CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REVIEW REPORT ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş.

PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2020 WITH AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the General Assembly of Türk Ekonomi Bankası A.Ş.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated statement of financial position of Türk Ekonomi Bankası A.Ş. ("the Bank") and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") at 30 September 2020 and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows for the nine-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the accompanying consolidated interim financial information in accordance with "the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Financial Reporting Regulations" including the regulation on "The Procedures and Principles Regarding Banks' Accounting Practices and Maintaining Documents" published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with No. 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Board and circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" principles for the matters not legislated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standard on Review Engagements (ISRE) 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit conducted in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim financial information does not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Türk Ekonomi Bankası A.Ş. as at 30 September 2020, and of the results of their operations and their cash flows for the nine-month period then ended in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Regulations.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the consolidated interim financial information provided in the Management's interim report included in section seven of the accompanying consolidated financial statements, is not presented fairly, in all material respects, and is not consistent with the reviewed unconsolidated interim financial statements and the explanatory notes.

Additional paragraph for English translation:

The effect of the differences between the accounting principles summarized in Section 3 and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying unconsolidated interim financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) have not been quantified and reflected in the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the Bank's financial position and results of its operations in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in such countries of users of the unconsolidated interim financial statements and IFRS.

DRT BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE SERBEST MUHASEBECİ MALİ MÜŞAVİRLİK A.Ş. Member of **DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU LIMITED**

Yaman Polat, SMMM Partner

Istanbul, 3 November 2020

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. AS OF AND FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

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The consolidated interim financial report for the nine-month period, prepared in accordance with "Communiqué on the Financial Statements and the Related Policies and Disclosures to be Publicly Announced" as regulated by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is consist of the sections listed below:

- General Information about the Parent Bank
- Consolidated Interim Financial Statements of the Parent Bank
- Explanations on the Accounting Policies Applied in The Related Period
- Information on Financial Structure and Risk Management of the Group which is under Consolidation
- Disclosures and Footnotes on Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
- Auditor's Review Report
- Interim Activity Report

The subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities, financial statements have been consolidated in this reporting package are as follows:

	Subsidiaries	Associates	Jointly Controlled Entities
1	TEB Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	-	-
2	TEB Faktoring A.Ş.	-	-
3	TEB Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	-	-

The accompanying consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period, related disclosures and footnotes which have been reviewed and presented in this report are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, the related statements and guidance, and incompliance with the financial records of the Parent Bank, and unless stated otherwise, presented in **thousands of Turkish Lira** (**TL**).

	Nicolas de Baudinet				
Yavuz Canevi	de Courcelles	Ayşe Aşardağ	Ümit Leblebici	M. Aşkın Dolaştır	Gökhan Kazcılar
Chairman	Chairman	Vice Chairman	Chief Executive	Assistant General	Director
of the Board of	of the Audit	of the Audit	Officer	Manager Responsible of	Responsible of
Directors	Committee	Committee		Financial Reporting	Financial Reporting

Information related to responsible personnel for the questions can be raised about financial statements:

Name-Surname/Title: Aslıhan Kaya / External Reporting Senior Manager

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(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

SECTION ONE

GENERAL INFORMATION

I. History of the Parent Bank, Including its Incorporation Date, Initial Legal Status and Amendments to Legal Status, if any

Türk Ekonomi Bankası Anonim Şirketi ("The Bank" or "TEB"), which had been a local bank incorporated in Kocaeli in 1927 under the name of Kocaeli Halk Bankası T.A.Ş., was acquired by the Çolakoğlu Group in 1982. Its title was changed as Türk Ekonomi Bankası A.Ş. and its headquarters moved to İstanbul. On 10 February 2005, BNP Paribas took over 50% of shares of TEB Holding A.Ş. Consequently, BNP Paribas became indirect shareholder of TEB with 42.125% ownership. In 2009, BNP Paribas Group successively acquired 75% of Fortis Bank Belgium and 66% of Fortis Bank Luxembourg and became the shareholder holding the majority of the shares of Fortis Bank Turkey. The indirect majority shareholders of TEB which are BNP Paribas and Çolakoğlu Group has agreed on the merger of TEB and Fortis Bank under the trademark of TEB and following the authorizations obtained from the regulatory authorities on 14 February 2011 the legal merge of two banks has been performed. The process regarding the procedure has been summarized below. As a result of the merger of TEB Holding, TEB has a majority stake of 55% and on the other hand Çolakoğlu Group and BNP Paribas have the share of 50%.

