	Interest Expense on Deposits		837,201	1,627,510
2.2	Interest Expense on Funds Borrowed		120,884	131,961
2.3	Interest Expense on Money Market Transactions		54,009	25,037
2.4	Interest Expense on Securities Issued		76,778	38,746
2.5	Interest Expense on Leases		26,422	23,856
2.6	Other Interest Expenses		65,733	11,134
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME (I - II)		1,534,213	1,199,814
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		380,174	368,610
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		541,621	571,128
4.1.1	Non-cash Loans		63,233	72,007
4.1.2	Other	(IV-9)	478,388	499,121
4.2	Fees and Commissions Paid (-)		161,447	202,518
4.2.1	Non-cash Loans		1,695	967
4.2.2	Other	(IV-9)	159,752	201,551
V.	DIVIDEND INCOME		27,950	17,371
VI.	TRADING INCOME / LOSS (Net)	(IV-3)	(370,539)	(133,238)
6.1	Securities Trading Gains / Losses		(105,346)	(91,264)
6.2	Gains / Losses on Derivative Financial Instruments		(575,283)	117,657
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains / Losses	(TX7. 4)	310,090	(159,631)
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	(IV-4)	25,324 1,507,122	26,468
VIII.	GROSS OPERATING PROFIT (III+IV+V+VI+VII+VIII)	(IV 5)	1,597,122	1,479,025
IX.	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (-)	(IV-5)	259,954	320,818
X. XI.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	(IV-5)	(28,012)	61,839
	PERSONNEL EXPENSE (-)	(IV. C)	389,001	349,508
XII. XIII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-) NET OPERATING INCOME/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)	(IV-6)	450,961 525,218	354,496 392,364
XIV.	EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER		525,218	392,304
XV.	INCOME/LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES			
	CONSOLIDATED BASED ON EQUITY METHOD		-	-
XVI.	INCOME/LOSS ON NET MONETARY POSITION		-	-
XVII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUED			
	OPERATIONS (XIII++XVI)	(IV-7)	525,218	392,364
XVIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		(129,127)	(79,927)
18.1	Current Tax Provision		(61,048)	(1,748)
18.2	Deferred Tax Income Effect (+)		(215,966)	(224,935)
18.3	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (-)		147,887	146,756
XIX.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED			
	OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII)		396,091	312,437
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
20.1	Income from Non-current Assets Held for Sale		-	-
20.2	Profit from Sales of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		-	-
20.3	Income from Other Discontinued Operations		-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-
21.1	Expenses from Non-current Assets Held for Sale		-	-
21.2	Loss from Sales of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		-	-
21.3 XXII.	Expenses for Other Discontinued Operations PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XIX-XX)	(IV-7)	-	-
XXIII.		(1 7 -1)	- -	-
23.1	Current Tax Provision		- -	-
23.1	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		-	-
23.2	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+) Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		-	-
XXIV.			-	- -
XXV.	NET INCOME/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	(IV-8)	396,091	312,437
25.1	Group's Profit / Loss	(= . =/	396,091	312,437
25.2	Minority Interest Profit / Loss (-)			-
	Earnings per Share		0.1797	0.1417
	J 1			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 1 JANUARY - 31 MARCH 2020

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2020	Reviewed Prior Period 31.03.2019
I.	CURRENT PERIOD INCOME/LOSS	396,091	312,437
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	(7,516)	55,481
2.1	Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified through Profit or Loss	2,069	2,300
2.1.1	Gains (losses) on Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment	-	-
2.1.2	Gains (losses) on Revaluation of Intangible Assets	-	-
2.1.3	Gains (losses) on Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	2,586	2,875
2.1.4	Other Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.1.5	Taxes Relating to Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified through Profit		
	or Loss	(517)	(575)
2.2	Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(9,585)	53,181
2.2.1	Exchange Differences on Translation	-	-
2.2.2	Valuation and/or Reclassification Profit or Loss from Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other		
	Comprehensive Income	(269,048)	27,717
2.2.3	Income (loss) related with Cash Flow Hedges	252,118	39,592
2.2.4	Income (loss) related with Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	-	-
2.2.5	Other Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified through Other Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2.6	Taxes Relating to Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified through Profit or		
	Loss	7,345	(14,128)
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	388,575	367,918

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY - 31 MARCH 2020

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	STATEMENT OF CHANGES II	N SHAREHOLI	DERS'			Accumulated Income or Ex				ted Other Con Expense Reclass							
	EQUITY						h Profit or Los		income or i	Profit or Loss	meu urrougn						
	Reviewed	Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share Cancellation Profit	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Period P		Total Equity Except from Janority Shares		Tota Shareholde s' Equit
	Prior Period – 01.01-31.03.2019	Сириш	110111111111	11011	Treser ves	-					-	reserves	1011(01 (2000)	01 (11000) 1	inority plants		5 Equit
I.	Prior Period End Balance	2,204,390	2,565	-	484,079	266,122	32,702	1,796		(139,555)	273,733	5,601,476	1,011,200	-	9,738,508		9,738,50
II.	Corrections According to TAS 8		· •	-	(96,347)	· •	· •	· .		- ` ´ -	· -		· · · ·	-	(96,347)	-	(96,347
2.1	The Effect of Corrections of Errors	_	-	-	_	_	-				-	_	_	_		_	` ′
	The Effects of Changes in Accounting																
2.2	Policy	-	=.	-	(96,347)	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	(96,347)	-	(96,347
III.	New Balance (I+II)	2,204,390	2,565	-	387,732	266,122	32,702	1,796		- (139,555)	273,733	5,601,476	1,011,200	-	9,642,161		9,642,16
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income			-	_		2,300	· -		- 21,619	31,562			312,437	367,918		367,918
V.	Capital Increase by Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-		-	-
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	
VII.	Paid-in Capital Inflation Adjustment																
	Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	
X.	Increase/Decrease by Other Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	1,001,703	(1,001,703)	-	-	-	
11.1	Dividends Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	- (4.004.000)	-	-	-	
11.2	Transfers to Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	1,001,703	(1,001,703)	-	-	-	
11.3	Other	-	=.	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Period-End Balance 31.03.2019 (III+IV+V+VI+VII+VIII+IX+X+XI)	2,204,390	2,565	_	387.732	266,122	35,002	1.796		- (117,936)	305,295	6.603.179	9,497	312,437	10.010.079	_	10.010.079
	Current Period - 01.01-31.03.2020	2,201,650	2,000		00.,.02	200,122	00,002	2,,,,0		(117,500)	202,252	0,000,177	3,137	012,107	10,010,075		10,010,07
I.	Prior Period End Balance	2,204,390	2,565	_	387,732	266,122	41,322	4,743		- 17,421	(886,751)	6,603,179	1,079,851	_	9,720,574	_	9,720,574
п.	Corrections According to TAS 8	2,204,370	2,505	_	307,732	200,122	41,522	7,773		- 17,421	(000,751)	0,005,177	1,077,051	_	7,720,574	_	7,720,57
2.1	Effects of Corrections] [
2.2	Effects of the Changes in Accounting																
2.2	Policies	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			_	_	_	_	_	_	
III.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)	2,204,390	2,565	-	387,732	266,122	41,322	4,743		- 17.421	(886,751)	6,603,179	1,079,851	_	9,720,574		9,720,574
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income	-,,	_,		,	,	2,069	.,		(209,857)	200,272	-	-,,	396,091	388,575		388,57
v.	Capital Increase by Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-				-	-		-	-	-	,
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-	
VII.	Paid-in Capital Inflation Adjustment																
	Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	
X.	Increase/Decrease by Other Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-		
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	9,394	-	-			-	1,060,960	(1,070,354)	-	-	-	
11.1	Dividends Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	
11.2	Transfers to Reserves	-	-	-	-	9,394	-	-			-	1,060,960	(1,070,354)	-	-	-	
11.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Period-End Balance 31.03.2020	·					-	·					·	-		·	-
	(III+IV+V+VI+VII+VIII+IX+X+XI)	2,204,390	2,565	-	387,732	275,516	43,391	4,743		(192,436)	(686,479)	7,664,139	9,497	396,091	10,109,149	-	10,109,149

^{1.} Increase/decrease from tangible assets accumulated revaluation reserve,

^{2.} Accumulated gains / losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans,

^{3.} Other (Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted with equity method that will not be reclassified at profit or loss and other accumulated amounts of other comprehensive income items that will not be reclassified at profit or loss),

^{4.} Foreign currency translation differences,

^{5.} Accumulated revaluation and / or classification gains / losses of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income,

^{6.} Other (Cash flow hedge gains / losses, other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted with equity method that will be reclassified at profit or loss and other accumulated amounts of other comprehensive income items that will be reclassified at profit or loss).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY - 31 MARCH 2020

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VI. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

A. CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS 1.1 Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities 1.1.1 Interest received 1.1.2 Interest paid 1.1.3 Dividend received 1.1.4 Fees and commissions received 1.1.5 Other income 1.1.6 Collections from previously written off loans 1.1.7 Payments to personnel and service suppliers 1.1.8 Taxes paid 1.1.9 Others 1.2 Changes in operating assets and liabilities 1.2.1 Net (increase) in financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	2,390,742 2,789,601 (1,101,271) 27,950 593,495 215,134 357,997 (381,949) (32,909) (77,306) (3,161,969)	2,220,486 2,904,774 (1,837,306) 17,371 577,624 149,413 216,850 (341,396) (90,898) 624,054
1.1.1 Interest received 1.1.2 Interest paid 1.1.3 Dividend received 1.1.4 Fees and commissions received 1.1.5 Other income 1.1.6 Collections from previously written off loans 1.1.7 Payments to personnel and service suppliers 1.1.8 Taxes paid 1.1.9 Others 1.2 Changes in operating assets and liabilities	2,789,601 (1,101,271) 27,950 593,495 215,134 357,997 (381,949) (32,909) (77,306)	2,904,774 (1,837,306) 17,371 577,624 149,413 216,850 (341,396) (90,898)
 1.1.2 Interest paid 1.1.3 Dividend received 1.1.4 Fees and commissions received 1.1.5 Other income 1.1.6 Collections from previously written off loans 1.1.7 Payments to personnel and service suppliers 1.1.8 Taxes paid 1.1.9 Others 1.2 Changes in operating assets and liabilities 	(1,101,271) 27,950 593,495 215,134 357,997 (381,949) (32,909) (77,306)	(1,837,306) 17,371 577,624 149,413 216,850 (341,396) (90,898)
1.1.3 Dividend received 1.1.4 Fees and commissions received 1.1.5 Other income 1.1.6 Collections from previously written off loans 1.1.7 Payments to personnel and service suppliers 1.1.8 Taxes paid 1.1.9 Others 1.2 Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(1,101,271) 27,950 593,495 215,134 357,997 (381,949) (32,909) (77,306)	(1,837,306) 17,371 577,624 149,413 216,850 (341,396) (90,898)
1.1.3 Dividend received 1.1.4 Fees and commissions received 1.1.5 Other income 1.1.6 Collections from previously written off loans 1.1.7 Payments to personnel and service suppliers 1.1.8 Taxes paid 1.1.9 Others 1.2 Changes in operating assets and liabilities	27,950 593,495 215,134 357,997 (381,949) (32,909) (77,306)	17,371 577,624 149,413 216,850 (341,396) (90,898)
1.1.4 Fees and commissions received 1.1.5 Other income 1.1.6 Collections from previously written off loans 1.1.7 Payments to personnel and service suppliers 1.1.8 Taxes paid 1.1.9 Others 1.2 Changes in operating assets and liabilities	593,495 215,134 357,997 (381,949) (32,909) (77,306)	577,624 149,413 216,850 (341,396) (90,898)
 1.1.5 Other income 1.1.6 Collections from previously written off loans 1.1.7 Payments to personnel and service suppliers 1.1.8 Taxes paid 1.1.9 Others 1.2 Changes in operating assets and liabilities 	215,134 357,997 (381,949) (32,909) (77,306)	149,413 216,850 (341,396) (90,898)
 1.1.6 Collections from previously written off loans 1.1.7 Payments to personnel and service suppliers 1.1.8 Taxes paid 1.1.9 Others 1.2 Changes in operating assets and liabilities 	357,997 (381,949) (32,909) (77,306)	216,850 (341,396) (90,898)
1.1.7 Payments to personnel and service suppliers 1.1.8 Taxes paid 1.1.9 Others 1.2 Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(381,949) (32,909) (77,306)	(341,396) (90,898)
1.1.8 Taxes paid 1.1.9 Others 1.2 Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(32,909) (77,306)	(90,898)
1.1.9 Others1.2 Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(77,306)	
	(3,161,969)	
1.2.1 Net (increase) in financial asset at fair value through profit or loss		(2,755,055)
	(860,540)	(992,911)
1.2.2 Net (increase) in due from banks and other financial institutions	491	(676)
1.2.3 Net (increase) in loans	(10,770,015)	(3,166,083)
1.2.4 Net (increase) in other assets	(3,553,288)	(332,568)
1.2.5 Net increase/(decrease) in bank deposits	3,351,543	1,113,898
1.2.6 Net increase in other deposits	7,709,081	2,064,461
1.2.7 Net increase / (decrease) in financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	7,702,001	2,001,101
1.2.8 Net (decrease) in funds borrowed	359,347	(839,320)
1.2.9 Net increase / (decrease) in matured payables	337,347	(037,320)
1.2.10 Net (decrease) /increase in other liabilities	601,412	(601,856)
I. Net cash provided from banking operations	(771,227)	(534,569)
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
II. Net cash provided from investing activities	(2,139,286)	(1,243,890)
2.1 Cash paid for purchase of entities under common control, associates and subsidiaries (Joint	-	-
Vent.) 2.2 Cash obtained from sale of entities under common control, associates and subsidiaries (Joint Vent.)	-	-
2.3 Cash paid for purchase of tangible assets	(72,276)	(1,816)
2.4 Cash obtained from sale of tangible assets	295	(1,810)
2.5 Cash paid for purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(2,952,757)	(610,040)
2.6 Cash obtained from sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,019,412	121,857
2.7 Cash paid for purchase of financial assets measured at amortized cost	(729,542)	(748,554)
2.8 Cash obtained from sale of financial assets measured at amortized cost	597,947	(740,554)
2.9 Others	(2,365)	(5,400)
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
III. Net cash provided from financing activities	1,046,595	1,233,757
3.1 Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued	4,869,836	1,930,691
3.2 Cash used for repayment of funds borrowed and securities issued	(3,762,090)	(644,475)
3.3 Equity instruments issued	(5,762,656)	(011,175)
3.4 Dividends paid	_	_
3.5 Payments for financial leases	(61,151)	(52,459)
3.6 Others	-	(82, 189)
IV. Effect of change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	312,940	109,341
V. Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,550,978)	(435,361)
VI. Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	16,328,523	13,034,066
VII. Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	14,777,545	12,598,705

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

SECTION THREE

ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

I. Basis of Presentation

a. Financial statements and related explanations and preparation of footnotes in compliance with Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS") and "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents":

The unconsolidated financial statements are prepared within the scope of the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" related with Banking Act numbered 5411 published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006 and in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to reporting principles on accounting records of Banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS) put into effect by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. The format and content of the publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements and notes to these statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué on Publicly Announced Financial Statements, Explanations and Notes to These Financial Statements" and "Communiqué On Disclosures About Risk Management To Be Announced To Public By Banks" and amendments to this Communiqué. The Bank maintains its books in Turkish Lira in accordance with the Banking Law, Turkish Commercial Code and Turkish Tax Legislation.

The unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in TL, under the historical cost convention except for the financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value.

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates by the Bank management to exercise its judgment on the assets and liabilities of the balance sheet and contingent issues as of the balance sheet date. These estimates, which include the fair value calculations of financial instruments and impairments of financial assets are being reviewed regularly and, when necessary, suitable corrections are made and the effects of these corrections are reflected to the income statement. Assumptions and estimates that are used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are explained in the following related disclosures.

A new type of coronavirus (COVID-19), first emerging in China, has been classified as an pandemic affecting countries globally by the World Health Organization on 11 March 2020. COVID-19 has impacts on economic conditions, sectors, businesses, consumers, as well as asset and commodity prices, liquidity, exchange rates, interest rates, money and capital markets and many other issues and it still maintains uncertainty about the future stands. While many countries announce economic and financial programs in order to limit the damage caused by the virus, Turkey also set regulatory fiscal and monetary actions in motion to support the companies and households in such difficult conditions. Additional regulatory measures are continued to be announced to tackle adverse impacts on companies and certain sectors.

The effects of this global pandemic on the Bank's financial statements are regularly monitored by the Risk Management as well as the Bank's Management. While preparing the interim financial statements as of 31 March 2020, the Bank reflected the possible effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on the estimates and judgements used in the preparation of the financial statements. Bank Management takes the necessary precautions in order to keep the negative effects under control and to be affected at the minimum level. The approach preferred for the period of 31 March 2020, will be revised in the following reporting periods, considering the effect of the pandemic and future expectations.

b. The accounting policies and the valuation principles applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements:

The accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements are subject to the regulations, communiqués, annotations and circulars issued by BRSA on accounting and financial reporting principles and the TFRS ("BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation") which has been put into force by the POA on issues not regulated by the BRSA determined according to the principles.

The accounting policies and the valuation principles applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are explained between Notes II and XXV.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations on Usage Strategy of Financial Assets and Foreign Currency Transactions

The Bank aims to develop and promote products for the financial needs of each customer such as SMEs, multinational companies and small individual investors in line with Banking Legislation. The primary objective of the Bank is to increase profitability with optimum liquidity and minimum risk while fulfilling customer needs.

The Bank aims at creating an optimum maturity risk and working with a positive margin between cost of resource and product yield in the process of asset and liability management.

As a component of risk management strategy of the Bank, risk bearing short positions of currency, interest or price movements is performed only by the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group using the limits defined by the Board of Directors. The Asset-Liability Committee manages the maturity mismatches while deciding the short, medium and long term strategies as well as adopting the principle of positive balance sheet margin as a pricing policy.

The Board of Directors allows a purchase risk in treasury operations and individual limits are defined by the Board of Directors for each product.

The Bank's foreign currency asset and liability balances are valuated with the Bank's exchange buying rate at the reporting date and recognized as "Foreign Exchange Gains / Losses" within statement of income.

The Bank's hedging activities for the currency risk due to foreign currency available for sale equity instruments are described under the Currency Risk section; and the Bank's hedging activities from interest rate risk arising from fixed interest rate deposits and floating interest rate borrowings are described in detail under Interest Rate Risk section.

The Bank's Asset-Liability Committee approves the trading of various derivative instruments such as currency swaps, forwards and similar derivatives to hedge interest and currency exchange risks in line with the balance sheet structure.

III. Explanations on Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures

In accordance with "TAS 27", investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures are accounted with cost values and are reflected on the financial statements after deducting the provision for impairment, if any.

The dividends received from investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures are reflected to income statements at the date of the right to receive dividend.

IV. Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments

The Bank's derivative transactions mainly consist of foreign currency swaps and interest rate swaps, cross currency swaps, currency options and forward foreign currency purchase and sale contracts.

Pursuant to "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" ("TFRS 9"), derivative financial instruments of the Bank are classified as "Derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" or "Derivative financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income".

Assets and liabilities arising from derivative transactions are recorded in off-balance sheet through their contractual amounts. Derivative transactions are measured at fair value after initial recognition. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, they are disclosed under "Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" or "Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" in financial statements. Differences arising from the fair value changes of derivative financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are recognized under "Gains / Losses on Derivative Financial Instruments" in "Trading Income / Loss" in the statement of profit or loss. The fair values of the derivative financial instruments are calculated using quoted market prices or by using discounted cash flow models.

Derivative financial instruments are booked under off-balance sheet items. Derivative financial instruments where the underlying asset is money or commodity, are booked based on the amounts to be received / paid at the maturity date. Derivative financial instruments based on interest rate are booked with the principal amount on which the interest rate is calculated.

All derivative financial instruments are measured with fair value method. The fair value of the derivative financial instruments traded in organized markets is the price on the organized market.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments (continued)

The cash flows of forward, currency swap, interest rate swap, and cross currency swap, transactions should be determined firstly in order to measure with fair value method. Expected cash flows due to the floating interest rate for these products are defined according to market interest rate at the valuation date. Valuation is calculated by discounting the cash flows with the market interest rate and foreign currencies are converted in to Turkish Lira with exchange rates at the valuation date.

Derivative financial instruments based on interest rate are measured not only with fair value method but also with amortized cost. While the fair value of derivatives are reflected in a single valuation account within the balance sheet, the amortized cost and the difference between the fair value and the amortized cost are reflected separately on the income / expense accounts.

Black and Scholes Model is used to measure the fair value of options. Options premiums are accrued on the start date. The valuation amount is composed of premiums valued at each valuation date. Premium to be paid calculated within this model is recorded as income, and the premium to be collected as expense.

The Bank has adopted fair value and cash flow hedge accounting. Hedge accounting can be applied in order to prevent short-term fluctuations in the income statement resulting from differences between valuation methods of assets and liabilities exposed to interest rate risk and their hedging derivative instruments.

A part of the Bank's fixed income foreign currency securities and Turkish Lira loans are subject to fair value hedge accounting. The fair value risk of the related financial assets with fixed interest rate is hedged by currency swaps and cross currency swaps. The Bank is also hedging the cash flow risk arising from financial debts, with interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps.

The hedge effectiveness between the derivative instruments / transactions used for hedging and hedged item, are measured regularly and the results are documented. In case of ineffectiveness of hedge accounting, the hedge accounting is terminated.

During period where the relation between hedging instrument and the hedged item is measured;

- a) Within the scope fair value hedge accounting, the fair value change of the hedged item is recognized in profit or loss,
- b) Within the scope of cash flow hedge accounting, the fair value change of the hedged item is recognized in other comprehensive income and the ineffective part of the gain or loss arisen from the hedging instrument is booked in profit or loss.

In the admission of the accounting policies, TFRS 9 presents the option of postponing the adoption of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continuing to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39. Within this context, the Bank continues to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39.

While the Bank recognizes the fair value changes of the hedged items in the "Other Interest Income" and "Other Interest Expense" accounts, it recognizes the fair value changes of the hedging instruments related to the same period in the "Gains/ Losses on Derivative Financial Instruments" account.

Additionally, the difference between the fair value and carrying value of the hedged items as of the application date of hedge accounting is amortized based on their maturities and recognized in "Other Interest Income" and "Other Interest Expense" accounts.

V. Explanations on Interest Income and Expenses

Interest income and expenses are recorded on accrual basis. As the interest income and expense is accrued, all tax liabilities are fulfilled.

Financial assets and liabilities for which the future cash payments and collections are known, are discounted by using effective interest rate.

Accrued but not collected interests and rediscounts of loans, those classified as non-performing (Stage 3) are not reversed and included in interest income.

The interest amount representing the time value of the future collections of the non-performing loans is recognized under interest income and fully provisioned. The income effect arising from the discount of the estimates of expected collection as getting closer to the estimated date of collection, is recorded under interest income.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VI. Explanations on Fees and Commission Income and Expenses

Fees and commissions other than integral part of the effective interest rate of the financial instruments measured at amortized cost are accounted in accordance with the TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers Standard.

Income on banking services which are not related to periodic services are recorded as income when they are collected. In order to classify the fees and commissions collected from customers as income on banking services or as other non-interest income, they shouldn't be related with a credit transaction.

All type of fees and commissions collected from customers regarding cash loans are deferred in "commissions on cash loans" account and are recognized as income over the period of the loan by discounting with effective interest rate.

For Bank assurance services provided by the Bank commissions from insurance companies are recorded as income on accrual basis.

The commissions related with non-cash loans or periodic banking services, are deferred and recorded as income over the period according to the cut-off principle. Credit fee and commission expenses which are paid to other companies and institutions regarding financial liabilities and which create operational costs are discounted by effective interest rate and are recorded as expenses in the relevant period according to the cut-off principle.

VII. Explanations on Financial Assets

The Bank classifies and recognizes its financial assets as "Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss", "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income" or "Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost". The financial assets are recognized or derecognized in accordance with the "Recognition and Derecognition" principles defined in Section 3 related to the classification and measurement of financial instruments of the "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" standard published in the Official Gazette No. 29953 dated 19 January 2017 by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (POA). At initial recognition, financial assets are measured at fair value. In the case of financial assets are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs are added or deducted to/from their fair value.

The Bank recognizes a financial asset in the financial statement when, and only when, the Bank becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the settlement date. When the Bank first recognizes a financial asset, the business model and the characteristics of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are considered by management.

Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are managed by business model other than the business model that aims to "hold to collect" and "hold & sell" the contractual cash flows; acquired for the purpose of generating profit from short-term fluctuations in price, or regardless of this purpose, the financial assets that are a part of a portfolio with evidence of short-time profit-taking; and the financial assets, whose terms do not give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal of interest at certain dates. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and are subsequently measured at fair value. Gain and losses upon their valuation are accounted under the profit / loss accounts.

Equity securities classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized at fair value.

Accounting policies related to derivative financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are explained in Section III. Footnote IV.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VII. Explanations on Financial Assets (continued)

Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income where the business models aim to hold financial assets in order to collect the contractual cash flows and selling assets and the terms of financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal of interest at certain dates.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized at acquisition costs that reflect their fair value by adding transaction costs. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are subsequently measured at their fair value. The interest income of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income that are calculated by effective interest rate method are reflected in the statement of profit or loss. The difference between the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and the amortized cost of the financial assets, i.e. "Unrealized gains and losses", is not recognized in the statement of profit or loss until the realization of the financial asset, the sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset or being impaired of the asset are accounted under "Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses that will be reclassified at Profit or Loss" under shareholders' equity. Accumulated fair value differences under equity are reflected to the income statement when such securities are collected or disposed.

The Bank may elect at initial recognition to irrevocably designate an equity investment at fair value other comprehensive income where those investments are hold for purposes other than to generate investments returns. When this election is used, fair value gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Dividends continue to be recognized in profit or loss in the financial statements.

All equity instruments classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value. However, in limited circumstances, cost may be an appropriate estimate of fair value. That may be the case if insufficient more recent information is available to measure fair value, or if there is a wide range of possible fair value measurements and cost represents the best estimate of fair value within that range.

Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost

Financial investments measured at amortized cost:

A financial asset is classified as a financial asset measured at amortized cost when the Bank's policy within a business model is to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows and the terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal of interest at certain dates.

Financial asset measured at amortized cost is recognized at cost which represents its fair value at initial recognition by adding the transaction costs and subsequently measured at "amortized cost" by using the "effective interest rate method". Interest income related to the financial asset measured at amortized cost is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Loans:

Loans are financial assets with fixed or determinable payment terms which are not traded on an active market and measured at amortized cost is recognized at cost which represents its fair value at initial recognition by adding the transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortized cost by using the "effective interest rate method".

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VIII. Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets

As of 1 January 2018, a loss allowance for expected credit losses is provided for all financial assets measured at amortized cost and financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, all financial assets, which are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts in accordance with TFRS 9 principles and the regulation published in the Official Gazette no. 29750 dated 22 June 2016 in connection with "Methods and Principles for the Determination of Loans and Other Receivables to be Reserved for and Allocation of Reserves" which came into force starting from 1 January 2018. Equity instruments are not subject to impairment assessment as they are measured at fair value.

Measurement of the expected credit losses reflects:

- Time value of money
- Reasonable and supportable information on past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions at the reporting date

The Bank has changed its credit calculation method with the expected credit loss model as of 1 January 2018. Expected credit losses include an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes; reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions and the time value of money. The financial assets is divided into three categories depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition:

Stage 1:

For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk is recorded in the amount of 12-month expected credit losses.

Stage 2:

In the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset is transferred to Stage 2. Impairment for credit risk is determined on the basis of the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses. Following criteria have been taken into account in classification a financial asset as Stage 2:

- Loans having past due more than 30 days and less than 90 days
- Restructuring loans
- Concordatum events
- Significant deterioration in probability of default

In the case of the occurrence of any of the first three items above, it is classified under Stage 2 loans regardless of the comparison between probability of default.

Significant deterioration in probability of default is considered as significant increase in credit risk and the financial asset is classified under Stage 2 loans. In this regard, it is assumed that the probability of default deteriorates, if the probability of default exceeds the thresholds defined by the Bank's internal rating based credit rating models.

The BRSA increased the default period on loans from 90 days to 180 days with the decision dated 17 March 2020. Following the BRSA decision, the Bank significantly worsened the probability of default for loans with a delay of more than 90 days and less than 180 days, which are continued to be followed in Stage 2, and reflected this deterioration effect in the financials of 31 March 2020. The regulation change does not include loans with a delay date more than 90 days before 17 March 2020.

Stage 3:

Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime expected credit losses are recognized and interest revenue is calculated on the net carrying amount.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VIII. Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets (continued)

Expected Credit Loss Calculation

Expected credit loss calculation refers to the calculation to estimate the loss of the financial instrument in case of default and it is based on 3-stage impairment model based on the change in credit quality. The Bank uses two different calculations considering 12-month and lifetime probability of default of the financial instruments.

If there is a significant increase in credit risk between the origination date and the reporting date of the loan, the lifetime probability of default is used and if there is no significant increase in credit risk the 12-month probability of default is used.

There are three loan portfolios as commercial portfolios, retail portfolios and public portfolios.

While the Bank uses the internal credit ratings for commercial portfolios, the internal behavioural scores is used for the retail portfolios. It is determined significant increase in credit risk by comparing the credit ratings/behavioural scores at the origination date and reporting date for both portfolios.

Default Definition: Debts having past due more than 90 days; in addition, the fact that an obligor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations, it should be considered as defaulted regardless of the existence of any past-due amount or of the number of days past due.

In addition, due to COVID-19, the "more than 90 days delay" condition, which was used in the definition of default for the classification of loans, began to be applied as "more than 180 days delay" in accordance with the BRSA decision as of 17 March 2020. This implementation will be valid until 31 December 2020. Consistent with the subjected change, provision has been provided in accordance with the Bank's risk policies.

As of 31 March 2020, considering the possible effects of COVID-19 the data obtained with the principle of best effort were reflected to the estimates and assumptions used in the calculation of expected credit losses with the best estimation method. In light of the related information, the Bank has reconsidered its macroeconomic expectations in the expected credit loss calculation. The Bank has also provided additional provisions through individual assessment for customers which may be considered as highly effected.

The Bank does not have any financial asset as purchased or originated credit-impaired.

Probability of Default (PD): PD represents the likelihood of default over a specified time period. Based on the historical data, 1-year PD of a customer is calculated for each portfolio on the basis of credit ratings and behavioural scores. PDs and LGDs used in the ECL calculation are point in time ("PIT") based on key portfolios and consider both current conditions and expected cyclical changes. Two types of probability of default are calculated.

- 12-Month PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring within the next 12 months.
- Lifetime PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument.

Internal rating systems are used to measure the risk of both commercial and retail portfolios. The internal rating models used in the commercial portfolio include the customer's financial information and the answers to the qualitative question set. Behavioural score cards used in the retail portfolio include the behavioural data of the customer and the product in the Bank, the demographic information of the customer and the behavioural data of the customer in the sector. The probability of default is calculated based on historical data, current conditions and forward-looking macroeconomic expectations.

Loss Given Default (LGD): If a loan defaults, it represents the economic loss incurred on the loan. It is expressed as a percentage.

The Bank calculates the recovery rates for each portfolio in a way that include the collateral types and several risk elements based on historical data, and it is ensured that the time value of money is included into the calculation by discounting of these recoveries to the reporting date. The collaterals in the calculation are taken into account by considering the credit conversion factors. The collaterals included in "Communique on Credit Risk Mitigation Techniques" is taken into account with their rules in the communique. The remaining part is considered as unsecured portfolio and loss given default rate determined for this portfolio is applied.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VIII. Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets (continued)

Expected Credit Loss Calculation (continued)

Exposure at Default (EAD): The EAD represents an estimate of the exposure to credit risk at the time of a potential default occurring during the life of a financial instrument. The expected default amount is calculated by discounting the principal and interest repayments for cash loans and income accruals by effective interest method while it refers to the value calculated through using credit conversion factors for non-cash loans and commitments. It shows the risk of the borrower at the date of default.

Effective interest rate: the discount factor which reflects the time value of money.

Lifetime ECL is calculated by taking into account the period during which the Bank will be exposed to credit risk. The maturity information defined for all cash and non-cash loans is used in the calculation of the expected credit loss along with their maturity and payment plans. The maturity refers to the contractual life of a financial instruments unless there is the legal right to call it earlier. The maturity analysis and credit risk mitigation processes such as cancellation/revision of the limits have been developed for the definition of behavioural maturity for loans that do not have maturity information and revolving loans.

When expected credit losses are estimated, it is considered that three different macroeconomic scenarios as "Base", "Adverse" and "Favourable" and the weighted average of the results of this scenarios is taken into account. Forward-looking PDs based on the weighted average of these three scenarios are calculated on segment basis. The fundamental macroeconomic variable in the macroeconomic models is the estimated annual growth rate in gross national product. The Bank periodically reviews the parameters included in the calculation and updates them when necessary.

Expected Credit Loss Calculation of Stage 1 Loans: It is calculated by considering 12-month (1 year) PDs for the financial assets measured at amortized cost, which do not reflect a significant increase in credit risk. Therefore, it is a part of the lifetime expected credit losses. Such expected 12- month PDs are applied on an expected exposure at default, multiplied with loss given default rate and discounted with the original effective interest rate.

In the case of the current default rate is below a defined threshold without comparison with the origination date, the related loans are classified under Stage 1 loans by considering their credit qualities. Treasury Bills and CBRT balances are classified under Stage 1 loans. In addition, the institutions related to risk group of the Bank and other banks' placements are classified under Stage 1 loans.

Expected Credit Loss Calculation of Stage 2 Loans: It is calculated by considering lifetime PDs for the loans which has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination. Such expected lifetime PDs are applied on an expected exposure at default, multiplied with loss given default rate and discounted with the original effective interest rate.

In determining of the significant increase in credit risk, qualitative and quantitative assessments are performed.

Qualitative assessments:

The loans with a delay on repayment more than 30 days are classified under Stage 2 loans. In addition, the restructured loans are classified under this stage. Also all the customers declaring concordatum are classified under this stage.

The Bank periodically reviews the parameters included in the calculation and updates them when necessary.

Quantitative assessments:

"Significant increase in credit risk" is quantitatively based on the comparison the risk of default at the reporting date with the risk of default at the date of initial recognition. Where the change is above the defined threshold it is considered as significant increase in the credit risk, meaning that the credit is classified under Stage 2 loans.

In the case of the internal credit rating of the loan is above a defined threshold without comparison with the origination date, the related loans are classified under Stage 2 loans.

Expected Credit Loss Calculation of Stage 3 Loans: Lifetime expected credit losses are booked for the loans considered as impaired. When calculating the provisions by discounting the individual cash flow expectations for financial instruments which are above a defined threshold, loss given default rates are taken into account in case of default for financial instruments which are below the defined threshold.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IX. Explanations on Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank has legally enforceable rights to offset the recognized amounts and to collect/pay related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or there is an intention to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

X. Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements and Lending of Securities

Treasury bills and government bonds within the scope of repurchase agreements are classified in financial statements as financial assets carried at amortized costs, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss or financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income according to the classification of marketable securities subject to repurchase agreement, and are valued according to the measurement rules of the relevant category. Funds obtained through repurchase agreements are booked in a separate liability account, namely "Founds provided under repurchase agreements" under "Money market balances". Income and expenses arisen from these transactions are booked in "Interest Income on Marketable Securities Portfolio" and "Interest Expense on Money Market Borrowings" in income statement.

Securities purchased under repurchase agreements ("Reverse repo") are accounted under "Money Market Placements" in the balance sheet. The difference between the purchase and resell price of the repurchase agreements is accrued over the life of repurchase agreements. As of 31 March 2020, the Bank has no reverse repo transaction (31 December 2019: TL 840,263).

As of 31 March 2020, the Bank does not have any marketable securities lending transaction (31 December 2019: None).

XI. Explanations on Assets Held for Sale, Discontinued Operations and Liabilities Related to Those Assets

Non-current assets held for sale consists of property, plant and equipment acquired for impairment and accounted in financial statements convenient with "TFRS 5 Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

As of 31 March 2020, assets held for sale and discontinued operations of the Bank are TL 141,171 (31 December 2019: TL 131,362). As per the appraisals performed for the real estates held for sale included "Assets Held for Sale" in the financial statements, TL 14,663 (31 December 2019: TL 10,598) has been reserved as provision for impairment losses.

As of 31 March 2020, the Bank has no discontinued operations.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XII. Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. In the merger transaction where acquirer and acquiree exchange equity instruments, it is taken into account the fair value of equity shares exchanged and the difference between such amount and fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net asset value is accounted as goodwill. If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the accounting is incomplete. During the measurement period, the acquirer shall retrospectively adjust the provisional amounts recognized at the acquisition date to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognized as of that date. During the measurement period, the acquirer shall also recognize additional assets or liabilities if new information is obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have resulted in the recognition of those assets and liabilities as of that date. The measurement period shall not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

As explained in footnote 1 of Section 1, under the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency decision dated 10 February 2011 and the release of decision in Official Newspaper 12 February 2011 dated and numbered as 27844, all rights, receivables, assets and liabilities of Fortis Bank A.Ş. would be transferred to the Bank as stated in Istanbul Commerce Trade dated 14 February 2011.

Within the framework of TFRS 3 "Business Combination", identifiable assets and liabilities acquired at the merger date are measured at their acquisition date fair value. The resulting difference of TL 48,783 is shown in related assets and liability section, the equity impact is shown under other shareholder's equity section. The amount of TL 421,124, which is the difference between TL 2,385,482, the fair value of transferred amount and TL 1,964,358, the identifiable net asset value is accounted as goodwill in the financial statements of the Bank and the equity impact is shown under other shareholder's equity section.

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business or a merger is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any. For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Bank's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss in the income statement. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

Intangible assets are accounted for at restated cost until 31 December 2004 in accordance with inflation accounting and are amortized with straight-line method, after 31 December 2004 the acquisition cost and any other cost incurred so as to prepare the intangible asset ready for use less reserve for impairment, if any, and are amortized on a straight-line method. The cost of assets subject to amortization is restated after deducting the exchange differences, capitalized financial expenses and revaluation increases, if any, from the cost of the assets.

The other intangible assets of the Bank comprise mainly software. The useful lives of such assets acquired are determined as 3-5 years by taking into consideration the expected utilization period, technical, technological or any other impairment and maintenance expenses necessary for the economic use of such assets. Software used are mainly developed within the Bank by the Bank's personnel and the related expenses are not capitalized.

There are no anticipated changes in the accounting estimates about the amortization rate and amortization method and residual values that would have a significant impact in the current and future periods.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XIII. Explanations on Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible assets of the Bank are accounted for at their restated cost until 31 December 2004 and afterwards, the acquisition cost and any other cost incurred to prepare the asset ready for use are reflected, less reserve for impairment, if any.

Depreciation rates are defined according to the economic life of the relevant assets.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method, without taking residual values in to consideration, based on the number of months that the asset is used. No amendment has been made to the depreciation method in the current period. The economic useful lives of the tangible fixed assets are as follows:

Buildings 50 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Office Equipment and Others 5-15 years

Gain or loss resulting from disposals of the tangible fixed assets is reflected to the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value.

Maintenance costs of tangible fixed assets are capitalized if they extend the economic useful life of the related asset. Other maintenance costs are expensed. Leasehold improvements amount are subject to depreciation during leasing period. This period is taken into consideration maximum five years. For the branches, this period is considered as three years in parallel with the Bank's business plans.

The Bank employs independent appraisers in determining the current fair values of its real estate's when there is any indication of impairment in value of real estates.

XIV. Explanations on Leasing Transactions

TFRS 16 Leases was promulgated in the Official Gazette dated 16 April 2018 and numbered 30393, effective from 1 January 2019. This Standard specifies the principles for the leasing, presentation and disclosure of leases. The purpose of the standard is to provide tenants and lessees with appropriate information and faithful representation. This information is the basis for evaluating the impact of the leases on the entity's financial position, financial performance and cash flows by users of financial statements. The Bank has started to apply the related standard for the first time on 1 January 2019 by reflecting the application effects to the equity accounts.

Lease obligations under the contract in the amount of liabilities on the balance sheet equal to the sum of all cash payments and offset with the form shown gross interest expense arising from the contract. The right of use arising from the leasing transactions, at the date of commencement, the present value of the lease payments which have not been paid at that date is measured and measured. In this measurement, if the interest can be easily determined, the implied interest rate in the lease is used. If this ratio is not easily determined, the Bank's alternative borrowing interest rate announced by the Asset and Liability Management Department is used.

With the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard which became effective as of 1 January 2019, the difference between the operating lease and financial lease has been removed and the lease transactions are started to be recognized under "Tangible Assets" as an asset (tenure) and under "Lease Payables" as a liability.

XV. Explanations on Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are provided for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount arising from past events have the probability to result in an expense or loss in the future and when it can be measured reliably.

Provisions are determined by using the Bank's best expectation of expenses in fulfilling the obligation as of the balance sheet date, and discounted to present value if material. Provisions and contingent liabilities, excluding specific and general provisions for loans and other receivables, are recognized in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards (TAS 37) regarding "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XVI. Explanations on Contingent Assets

Contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the entity. Contingent assets are not recognized in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized.

Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements' notes where an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. In case it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements.

XVII. Explanations on Liabilities Regarding Employee Benefits

In accordance with existing social legislation in Turkey, the Bank is required to make lump-sum termination indemnities over a 30 day salary to each employee who has completed over one year of service, whose employment is terminated due to retirement or for reasons other than resignation or misconduct, and due to marriage, female employees terminating their employments within a year as of the date of marriage, or male employees terminating their employments due to their military service. The Bank is also required to make a payment for the period of notice calculated over each service year of the employee whose employment is terminated for reasons other than resignation or misconduct. Total benefit is calculated in accordance with TAS 19 "Employee Benefits".