II. Explanation on the Parent Bank's Capital Structure, Shareholders of the Parent Bank who are in Charge of the Management and/or Auditing of the Parent Bank Directly or Indirectly, Changes in These Matters (if any), and the Group the Parent Bank's Belongs to

As of 30 September 2020 and 31 December 2019 the shareholders' structure and their respective ownerships are summarized as follows:

	30 September	r 2020	31 Decem	ber 2019
Name of shareholders	Paid in capital	%	Paid in capital	%
TEB Holding A.Ş.	1,212,415	55.00	1,212,415	55.00
BNPP Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	518,342	23.51	518,342	23.51
BNP Paribas Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	467,879	21.23	467,879	21.23
BNP Paribas SA	5,253	0.24	5,253	0.24
Kocaeli Chamber of Commerce	501	0.02	501	0.02
	2,204,390	100.00	2,204,390	100.00

As of 30 September 2020, the Parent Bank's paid-in-capital consists of 2,204,390,000 shares of TL 1.00 (full TL) nominal each.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations Regarding the Chairman and the Members of Board of Directors, Audit Committee, General Manager and Assistants and Shares of the Parent Bank They Possess Name Title Education

Name	Title	Education
Board of Directors;		
Yavuz Canevi	Chairman of the Board of Directors	Master
Dr.Akın Akbaygil	Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors	PhD
Jean Paul Sabet	Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors	University
Ayşe Aşardağ	Member of the Board of Directors and Vice Chairman of the Audit	University
	Committee	2
François Andre Jesualdo Benaroya	Member of the Board of Directors	University
Yvan L.A.M De Cock	Member of the Board of Directors and Audit Committee	University
Sabri Davaz	Member of the Board of Directors and Audit Committee	Master
Xavier Henri Jean Guilmineau	Member of the Board of Directors	Master
Özden Odabaşı	Member of the Board of Directors	Master
Hans Wilfried J. Broucke	Member of the Board of Directors	Master
Nicolas de Baudinet de Courcelles	Member of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Audit	University
	Committee	5
Ümit Leblebici	Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Member	Master
Assistant General Managers;		
Gökhan Mendi	Senior Assistant General Manager Responsible from Retail and	Master
	Private Banking Group	
Bade Siphaioğlu Işık	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Human Resources	Master
	Group	
Melis Coşan Baban	Chief Legal Advisor and Secretary of the Board of Directors	Master
Mehmet Ali Cer	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Information	Master
	Technologies	
Mustafa Aşkın Dolaştır	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Financial Affairs Group	Master
Osman Durmuş	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Retail and Small	University
3	Business Credit Group	
Kubilay Güler	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Banking Operations and	University
5	Support Services	
Gülümser Özgün Henden	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Corporate Banking	University
8	Group	5
Dr.Tuğrul Özbakan	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Asset Liability	PhD
8	Management and Treasury Group	
Akil Özçay	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Fixed Income	Master
Gökhan Özdil	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Corporate Loans	University
Ömer Abidin Yenidoğan	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Corporate Investment	Master
6	Banking Group	
Ali İhsan Arıdaşır	Assistant General Manager Responsible from SME Loans	University
Ali Gökhan Cengiz	Assistant General Manager Responsible from SME Banking	Master
U		
Group Heads (*);		
Nimet Elif Akpınar	Head of Group Risk Management	University
Birol Deper	Head of Compliance Group and Internal Control Group, Consumer	Master
	Relations Coordination Officer	
Internal Audit (*);		
Hakan Tıraşın	Head of Internal Audit Group	University
,		5

(*) Group Heads and Head of Internal Audit are in Assistant General Manager status.

There are no Bank shares owned by the above stated Chairman and Members of Board of Directors, General Manager and Assistants.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Information on the Parent Bank's Qualified Shareholders

Name/Commercial Name	Share	Share Ratio	Paid up Shares	Unpaid Shares
Name/Commercial Name	Amount	Kauo	Shares	Shares
TEB Holding A.Ş.	1,212,415	55.00%	1,212,415	-
BNPP Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	518,342	23.51%	518,342	-
BNP Paribas Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	467,879	21.23%	467,879	-

TEB Holding A.Ş. is a member of both Çolakoğlu and BNP Paribas groups. 50% of the shares of TEB Holding A.Ş. are controlled by BNP Paribas Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş., while the remaining 50% is controlled by Çolakoğlu Group. BNP Paribas Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş. is controlled by BNP Paribas Fortis NV/SA whose shareholders are BNP Paribas Fortis NV/SA by 100% shares, respectively. 100% of the shares of BNP Yatırımlar Holding are controlled by BNP Paribas SA.