Such benefit plans are unfunded since there is no funding requirement in Turkey. The cost of providing benefits to the employees for the services rendered by them under the defined benefit plan is determined by independent actuaries annually using the projected unit credit method.

Employees transferred to the Bank following the business combination defined in "General Information" of the Bank and Fortis Bank A.Ş. are the members of "Türk Dış Ticaret Bankası Mensupları Emekli Sandığı" (the "Pension Fund") which was established in May 1964 under the Provisional Article 20 of Social Insurance Law No: 506. Technical financial statements of the Pension Fund are audited by a licensed actuary in accordance with Article 38 of the Insurance Supervisory Law and the "Actuary Regulations" issued based on the same article. As of 31 March 2020, the Pension Fund has 1,534 employees and 1,150 pensioners (31 December 2019: 1,552 employees and 1,139 pensioners).

Provisional Article 23 (1) of Banking Law No: 5411 (the "Banking Law") published in the Official Gazette repeated no: 25983 on 1 November 2005 requires the transfer of bank funds to the Social Security Institution (the "SSI") within 3 years after the effective date of the Banking Law and the related paragraph also sets out the basis for the related transfer. However, Article 23 (1) of Banking Law No: 5411 was annulled based on the Constitutional Court's ruling issued on 22 March 2007 and ruled for the stay of execution as of 31 March 2007. The related Court ruling and its basis were published in the Official Gazette No: 26731 on 15 December 2007.

Following the publication of the said decree of the Constitutional Court, the Turkish Grand National Assembly (the "TGNA") initiated its studies on the development of new regulations in regards to the transfer of bank pension participations to the SSI and the related articles of the Social Security Law that are set out to determine the basis of fund transfers and new regulations became effective with its publication in the Official Gazette No: 26870 on 8 May 2008 and the completion of the transfer within 3 years starting from 1 January 2008. Upon the Council of Ministers' resolution issued in the Official Gazette, the transfer period has been extended for 2 years as of 14 March 2011. According to amendment on the social security and general health insurance law published in the Official Gazette dated 8 March 2012 numbered 6283, mentioned 2-year transfer period has been increased to 4 years. Upon the Council of Ministers' resolution dated 24 February 2014 issued in the Official Gazette No:28987 on 30 April 2014, mentioned transfer period has been extended for one more year while it has been extended for one year upon the Council of Ministers' resolution dated 8 April 2013 issued in the Official Gazette No:28636 on 3 May 2013. The Council of Ministers has been lastly authorized to determine the transfer date in accordance with the last amendment in the first paragraph of the 20th provisional article of Law No.5510 implemented by the Law No. 6645 on Amendment of the Occupational Health and Safety Law and Other Laws and Decree Laws published in the Official Gazette dated 23 April 2015 numbered 29335. According to paragraph (I) of Article 203 of Law no. 703 which published on the Official Gazette no. 30473 dated 9 July 2018, the phrase, placed in 20th provisional article of Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law no.5510, "Council of Ministers" is authorized to determine the date of transfer to the Social Security Institution has been replaced with "president".

The technical financial statements of the Pension Fund are prepared by an independent actuary company considering related regulation and the Fund is not required to provide any provisions for any technical or actual deficit in the financial statements based on the actuarial report prepared as of 31 December 2019. Since the Bank has no legal rights to carry the economic benefits arising from repayments of Pension Funds and/or decreases in future contributions at present value; no asset has been recognized in the balance sheet.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XVII. Explanations on Liabilities Regarding Employee Benefits (Continued)

Since the Bank management anticipates that any potential liability that may be incurred during or after the transfer within the above-mentioned limits will be likely recoverable, they believe such liabilities will not bring any additional liability to the Bank.

XVIII. Explanations on Taxation

Corporate tax

According to the Article 32 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, announced in the Official Gazette dated 21 September 2006, the corporate tax rate is 20% in Turkey. However, the corporate income tax rate will be applied as 22% for the years between 2018-2020 regarding to the "Law on Amendment of Certain Tax Laws and Some Other Laws" numbered 7061 and published in the Official Gazette on 5 December 2017.

The tax legislation requires advance tax to be calculated and paid based on earnings generated for each quarter. The amounts thus calculated and paid are offset from the final tax liability for the year. On the other hand, corporate tax and any related taxes paid to foreign tax offices for the income obtained from foreign branches are offset against the corporate tax levied in Turkey.

A 50% portion of the gains derived from the sale of immovable (from 5 December 2017) which have been acquired due to loans under follow-up from the Bank and 75% portion of participation shares, founder's shares, dividend shares and preemption rights is tax exempt. A 75% portion of the capital gains derived from the sale of equity investments and 50% portion of the immovable properties held for at least two years are exempt from corporate taxation, providing that such gains are added to paid-in capital or held in a special fund account under liability for five years.

Tax returns are required to be filed between the first and twenty-fifth day of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and paid in one instalment until the end of the related month.

According to the Corporate Tax Law, tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of five years following the year in which the losses are incurred. Tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

Deferred Tax Liability/Asset

The Bank calculates and reflects deferred tax asset or liability on timing differences which will result in taxable or deductible amounts in determining taxable profit of future periods.

The deferred tax is calculated using the enacted tax rates that are valid as of the balance sheet date in accordance with the tax legislation in force. According to the Law, which was approved in the Grand National Assembly on 28 November 2017 and published in the Official Gazette dated 5 December 2017, the rate of Corporate Tax for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020 was increased from 20% to 22%. Therefore, deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate of 22% that are expected to apply to these periods when the assets is realized or the liability is settled, based on the Law that have been enacted. For the periods 2021 and after, the reversals of temporary differences are measured by 20%.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all resulting temporary differences whereas deferred tax assets resulting from temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

Deferred tax asset is calculated over temporary differences arisen from expected credit loss provision in line with TFRS 9 principles from 1 January 2018.

Deferred tax benefit balance resulting from netting of deferred tax assets and liabilities should not be used in dividend distribution and capital increase.

XIX. Additional Explanations on Borrowings

The borrowing costs related to purchase, production, or construction of qualifying assets that require significant time to be prepared for use and sale are included in the cost of assets until the relevant assets become ready to be used or to be sold. Financial investment income obtained by temporary placement of undisbursed investment loan in financial investments is offset against borrowing costs qualified for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recorded to the income statement in the period they are incurred.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XX. Explanations on Issued Equity Securities

There are no shares issued in 2020.

XXI. Explanations on Bill Guarantees and Acceptances

Acceptances are realized simultaneously with the payment dates of the customers and they are presented as probable commitments in off-balance sheet accounts.

XXII. Explanations on Government Incentives

There is no government incentive utilized by the Bank.

XXIII. Explanations on Reporting According to Segmentation

The operating segments of the Bank include retail and private banking, SME banking, corporate banking, treasury and asset-liability management.

Retail and private banking lines of the Bank provide consumer loans, personal financing, housing, workplace and vehicle loans for customer needs related to general consumption, purchase of durable goods, and real estate. The Bank also provides account products like "Marifetli", "Firsat" and "CEPTETEB" along with the standard time deposit products to enable advantageous savings in different currencies and maturities. In regards to investment needs for customers, retail and private banking offers brokerage services for treasury bill transactions, government bonds, Eurobonds, foreign exchange purchases/sales, a wide-range of investment funds, private pension funds and equity securities transactions. It also provides practical account, credit deposit account, automatic bill/regular payment options, safe-deposit boxes and insurance services beside credit and debit cards offering advantages in shopping and banking transactions. These products and services are provided to customers through widespread physical branches and ATM network and also via a 24/7 call centre, internet and mobile banking.

Corporate banking provides financial solutions and banking services to large-scale local firms, holdings and their group companies, and multinational companies operating in Turkey. In addition to the bank deposit services provided to corporate customers, corporate banking also develops tailored solutions and products for standard cash and non-cash loans, investment loans, cash management services in line with customer needs and demands and foreign trade financing. Foreign exchange purchase and sale transactions, corporate financing services, derivative products and solutions to manage foreign exchange and interest rate risk and commodity financing are other services provided by the Bank. The Bank provides these services and products for its corporate customers via teams, located in its corporate branches and Head Office, who are specialized in foreign trade, cash management, structured finance and multinational companies. It also benefits from the global business network and expertise of BNP Paribas Group.

SME banking provides small and medium-sized enterprises with financial solutions and exclusive services for non-financial matters. The Bank, which specifically designed its services for different segments in the field of SME Banking, has developed solutions that are tailored to the needs of these segments. In addition to solutions developed for small and medium-sized enterprises, solutions were developed for agricultural producers, jewellers, female leaders and entrepreneurship segments and for SME banking, enterprise banking, agriculture banking, gold banking, women's banking and entrepreneurship banking. These solutions are provided on a larger scale based on the types of financial problems encountered by customers, and they are supported in non-financial matters via offering access to information, training and networks. At this point, the Bank does not only provide financial support to the SMEs but also provides the training and expertise they need to grow their business, strengthen their competitiveness and use their financing properly.

When determining the short, medium and long-term pricing strategy, Asset-Liability Management and the Treasury Group also manage the maturity mismatch, by adopting a principle foreseeing to work with a positive balance sheet margin. Spot and forward TL and foreign exchange purchase-sale transactions, treasury bill, government bond, and Eurobond purchase-sale transactions, and derivative product purchase/sale transactions are carried out under defined authorizations. The Bank also carries out activities related to providing medium and long-term funding, enabling funding at a price below the price reflecting the country risk price, diversifying funding resources, and creating an international investor base in this field.

The Financial Markets Group provides structured financial solutions to hedge foreign exchange/interest rate risks of customers and provides the most appropriate price for the market instruments offered to customers by monitoring market conditions.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XXIII. Explanations on Reporting According to Segmentation (continued)

The details of the income statement and the balance sheet which the Bank operates as a business lane:

		•			
	Retail and Private	Corporate	SME		
Current Period	Banking(*)	Banking	Banking	Other	Total
Dividend Income	-	_	-	27,950	27,950
Profit Before Tax	127,408	122,675	31,665	243,470	525,218
Tax Provision (-)	-	-	-	129,127	129,127
Net Profit for the Period	127,408	122,675	31,665	114,343	396,091
	Retail and				
	Private	Corporate	SME		
Current Period	Banking (*)	Banking	Banking	Other	Total
Segment Assets	28,409,995	28,906,124	18,208,477	48,613,625	124,138,221
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities	_	_	_	115,991	115,991
Total Assets	28,409,995	28,906,124	18,208,477		124,254,212
Segment Liabilities	55,177,969	20,009,870	7,982,689	30,974,535	114,145,063
Shareholders' Equity	-	-	-	10,109,149	10,109,149
Total Liabilities	55,177,969	20,009,870	7,982,689	41,083,684	124,254,212
	Retail and				
	Private	Corporate	SME		
Prior Period(31.03.2019)	Banking	Banking	Banking	Other	Total
Dividend Income	-	-	-	17,371	17,371
Profit Before Tax	145,517	251,119	25,029	(29,301)	392,364
Tax Provision (-)	-	-	-	79,927	79,927
Net Profit for the Period	145,517	251,119	25,029	(109,228)	312,437
	Retail and				
	Private	Corporate	SME		
Prior Period(31.12.2019)	Banking	Banking	Banking	Other	Total
Segment Assets	25,750,311	20,792,344	17,290,247	43,401,275	107,234,177
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly					
Controlled Entities	-	-	-	115,991	115,991
Total Assets	25,750,311	20,792,344	17,290,247	43,517,266	107,350,168
Segment Liabilities	51,472,544	14,120,899	6,479,553	25,556,598	97,629,594
Shareholders' Equity		-		9,720,574	9,720,574
Total Liabilities	51,472,544	14,120,899	6,479,553	35,277,172	107,350,168

XXIV. Explanations on Other Matters

It has been resolved in the Ordinary General Assembly dated 26 March 2020 of the Bank, TL 1,070,354 that constitutes the 2019 net balance sheet profit shall be transferred to the Extraordinary Reserves after setting aside, in accordance with the proposal in the resolution of the Board of Directors, TL 53,518 as Legal Reserves, TL 9,394 as Special Reserves, TL 0.87 (full TL) as profit distributed to the holders of the founder jouissance certificates.

XXV. Reclassifications

In order to comply with the presentation of the financial statements dated 31 March 2020, some classifications were made on the statement of income and statement of cash flows dated 31 March 2019.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

SECTION FOUR

INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

I. Explanations Related to Components of Shareholders' Equity

Total capital and capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks". As of 31 March 2020, Bank's total capital has been calculated as TL 15,063,625 (31 December 2019: TL 14,339,636) and capital adequacy ratio is 15.49% (31 December 2019: 16.95%). This ratio is well above the minimum ratio required by the legislation. The credit risk of banking accounts has been calculated by using the "Standard Approach", the market risk of purchase and sale accounts by using the "Standard Method", counterparty credit risk of derivative and repo transactions by using the "Fair Value Method", credit valuation adjustments of over counter derivative transactions by using the "Standard Model" and operational risk by using the "Basic Indicator Approach".

Common Equity Tier 1 Conitel	Current Period	Amount related to treatment before
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	31.03.2020 2,404,652	01.01.2014(*)
Share Premium	2,404,032	
Reserves	8,337,438	
Gains Recognized in Equity as per TAS	2.171	
Profit	405,588	
Current Period Profit	396,091	
Prior Period Profit	9,497	
Bonus Shares from Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's Profit	527	
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	11,152,941	
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	11,102,711	
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the (I) item of first paragraph of Article 9 of the Regulation on Bank		
Capital	-	
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS	_	
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases	40,323	
Goodwill netted off deferred tax liability	421,124	421,124
Other intangible assets netted off deferred tax liabilities except mortgage servicing rights.	108,763	108,763
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk	_	
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based		
Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision	_	
Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair value of Bank's liabilities	-	
Net amount of defined-benefit plan assets	-	
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Tier 1 Capital	-	
Excess amount expressed in the law (Article 56 4th paragraph)	-	
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of		
regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions, where the Bank does not own more than 10% of		
the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside		
the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions (amount above 10% threshold) of		
Tier 1 Capital	-	
Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) of Tier 1 Capital	-	
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax		
liability)	-	
Amounts exceeding 15% of Tier 1 Capital according to Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of		
Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (2nd article temporary second paragraph)	-	
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of		
regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions, where the Bank does not own more than 10% of		
the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
Amounts related to mortgage servicing rights	-	
Excess amount of deferred tax assets from temporary differences	-	
Other Items Determined by BRSA	-	
Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital	570.010	
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	570,210	
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	10,582,731	

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Shareholders' Equity (continued)

	Current Period 31.03.2020	Amount related to treatment before 01.01.2014(*)
ADDITIONAL TIER 1 CAPITAL		V=**=*==*()
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums	_	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	_	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA(Temporary Article 4)	_	
Additional Tier 1 Capital before deductions	_	
Deductions from Additional Tier 1 Capital		
Bank's direct or indirect investment on its own Tier 1 Capital	_	
Investments in equity instruments issued by banks or financial institutions invested in Bank's additional Tier I		
Capital which are compatible with the article 7 of the regulation	_	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial		
Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10%		
Threshold of Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	_	
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier 1 Capital of		
Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued		
Share Capital	_	
Other Items Determined by BRSA	_	
Items to be deducted from Tier I Capital during the Transition Period		
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from Common		
Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation		
on Bank Capital (-)	_	
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of		
the sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Bank Capital (-)	_	
The amount to be deducted from Additional Tier 1 Capital (-)	_	
Total Deductions from Additional Tier 1 Capital	_	
Total Additional Tier 1 Capital	-	
Total Tier 1 Capital (Tier 1 Capital=Common Equity+Additional Tier 1 Capital)	10,582,731	
TIER 2 CAPITAL		
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	3,420,579	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	-	
Provisions (Amounts stated in the first paragraph of the article 8 of the Regulation on the Bank Capital)	1,068,962	
Tier 2 Capital Before Deductions	4,489,541	
Deductions From Tier 2 Capital		
Bank's direct or indirect investment on its own Tier 2 Capital (-)	-	
Investments in equity instruments issued by banks and financial institutions invested in Bank's Tier II Capital		
which are compatible with Article 8 of the regulation	_	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial		
Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10%		
Threshold of Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (-)	_	
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Core Capital and		
Tier 2 Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the		
Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier 1 Capital	_	
Other Items Determined by BRSA (-)	_	
Total Deductions From Tier 2 Capital	_	
Total Tier 2 Capital	4,489,541	
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 and Tier 2 Capital)	15,072,272	

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Shareholders' Equity (continued)

	Current Period 31.03.2020	Amount related to treatment before 01.01.2014(*)
The sum of Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital (Total Capital)		` ` `
Loan granted to Customer against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law Net Book Values of Immovables Exceeding 50% of the Equity and of Assets Acquired against Overdue	2,026	
Receivables and Held for Sale as per the Article 57 of the Banking Law but Retained More Than Five Years (-)	_	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	6,621	
Items to be deducted from the sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital ("Capital") during the Transition Period		
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank not to be deducted from the Common Equity, Additional Tier 1 Capital, Tier 2 Capital as per the 1st clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	_	
Portion of the total of net long positions of direct or indirect investments made in Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 Capital items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank not to be deducted from the Additional Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital as per the 1st clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital, deferred tax assets based on temporary differences and mortgage servicing rights not deducted from Common Equity as per the 1st and 2nd Paragraph of the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks		
TOTAL CAPITAL		-
Total Capital	15,063,625	
Total Risk Weighted Assets	97,225,786	
Capital Adequacy Ratios		
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	10.88	
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	10.88	
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) BUFFERS	15.49	
Total additional Common Equity Tier 1 Capital requirement ratio (a+b+c)	2.50	
a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.50	
b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%)		
c) Systemic significant bank buffer ratio (%)	-	
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the		
Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk Weighted Assets(%)	2.38	
Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles		
Amounts arising from the net long positions of investments made in Total Capital items of banks and	120 221	
financial institutions where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital Amounts arising from the net long positions of investments made in Tier 1 Capital items of banks and financial institutions where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital	120,321	
Mortgage servicing rights	_	
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	588,844	
Limits related to provisions considered in Tier 2 Calculation General provisions for standard based receivables (before tenthousandtwentyfive limitation)	1,635,661	
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard approach used(**)	1,068,962	
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0.6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January	-	
2022) Linear limit for Additional Tion 1 Conital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
Upper limit for Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4 Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
Upper limit for Additional Tier 2 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier 2 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
The positive difference between the expected credit loss provision amount in accordance with TFRS 9 and	177 147	
the total provision amount before the application of TFRS 9	177,147	_

^{*)} Amounts in this column represents the amounts of items that are subject to phasing and taken into consideration at the end of transition process.

^(**) The positive difference between the expected credit loss provision amount in accordance with TFRS 9 and the total provision amount before the application of TFRS 9 has been deducted.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Shareholders' Equity (continued)

	Prior	Amount related to
	Period	treatment before
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	31.12.2019	01.01.2014(*)
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	2,404,652	
Share Premium	2,565	
Reserves	7,353,433	
Gains Recognized in Equity as per TAS	23,065	
Profit	1,079,851	
Current Period Profit	1,070,354	
Prior Period Profit	9,497	
Bonus Shares from Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's Profit	527	
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	10,864,093	
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital		
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the (I) item of first paragraph of Article 9 of the Regulation on Bank Capital	-	
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according		
to TAS	3,475	
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases	44,877	
Goodwill netted off deferred tax liability	421,124	421,124
Other intangible assets netted off deferred tax liabilities except mortgage servicing rights.	124,530	124,530
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk	-	
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based		
Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision	-	
Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair value of Bank's liabilities	-	
Net amount of defined-benefit plan assets	-	
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Tier 1 Capital	-	
Excess amount expressed in the law (Article 56, 4th paragraph)	-	
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of		
regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions, where the Bank does not own more than 10% of		
the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside		
the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions (amount above 10% threshold) of Tier 1 Capital	_	
Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) of Tier 1 Capital	_	
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax		
liability)	-	
Amounts exceeding 15% of Tier 1 Capital according to Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (2nd article temporary second paragraph)	-	
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of		
regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions, where the Bank does not own more than 10% of		
he issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)	_	
Amounts related to mortgage servicing rights	-	
Excess amount of deferred tax assets from temporary differences	-	
Other Items Determined by BRSA	-	
Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital	-	
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	594,006	
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	10,270,087	

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Shareholders' Equity (continued)

	Prior Period 31,12,2019	Amount related to treatment before 01.01.2014 (*)
ADDITIONAL TIER 1 CAPITAL		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums	-	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	-	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA(Temporary Article 4)	-	
Additional Tier 1 Capital before deductions	-	
Deductions from Additional Tier 1 Capital		
Bank's direct or indirect investment on its own Tier 1 Capital	-	
Investments in equity instruments issued by banks or financial institutions invested in Bank's additional Tier		
I Capital which are compatible with the article 7 of the regulation	-	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial		
Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10%		
Threshold of Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	-	
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier 1 Capital of		
Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued		
Share Capital	-	
Other Items Determined by BRSA	-	
Items to be deducted from Tier I Capital during the Transition Period	-	
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from		
Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the		
Regulation on Bank Capital (-)	-	•
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of		
the sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Bank Capital (-)	-	
The amount to be deducted from Additional Tier 1 Capital (-)	-	
Total Deductions from Additional Tier 1 Capital	•	
Total Additional Tier 1 Capital	-	
Total Tier 1 Capital (Tier 1 Capital=Common Equity+Additional Tier 1 Capital)	10,270,087	
TIER 2 CAPITAL	2 1 1 5 000	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	3,145,908	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	-	
Provisions (Amounts stated in the first paragraph of the article 8 of the Regulation on the Bank Capital)	932,332	
Tier 2 Capital Before Deductions	4,078,240	
Deductions From Tier 2 Capital	-	
Bank's direct or indirect investment on its own Tier 2 Capital (-) Investments in equity instruments issued by banks and financial institutions invested in Bank's Tier II	-	
Capital which are compatible with Article 8 of the regulation Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial	-	
Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10%		
1 &		
Threshold of Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (-) The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Core Capital and	-	
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or indirect investments in Additional Core Capital and Tier 2 Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of		
the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier 1 Capital		
Other Items Determined by BRSA (-)	-	
Total Deductions From Tier 2 Capital	-	
Total Tier 2 Capital Total Tier 2 Capital	4,078,240	
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 and Tier 2 Capital)	14,348,327	
Total Capital (The Sum of Tier I and Tier 2 Capital)	14,348,347	

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Shareholders' Equity (continued)

Information related to the Components of Shareholders' Equity: (continued)

		Amount related to treatment before
	31.12.2019	01.01.2014 (*)
The sum of Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital (Total Capital)		, ,
Loan granted to Customer against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law	2,467	
Net Book Values of Immovables Exceeding 50% of the Equity and of Assets Acquired against Overdue		
Receivables and Held for Sale as per the Article 57 of the Banking Law but Retained More Than Five Years(-)	-	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	6,224	
Items to be deducted from the sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital ("Capital") during the Transition Period		
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks and financial		
institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share		
capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank not to be deducted from the Common Equity, Additional		
Tier 1 Capital, Tier 2 Capital as per the 1st clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks		
Portion of the total of net long positions of direct or indirect investments made in Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2	-	
Capital items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or		
more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank not to be deducted		
from the Additional Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital as per the 1st clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the		
Regulation on the Equity of Banks	_	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks and financial		
institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share		
capital, deferred tax assets based on temporary differences and mortgage servicing rights not deducted from		
Common Equity as per the 1st and 2nd Paragraph of the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the		
Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	
TOTAL CAPITAL		
Total Capital	14,339,636	
Total Risk Weighted Assets	84,609,081	
Capital Adequacy Ratios		
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	12.14	
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	12.14	
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	16.95	
BUFFERS Total additional Common Equity Tier 1 Capital requirement ratio (a+b+c)	2.50	
a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.50	
b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%)	2.30	
c) Systemic significant bank buffer ratio (%)	_	
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the		
Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk Weighted		
Assets(%)	3.63	
Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles		
Amounts arising from the net long positions of investments made in Total Capital items of banks and financial		
institutions where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital	124,855	
Amounts arising from the net long positions of investments made in Tier 1 Capital items of banks and financial		
institutions where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital	-	
Mortgage servicing rights	-	
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	650,094	
Limits related to provisions considered in Tier 2 Calculation	1 502 094	
General provisions for standard based receivables (before tenthousandtwentyfive limitation)	1,503,984	
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard approach used(**)	932,332	
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in	932,332	
accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	_	
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0.6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the		
Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	_	
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022)		
Upper limit for Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
Upper limit for Additional Tier 2 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier 2 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
The positive difference between the expected credit loss provision amount in accordance with TFRS 9		
and the total provision amount before the application of TFRS 9	265,721	

^(*) Amounts in this column represents the amounts of items that are subject to phasing and taken into consideration at the end of transition process.

^(**) The positive difference between the expected credit loss provision amount in accordance with TFRS 9 and the total provision amount before the application of TFRS 9 has been deducted.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Shareholders' Equity (continued)

Information related to the Components of Shareholders' Equity: (continued)

	T	T-1	T-2	T-3	T-4
CAPITAL ITEMS					
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	10,582,731	10,270,087	9,987,720	9,789,688	9,397,286
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital where the transition impact of TFRS 9 has not					
been applied (a)	10,405,584	10,004,366	9,721,999	9,523,967	9,131,565
Tier 1 Capital	10,582,731	10,270,087	9,987,720	9,789,688	9,397,286
Tier 1 Capital where the transition impact of TFRS 9 has not been applied (b)	10,405,584	10,004,366	9,721,999	9,523,967	9,131,565
Capital	15,063,625	14,339,636	13,826,973	13,758,208	13,147,245
Capital where the transition impact of TFRS 9 has not been applied (c)	14,886,478	14,073,915	13,561,252	13,492,487	12,881,524
TOTAL RISK WEIGHTED ASSETS					
Total Risk Weighted Assets	97,225,786	84,609,081	83,639,057	82,844,380	84,015,439
CAPITAL ADEQUENCY RATIOS					
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	10.88	12.14	11.94	11.82	11.19
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) where the transition	10.70	11.82	11.62	11.50	10.87
impact of TFRS 9 has not been applied (ç)					
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	10.88	12.14	11.94	11.82	11.19
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) where the transition impact of TFRS 9	10.70	11.82	11.62	11.50	10.87
has not been applied (ç)					
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	15.49	16.95	16.53	16.61	15.65
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) where the transition impact of TFRS 9 has not	15.31	16.63	16.21	16.29	15.33
been applied (ç)					
LEVERAGE RATIO					
Leverage Ratio Total Risk Amount	168,042,884	148,550,077	149,244,078	150,550,785	150,759,032
Leverage Ratio	6.18%	6.91%	6.69%	6.50%	6.23%
FTA not Applied Leverage Ratio (d)	6.08%	6.73%	6.51%	6.33%	6.06%

Basic information for the TFRS 9 transition process

- a: Common equity Tier 1 capital if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on equities of banks has not applied.
- b: Tier 1 capital if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on equities of banks has not applied.
- c: Total capital if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on equities of banks has not applied.
- ç: Capital adequacy ratios calculated with capital items if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on banks has not applied.
- d: The leverage ratio calculated with capital items if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on banks has not applied.

Explanations on Reconciliation of Capital Items to Balance Sheet:

Total Capital per Balance Sheet	10,109,149
Hedging Funds (effective portion)	686,479
Deductions Made Under Regulation	(582,480)
Transition Impact of TFRS 9 (Temporary 5 th Article)	177,147
Accumulated revaluation and/or classification on gains/losses of financial assets at fair	
value through other comprehensive income	192,436
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	10,582,731
Additional Tier 1 Capital	-
Tier 1 Capital	10,582,731
General Provisions (Stage 1 and 2)	1,068,962
Bank's Borrowing Instruments	3,420,579
Deductions Made Under Regulation	(8,647)
Total Equity	15,063,625

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Shareholders' Equity (continued)

Information related to debt instruments included in equity calculation

All of the debt instruments included in equity calculation are issued by the Bank.

Issuer	TEB	TEB	TEB	TEB
Unique identifier of the debt instrument (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN)	XS1895575071	XS2023308278	XS1973559484	XS1845118865
Governing law(s) of the debt instrument	Turkey	Turkey	Turkey	Turkey
Regulatory treatment			<i>x</i>	*
Subject to 10% deduction as of 1/1/2015	No	No	Yes	No
Eligible at unconsolidated/consolidated and unconsolidated	Available	Available	Available	Available
	Borrowing	Borrowing	Borrowing	Borrowing
Type of the debt instrument	Instrument	Instrument	Instrument	Instrument
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (TL Currency in mil, as of most recent				
reporting date)	1,374.8	717.8	430.7	897.3
Par value of debt instrument (TL Currency in mil)	1,374.8	717.8	430.7	897.3
Accounting classification of the debt instrument	34701100	34701100	34701100	34701100
Original date of issuance	05.11.2018	22.07.2019	14.05.2019	27.06.2018
Perpetual or dated	Time	Time	Time	Time
Original maturity date	05.11.2028	22.07.2029	14.05.2029	27.06.2028
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Available	Available	Available	Available
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	05.11.2023	22.07.2024	14.05.2024	27.06.2023
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	-	-	-	-
Coupons / dividends				
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Floating	Floating	Floating
Coupon rate and any related index	10.40%	Euribor+7.10%	Euribor+7.10%	Euribor+5.10%
Existence of a dividend stopper	None	None	None	None
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	None	None	None	None
Noncumulative or cumulative	None	None	None	None
Convertible or non-convertible				
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	-	-	-	-
If convertible, fully or partially	-	-	-	-
If convertible, conversion rate	-	-	-	-
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	-	-	-	-
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	-	-	-	-
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	-	-	-	-
Write-down feature				
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	-	-	-	-
If write-down, full or partial	-	-	-	-
If write-down, permanent or temporary	-	-	-	-
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	-	-	-	-
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type	deposit and	deposit and	deposit and	deposit and
immediately senior to the debt instrument)	other receivables	other receivables	other receivables	other receivables
Whether conditions which stands in Article of 7 and 8 of Banks' shareholder equity				
law are possessed or not	Possess	Possess	Possess	Possess
According to Article 7 and 8 of Banks' shareholders equity law that are not				
possessed(*)	-	-	-	-

^(*) Under Article 8/2 in subsection (§) mechanism of write-down or conversion to common shares are stated.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations Related to Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk indicates the probability of loss that the Bank is subject to due to the exchange rate movements in the market. While calculating the share capital requirement, all foreign currency assets, liabilities and forward transactions of the Bank are taken into consideration and risk is calculated by using the standard method.

The Board of Directors of the Bank sets limits for the positions, which are followed up daily. Any possible changes in the foreign currency transactions in the Bank's positions are also monitored.

As an element of the Bank's risk management strategies, foreign currency liabilities are hedged against exchange rate risk by derivative instruments.

Asset Liability Management and Treasury Department of the Bank is responsible for the management of Turkish Lira or foreign currency price, liquidity and affordability risks that could occur in the domestic and international markets within the limits set by the Board of Directors. The monitoring of risk and risk related transactions occurring in the money markets is performed daily and reported to the Bank's Asset-Liability Committee on a weekly basis.

As of 31 March 2020, the Bank's balance sheet short position is TL 14,953,589 (31 December 2019: TL 12,304,371 short position) off-balance sheet long position is TL 14,938,358 (31 December 2019: TL 11,928,995 long position) and as a result net foreign currency short position is TL 15,231 (31 December 2019: net TL 375,376 short position).

The announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank at 31 March 2020 and the previous five working days in full TL are as follows:

	24.03.2020	25.03.2020	26.03.2020	27.03.2020	30.03.2020	31.03.2020
USD	6.4429	6.4376	6.3743	6.4188	6.5569	6.5469
JPY	0.0579	0.0577	0.0581	0.0593	0.0608	0.0605
EUR	6.9596	6.9546	6.9881	7.0626	7.2296	7.1780

The simple arithmetic averages of the major current foreign exchange buying rates of the Bank for the thirty days before 31 March 2020 are as follows:

	Monthly Average Foreign Exchange Rate
USD	6.3156
USD JPY	0.0587
EUR	6.9749

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. **Explanations Related to Currency Risk (continued)**

Information on the foreign currency risk of the Bank:

The table below shows the Bank's distribution of balance sheet and derivative foreign exchange transactions taking into account the options transactions with nominal values as indicated in the BRSA regulation on foreign currency position. Besides taking into account this position by monitoring legal limits, the Bank also monitors the delta-adjusted position of the option transactions. As of 31 March 2020, the Bank has net USD long position TL 228,077 and net EUR short position TL 9,325.

Current Period	EURO	USD	Other FC	Total
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit,				
Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey(1)	6,910,429	5,901,348	2,083,273	14,895,050
Banks ⁽²⁾	976,614	517,512	2,295,941	3,790,067
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	492,824	208,828	-	701,652
Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	1,631,817	515,380	20,249	2,167,446
Loans (3)	9,103,434	2,428,184	1,172,763	12,704,381
Subsidiaries, Associates and Entities Under Common Control	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost ⁽⁴⁾	996,546	960,804	-	1,957,350
Derivative Financial Assets for Hedging Purposes (5)	36	-	-	36
Tangible Assets	-	-	-	-
Intangible Assets	-	-	-	-
Other Assets (6)	1,859,557	90,469	13,856	1,963,882
Total Assets	21,971,257	10,622,525	5,586,082	38,179,864
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	536	261,877	6	262,419
Foreign Currency Deposits (7)	15,650,363	18,320,859	5,116,214	39,087,436
Money Market Borrowings	890,764	-	-	890,764
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	7,177,888	4,556,780	395,769	12,130,437
Securities Issued	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Derivative Financial Liabilities for Hedging Purposes	7,914	-	-	7,914
Other Liabilities (8)	415,442	310,234	28,807	754,483
Total Liabilities	24,142,907	23,449,750	5,540,796	53,133,453
Net Balance Sheet Position	(2,171,650)	(12,827,225)	45,286	(14,953,589)
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	1,728,110	13,423,803	(213,556)	14,938,357
Financial Derivative Assets (9)	19,499,839	30,049,294	1,403,881	50,953,014
Financial Derivative Liabilities (9)	17,771,729	16,625,491	1,617,437	36,014,657
Non-Cash Loans (10)	7,065,825	5,545,588	915,418	13,526,831
Prior Period				
Total Assets	19,666,901	14,316,374	3,896,975	37,880,250
Total Liabilities	20.695.152	25,650,183	3,839,286	50,184,621
Net Balance Sheet Position	(1,028,251)	(11,333,809)	57,689	(12,304,371)
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	797,511	11,133,800	(2,316)	11,928,995
Financial Derivative Assets (9)	14,804,346	26,844,874	782,678	42,431,898
Financial Derivative Liabilities (9)	14,006,835	15,711,074	784,994	30,502,903
Non-Cash Loans (10)	6,880,451	5,459,747	904,769	13,244,967
	-,,	- , ,	,	-, ,

Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey includes the balances of expected credit losses amounting to TL 2,854 (31 December 2019: TL 1,890).

The banks include TL 5,462 of expected credit loss provisions (31 December 2019: TL 9,059).

Foreign currency indexed loss amounting to TL 377,419 (31 December 2019: TL 495,451) are included in the loan portfolio. Also, it includes TL 381,644 (31 (1)

(2)

(4)

⁽³⁾ December 2019: TL 368,603) amounting to expected credit loss.

Financial assets at amortized cost includes expected credit loss amounting to TL 441 (31 December 2019 : TL 305).

TL 28,595 (31 December 2019: TL 14,112) income accruals from derivative financial instruments is deducted from derivative financial assets held for risk (5)

TL 337,157 (31 December 2019: TL 184,862) income accruals from derivative financial instruments is deducted from other assets.

Precious metal accounts amounting to TL 3,647,454 (31 December 2019: TL 2,349,023) are included in the foreign currency deposits. TL 237,612 (31 December 2019: TL 90,922) expense accruals from derivative financial instruments are deducted from other liabilities. (8)

Forward asset and marketable securities purchase-sale commitments of TL 2,259,211 (31 December 2019: TL 1,395,075) are added to derivative financial assets (9) and TL 1,851,005 (31 December 2019: TL 883,345) has been added to derivative financial assets.

There is no effect on the net off-balance sheet position.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations Related to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk shows the probability of loss related to the changes in interest rates depending on the Bank's position, and it is managed by the Asset-Liability Committee. The interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items related to this risk are measured by using the standard method and included in the market risk for capital adequacy.

The priority of the risk management department is to protect from interest rate volatility. Duration, maturity and sensitivity analysis performed within this context are calculated by the risk management department and reported to the Liquidity Risk and Asset-Liability Committee.

Simulations on interest income are performed in connection with the forecasted economic indicators used in the budget of the Bank.

The Bank management monitors the market interest rates on a daily basis and revises the interest rates of the Bank when necessary.

Since the Bank does not allow maturity mismatches or imposes limits on mismatch, no significant interest rate risk exposure is expected.

Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on repricing dates):

repricing dates).	Up to 1		3-12			Non-interest	
-	Month	1-3 Months	Months	1-5 Years	Over 5 Years	Bearing ⁽¹⁾	Total
Current Period							
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash,							
Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and							
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey ⁽²⁾	12,686,751	_	_	_	_	4.300.539	16,987,290
Banks ⁽³⁾	3,670,828	_	_	_	_	2,058,705	5,729,533
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit	3,070,020					2,030,703	3,727,333
and Loss	72,553	21,367	924,578	690,558	323,275	120,504	2,152,835
Money Market Placements			, <u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	-	-	-	-,102,000
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through							
Other Comprehensive Income	432,959	131,482	1,382,817	4,793,062	619,298	9,961	7,369,579
Loans ⁽⁴⁾	20,806,615	4,481,496	, ,	31,666,885	4,157,215	294,051	76,876,504
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized	.,,.	, - ,	-,,	, , , , , , , , ,	, , -	,,,,	, ,
Cost ⁽⁵⁾	1,067,835	1,272,000	1,164,956	1,574,047	117,959	(1,170)	5,195,627
Other Assets	19,987	71,316	629,836	880,772	243,617	8,097,316	9,942,844
Total Assets	38,757,528	5,977,661	19,572,429	39,605,324	5,461,364	14,879,906	124,254,212
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	742,774	-	-	-	-	28,837	771,611
Other Deposits	54,751,366	7,073,539	614,909	7,612		20,066,212	82,513,638
Money Market Borrowings	4,628,613	-	-	-	-	-	4,628,613
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	1,910,653	1,530,977	-	-	-	-	3,441,630
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	2,640,708	4,260,862	1,959,797	89,730	3,510,967	-	12,462,064
Other Liabilities	161,800	222,877	616,931	1,861,783	182,479	17,390,786	20,436,656
TO A LT CLUM	C4 025 014	12 000 255	2 101 (25	1.050.135	2 (02 11(25 405 025	124 254 212
Total Liabilities	64,835,914	13,088,255	3,191,637	1,959,125	3,693,446	37,485,835	124,254,212
Balance Sheet Long Position	_	_	16,380,792	37 646 199	1,767,918	_	55,794,909
Balance Sheet Short Position	(26,078,386)	(7,110,594)	10,360,772	57,040,177	1,707,710	(22,605,929)	(55,794,909)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	3,304,986	5,535,933	_	_	-	(22,003,729)	8,840,919
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	5,504,760		(4,270,104)	(3.835.324)	(553,163)	_	(8,658,591)
on Balance blick bliott I oskioli	_	_	(1,270,104)	(3,033,324)	(333,103)	_	(0,030,371)
Total Position	(22,773,400)	(1,574,661)	12,110,688	33,810,875	1,214,755	(22,605,929)	182,328

The expected loss provisions are presented under the "Non-Interest Bearing" column.

The other assets line in the non-interest bearing column consists of tangible assets amounting to TL 887,640 intangible assets amounting to TL 539,039, subsidiaries amounting to TL 115,986 and entities under common control (joint vent.) amounting to TL 5, assets held for sale amounting to TL 141,171 while other liabilities line includes the shareholders' equity of TL 10,109,149.

⁽²⁾ Cash and cash equivalents include cash balances (cash in hand, cash in hand, cash in the safe deposit box, purchased checks) and the Central Bank of Turkey's outstanding loss provisions in the amount of TL 3,229.

⁽³⁾ The banks include TL 6,187 of expected loss provisions.

The revolving loans amounting to TL 9,081,692 TL are presented under the "Up to 1 Month" column. It includes expected loss provisions amounting to TL 3,797,285

⁽⁵⁾ Financial assets at amortized cost include losses amounting to TL 1,170.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations Related to Interest Rate Risk (continued)

Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on repricing dates): (continued)

	Up to 1		3-12			Non-interest	
	Month	1-3 Months	Months	1-5 Years	Over 5 Years	Bearing ⁽¹⁾	Total
Prior Period							
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash,							
Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and							
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkev ⁽²⁾	8.951.411					3,002,600	11,954,011
Banks ⁽³⁾	6,057,109	-	-	-	-	2,485,247	8,542,356
	0,037,109	-	-	-	-	2,463,247	6,342,330
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit	100.502	122.240	55 207	660.506	122.752	105.005	1 205 422
or Loss	180,593	132,240	55,307	669,506	132,752	125,025	1,295,423
Money Market Placements ⁽⁴⁾	840,263	-	-	-	-	(29)	840,234
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other	4 055 040	500.050	500.040	2 44 - 07 -	4 00 5 00 5	= 00 =	E 500 51E
Comprehensive Income ⁽⁴⁾	1,057,349		523,340	2,416,056	1,005,005	7,895	5,539,617
Loans ⁽⁵⁾	16,882,302	4,579,167	11,359,041	28,333,166	3,917,453	506,014	65,577,143
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized							
Cost ⁽⁶⁾	164,665	796,314	2,075,934	1,699,969	169,736	(1,104)	4,905,514
Other Assets	105,790	7,652	315,615	948,324	94,067	7,224,422	8,695,870
Total Assets	34,239,482	6,045,345	14,329,237	34,067,021	5,319,013	13,350,070	107,350,168
T1 1992							
Liabilities	262.572					22.720	206 212
Bank Deposits	362,573	4 020 622	-	7.202	-	23,739	386,312
Other Deposits	49,530,928	4,829,633	677,235	7,293		16,762,927	71,808,016
Money Market Borrowings	1,644,665	-	-	-	-	-	1,644,665
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	1,692,304			-	<u>-</u>	-	2,333,877
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	1.736.892	2,987,103	5,676,760	100,473	1,266,257	16057.476	11.767.485
Other Liabilities	23,862	117	711,943	2,330,152	86,263	16,257,476	19,409,813
Total Liabilities	54,991,224	8,458,426	7,065,938	2,437,918	1,352,520	33,044,142	107,350,168
			7.262.200	21 (20 102	2.055.402		42 050 005
Balance Sheet Long Position	- (20 554 515)	-	7,263,299	31,629,103	3,966,493	- (10.501.055)	42,858,895
Balance Sheet Short Position	(20,751,742)		-	-	-	(19,694,072)	(42,858,895)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	5,720,979	4,734,356	-	-	-	-	10,455,335
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	-	-	(4,006,053)	(5,678,954)	(623,850)	-	(10,308,857)
Total Position	(15,030,763)	2,321,275	3,257,246	25,950,149	3,342,643	(19,694,072)	146,478

⁽¹⁾ The expected loss provisions are presented under the "Non-Interest Bearing" column.