V. Summary on the Parent Bank's Functions and Lines of Activity

The Parent Bank's operating areas include, corporate, commercial, SME, retail and private banking as well as project finance and custody operations. Besides the ordinary banking operations, the Parent Bank is handling agency functions through its branches on behalf of TEB Portföy Yönetim A.Ş., Zurich Sigorta A.Ş. and Cardif Hayat Sigorta A.Ş. As of 30 September 2020, the Parent Bank has 467 local branches and 4 foreign branches (31 December 2019: 467 local branches, 4 foreign branches). As of 30 September 2020, the number of employees of the Group is 9,121 (31 December 2019: 9,248).

VI. Differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards and Short Explanation about the Entities Subject to Full Consolidation or Proportional Consolidation and Entities which are deducted from Equity or Entities which are not Included in These Three Methods

There is no difference for the Bank, except for the non-financial subsidary, between the consolidation process according to the Turkish Accounting Standards and the Communiqué of the Preparation of Financial Statements of Banks in Turkey.

The Parent Bank owns 0.1% but the Group owns 33.3% share of Bantaş Nakit ve Kıymetli Mal Taşıma ve Güvenlik Hizmetleri A.Ş, it is presented as joint venture in financial statements however, and it is carried by cost value since necessary requirements for consolidation is not met.

The Parent Bank presented TEB ARF Teknoloji A.Ş., which is owned 100% by Parent Bank, in its financial statements as a subsidiary, since it is a non-financial subsidiary, it is carried at cost in the financial statements.

VII. Current or Likely, Actual or Legal Barriers to Immediate Transfer of Equity or Repayment of Debts between Parent Bank and its Subsidiaries

None.

SECTION TWO

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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 IV. Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
 V. Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
 VI. Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