The other assets line in the non-interest bearing column consists of tangible assets amounting to TL 877,782 intangible assets amounting to TL 555,886, subsidiaries amounting to TL 115,986 and entities under common control (joint vent.) amounting to TL 5, assets held for sale amounting to TL 131,362 while other liabilities line includes the shareholders' equity of TL 9,720,574.

⁽²⁾ Cash balances (Cash, Effective Deposit, Money in transit, Notes Payable) and the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey include balances of expected losses amounting to TL 1,959.

⁽³⁾ Banks include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TL 9,809.

⁽⁴⁾ Money market placements include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TL 29.

⁽⁵⁾ The revolving loans amounting to TL 7,177,775 are presented under the "Up to 1 Month" column. It includes expected loss provisions amounting to TL 3,640,892.

⁽⁶⁾ Financial assets at amortized cost include balance of expected loss provisions of TL 1,104.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations Related to Interest Rate Risk (continued)

Average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments:

	EUR	USD	YEN	TL
	%	%	%	%
End of Current Period				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques				
Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	
Banks	(0.10)		-	9.30
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss	2.42	7.80	-	9.45
Money Market Placements	-		-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	5.86	7.16		12.89
Loans	2.88	4.54	4.72	15.07
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	2.70	7.29	-	15.67
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits		0.13	-	3.75
Other Deposits	0.18	0.54	0.25	9.69
Money Market Borrowings	-	-	-	8.85
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued		- 	-	10.05
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	2.16	5.71	-	10.99
	EUR	USD	YEN	TL
	%	%	%	%
End of Prior Period				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques				
Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	10.00
Banks	-	1.59	-	11.43
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss	1.52	4.89	-	8.66
Money Market Placements	-	-	-	11.46
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	2.11	4.57	-	13.83
Loans	3.23	4.95	5.28	16.42
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	2.48	4.51	-	14.63
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	1.40	-	5.10
Other Deposits	0.16	1.86	0.25	10.26
Money Market Borrowings	-	-	-	11.02
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	-	-	-	12.05
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	2.16	5.65	-	12.31

IV. Explanations Related to Equity Share Position Risk in Banking Accounts

Equity securities which are not publicly traded in the Bank's financial statements are booked as their fair value, or otherwise booked as their cost value if calculation of fair value is not determined properly.

The Bank does not have any shares traded in Borsa Istanbul.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations Related to Liquidity Risk and Liquidity Coverage Ratio

a) Information on liquidity risk management, such as the Bank's risk capacity, responsibilities and the structure of liquidity risk management, Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application:

The Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group is responsible for following up the Bank's current liquidity position and for complying with liquidity limits approved by the Board of Directors. After evaluating the liquidity position, the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group use authorized products to provide sufficient liquidity based on liquidity position.

Responsibilities for liquidity management are described in the Liquidity Risk Policy which is reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors annually. The various responsibilities have been shared among the appropriate departments and committees as outlined in duty descriptions. While the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group alone is responsible for managing liquidity and for developing short-term liquidity estimates, the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group works with the Asset-Liability Management Committee to jointly developing/setting short-term liquidity strategies and middle and long term liquidity estimates. The Asset-Liability Management Committee is responsible for preparing middle and long term liquidity strategies.

The Risk Management Group monitors daily all set liquidity risk limits, and periodically reports internal and legal liquidity rates and changes to the Audit Committee and Board of Directors, in addition to providing daily reports to senior management. Information about the Bank's liquidity structure and policies is provided to the relevant business lines at an Assets-Liabilities Committee meeting which is held every couple of weeks and at a Market and Liquidity Risk Committee meeting which is held monthly.

b) Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy, and on operations between Bank and its partnerships:

The Asset-Liability Management and the Treasury Group manage the Bank's liquidity risk and performs this role only for the bank. Liquidity gap values are monitored within the limits set by the Board of Directors, and for compliance with these limits, the necessary debt instruments are used, while considering price and maturity structure. Our subsidiaries manage their own liquidity and we provide them borrowing facilities within market conditions and legal limits.

c) Information about the Bank's funding strategy including policies on funding types and variety of maturities:

While the Bank tries to diversify its funding resources, it also tries to extend its payment terms. Customer deposits are the bank's main funding resource. Our main strategy for deposit management is to be inclusive while extending the average maturity. In addition to borrowings from money markets and collecting deposit, the Bank uses instruments such as long-term syndicated loans, securities issued in TL and foreign currency to diversify funding resources. Information on liquidity management based on currency which consists of a minimum of 5% of the Bank's total liabilities:

d) Information on liquidity management based on currency which consists of a minimum of 5% of the Bank's total liabilities:

Excluding TL, USD and EUR, there is no foreign currency which exceeds 5% of total liabilities. For these currencies, liquidity gaps are reported on a monthly basis and the liquidity coverage ratio is calculated daily for TL and foreign currency. The Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group is responsible for taking the necessary steps to keep ratios within the limits determined by the Board of Directors. Trend of these ratios are monitored on a monthly basis by the Market and Liquidity Risk Committee which includes the General Manager, Assistant General Manager responsible from Financial Affairs Group, Group Risk Chief Officer, and the Assistant General Manager in charge of the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group. Furthermore, senior management is periodically informed about the relevant ratios.

e) Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques:

The Bank's main liquidity management strategy is to diversify funding resources and extend the maturity structure. The Parent Bank's balance sheet liquidity risk is periodically measured by Assets-Liabilities management and closely monitored with the Treasury. In accordance with market expectations, the Assets-Liabilities Management and Treasury Group carries out the actions necessary to minimize risk.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations Related to Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (continued)

e) Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques: (continued)

Within this framework, the Bank's liquidity risk is attempted to manage efficiently by long-term structural changes (such as diversifying funding sources, extending maturity structure etc.) and short and mid-term money market and derivative transactions.

In the short term, liquidity risk is minimized with FX swaps, interbank borrowings and repurchase agreements, while cross currency swap and interest rate swap transactions are used to minimize these risks in the long term.

f) Explanation on the usage of the stress test:

The aim of the liquidity stress test is to analyse how liquidity squeeze affects bank liquidity. Cash inflows and outflows which may arise in cases of stress event are analysed based on products with different maturities. Stress events which may arise as a result of the liquidity squeeze, both in the Parent Bank and in the whole banking system, in cases of stress event are analysed. Also, situations where the two scenarios might coincide are considered. The analysis addresses how much of the net cash outflows of different maturities would be covered by the current liquid stock during all relevant stress events.

g) General information on liquidity emergency and contingency plans:

The extraordinary liquidity situation is evaluated to determine;

- Whether the liquidity problem is specific to the Parent bank or applies to the whole banking system and
- Whether there is a permanent or temporary problem.

Profitability has second degree importance in extraordinary liquidity conditions. In cases of cash shortage or cash withdrawal, the branches are responsible for informing the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group about withdrawn liabilities. The Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group takes the necessary actions to cover the cash outflow which may occur in the accounts and informs the Asset-Liability Committee of any related delays.

In a liquidity crisis, the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group, the Asset-Liability Committee, the Liquidity Risk Committee, senior management, and the Board of Directors are responsible for solving the liquidity problem. It is predicted that, in a liquidity crisis, in order to create additional liquidity, written actions (considering the cost) must be taken within current market conditions.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations Related to Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (continued) Liquidity Coverage Ratio:

		Taken into	centage to Be Account not Total Value(*)	Rate of Perce Taken into Implemented T	o Account <u>Fotal Value(*)</u>	
	rent Period – 31 March 2020	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
High	n Quality Liquid Assets					
1	High Quality Liquid Assets			26,095,093	17,153,817	
Casl	h Outflows					
2	Real Person and Retail Deposits	55,241,581	28,243,062	4,871,311	2,824,306	
3	Stable Deposits	13,056,955	-	652,848	-	
4	Less Stable Deposits	42,184,626	28,243,062	4,218,463	2,824,306	
5	Unsecured Debts Other than Real Person and Retail					
	Deposits	27,160,192	11,879,688	14,525,602	5,730,519	
6	Operational Deposits	76,306	-	19,077	-	
7	Non-Operational Deposits	22,068,238	10,424,472	9,520,089	4,275,303	
8	Other Unsecured Funding	5,015,648	1,455,216	4,986,436	1,455,216	
9	Secured Funding	-	-	-	-	
10	Other Cash Outflows	1,648,740	2,014,155	1,648,740	2,014,155	
11	Outflows Related to Derivative Exposures and					
	Other Collateral Requirements	1,648,740	2,014,155	1,648,740	2,014,155	
12	Outflows Related to Restructured Financial					
	Instruments	-	-	-	-	
13	Payment Commitments and Other Off-Balance Sheet					
	Commitments Granted for Debts to Financial Markets	-	-	-	-	
14	Other Revocable Off-Balance Sheet					
	Commitments and Contractual Obligations	-	-	-	-	
15	Other Irrevocable or Conditionally Revocable					
	Off-Balance Sheet Obligations	32,907,329	10,793,247	2,657,585	1,128,065	
16	Total Cash Outflows			23,703,238	11,697,045	
Casl	h Inflows					
17	Secured Receivables	_	_	_	_	
18	Unsecured Receivables	13,261,549	6,018,544	9,564,976	5,472,544	
19	Other cash Inflows	1,721,382	10,379,968	1,721,382	10,379,968	
20	Total Cash Inflows	14,982,931	16,398,512	11,286,358	15,852,512	
			Volues to	high the unner lier	it is applied	
21	Total High Quality Liquid Assets		values to w	hich the upper lim 26,095,093	17,153,817	
22	Total Net Cash Outflows			12,416,880	2,924,261	
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			210.16	586.60	

^(*) Simple arithmetic average of the last three months data calculated by using weekly simple arithmetic averages.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations Related to Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (continued)

Liquidity Coverage Ratio: (continued)

		Rate of Percer Taken into Ao Implemented To	count not	Rate of Perce Taken into Implemented T	Account			
Pri	or Period – 31 December 2019	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC			
Hig	h Quality Liquid Assets							
1	High Quality Liquid Assets			22,314,509	14,243,288			
Cas	sh Outflows							
2	Real Person and Retail Deposits	52,470,993	25,987,479	4,616,009	2,598,748			
3	Stable Deposits	12,621,803	-	631,090	-			
4	Less Stable Deposits	39,849,190	25,987,479	3,984,919	2,598,748			
5	Unsecured Debts Other than Real Person and Retail Deposits	21,413,624	11,074,642	11,928,061	5,872,051			
6	Operational Deposits	70,441	-	17,610	-			
7	Non-Operational Deposits	16,335,675	8,860,962	6,932,951	3,658,371			
8	Other Unsecured Funding	5,007,508	2,213,680	4,977,500	2,213,680			
9	Secured Funding			-	-			
10	Other Cash Outflows	1,576,774	2,328,433	1,576,774	2,328,433			
11	Outflows Related to Derivative Exposures and							
	Other Collateral Requirements	1,576,774	2,328,433	1,576,774	2,328,433			
12	Outflows Related to Restructured Financial							
	Instruments	-	-	-	-			
13	Payment Commitments and Other Off-Balance Sheet							
	Commitments Granted for Debts to Financial Markets	-	_	-	_			
14	Other Revocable Off-Balance Sheet							
	Commitments and Contractual Obligations	_	_	_	_			
15	Other Irrevocable or Conditionally Revocable							
	Off-Balance Sheet Obligations	32,629,677	10,716,211	2,666,309	1,124,445			
16	Total Cash Outflows			20,787,153	11,923,677			
Cas	sh Inflows			<u> </u>	,			
17	Secured Receivables	-	-	-	-			
18	Unsecured Receivables	12,666,308	5,508,103	9,352,475	4,874,984			
19	Other cash Inflows	1,731,364	8,382,892	1,731,364	8,382,892			
20	Total Cash Inflows	14,397,672	13,890,995	11,083,839	13,257,876			
	Values to which the upper limit is a							
21	Total High Quality Liquid Assets			22,314,509	14,243,288			
22	Total Net Cash Outflows			9,703,314	2,980,919			
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			229.97	477.82			

^(*) Simple arithmetic average of the last three months data calculated by using weekly simple arithmetic averages.

The amount of high quality liquid assets, distribution of deposits based on segment, maturity types of borrowings and the share of revolving loans in loan portfolio can be considered as the most important factors affecting liquidity coverage ratio.

High quality liquid assets in order of their priority consist of the time accounts, bond portfolio, reserve deposit and cash. Funding sources consists of corporate customer deposits, real person deposits, borrowings and SME deposit accounts which are weighted by ratios used in Liquidity Coverage Ratio reporting considering their maturity types. Due to amount differences between buy and sell transactions, derivative products effects more FC Liquidity Coverage Ratio rather than the total. Besides, cash outflows due to withdrawal of the collaterals securing derivatives and market valuation changes on derivative transactions are considered in calculations.

There are concentration limits on funding sources approved by Board of Directors. Diversification of funding base of deposits, funding from Group, borrowing, repo and other long term liabilities; and funding limits by product type are monitored and reported.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. **Explanations Related to Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (continued)**

Liquidity Coverage Ratio: (continued)

Liquidity management of subsidiaries are managed by individual legal entities. Although liquidity coverage ratio is reported on a basis, there is no centralized liquidity management system. Finally, there is no other significant cash inflow or outflow item which are not required by section two of communiqué.

The weeks with lowest and highest liquidity coverage ratio for the last three months calculated by using weekly simple arithmetic averages are presented below:

	Current Per	riod	Prior Perio	od
	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
Lowest Week	155.51%	482.94%	153.35%	358.28%
	27.03.2020	20.03.2020	04.10.2019	18.10.2019
Highest Week	314.16%	671.05%	375.55%	610.47%
	03.01.2020	06.03.2020	06.12.2019	06.12.2019

Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:

Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months				(1) Total
Assets								
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency								
Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques								
Purchased) and Balances with the								
Central Bank of Turkey ⁽²⁾	4,303,768	12,686,751	-	-	-	-	(3,229)	16,987,290
Banks ⁽³⁾	2,064,892	3,670,828	-	-	-	-	(6,187)	5,729,533
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through								
Profit and Loss	-	826	21,367	441,478	1,245,384	323,276	120,504	2,152,835
Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through								
Other Comprehensive Income	9,961	250,402	131,482	897,676		1,026,114	-	7,369,579
Loans ⁽⁴⁾	-	20,261,631	4,445,678	15,470,242	32,247,687	4,157,215	294,051	76,876,504
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized		244.425	22.505	000 550	2 == 1 00 =	220.21.5	(4.450)	- 10 - com
Cost ⁽⁵⁾	-	341,136	33,596	908,653	3,574,096		(1,170)	5,195,627
Other Assets	<u> </u>	843,430	168,333	869,127	952,899		6,865,438	9,942,844
Total Assets	6,378,621	38,055,004	4,800,456	18,587,176	43,074,010	6,089,538	7,269,407	124,254,212
Liabilities								
Bank Deposits	28,837	742,774	_	_	_	_	_	771,611
Other Deposits	20,066,212	54,751,366	7,073,539	614,909	7,612	_	_	82,513,638
Funds Provided From Other Financial	20,000,212	54,751,500	1,013,337	014,707	7,012			02,313,030
Institutions	_	2,597,262	1,600,136	4,634,123	119.576	3,510,967	_	12,462,064
Money Market Placements	_	4,628,613	-		-	-	_	4,628,613
Securities Issued	_	1,910,653	1,530,977	_	_	_	_	3,441,630
Miscellaneous Payables	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-
Other Liabilities	_	5,509,996	316,976	865,148	2,216,261	534,873	10,993,402	20,436,656
Total Liabilities	20,095,049	70,140,664	10,521,628	6,114,180		4,045,840		124,254,212
Liquidity Gap	(13,716,428)	(32,085,660)		12,472,996			(3,723,995)	-
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	80,954	(200,421)	168,849	39,300	,	-	121,015
Financial Derivative Assets	-	22,701,721	, ,	17,534,095			-	62,476,638
Financial Derivative Liabilities	-	22,620,767	6,666,804	17,365,246	11,936,029	3,766,777	-	62,355,623
Non-Cash Loans	5,992,765	1,260,458	2,534,170	6,243,420	5,992,609	-		22,023,422
Prior Period								
Total Assets	5,507,510	33,279,118	5,954,430	12,932,885	37,190,039	5,767,493	6,718,693	107,350,168
Total Liabilities	16,786,666	59,083,886	5,940,873	8,557,061	2,792,617	3,642,509	10,546,556	107,350,168
Liquidity Gap	(11,279,156)	(25,804,768)	13,557	4,375,824	34,397,422	2,124,984	(3,827,863)	-
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	217,295	(20,526)	21,127	62,051	1,665	-	281,612
Financial Derivative Assets	_	18,322,414	6,162,762	13,378,270	15,125,169	3,374,022	-	56,362,637
Financial Derivative Liabilities	-	18,105,119		13,357,143	15,063,118	3,372,357	-	56,081,025

The assets which are necessary to provide banking services and could not be liquidated in a short term, such as tangible assets, investments in subsidiaries associates, office supply inventory, prepaid expenses and loans under follow-up, are classified as under undistributed.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash balances (cash in hand, cash in hand, cash in the safe deposit box, purchased checks) and the Central Bank of Turkey's outstanding loss provisions amounting to TL 3,229.

The banks include TL 6,187 of expected loss provisions.

The revolving loans amounting to TL 9,081,692 are presented under the "Up to 1 Month" column. It includes expected loss provisions amounting to TL 3,797,285.

Financial assets at amortized cost include losses amounting to TL 1,170.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VI. Explanations Related to Leverage Ratio

a) Information on issues that cause differences between current period and previous period leverage ratios:

There is a decrease in the leverage ratio in line with the increase on-balance sheet risks.

b) Leverage ratio:

	Assets on the Balance Sheet	Current	Prior
	Assets on the Dalance Sheet	Period(*)	Period(*)
1	Assets on the Balance Sheet (Excluding Derivative Financial Instruments and Loan		
	Derivatives, Including Collaterals)	118,488,334	103,210,045
2	(Assets Deducted from Core Capital)	(576,506)	(580,323)
3	Total Risk Amount for Assets on the Balance Sheet	117,911,828	102,629,722
	Derivative Financial Instruments and Credit Derivatives		
4	Renewal Cost of Derivative Financial Instruments and Loan Derivatives	683,194	438,483
5	Potential Credit Risk Amount of Derivative Financial Instruments and Loan Derivatives	613,191	560,417
6	Total Risk Amount of Derivative Financial Instruments and Loan Derivatives	1,296,385	998,900
	Financing Transactions With Securities Or Goods Warranties		
7	Risk Amount of Financial Transactions with Securities or Goods Warranties (Excluding		
	Those in the Balance Sheet)	4,684	3,323
8	Risk Amount Arising from Intermediated Transactions	-	-
9	Total Risk Amount of Financing Transactions with Securities or Goods Warranties	4,684	3,323
	Off-the-Balance Sheet Transactions		
10	Gross Nominal Amount of the Off-Balance Sheet Transactions	45,699,906	46,734,215
11	(Adjustment Amount Arising from Multiplying by the Credit Conversion Rate)	-	-
12	Total Risk Amount for Off-Balance Sheet Transactions	45,699,906	46,734,215
	Capital and Total Risk		
13	Tier 1 Capital	10,422,495	10,224,843
14	Total Risk Amount	164,912,803	150,366,160
	Leverage Ratio		
15	Leverage Ratio	6.32%	6.80%

^(*) The amounts in the table are calculated by using the quarterly average amounts.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VII. Explanations Related to Risk Management

Notes and explanations prepared in accordance with "the Communiqué on Disclosures about Risk Management to be Announced to Public by Banks" published in Official Gazette no. 29511 on 23 October 2015 and became effective as of 31 March 2016 are presented in this section. The notes to be presented within the scope of internal rating based approach have not been presented due to use of standard approach for the calculation of capital adequacy ratio by the Bank.