			(Reviewed Current Perio	d	1	Audited Prior Period	
	ASSETS		, c	30.09.2020	u		31.12.2019	
		Section 5		0000002020			0111212012	
		Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		20,465,501	20,310,372	40,775,873	8,094,017	22,014,859	30,108,876
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents		7,804,625	15,821,164	23,625,789	2,642,723	18,717,809	21,360,532
1.1.1	Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(I-1)	2,200,760	13,899,050	16,099,810	716,054	11,239,917	11,955,971
1.1.2	Banks	(I-4)	2,465,650	1,933,717	4,399,367	1,087,213	7,488,841	8,576,054
1.1.3	Money Markets		3,139,630	-	3,139,630	840,304	-	840,304
1.1.4	Expected Loss Provision (-)		1,415	11,603	13,018	848	10,949	11,797
1.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		847,387	1,432,833	2,280,220	426,085	869,339	1,295,424
1.2.1	Government Debt Securities	(I-2)	803,302	1,303,041	2,106,343	385,317	782,677	1,167,994
1.2.2	Equity Securities		44,085	129,792	173,877	40,768	84,258	125,026
1.2.3	Other Financial Assets		-	-		-	2,404	2,404
1.3	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(I-5)	7,839,672	2,805,917	10,645,589	3,324,896	2,216,475	5,541,371
1.3.1	Government Debt Securities	. ,	7,828,906	2,805,917	10,634,823	3,317,001	2,216,475	5,533,476
1.3.2	Equity Securities		10,766	-	10,766	7,895	-	7,895
	Other Financial Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.4	Derivative Financial Assets		3,973,817	250,458	4,224,275	1,700,313	211,236	1,911,549
1.4.1	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss	(I-3)	2,480,247	217,680	2,697,927	1,473,795	196,247	1,670,042
	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through	(1.5)	2,100,217	217,000	2,057,527	1,170,770	190,217	1,070,012
	Other Comprehensive Income	(I-12)	1,493,570	32,778	1,526,348	226,518	14.989	241.507
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTIZED COST (Net)	(=)	74,278,572	16,580,020	· · ·	58,026,785	,	,
2.1	Loans	(I-6)	66,561,351	13,826,910		56,568,956		
2.2	Lease Receivables	(I-11)		10,020,010			12,490,000	
2.3	Factoring Receivables	(I-15)	1,331,697	854,069	2,185,766	1,209,538	873,720	2,083,258
2.4	Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	(I-7)	9,954,067	2,355,623	12,309,690	3.549.987	1,356,631	4.906.618
2.4.1	Government Debt Securities	(17)	9,954,067	2,355,623	12,309,690	3,549,987	1,356,631	4,906,618
	Other Financial Assets		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,333,023	12,505,050	5,545,507	1,550,051	4,200,010
2.4.2	Expected Credit Loss (-)		3,568,543	456,582	4,025,125	3,301,696	375,191	3,676,887
III.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND		5,500,545	450,502	4,023,125	5,501,070	575,171	5,070,007
111.	RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)		124,529	_	124,529	131,362	_	131,362
3.1	Held for Sale Purpose	(I-14)	124,529	_	124,529	131,362	-	131,362
3.2	Related to Discontinued Operations	(1-14)	124,529	-	- 124,529	151,502		151,502
IV.	EQUITY INVESTMENTS		55		55	5	-	5
4.1	Investments in Associates (Net)	(I-8)					-	3
	Associates Valued Based on Equity Method	(1-0)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Unconsolidated Associates		-	-	-	-	-	-
4 .1.2 4.2	Subsidiaries (Net)	(I-9)	50	-	50	-	-	-
	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries	(1-9)	50	-		-	-	-
	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		50	-	50	-	-	-
4.2.2 4.3	Joint Ventures (Net)	(I-10)	5	-	5	5	-	5
		(1-10)	5	-		5	-	
	Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method Unconsolidated Joint Ventures		- 5	-	- 5	- 5	-	- 5
4.3.2 V.				128	803,590		677	
	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Net)		803,462			884,141	0//	884,818
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS(Net)		530,821	-	530,821	561,432	-	561,432
6.1	Goodwill		421,124	-	421,124	421,124	-	421,124
6.2	Other	(1.12)	109,697	-	109,697	140,308	-	140,308
	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES(Net)	(I-13)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	CURRENT TAX ASSET		309,365	-	309,365	14,810	-	14,810
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSET		270,758	-	270,758	667,146	-	667,146
X.	OTHER ASSETS(Net)		2,166,809	924,577	3,091,386	2,375,393	2,097,796	4,473,189
	TOTAL ASSETS		98,949,872	37,815,097	136,764,969	70 755 091	38,459,342	100 214 422