Overview of Risk Weighted Amounts

		Risk Weighted Ar	nounts	Minimum capital Requirement
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period
1	Credit Risk (Excluding Counterparty Credit Risk) (CCR)	83,624,824	73,382,817	6,689,986
2	Of which Standardized Approach (SA)	83,624,824	73,382,817	6,689,986
3	Of which Internal Rating-Based (IRB) Approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty Credit risk	1,892,100	1,203,770	151,368
5	Of which Standardized Approach for Counterparty Credit	, ,	, ,	,
	Risk (SA-CCR)	1,892,100	1,203,770	151,368
6	Of which Internal Model Method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Equity positions in banking book under market-based approach	-	-	-
8	Equity Investment in Funds - Look-Through Approach	-	-	-
9	Equity Investment in Funds - Mandate-Based Approach	-	-	-
10	Equity Investment in Funds - 1250% Weighted Risk Approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement Risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization Positions in banking accounts	-	-	-
13	Of which IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	Of which IRB Supervisory Formula Approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	Of which SA/simplified supervisory formula approach			
	(SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	2,161,325	1,649,750	172,906
17	Of which Standardized approach (SA)	2,161,325	1,649,750	172,906
18	Of which Internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational Risk	9,547,537	8,372,744	763,803
20	Of which Basic Indicator Approach	9,547,537	8,372,744	763,803
21	Of which Standard Approach	-	-	-
22	Of which Advanced Measurement Approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts Below the Thresholds for Deduction (Subject to a			
	250% Risk Weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor Adjustment	-	-	
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	97,225,786	84,609,081	7,778,063

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

SECTION FIVE

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Assets

1.a) Information on Cash and Balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash in TL/Foreign Currency	424,969	2,064,391	410,344	2,031,625
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	1,667,646	12,683,145	305,709	8,942,832
Other	-	150,368	-	265,460
Total	2,092,615	14,897,904	716,053	11,239,917

b) Information related to the account of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey:

	Cu	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Unrestricted Demand Deposit	1,664,040	-	297,130	-	
Unrestricted Time Deposit	-	4,738,057	-	3,932,318	
Restricted Time Deposit	3,606	7,945,088	8,579	5,010,514	
Total	1,667,646	12,683,145	305,709	8,942,832	

Foreign currency unrestricted deposit amounting to TL 4,738,057 (31 December 2019: TL 3,932,318), foreign currency restricted deposit amounting to TL 7,945,088 (31 December 2019: TL 5,010,514), unrestricted deposit balance amounting to TL 1,664,040 (31 December 2019: TL 297,130) and restricted deposit amounting to TL 3,606 (31 December 2019: TL 8,579) comprises of reserve deposits. As of 31 March 2020, the Turkish lira required reserve ratios are determined to be within the range of 1% - 7% depending on the maturity structure of deposits denominated in Turkish Lira (31 December 2019: 1% - 2%), and the required reserve ratios for foreign currency deposits and other liabilities within the range of 5% - 21% (31 December 2019: 5% - 21%).

2. Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss (net):

- a.1) Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss given as collateral or blocked: None (31 December 2019: None).
- a.2) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase agreements: None (31 December 2019: None).

Net book value of unrestricted financial assets at fair value through profit and loss is TL 2,032,331 (31 December 2019: TL 1,167,994).

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Assets (continued)

3. Positive differences related to derivative financial assets held-for-trading:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	149,181	11,489	144,959	9,474
Swap Transactions	1,368,246	314,390	1,302,918	179,827
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	32,891	29,620	25,918	6,946
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	1,550,318	355,499	1,473,795	196,247

4. Information on banks:

	Cur	rent Period	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Banks					
Domestic Banks	1,885,764	502,479	1,015,539	185,361	
Foreign Banks	54,427	3,293,050	55,635	7,295,630	
Foreign Head Offices and Branches	-	-	-	-	
Total	1,940,191	3,795,529	1,071,174	7,480,991	

5. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

a.1) Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income given as collateral / blocked:

	Cur	rent Period	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Equity Securities	-	-	-	-	
Bond, Treasury Bill and Similar					
Investment Securities	149,805	2,092,043	333,201	-	
Other	-	-	· -	-	
Total	149,805	2,092,043	333,201	-	

a.2) Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income subject to repurchase agreements:

	Curre	Prior	Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Government Bonds	1,460,182	124,137	77,088	-
Treasury Bills	-	-	-	-
Other Government Debt Securities	-	-	-	-
Bank Bonds and Bank Guaranteed	-	-	-	-
Bonds				
Asset Backed Securities	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	1,460,182	124,137	77,088	-

The book value of debt securities and equity securities in unrestricted financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is TL 3,543,412 (31 December 2019: TL 5,129,328).

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Assets (continued)

5. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income: (continued)

b.1) Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	7,359,618	5,531,722
Quoted at Stock Exchange	7,338,120	5,511,108
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	21,498	20,614
Share Certificates	9,961	7,895
Quoted at Stock Exchange	-	-
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	9,961	7,895
Impairment Provision (-)	-	-
Total	7,369,579	5,539,617

6. Information on loans:

a) Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Direct Loans Granted to Shareholders	1,805	196,333	1,596	182,856
Corporate Shareholders	1,805	196,333	1,596	182,856
Real Person Shareholders	-	-	-	-
Indirect Loans Granted to Shareholders	-	-	-	-
Loans Granted to Employees	148,590	-	139,703	-
Total	150,395	196,333	141,299	182,856

b) Information on the standard loans and loans under close monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring:

		Loans under Close Monitoring			
	_		Restructured		
	Standard	Loans Not Subject	Loans with Revised		
Cash Loans	Loans	to Restructuring	Contract Terms	Refinance	
Non-specialized Loans	67,882,093	6,680,765	131,606	1,887,989	
Working Capital Loans	4,213,600	600,455	16,832	721,963	
Export Loans	8,615,680	300,835	34,717	129,761	
Import Loans	-	-	-	-	
Loans Given to Financial					
Sector	2,052,827	946	-	-	
Consumer Loans	16,500,963	2,901,860	2,285	142,304	
Credit Cards	3,820,196	699,157	53,521	-	
Other	32,678,827	2,177,512	24,251	893,961	
Specialized Loans	-	-	· -	-	
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-	
Total	67,882,093	6,680,765	131,606	1,887,989	

	Current Period		Prio	or Period
	Standard	Loans Under	Standard	Loans Under
	Loans	Close Monitoring	Loans	Close Monitoring
12 Month Expected Credit Losses	430,713		394,194	-
Significant increase in Credit Risk	-	962,767	-	894,153
Total	430,713	962,767	394,194	894,153

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Assets (continued)

6. Information on loans: (continued)

c) Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and credit cards given to personnel:

Current Period	Short Term	Medium and Long Term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	599,286	18,175,940	18,775,226
Housing Loans	2,711	5,299,523	5,302,234
Vehicle Loans	14,287	408,639	422,926
General Purpose Loans	582,288	12,467,778	13,050,066
Other		, ,	-
Consumer Loans –Indexed to FC	-	17,342	17,342
Housing Loans	-	17,342	17,342
Vehicle Loans	-	· -	_
General Purpose Loans	-	_	_
Other	-	_	_
Consumer Loans-FC (**)	-	26,412	26,412
Housing Loans	-	5,859	5,859
Vehicle Loans	_	3,312	3,312
General Purpose Loans	_	17,241	17,241
Other	_	17,241	17,241
Individual Credit Cards-TL	3,058,601	47,882	3,106,483
With Instalments	940,357	47,882	988,239
Without Instalments	2,118,244	-7,002	2,118,244
Individual Credit Cards-FC	6,260		6,260
With Instalments	0,200	_	0,200
Without Instalments	6,260	_	6,260
Personnel Loans-TL	14,070	102,559	116,629
Housing Loans	14,070	10 2,339 479	479
Vehicle Loans	-	4/9	4/9
	14.070	102.000	116 150
General Purpose Loans Other	14,070	102,080	116,150
Personnel Loans- Indexed to FC	-	-	-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans-FC	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	28,078	111	28,189
With Instalments	8,289	111	8,400
Without Instalments	19,789	-	19,789
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	69	-	69
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	69	-	69
Overdraft Accounts-TL(Real Persons) (*)	611,799	-	611,799
Overdraft Accounts-FC(Real Persons)	4		4
<u>Total</u>	4,318,167	18,370,246	22,688,413

^(*) Overdraft accounts include personnel loans amounting to TL 3,703.

^(**) Loans granted via branches abroad.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Assets (continued)

6. Information on loans: (continued)

c) Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and credit cards given to personnel:

Prior Period	Short Term	Medium and Long Term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	567,813	15,880,140	16,447,953
Housing Loans	3,287	5,334,276	5,337,563
Vehicle Loans	18,385	422,741	441,126
General Purpose Loans	546,141	10,123,123	10,669,264
Other	· -	-	-
Consumer Loans –Indexed to FC	-	18,308	18,308
Housing Loans	-	18,308	18,308
Vehicle Loans	-	· -	_
General Purpose Loans	-	_	-
Other	_	_	_
Consumer Loans-FC (**)	-	27,949	27,949
Housing Loans	_	6,031	6,031
Vehicle Loans	_	3,655	3,655
General Purpose Loans	_	18,263	18,263
Other	_		
Individual Credit Cards-TL	3,135,899	54,120	3,190,019
With Instalments	1,012,747	54,120	1,066,867
Without Instalments	2,123,152	54,120	2,123,152
Individual Credit Cards-FC	11,775	_	11,775
With Instalments	11,773	-	11,773
Without Instalments	11,775	-	11,775
Personnel Loans-TL	,	89,484	103,004
	13,520	69,464 517	517
Housing Loans Vehicle Loans	-	317	317
	12.520	99.07	102.497
General Purpose Loans Other	13,520	88,967	102,487
	-	-	-
Personnel Loans- Indexed to FC	-	-	-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans-FC	-	-	-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	31,920	-	31,920
With Instalments	10,293	-	10,293
Without Instalments	21,627	-	21,627
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	393	-	393
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	393	-	393
Overdraft Accounts-TL(Real Persons) (*)	608,567	-	608,567
Overdraft Accounts-FC(Real Persons)	4		4
Total	4,369,891	16,070,001	20,439,892

^(*) Overdraft accounts include personnel loans amounting to TL 4,386.

^(**) Loans granted via branches abroad.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Assets (continued)

6. Information on loans: (continued)

d) Information on commercial loans with instalments and corporate credit cards:

		Medium and	
Current Period	Short Term	Long Term	Total
Commercial loans with instalment – TL	973,292	9,826,015	10,799,307
Business Loans	950	180,396	181,346
Vehicle Loans	29,224	786,101	815,325
General Purpose Loans	943,118	8,859,518	9,802,636
Other	-	-	-
Commercial loans with instalment - Indexed to FC	-	262,889	262,889
Business Loans	-	5,968	5,968
Vehicle Loans	-	70,228	70,228
General Purpose Loans	-	186,693	186,693
Other	-	-	-
Commercial loans with instalment – FC	181	-	181
Business Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	181	-	181
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	1,428,211	2,182	1,430,393
With Instalments	384,404	2,182	386,586
Without Instalments	1,043,807	-	1,043,807
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	1,480	-	1,480
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	1,480	-	1,480
Overdraft Accounts-TL(Legal Entities)	923,389	-	923,389
Overdraft Accounts-FC(Legal Entities)	-	=	-
Total	3,326,553	10,091,086	13,417,639

		Medium and	
Prior Period	Short Term	Long Term	Total
Commercial loans with instalment – TL	1,006,177	9,781,970	10,788,147
Business Loans	1,000	170,690	171,690
Vehicle Loans	26,836	682,638	709,474
General Purpose Loans	978,341	8,928,642	9,906,983
Other	-	-	-
Commercial loans with instalment - Indexed to FC	-	331,604	331,604
Business Loans	-	5,899	5,899
Vehicle Loans	-	83,943	83,943
General Purpose Loans	-	241,762	241,762
Other	-	-	-
Commercial loans with instalment – FC	478	-	478
Business Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	478	-	478
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	1,504,191	-	1,504,191
With Instalments	385,150	-	385,150
Without Instalments	1,119,041	-	1,119,041
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	2,439	-	2,439
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	2,439	-	2,439
Overdraft Accounts-TL(Legal Entities)	849,525	-	849,525
Overdraft Accounts-FC(Legal Entities)		-	
Total	3,362,810	10,113,574	13,476,384

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Assets (continued)

6. Information on loans: (continued)

e) Domestic and foreign loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Domestic Loans	75,922,132	64,523,379
Foreign Loans	660,321	547,750
Total	76,582,453	65,071,129

f) Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Direct Loans Granted to Subsidiaries and Associates	138,524	277,729
Indirect Loans Granted to Subsidiaries and Associates	-	-
Total	138,524	277,729

g) Specific or non-performing loan (Stage 3) provisions for loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans and Receivables with Limited Collectability	203,874	349,033
Loans and Receivables with Doubtful Collectability	593,255	572,537
Uncollectible Loans and Receivables	1,606,676	1,430,975
Total	2,403,805	2,352,545

h) Information on loans under follow-up (Net):

h.1) Information on loans and other receivables included in loans under follow-up which are restructured or rescheduled:

III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
Loans and Receivables	Loans and Receivables	Uncollectible
		Loans and
Collectability	Collectability	Receivables
48,848	79,048	21,589
48,848	79,048	21,589
55,867	41,008	18,928
55,867	41,008	18,928
	Loans and Receivables with Limited Collectability 48,848 48,848 55,867	Loans and Receivables with Limited Collectability 48,848 48,848 79,048 48,848 79,048 48,848 79,048 41,008

h.2) Movement of loans under follow-up:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Receivables with Limited Collectability	Loans and Receivables with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Receivables
Prior period end balance	624,321	1,168,994	2,353,591
Additions (+)	305,381	23,741	95,756
Transfers from other Categories of Loans under Follow-up (+)	-	535,212	455,466
Transfers to other Categories of Loans under Follow-up (-)	535,212	455,466	-
Collections (-)	82,242	103,979	164,766
Write-Offs (-)	1	680	22,896
Sold Portfolio (-)(*)	3	1,962	103,919
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	1,883	59,515
Retail Loans	2	-	14,261
Credit Cards	1	79	30,143
Other	-	-	-
Current period end balance	312,244	1,165,860	2,613,232
Provision (-)	203,874	593,255	1,606,676
Net Balances on Balance Sheet	108,370	572,605	1,006,556

^(*) Past due receivables amounting to TL 105,884 for which TL 101,156 of provision had been allocated, is sold for TL 7,010 during 2020. After all sales procedures were completed, these past due receivables have been written off from the portfolio.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Assets (continued)

6. Information on loans: (continued)

- h) Information on loans under follow-up (Net) (continued) :
 - h.3) Information on foreign currency loans under follow-up:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and	Loans and	
	Receivables	Receivables	Uncollectible
	with Limited	with Doubtful	Loans and
	Collectability	Collectability	Receivables
31 March 2020			
Period End Balance	9,391	59,789	185,198
Provision (-)	7,497	34,140	133,120
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	1,894	25,649	52,078
31 December 2019			
Prior Period End Balance	40,984	76,556	153,192
Provision (-)	22,125	42,944	121,969
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	18,859	33,612	31,223

h.4) Information regarding gross and net amounts of loans under follow-up with respect to user groups:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and	Loans and	•
	Receivables	Receivables	Uncollectible
	with Limited	with Doubtful	Loans and
	Collectability	Collectability	Receivables
Current Period (Net)			
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Gross)	312,244	1,165,860	2,613,232
Provision (-)	203,874	593,255	1,606,676
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Net)	108,370	572,605	1,006,556
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	-	-	
Prior Period (Net)			
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Gross)	624,321	1,168,994	2,353,591
Provision (-)	349,033	572,537	1,430,975
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Net)	275,288	596,457	922,616
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	-	-	-

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Assets (continued)

6. Information on loans: (continued)

h.5) Information on interest accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences calculated for non-performing loans and their provisions:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with Limited Collectability	Loans with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans
Current Period(Net)	6,933	84,579	269,174
Interest Accruals, Rediscounts and Valuation Differences	42,827	183,625	470,964
Provision (-)	35,894	99,046	201,790
Prior Period (Net)	18,822	77,767	229,640
Interest Accruals, Rediscounts and Valuation Differences	76,914	175,092	394,218
Provision (-)	58,092	97,325	164,578

i) Explanations on write-off policy:

Group 5 - Loans classified as Bad Debt, with at least one reporting period remaining in this group, and provided with life-long expected credit loss provision due to the debtor's default, constitute the bank's loans to be written-off. Write-off is an accounting practice and does not result in giving up the right on the receivable. Loans which are written-off do not affect the legal follow-up of the Parent Bank. Indicators are utilized concerning the absence of reasonable expectations regarding the recovery of loans. The write-off is examined on an incident basis with predefined criterias. And the following write-off criterias are considered:

- Limited possibility of recovery: Loans with low collateralization rates, limited collateral capability, limited assets that provide foreclosure collection opportunities, loans with higher collection costs and lower collection expectations are evaluated,
 - Financial indicators: Financial indicators regarding the inability to recover the entire loan are evaluated,
- Long-term follow-up: Loans which do not have reasonable collection expectations, among the loans that have been in legal follow-up for a long time, are evaluated,

The following applications regarding the loans which is under follow-up and written-off cannot be different form registered loans:

- a) The methods applied for legal collection of loans from debtors,
- b) Decisions regarding the inclusion to the non-performing loans sale
- c) Decisions to waive the receivables by waiving the loans.

The amount written-off by the Parent Bank within the scope of TFRS 9 during the financial period is TL 22,130 (31 December 2019: TL 171,832) and its effect on NPL ratio is 0.03% (31 December 2019: 0.23%). The follow-up conversion rate is 5.07% (31 December 2019: 5.99%) with the current period non-performing loans after write-offs, while the calculated rate including the loans written-off during the year is 5.10% (31 December 2019: 6.22%).

7. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

a) a.1) Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost and subject to repurchase agreements:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Equity Securities	-	-	-	-
Bond, Treasury bill and similar investment securities	966,658	1,001,318	1,194,716	405,580
Total	966,658	1,001,318	1,194,716	405,580

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Assets (continued)

7. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost: (continued)

a.2) Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost and given as collateral / blocked:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Equity Securities	-	-	-	-
Bond, Treasury bill and similar investment				
securities	1,211,764	792,582	1,978,084	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	1,211,764	792,582	1,978,084	

Unrestricted financial assets measured at amortized cost are TL 1,224,475 (31 December 2019: TL 1,328,238).

a.3) Information on held-to-maturity investments given as collateral or blocked:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Government Bonds	5,196,797	4,906,618
Treasury Bills	-	-
Other Public Sector Debt Securities	-	-
Total	5,196,797	4,906,618

a.4) Information government debt securities measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	5,196,797	4,906,618
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	5,196,797	4,906,618
Unquoted	-	-
Impairment Provision (-)	-	-
Total	5,196,797	4,906,618

a.5) Movement of financial assets measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Beginning Balance	4,906,618	2,792,080
Foreign Currency Differences on Monetary Assets	126,851	-
Purchases During the Year (*)(**)	761,275	2,114,538
Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions	(597,947)	-
Impairment Provision (-)	-	-
Closing Balance	5,196,797	4,906,618

^(*) This line includes discount amounts.

^(**) In the current period, the securities portfolio of the Chief Investment Office were transferred to the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group due to the change in the business model of the Bank management. During this transition, securities held as "Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income" amounting to TL 291,603 were classified as "Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost". After this reclassification, the valuation difference amounting to TL 20,141 has been reversed from equity.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Assets (continued)

8. Information on associates (Net):

- a.1) Information on unconsolidated associates according to Communiqué on Preparing Banks' Consolidated Financial Statements and related Turkish Accounting Standard: None (31 December 2019: None).
- a.2) Information on the unconsolidated associates: None (31 December 2019: None).
- a.3) Explanations of consolidated associates: None (31 December 2019: None).
- a.4) Information on sector information on consolidated associates: None (31 December 2019: None).
- a.5) Consolidated associates which are quoted on the stock exchange: None (31 December 2019: None).

9. Information on subsidiaries (Net):

a) Information on shareholders' equity of significant subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries do not use internal capital adequacy assessment approach.

		TEB Yatırım	
	TEB Faktoring	Menkul	TEB Portföy
_	A.Ş.	Değerler A.Ş.	Yönetimi A.Ş.
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	30,000	28,794	6,860
Reserves	120,955	48,340	6,779
Net income for the period and prior period income	17,757	40,000	9,887
Income/ Loss recognized under equity in accordance with TAS	-	-	(132)
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	260	127	-
Goodwill and intangible asset and the related deferred tax liability (-)	2,794	2,615	352
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	165,658	114,392	23,042
General Provision	4,357	-	-
Total Equity	170,015	114,392	23,042

- b) If there is any unconsolidated subsidiary, total equity amount that is lack of subjection to the reasonable justifications of non-consolidate and minimum capital requirement: None (31 December 2019: None).
- c) Information on the unconsolidated subsidiaries: None (31 December 2019: None).
- d) Information on the consolidated subsidiaries:
 - d.1) Information on the consolidated subsidiaries:

		Address (City/ Country)	The Bank's share percentage-If different voting percentage (%)	Other shareholders' share percentage (%)
1	TEB Faktoring A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	-
2	TEB Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	96.62	3.38
3	TEB Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	25.60	29.14

Information on the consolidated subsidiaries with the order as presented in the table above:

		Income on						
		Marketable						
		Shareholders'	Total Fixed	Interest	Securities	Current Period	Prior Period	
	Total Assets	Equity	Assets	Income	Portfolio	Profit / Loss	Profit / Loss (*) ir Val	lue
1	2,114,872	168,712	2,363	44,998	-	6,719	9,430	-
2	184,578	117,134	3,219	6,601	-	14,866	9,411	-
3	29,318	23,394	1,284	584	26	2,629	1,322	-

^(*) These figures are shown per BRSA financial statements as of 31 March 2019.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Assets (continued)

9. Information on subsidiaries (Net): (continued)

d.2) Information on consolidated subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	115,986	115,986
Movements during the period	-	-
Purchases	-	-
Bonus shares obtained	-	-
Share in current year income	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation increase	-	-
Provision for impairment	-	-
Balance at the end of the period	115,986	115,986
Capital commitments	-	-
Share percentage at the end of the period (%)	-	-

d.3) Sectoral information on the consolidated subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	-	-
Insurance Companies	-	-
Factoring Companies/TEB Faktoring A.Ş.	43,417	43,417
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries/TEB Yatırım Men. Değ. A.Ş.	70,511	70,511
TEB Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	2,058	2,058
Total	115,986	115,986

d.4) Consolidated subsidiaries quoted on the stock exchange: None (31 December 2019: None).

10. Explanations on entities under common control (joint ventures):

a) Information on entities under common control (joint ventures):

Entities under common control (joint ventures)	Share of the Bank (%)	Share of the Group (%)	Current Asset	Non-current Asset	Long-term Receivable	Profit	Loss
Bantaş Nakit ve Kıymetli Mal Taşıma ve Güvenlik							
Hizmetleri A.Ş.	0.1	33.3	85,803	53,003	26,946	54,462	(47,745)

b) Accounting method of the reasonable justification of unconsolidated in Joint Ventures that booked on the unconsolidated the Bank's financial statements:

The Bank owns 0.1% but the Group owns 33.3% share of Bantaş Nakit ve Kıymetli Mal Taşıma ve Güvenlik Hizmetleri A.Ş, it is presented as joint venture in financial statements however, it is carried by cost value since necessary requirements for consolidation is not met.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Assets (continued)

11. Information on financial lease receivables (Net): None (31 December 2019: None).

12. Positive differences related to derivative financial assets for hedging purposes:

	Current Per	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedge	113,125	28,595	7,024	14,112
Cash Flow Hedge	476,777	36	219,494	877
Foreign Net Investment Hedge	-	-	-	-
Total	589,902	28,631	226,518	14,989

In case of termination of the fair value hedge accounting, any adjustment to the book value of the hedging instrument calculated using the effective interest method under fair value hedge accounting is amortized through profit or loss to the financial asset price until the maturity of the asset.

According to cash flow hedges terminated by the Bank, accumulated valuation differences amounted TL 12,489 (31 December 2019: TL 20,286) is recorded under equity as of 31 March 2020 and these accumulated differences are transferred into income statement by considering maturity date of hedged items.

13. Information on investment properties: None (31 December 2019: None).

14. Information on assets held for sale and discontinued operations:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Beginning of Period Cost	131,362	109,104
Beginning of Period Accumulated Depreciation (-)	-	
Net Book Value	131,362	109,104
Opening Balance	131,362	109,104
Acquired	39,814	149,647
Disposed(-)	25,940	122,922
Impairment (-)	4,065	4,467
Depreciation Value (-)	-	-
Period End Cost	141,171	131,362
Period End Accumulated Depreciation (-)	-	
Closing Net Book Value	141,171	131,362

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Liabilities

1. a) Information on maturity structure of deposits:

a.1) Current period:

		7 Day Call	Up to 1	1-3	3-6	6 Month-	1 Year A	ccumulated	
	Demand	Accounts	Month	Months	Months	1 Year	and Over	Deposits	Total
Saving Deposits	3,474,829	-	13,049,053	8,473,700	132,798	46,276	146,861	-	25,323,517
Foreign Currency Deposits	10,363,468	-	8,343,522	16,430,034	152,794	82,933	67,231	-	35,439,982
Residents in Turkey	9,575,157	-	7,823,266	15,969,670	125,527	36,061	47,993	-	33,577,674
Residents Abroad	788,311	-	520,256	460,364	27,267	46,872	19,238	-	1,862,308
Public Sector Deposits	459,800	-	7,940	257,980	7,602	-	-	-	733,322
Commercial Deposits	3,279,374	-	7,388,549	5,253,633	36,961	3,136	52,676	-	16,014,329
Other Institutions Deposits	146,985	-	67,744	1,083,315	56,468	93	429	-	1,355,034
Precious Metals Deposits	2,341,756	-	58,023	783,807	67,793	276,501	119,574	-	3,647,454
Bank Deposits	28,837	-	742,774	-	-	-	-	-	771,611
Central Bank of Turkey	59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59
Domestic Banks	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Foreign Banks	28,758	-	742,774	-	-	-	-	-	771,532
Special Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	20,095,049	-	29,657,605	32,282,469	454,416	408,939	386,771		83,285,249

a.2) Prior period:

		7 Day Call	Up to 1	1-3	3-6	6 Month-	1 Year A	ccumulated	
	Demand	Accounts	Month	Months	Months	1 Year	and Over	Deposits	Total
Saving Deposits	2,913,675	-	11,685,382	8,760,022	198,974	159,316	142,791	- 1	23,860,160
Foreign Currency Deposits	8,689,233	-	9,179,868	16,994,157	220,469	75,587	91,126	-	35,250,440
Residents in Turkey	8,125,778	-	8,724,284	16,524,666	196,404	32,768	74,233	-	33,678,133
Residents Abroad	563,455	-	455,584	469,491	24,065	42,819	16,893	-	1,572,307
Public Sector Deposits	424,598	-	73,628	50,872	7,475	-	-	-	556,573
Commercial Deposits	3,315,957	-	3,921,717	1,904,438	101,496	3,210	55,398	-	9,302,216
Other Institutions Deposits	143,878	-	65,741	266,882	12,458	91	554	-	489,604
Precious Metals Deposits	1,275,586	-	90,788	700,588	38,080	142,511	101,470	-	2,349,023
Bank Deposits	23,739	-	362,573	-	-	-	-	-	386,312
Central Bank of Turkey	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Domestic Banks	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
Foreign Banks	23,698	-	358,772	-	-	-	-	-	382,470
Special Financial Institutions	-	-	3,801	-	-	-	-	-	3,801
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	16,786,666	-	25,379,697	28,676,959	578,952	380,715	391,339	-	72,194,328

- b) Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance:
 - b.1) Saving deposits exceeding the limit of insurance:
 - i) Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance and exceeding the limit of saving deposit insurance:

	Under tl	ne Guarantee of	Exceeding the Limit of		
Saving Deposits		Insurance (*)	Insurance	e (*)	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	
Saving Deposits	15,141,052	14,607,157	9,714,036	8,731,764	
Foreign Currency Saving Deposits	5,917,924	6,075,469	14,205,920	12,928,549	
Other Deposits in the Form of Saving Deposits	1,223,859	781,197	2,070,545	1,320,538	
Foreign Branches' Deposits under Foreign					
Authorities' Insurance	-	-	-	-	
Off-shore Banking Regions' Deposits under					
Foreign Authorities' Insurance	-	-	-	-	
Total	22,282,835	21,463,823	25,990,501	22,980,851	

^(*) According to the BRSA's circular no 1584 dated on 23 February 2005, accruals are included in the saving deposit amounts.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Liabilities (continued)

- b) Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance: (continued)
 - b.1) Saving deposits exceeding the limit of insurance: (continued)
 - ii) Deposits of real persons not under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign Branches' Deposits and Other Accounts	604,756	615,203
Deposits of Controlling Shareholders and Their Close Families	3,017,433	3,823,134
Deposits of Chairman and Members of the Board of Directors and Their Close		
Families	55,974	68,002
Deposits Obtained Through Illegal Acts Defined in the 282 nd Article of the 5237		
Numbered Turkish Criminal Code Dated 26 September 2004.	-	-
Saving Deposits in Banks Established in Turkey Exclusively for Off Shore Banking		
Activities	-	

2. Information on derivative financial liabilities:

a) Negative differences related to derivative financial liabilities held-for-trading:

	Current Period			Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Forward Transactions	165,056	26,737	97,772	25,075	
Swap Transactions	1,361,000	204,699	1,362,074	71,890	
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	-	
Options	45,510	22,757	26,488	3,285	
Other		-	-	-	
Total	1,571,566	254,193	1,486,334	100,250	

3. Information on funds borrowed and debt securities issued:

a) Information on banks and other financial institutions:

	Cui	rrent Period	Pri	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC		
Funds Borrowed from Central Bank of						
Turkey	-	-	-	-		
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	331,627	203,106	307,801	169,120		
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and						
Funds	-	8,416,364	-	8,100,061		
Total	331,627	8,619,470	307,801	8,269,181		

As of 31 March 2020, the Bank has borrowings from its related parties amounting to TL 3,792,734 (31 December 2019: TL 3,507,164).

b) Maturity analysis of borrowings:

	Current Period			Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Short-term	331,627	4,975,873	307,801	4,735,058	
Medium and long-term	-	3,643,597	-	3,534,123	
Total	331,627	8,619,470	307,801	8,269,181	

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Liabilities (continued)

c) Information on Debt Securities Issued:

	Current	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Bank Bonds	3,441,630	-	2,333,877	-
Treasury Bills	-	-	-	-
Total	3,441,630	-	2,333,877	-

4. Other external funding payables which exceed 10% of the balance sheet total (excluding off-balance sheet commitments) and the breakdown of these which constitute at least 20% of grand total:

Other external funding payables amounting to TL 1,155,710 (31 December 2019: TL 1,293,901) do not exceed 10% of the total balance sheet.

5. Explanations on financial lease obligations (Net):

With the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard which became effective as of 1 January 2019, the difference between the operating lease and financial lease has been removed and the lease transactions are started to be recognized under "Liabilities from Leasing" as a liability. As of 31 March 2020 the banks has leasing liability amounting to TL 685,517 (31 December 2019 : TL 653,707)

6. Negative differences related to derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes:

	Curre	Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedge	-	-	-	-
Cash Flow Hedge	1,712,871	7,914	1,917,707	7,267
Foreign Net Investment Hedge	-	-	-	-
Total	1,712,871	7,914	1,917,707	7,267

In case of termination of the fair value hedge accounting, any adjustment to the book value of the hedging instrument calculated using the effective interest method under fair value hedge accounting is amortized through profit or loss to the financial asset price until the maturity of the asset.

According to cash flow hedges terminated by the Bank, accumulated valuation differences as of 31 March 2020 amounted TL 12,489 (31 December 2019: TL 20,286) is recorded under equity. These accumulated differences are transferred into income statement by considering maturity date of hedged items.

7. Information on provisions:

- a) Foreign exchange provision on the foreign currency indexed loans and financial lease receivables: There are no provision on the foreign currency indexed loans that is offset from the loans on the balance sheet (31 December 2019: None).
- b) The specific provisions provided for unindemnifies non-cash loans or expected credit loss for non-cash loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Stage 1	53,817	55,551
Stage 2	175,896	145,818
Stage 3	39,806	42,111
Total	269,519	243,480

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Liabilities (continued)

c) Liabilities on unused vacation, bonus, health and employee termination benefits :

As of 31 March 2020, TL 22,336 (31 December 2019: TL 12,344) unused vacation provision, TL 199,054 (31 December 2019: TL 192,002) employee termination benefit provision, TL 166,759 (31 December 2019: TL 139,152) bonus provision, and TL 32,100 (31 December 2019: TL 32,100) other expense provision are presented under "Reserve for Employee Benefit" in financial statements.

d) Information on other provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provision for Non-Cash Loans	269,519	243,480
Provision for Legal Cases	64,831	51,069
Provision for Promotions of Credit Cards and Banking Services	12,506	12,936
Other	117,148	142,899
Total	464,004	450,384

8. Explanations on taxes payable:

a) Information on current tax liability:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Corporate Tax Payable	57,428	29,289
Taxation on Securities	73,840	70,139
Property Tax	2,637	2,569
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	49,542	59,307
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	5,032	2,430
Value Added Tax Payable	4,677	5,073
Other (*)	17,421	23,408
Total	210,577	192,215

^(*) Others include income taxes deducted from wages amounting to TL 13,538 (31 December 2019: TL 19,419) and stamp taxes payable amounting to TL 2,233 (31 December 2019: TL 1,518).

b) Information on premiums:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social Security Premiums-Employee	9,628	9,114
Social Security Premiums-Employer	10,692	10,133
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium-Employee	-	-
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium-Employer	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employee	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employer	-	-
Unemployment Insurance-Employee	821	775
Unemployment Insurance-Employer	1,351	1,279
Other	-	-
Total	22,492	21,301

c) Explanations on deferred tax liabilities, if any: Bank has no deferred tax liabilities as of 31 March 2020 (31 December 2019: None).

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Liabilities (continued)

9. Information on Shareholders' Equity:

a) Presentation of Paid-in Capital:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common Stock	2,204,390	2,204,390
Preferred Stock	-	-

b) Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system is applicable at the Bank if so amount of registered share capital ceiling:

Capital System	Paid-in capital	Ceiling
Registered Capital System	2,204,390	-

- Information on share capital increases, their sources and other information on increased capital shares in current period: None.
- d) Information on share capital increases from revaluation funds: None.
- e) Capital commitments in the last fiscal year and at the end of the following period, the general purpose of these commitments and projected resources required to meet these commitments: None.
- f) Indicators of the Bank's income, profitability and liquidity for the previous periods and possible effects of these future assumptions on the Bank's equity due to the uncertainty of these indicators:

The income diversified with various business line and related channels/products/sectors, supported with different projects result a sustainable and relatively non-volatile profitability. Besides, interest rate, currency rate and liquidity risk under control are testing with various simulation and these test prevents the risks of effect. The profitability of the Bank is followed up and estimated by the Bank's Planning and Performance Management in short and long term. It is also reported to Asset-Liability Committee and other related organs. As result, current and future negative effect on equity is not occurred and expected.

- g) Information on preferred shares: None.
- h) Information on marketable securities valuation differences:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Associates, Subsidiaries, and Entities Under Common				
Control (Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference	(19,708)	(172,728)	(3,474)	20,895
Foreign Exchange Difference	-	-	-	-
Total	(19,708)	(172,728)	(3,474)	20,895

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Off-Balance Sheet Items

1. Information on off-balance sheet liabilities:

a) Nature and amount of irrevocable loan commitments:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Commitments for Credit Card Expenditure Limits	9,202,310	8,506,931
Asset Purchase and Sale Commitments	5,791,839	3,684,822
Loan Granting Commitments	5,400,796	5,234,372
Payment Commitments for Cheques	1,902,020	1,769,641
Time Deposit Purchase and Sale Commitments	138,545	759,924
Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments	62,742	71,566
Commitments for Promotions Related with Credit Cards and Banking Activities	4,805	4,975
Other Irrevocable Commitments	353,814	249,768
Total	22,856,871	20,281,999

b) Possible losses and commitments related to off-balance sheet items:

The Bank, within the context of banking activities, undertakes certain commitments, consisting of loan commitments, letters of guarantee, acceptance credits and letters of credit.

b.1) Non-cash loans including guarantees, acceptances, financial guarantee and other letters of credits:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Letters of Credit	2,762,445	2,623,851
Bank Acceptances	23,875	12,915
Other Commitments	4,799,909	5,031,959
Other Contingencies	1,059,178	1,153,720
Total	8,645,407	8,822,445

b.2) Guarantees, surety ships, and similar transactions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Guarantee Letters	9,721,210	9,855,883
Advance Guarantee Letters	1,485,953	1,481,220
Guarantee Letters Given for Customs	407,699	429,999
Temporary Guarantee Letters	276,713	286,101
Other Guarantee Letters	1,486,440	1,499,838
Total	13,378,015	13,553,041

c) Total amount of non-cash loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-cash Loans Given Against Achieving Cash Loans	1,486,440	1,499,838
With Maturity of One Year or Less Than One Year	130,793	130,687
With Maturity of More Than One Year	1,355,647	1,369,151
Other Non-Cash Loans	20,536,982	20,875,648
Total	22,023,422	22,375,486

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Statement of Income

1. Explanations on Interest Income

a) Information on interest income on loans:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest income on loans (*)				
Short term loans	869,355	63,166	1,225,512	89,186
Medium and long term loans	1,252,061	57,508	1,229,873	72,230
Interest on loans under follow-up	58,457	-	47,915	-
Premiums received from Resource Utilization Support Fund	-	-	-	-
Total	2,179,873	120,674	2,503,300	161,416

^(*) Includes fees and commissions obtained from cash loans amounting to TL 70,232 (31 March 2019: TL 54,977).

b) Information on interest income on banks:

	Current	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
The Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	8,031
Domestic banks	16,203	351	32,678	422
Foreign banks	1,196	5,839	9,733	14,417
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	17,399	6,190	42,411	22,870

c) Information on interest income on marketable securities portfolio:

	Current Period		Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	52,899	5,664	32,270	3,283	
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive					
Income	130,468	21,260	54,651	10,251	
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	151,554	18,090	116,984	2,763	
Total	334,921	45,014	203,905	16,297	

d) Interest Income on Subsidiaries and Associates:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest received from Subsidiaries and Associates	5,718	4,249

2. Explanations on Interest Expense

a) Information on interest expense on funds borrowed (*):

	Curr	Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
The Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	9,229	1,042	7,663	5,090
Foreign banks	-	110,613	-	119,208
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-
Total	9,229	111,655	7,663	124,298

^(*) Includes fees and commission expenses of cash loans amounting to TL 2,705 (31 March 2019: TL 6,313).

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Statement of Income (continued)

2. Explanations on Interest Expense (continued)

b) Information on interest expense on associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest expenses to associates and subsidiaries	310	1,026

c) Information on interest expenses on securities issued:

	Current	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest Expense on securities issued	76,778	-	38,746	-
Total	76,778	-	38,746	-

d) Distribution of interest expenses on deposits based on maturity of deposits:

Current Period		Time Deposits						
	Demand	Up to 1			Up to 1		Accumulate	Total
Account Name	Deposits	Month	Months	Months	Year	1 Year	d Deposits	
TL								
Bank Deposits	-	19,452	-	-	-	-	-	19,452
Saving Deposits	-	278,702	196,523	4,111	2,635	6,285	-	488,256
Public Sector Deposits	-	311	3,395	193	-	-	-	3,899
Commercial Deposits	-	142,263	95,856	1,686	76	1,952	-	241,833
Other Deposits	-	1,819	21,332	545	3	20	-	23,719
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	442,547	317,106	6,535	2,714	8,257	-	777,159
FC								
Foreign Currency Deposits	-	12,667	42,071	833	245	411	-	56,227
Bank Deposits	-	217	-	-	-	-	-	217
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal Deposits	-	206	1,670	143	916	663	-	3,598
Total	-	13,090	43,741	976	1,161	1,074	-	60,042
Grand Total	-	455,637	360,847	7,511	3,875	9,331	-	837,201

Prior Period		Time Deposits						
	Demand	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 6	Up to 1	More than	Accumulated	
Account Name	Deposits	Month	Months	Months	Year	1 Year	Deposits	Total
TL								
Bank Deposits	-	9,250	-	-		-	-	9,250
Saving Deposits	-	325,038	588,513	95,041	19,278	6,960	-	1,034,830
Public Sector Deposits	-	2,387	1,750	1,226		-	-	5,363
Commercial Deposits	-	86,968	152,636	35,577	13,578	16,547	-	305,306
Other Deposits	-	2,049	68,558	11,132	50,591	3,970	-	136,300
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Total	-	425,692	811,457	142,976	83,447	27,477	-	1,491,049
FC								_
Foreign Currency Deposits	-	23,982	95,315	2,370	2,212	1,570	-	125,449
Bank Deposits	-	6,276	-	-	-	-	-	6,276
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal Deposits	-	170	3,319	223	1,024	-	-	4,736
Total	-	30,428	98,634	2,593	3,236	1,570	-	136,461
Grand Total	-	456,120	910,091	145,569	86,683	29,047	-	1,627,510

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Statement of Income (continued)

3. Information on trading gain / loss:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gains	14,935,788	9,317,169
Gains on capital market operations	60,697	59,721
Gains on derivative financial instruments (1)	6,256,417	4,776,655
Foreign exchange gains	8,618,674	4,480,793
Losses (-)	15,306,327	9,450,407
Losses on capital market operations	166,043	150,985
Losses on derivative financial instruments (1)	6,831,700	4,658,998
Foreign exchange losses	8,308,584	4,640,424

⁽¹⁾ Includes exchange rate fluctuations of hedging transactions net loss of TL 372,382 (31 March 2019: TL 25,554), derivative financial instruments exchange rate changes in profit / loss accounts amounting to TL 33,495 (31 March 2019: TL 285,163) net exchange income.