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

	LIABILITIES		(Reviewed Current Perio 30.09.2020			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2019	1
	LIABILITIES	Section		30.09.2020			31.12.2019	
		5 Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	DEPOSITS	(II-1)		42,687,332		34,470,683	37,707,169	72,177,852
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	(II-3)	1,362,077	10,089,479	11,451,556	1,067,418	9,127,278	10,194,696
III.	MONEY MARKET FUNDS		687,735	2,712,258	3,399,993	1,323,300	327,167	1,650,467
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	(II-3)	5,694,113	-	5,694,113	2,333,877	-	2,333,877
4.1	Bills		5,636,854	-	5,636,854	2,333,877	-	2,333,877
4.2	Asset Backed Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3	Bonds		57,259	-	57,259	-	-	-
v.	FUNDS		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.1	Borrower Funds		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.2	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS		-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		2,523,167	236,568	2,759,735	3,404,041	107,517	3,511,558
7.1 7.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other	(II-2)	1,548,235	223,168	1,771,403	1,486,334	100,250	1,586,584
	Comprehensive Income	(II-6)	974,932	13,400	988,332	1,917,707	7,267	1,924,974
VIII.	FACTORING LIABILITIES	(II-11)	130	9,689	9,819	274	538	812
IX.	LEASE LIABILITIES (Net)	(II-5)	553,166	59,293	612,459	617,693	39,964	657,657
X.	PROVISIONS	(II-7)	634,906	245,298	880,204	678,877	168,521	847,398
10.1	Restructuring Provisions		-	-	-	-	-	-
10.2	Reserve for Employee Benefits		417,414	26,260	443,674	372,735	22,713	395,448
10.3	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
10.4	Other Provisions		217,492	219,038	436,530	306,142	145,808	451,950
XI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	(II-8)	194,717	-	194,717	222,365	-	222,365
XII.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY		-	-	-	-	-	-
XIII.	LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR							
	SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.1	Held For Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.2	Held From Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
XIV.	SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS		-	4,316,468	4,316,468	-	3,190,503	3,190,503
14.1	Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.2	Other Debt Instruments		-	4,316,468	4,316,468	-	3,190,503	3,190,503
XV.	OTHER LIABILITIES		4,388,572	358,790	4,747,362	4,037,263	480,077	4,517,340
XVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(II-9)	11,589,241	(121,178)	11,468,063	9,894,657	15,251	9,909,908
16.1	Paid-in Capital		2,204,390	-	2,204,390	2,204,390	-	2,204,390
16.2	Capital Reserves		391,754	-	391,754	391,754	-	391,754
16.2.1	Share Premiums		2,565	-	2,565	2,565	-	2,565
16.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.3	Other Capital Reserves		389,189	-	389,189	389,189	-	389,189
16.3	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expense that will not be							
	Reclassified at Profit and Loss		326,874	-	326,874	310,864	-	310,864
16.4	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expense that will be							
	Reclassified at Profit and Loss		(398,000)	(121,178)	(519,178)	(884,644)	15,251	(869,393)
16.5	Profit Reserves		7,843,996	-	7,843,996	6,728,424	-	6,728,424
16.5.1	Legal Reserves		490,587	-	490,587	434,338	-	434,338
16.5.2	Status Reserves		-	-		-	-	-
16.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		7,161,377	-	7,161,377	6,284,394	-	6,284,394
16.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		192,032	-	192,032	9,692	-	9,692
16.6	Profit or Loss		1,207,068	-	1,207,068	1,134,463	-	1,134,463
16.6.1	Prior Periods' Profit / Loss		9,497	-	9,497	9,497	-	9,497
16.6.2	Current Periods' Profit / Loss		1,197,571	-	1,197,571	1,124,966	-	1,124,966
16.7	Minority Shares	(II-10)	13,159	-	13,159	9,406	-	9,406
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		76 170 972	60,593,997	136,764,969	58 050 448	51 163 985	109,214,433