4. Information on other operating income:

Other operating income of the Bank mainly consists of all transaction costs collected from clients and disposal of assets.

5. Provision expenses of banks for loans and other receivables:

a) Allowance for Expected Credit Losses and Other Provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Expected Credit Losses	259,954	320,818
12-Month Expected Credit Losses (Stage 1)	27,024	(33,627)
Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	63,117	28,365
Credit-Impaired (Stage 3)	169,813	326,080
Impairment Provisions for Securities	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Impairment Provision Related to Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries		
and Joint Ventures	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-
Other (1)	(28,012)	61,839
Total	231,942	382,657

⁽¹⁾ Includes reversal of provisions amounting to TL 29,520 (31 March 2019: TL 9,269).

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Statement of Income (continued)

6. Information on other operating expenses:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserve for employee termination benefits (1)	7,052	8,112
Bank social aid fund deficit provision	-	-
Impairment expenses of fixed assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of fixed assets	62,237	54,110
Impairment expenses of intangible assets	-	-
Impairment expense of goodwill	-	-
Amortization expenses of intangible assets	18,815	17,094
Impairment for investments accounted with equity method	-	-
Impairment expenses of assets to be disposed	4,065	1,000
Depreciation expenses of assets to be disposed	-	-
Impairment expenses of assets held for sale and discontinued operations	-	-
Other operating expenses	259,243	212,421
Leasing Expenses on TFRS 16 Exceptions	8,867	15,169
Maintenance expenses	4,492	4,179
Advertisement expenses	14,803	15,747
Other expenses	231,081	177,326
Loss on sales of assets	1,043	4,122
Other (2)	105,558	65,749
Total	458,013	362,608

⁽¹⁾ The provision for employment termination benefits is included in the personnel expenses item in the financial statements.

7. Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations:

- a) As of 31 March 2020, the current tax expense is TL 61,048 (31 March 2019: TL 1,748 expense). Deferred tax expense is TL 68,079 (31 March 2019: TL 78,179 deferred tax expense) and there is no current and deferred tax income/expense from discontinued operations (31 March 2019: None).
- b) Deferred tax expense on temporary differences resulted from continued operations is TL 68,079 (31 March 2019: TL 78,179 deferred tax expense).

c) Tax reconciliation:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit before tax	525,218	392,364
Additions	103,694	12,575
Nonallowable expenses	6,805	6,950
Effect of different tax rate	96,889	5,625
Deductions	(41,969)	(41,636)
Dividend income	(27,698)	(17,163)
Other	(14,271)	(24,473)
Taxable Profit/ (Loss)	586,943	363,303
Corporate tax rate	22%	22%
Tax calculated	129,127	79,927
Prior year tax correction	-	-
Tax charge	129,127	79,927

⁽²⁾ Includes other premiums and expenses paid to the Savings Deposit Insurance Fund amounting to TL 45,293 (31 March 2019: TL 27,150) and other taxes and fees paid in the amount of TL 36,808 (31 March 2019: TL 36,836).

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Statement of Income (continued)

8. The explanations on net income/loss for the period:

- a) The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for the complete understanding of the Bank's performance for the period: None (31 March 2019: None).
- b) Effect of changes in accounting estimates on income statement for the current and, if any, for subsequent periods: None (31 March 2019: None).
- c) Profit/loss attributable to minority interest: None (31 March 2019: None).

9. If the other items in the income statement exceed 10% of the income statement total accounts amounting to at least 20% of these items:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Other fees and commissions received		
Card Fee and Commissions	219,869	318,504
Insurance Commissions	135,250	44,316
Periodic Service Commissions	28,297	49,160
Fund Management Fees	12,374	6,421
Settlement Expense Provision, Eft, Swift, Agency Commissions	10,720	10,700
Transfer Commissions	10,274	7,730
Commissions and Fees Earned from Correspondent Banks	2,069	906
Intelligence Fee and Commissions	529	219
Other	59,006	61,165
Total	478,388	499,121
Other fees and commissions paid		
Credit Cards Commissions and Fees	110,678	162,782
Settlement Expense Provision, Eft, Swift, Agency Commissions	9,733	4,499
Commission and Fees Paid to Correspondent Banks	6,734	10,341
Other	32,607	23,929
Total	159,752	201,551

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Risk Group of the Bank

1. Volume of related party transactions, income and expense amounts involved and outstanding loan and deposit balances:

Balance sheet items of previous periods are presented as of 31 December 2019 and income/expense items of previous periods are presented as of 31 March 2019.

a) Current Period:

Related Parties	Subsidiaries, Associates and Entities Under Common Control (Joint Vent.)			and Indirect s of the Bank		ities Included ne Risk group
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans and Other Receivables						
Balance at Beginning of Period	277,729	716	15,616	182,856	248,301	101,145
Balance at End of Period	138,524	671	56,868	196,333	274,814	212,096
Interest and Commission Income	5,718	8	747	558	1,770	142

Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank balance above includes TL 55,063 and other entities included in the risk group balance above includes TL 85,045 placement in "Banks".

b) Prior Period:

Related Parties	Subsidiaries, Associates and Entities Under Common Control (Joint Vent.)			t and indirect s of the Bank		ities Included te Risk Group
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans and Other Receivables						
Balance at Beginning of Period	97,952	971	73,228	260,569	281,838	20,136
Balance at end of Period	277,729	716	15,616	182,856	248,301	101,145
Interest and Commission Income	4,249	103	7,682	-	239	18

Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank balance above includes TL 14,020 and other entities included in the risk group balance above includes TL 60,244 placement in "Banks".

c) c.1) Information on related party deposits balances:

	Subsidiaries, Ass Entities Unde		Direc	t and Indirect	Other Ent	ities Included
Related parties	Control (J	Joint Vent.)	Shareholder	s of the Bank	in th	e Risk Group
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
Deposits	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Balance at Beginning of Period	16,476	57,033	3,313,150	1,497,789	648,747	1,055,942
Balance at End of Period	127,763	16,476	3,764,417	3,313,150	966,111	648,747
Interest on Deposits	310	1,026	9,516	14,472	7,618	25,623

c.2) Information on forward and option agreements and other similar agreements made with related parties:

Related Parties	Subsidiaries, associates and entities under common control (Joint Vent.)			t and Indirect s of the Bank		tities Included ne Risk Group
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through						
Profit and Loss						
Beginning of Period	-	34,685	30,904,435	28,512,967	109,762	1,210,586
End of Period	-	-	24,056,226	30,904,435	247,862	109,762
Total Profit/loss	-	1,021	(87,297)	354,561	(14,032)	(10,766)
Hedging Transactions purposes						
Beginning of Period	-	-	19,143,820	17,581,390	-	-
End of Period	-	-	19,595,429	19,143,820	-	-
Total Profit/Loss	-	-	368,244	(63,732)	-	-

d) As of 31 March 2020, the total amount of remuneration and benefits provided for the senior management of the Bank is TL 9,642 (31 March 2019: TL 5,007).

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VI. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Subsequent Events

Nilsen Altıntaş, Assistant General Manager responsible for the Human Resources Group of the Parent Bank, has resigned from her duties being effective as of 31 March 2020. Bade Sipahioğlu Işık was appointed as the Assistant General Manager responsible for the Human Resources Group, effective from 13 April 2020.

SECTION SIX

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

I. Explanations on the Independent Auditor's Review Report

The unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank were reviewed by DRT Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. and the auditor's interim review report dated 5 May 2020 is presented preceding the financial statements.

II. Other Footnotes and Explanations Prepared by the Independent Auditors

None.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

SECTION SEVEN (*)

INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

- I. Interim Period Reports Included Chairman Of The Board of Directors and CEO's of the Bank Assessments For The Interim Activities
- A. Chairman of Board of Directors and CEO's of the Bank Assessments for The Interim Activities Chairman of Board of Director's Message

Valued stakeholders,

We experienced a quarter of concerns about the course of global economic activity and uncertainties in the financial markets due to the Covid-19 virus, which appearing in Wuhan, China on 1 December 2019, and spread to all countries in a short time and became a global pandemic. Economic activity in the US and Europe, especially China, showed a sharp decline. While many countries have announced financial and fiscal support programs to limit the damage caused by the virus in the economies, international financial institutions have reduced their growth expectations for 2020. The International Finance Institute (IIF) pulled its 2020 growth forecast from 2.6% to minus 1.5%, while the International Monetary Fund (IMF) announced that global growth could fall to 0.9% like in the 2008 crisis.

In the first quarter of 2020, when the pandemic began to affect the economies negatively, the Federal Reserve (FED) held two extraordinary meetings in March, reducing the policy interest rate that it kept in the range of 1.5% to 1.75% to 0%. The FED also announced a \$700 billion bond buying plan. European Central Bank (ECB) has also announced 750 billion euro pandemic bond-buying program in the same period. As to IMF, committed to activate the credit capacity of 1 trillion dollars for the countries affected by the virus.

As for Turkey, after the virus cases were seen in our country in March 2020, a series of social and economic measures began to be taken. Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) lowered its policy rate in the first quarter to 9.75% from 12%. The CBRT also announced additional measures to limit the negative effects of the virus on the economy and financial markets.

In addition to the monetary policy, the government has announced a support package of 100 billion TL in order to support sectors such as tourism, retail, logistics and textiles that have suffered the most from the pandemic.

Our economy, which grew 6% in the last quarter of 2019, continued its growth momentum in the first quarter of 2020 as well. While loan growth increased annually with gradually interest rate cuts in the first quarter, annual inflation (CPI) remained around 11.8% due to volatility in exchange rates and food prices. According to foreign trade data of the Ministry of Commerce, our exports decreased by 3.93% in the first quarter, while our imports increased by 10.28%. The reason for the shrinkage in exports was the sharp decline of new order demands due to the pandemic in our main export market, Europe.

In the coming period, economic activity is expected to slow down due to the pandemic. It is anticipated that the weak course of production and domestic demand will have a negative impact on employment indicators and increased public expenditures will increase the budget deficit along with the measures taken against the virus. Despite the negative local and global conditions, Turkey's economy is estimated to reach a level of positive growth in 2020.

In a process that embodies both risks and opportunities, TEB's goal as one of the leading players in Turkey's banking industry has always been and always will be to continue contributing to the Turkish economy and to create increasingly more value for all of its stakeholders through higher growth and productivity.

Yours respectfully, Yavuz Canevi

(*) Amounts in section seven expressed in full Turkish Lira ("TL") amount unless otherwise stated.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

A. Chairman of Board of Directors and CEO's of the Bank Assessments for The Interim Activities (continued)

CEO's Message

In the three months to 31 March 2020, TEB's total assets grew by 16% and reached TL 124 billion, while net profit stood at TL 396 million as of the same date. Loans, the most important indicator of the bank's support for its customers and economic activity, made up 65% of TEB's total assets.

Giving the same importance to risk management and asset quality as it always does, TEB's total lendings in the first quarter of the year amounted to TL 80.7 billion while its total deposits during the same period increased by 15% to TL 83.3 billion. Continuing to support solid growth with a strong capital structure, TEB's shareholders' equity as of the first quarter was TL 10.1 billion while the capital adequacy ratio was 15.49 per cent, well above the target ratio of 12 per cent.

In order to support the national economy, which is suffering from the impact that the coronavirus pandemic is having on Turkey, TEB has announced a support package in order to make it easier for its customers to pay their loans. If retail or corporate loan customers are having difficulties keeping up with their payments, they may request and be granted a three-month deferment period for principal and interest payments due as of 30 April 2020 under the same terms as their original loans.

TEB joined the credit protocol in the Banks Association of Turkey. Due to negatively affected on the small-business, corporate and commercial customers in the coronavirus pandemic, TEB announced two separate support packages which are called "Check Payment Support Credit" and "Economic Stability-Shield Credit Support". Both of which are designed to minimize the impact of the pandemic on its customers' employment, production, trading, and payment abilities by providing up to 12-month credit support with an initial 3-month grace period on principal and interest payments.

Seeking to make it easier for its SME and microbusiness customers to gain access to financing, TEB has joined the Small and Medium Enterprises Development Organization (KOSGEB) SME Financing Support Program. Under this program, which extends loans whose principal is funded from the bank's own resources to entrepreneurs and microbusinesses, the interest burden incurred by borrowers is lightened by 10 or 12 percentage points a year. Those qualifying for this support may borrow up to TL 50 thousand on terms of 12 or 18 months, repayable in equal monthly installments; however if the business satisfies certain criteria such as being owned and operated by women, young people, people with physical disabilities, armed forces veterans, or first-degree relatives of armed forces personnel killed in the line of duty, the maximum lendable amount is TL 70 thousand. Businesses that manufacture machinery and equipment or are engaged in other strategic-priority sectors may borrow up to TL 500 thousand on terms of up to 36 months.

TEB Cash Management is supporting TEB customers whose employees are working from home on account of the pandemic not only through such digital channels as corporate online banking and CEPTETEB İŞTE with creative, innovative solutions like Mobile-Ink and E-Signature. Mobile-Ink is a process solution that makes it possible for all banking business-related instructions to be sent to the bank in entirely-secure, automatically-confirmed digital format. The outstanding security and flexibility of TEB's E-Signature and Mobile-Ink digital solutions have made them very popular amongst the bank's customers. In its capacity as a finance ministry-approved private integrator, TEB has also been providing E-Waybill services since the beginning of 2020.

As of the end of March 2020, the general-purpose loans extended by TEB through its digital channels made up more than half (55%) of all of the bank's lendings in this category. 86% of TEB's customers make use of at least one of the bank's digital channels while the number of customers actively using online banking has topped 1.8 million and the number of mobile banking users has risen to 1.6 million. With the addition of another new feature to the mobile app—transaction statements—TEB has taken yet another step in the direction of making it faster and easier for its customers to access banking products and services. As the Covid-19 pandemic unfolds, TEB has been encouraging its customers to make use of all digital channels, especially its CEPTETEB and CEPTETEB İŞTE mobile apps, in order to take care of their banking needs quickly and conveniently.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

A. Chairman of Board of Directors and CEO's of the Bank Assessments for The Interim Activities (continued)

CEO's Message (continued)

TEB has been accepting applications from and supporting entrepreneurs wishing to take part in the Scientific and Technological Research Council of Turkey (TÜBİTAK) Individual Young Enterprise (BiGG) program for five years. Under this program this January, TEB helped turn nine entrepreneurs' technology-related ideas into viable business undertakings. To date, TEB has channeled a total of TL 14.8 million worth of TÜBİTAK grants to 89 technology startups under the BiGG program.

Teb Private Banking offers a high standard of service and distinctive applications in the first quarter of 2020. Within the content of Euromoney Private Banking and Wealth Managment Survey, TEB Private Banking's superior-standard services and banking practices put it in the "Best Private Banking Services Overall" category in the out of 6 categories. Other categories are; "Best Next Generation", "Best Capital Markets and Advisory", "Best ESG/Impact Investing", "Best Data Management and Security", and "Best Innovative or Emerging Technology Adoption".

Yours respectfully, Ümit Leblebici

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

B. Shareholding Structure

As of 31 March 2020;

TL 2,204,390,000.00 Paid in Capital Name of Shareholders Share Ratio TEB Holding A.Ş. 1,212,414,500.002 55.0000% BNPP Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş. 518,342,498.520 23.5141% BNP Paribas Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş. 467,879,148.835 21.2249% BNP Paribas SA 5,253,352.000 0.2383% Kocaeli Chamber of Commerce 500,500.643 0.0227% 2,204,390,000.00 100.00% **Total**

C. Management And Corporate Governance Practices

The Chairman and the Members of Board of Directors

Name	Title
Yavuz Canevi	Chairman of the Board of Directors
Dr. Akın Akbaygil	Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors
Jean Paul Sabet	Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors
Ayşe Aşardağ	Member of the Board of Directors and Vice Chairman of the Audit Committee
François Andre Jesualdo Benaroya	Member of the Board of Directors
Yvan L.A.M. De Cock	Member of the Board of Directors and Audit Committee
Sabri Davaz	Member of the Board of Directors and Audit Committee
Xavier Henri Jean Guilmineau	Member of the Board of Directors
Özden Odabaşı	Member of the Board of Directors
Jacques Roger Jean Marie Rinino	Member of the Board of Directors
Nicolas de Baudinet de Courcelles	Member of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Audit Committee
Ümit Leblebici	Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Member

Information on Participation of Board Members and Committee Members into Respective Meetings

As of 31 March 2020, the Board of Directors have accepted 68 resolutions and Audit Committee 14 resolutions. The Board Members and Committee Members have participated into respective meetings at sufficient levels.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

C. Management And Corporate Governance Practices (continued)

Executive Management

General Manager, Assistant General Managers and Their Responsibilities in the Bank

Name	Title
Ümit Leblebici	Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Member
Gökhan Mendi	Senior Assistant General Manager, Retail and Private Banking Group
Mustafa Aşkın Dolaştır	Assistant General Manager, Financial Affairs
Dr. Nilsen Altıntaş (*)	Assistant General Manager, Human Resources Group
Gökhan Özdil	Assistant General Manager, Corporate Credits Group
Osman Durmuş	Assistant General Manager, Retail and Micro SME Credits Group
Melis Coşan Baban	Secretary of the Board of Directors, Head of Legal Affairs
Mehmet Ali Cer	Assistant General Manager, Information Technologies
Kubilay Güler	Assistant General Manager, Banking Operations and Support Services
Akil Özçay	Assistant General Manager, Fixed Income
Ömer Abidin Yenidoğan	Assistant General Manager, Corporate Investment Banking
Dr. Tuğrul Özbakan	Assistant General Manager, Treasury & ALM
Gülümser Özgün Henden	Assistant General Manager, Corporate Banking
Ali İhsan Arıdaşır	Assistant General Manager, SME Credits
Ali Gökhan Cengiz	Assistant General Manager, SME Banking
Nimet Elif Akpınar	Chief Risk Officer
Hakan Tıraşın	Head of Internal Audit
Birol Deper	Head of Compliance Group and Internal Control Group, Consumer Relations
	Coordination Officer

^(*) Nilsen Altıntaş, Assistant General Manager responsible for the Human Resources Group of the Bank, has resigned from her duties being effective as of 31 March 2020. Bade Sipahioğlu Işık was appointed as the Assistant General Manager responsible for the Human Resources Group, effective from 13 April 2020.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

D. Significant Events and Transactions in the Current Period

Amendments to Main Contract in 1 January – 31 March 2020:

There have been no changes to the main contract during the period of 1 January – 31 March 2020.

Significant Events and Transactions in the Current Period:

Past due receivables amounting to TL 105,884 for which TL 101,156 of provision had been allocated, is sold for TL 7,010 during 2020. After all sales procedures were completed, these past due receivables have been written off from the portfolio.

Summary of Financial Results:

	31 March 2020 Unconsolidated	31 December 2019 Unconsolidated
(million TL)	Financial Statements	Financial Statements
Loans, Net	76,877	65,577
Loans	76,582	65,071
Non-Performing Loans	4,091	4,147
Expected Loses	(3,797)	(3,641)
Total Assets	124,254	107,350
Deposits	83,285	72,194
Shareholder's Equity	10,109	9,721
Net Income (Prior Period 31 March 2019)	396	312

Summary on Financial Ratios

	31 March 2020 Unconsolidated Financial Statements	31 December 2019 Unconsolidated Financial Statements
Loans / Total Assets	61.87%	64.48%
Deposits / Total Assets	67.03%	67.25%
Return on Equity (Prior Period 31 March 2019)	16.69%	13.22%
NPL Ratio	5.07%	5.99%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	15.49%	16.95%
Coverage Ratio	58.75%	56.73%

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

E. Credit Ratings Assigned By Rating Agencies and Information on Their Contents (*)

TEB maintained its position as one of the most highly rated banks in Turkey. As of the first quarter of 2020, TEB's ratings were as follows:

Moody's Investor Services:

Baseline Credit Assessment	b3
Adjusted Baseline Credit Assessment	b1
Long Term FC Bank Deposits	B3
Short Term FC Bank Deposits	NP
Long Term LC Bank Deposits	B1
Short Term LC Bank Deposits	NP
Outlook	Negative

Fitch Ratings:

Foreign Currency

Long-termB+Short-termBOutlookStable

Turkish Lira

 $\begin{array}{ccc} Long\text{-term} & BB\text{-} \\ Short\text{-term} & B \\ Outlook & Stable \\ National & AA (tur) \\ Outlook & Stable \\ Viability Rating & b+ \end{array}$

F. Donations

The Bank has donated TL 93,164 with 53 items to the several agencies and institutions during the period of 1 January 2020 - 31 March 2020.

^(*) Ratings above are not performed based on the "Communiqué for Authorization and Activities of Rating Institutions" published by the Capital Markets Board.