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

			С	Reviewed Current Perio 30.09.2020	od		Audited rior Period 1.12.2019	
		Section 5 Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
A. I. 1.1 1.1.1 1.1.2	OFF BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (I+II+III) GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES Letters of Guarantee Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations	(III-1)	77,655,685 7,943,698 6,199,780 80,893 305,800	96,758,932 17,420,420 8,439,133 98,836 553,523	174,414,617 25,364,118 14,638,913 179,729 859,323	67,741,200 9,129,803 6,480,389 93,314 319,439	87,362,056 13,244,967 7,071,936 79,406 417,745	155,103,256 22,374,770 13,552,325 172,720 737,184
1.1.3 1.2 1.2.1 1.2.2	Other Letters of Guarantee Bank Acceptances Import Letter of Acceptance Other Bank Acceptances		5,813,087	7,786,774 19,148 19,148	13,599,861 19,148 19,148	6,067,636 - -	6,574,785 12,915 12,915	12,642,421 12,915 12,915
1.3 1.3.1 1.3.2 1.4	Letters of Credit Documentary Letters of Credit Other Letters of Credit Prefinancing Given as Guarantee		460 330 130	5,209,634 3,601,379 1,608,255	5,210,094 3,601,709 1,608,385	260 260	2,623,591 1,119,305 1,504,286	2,623,851 1,119,305 1,504,546
1.5 1.5.1 1.5.2	Endorsements Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey Other Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9	Purchase Guarantees for Securities Issued Factoring Guarantees Other Guarantees Other Collaterals		1,742,233 1,225	- 2,844,139 908,366	4,586,372 909,591	- 2,649,033 121	- 2,382,926 1,153,599	- 5,031,959 1,153,720
II. 2.1 2.1.1 2.1.2	COMMITMENTS Irrevocable Commitments Asset Purchase Commitments Deposit Purchase and Sale Commitments	(III-1)	17,932,657 17,932,657 1,575,314	3,746,243 3,746,243 3,378,520	21,678,900 21,678,900 4,953,834	16,824,116 16,824,116 1,406,402	3,460,708 3,460,708 2,278,420 759,924	20,284,824 20,284,824 3,684,822 759,924
2.1.3 2.1.4 2.1.5	Share Capital Commitment to Associates and Subsidiaries Loan Granting Commitments Securities Issuance Brokerage Commitments		5,596,138	237,414	5,833,552	5,059,676	174,696	5,234,372
2.1.6 2.1.7 2.1.8 2.1.9 2.1.10	Commitments for Reserve Deposit Requirements Commitments for Cheque Payments Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments Commitments for Credit Card Limits Commitments for Credit Cards and Banking Services Promotions		1,766,852 45,503 8,939,147 5,922	-	1,766,852 45,503 8,939,147 5,922	1,769,641 71,566 8,506,931 4,975		1,769,641 71,566 8,506,931 4,975
2.1.11 2.1.12 2.1.13 2.2	Receivables from Short Sale Commitments on Securities Payables for Short Sale Commitments on Securities Other Irevocable Commitments Revocable Commitments		3,781	130,309	134,090	4,925	247,668	252,593
2.2.1 2.2.2 III. 3.1 3.1.1	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments Other Revocable Commitments DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS Derivative Financial Instruments for Hedging Purposes Fair Value Hedge		51,779,330 12,622,448 2,158,285	75,592,269 12,126,588 4,493,154	127,371,599 24,749,036 6,651,439	41,787,281 16,303,838	70,656,381 9,650,297 1,740,184	112,443,662 25,954,135 1,740,184
3.1.2 3.1.3 3.2	Cash Flow Hedge Foreign Net Investment Hedges Held for Trading Transactions		10,464,163 39,156,882	7,633,434 63,465,681	18,097,597	16,303,838 25,483,443	7,910,113	24,213,951
3.2.1 3.2.1.1 3.2.1.2 3.2.2. 3.2.2.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Buy Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Sell Swap Transactions Related to Foreign Currency and Interest Rates Foreign Currency Swap-Buy		5,102,463 2,883,610 2,218,853 32,190,727 1,705,091	8,424,535 3,874,345 4,550,190 47,084,450 24,999,932	13,526,998 6,757,955 6,769,043 79,275,177 26,705,023	3,905,504 2,186,296 1,719,208 18,588,736 4,003,482	6,836,778 3,210,603 3,626,175 48,542,952 25,326,796	10,742,282 5,396,899 5,345,383 67,131,688 29,330,278
3.2.2.2 3.2.2.3 3.2.2.4 3.2.3 3.2.3.1	Foreign Currency Swap-Sell Interest Rate Swaps-buy Interest Rate Swaps-Sell Foreign Currency, Interest Rate and Securities Options Foreign Currency Options-Buy		17,629,636 6,428,000 6,428,000 1,081,911 658,554	11,924,434 5,080,042 5,080,042 3,482,009 1,640,800	29,554,070 11,508,042 11,508,042 4,563,920 2,299,354	12,453,254 1,066,000 1,066,000 2,952,821 1,726,935	16,946,840 3,134,658 3,134,658 5,548,060 2,562,617	29,400,094 4,200,658 4,200,658 8,500,881 4,289,552
3.2.3.2 3.2.3.3 3.2.3.4 3.2.3.5 3.2.3.6	Foreign Currency Options-Sell Interest Rate Options-Buy Interest Rate Options-Sell Securities Options-Buy Securities Options-Sell		423,357	1,841,209	2,264,566	1,225,886	2,985,443	4,211,329 - - -
3.2.4 3.2.4.1 3.2.4.2 3.2.5	Foreign Currency Futures Foreign Currency Futures-Buy Foreign Currency Futures-Sell Interest Rate Futures		781,781 19,685 762,096	791,561 770,114 21,447	1,573,342 789,799 783,543	36,362 36,362	35,164 35,164	71,526 36,362 35,164
3.2.5.1 3.2.5.2 3.2.6 B.	Interest Rate Futures-Buy Interest rate Futures-Sell Other CUSTODY AND PLEDGES RECEIVED (IV+V+VI)		173,766,811	3,683,126 45,703,569	3,683,126 219,470,380	20 165,611,452	43,130 35,349,359	43,150 200,960,811
IV. 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY Customer Fund and Portfolio Balances Investment Securities Held In Custody Cheques Received for Collection Commercial Notes Received for Collection		29,071,733 4,734,466 12,979,317 10,619,602 450,178	5,315,405 3,809,442 856,262 107,180	34,387,138 4,734,466 16,788,759 11,475,864 557,358	32,624,537 7,318,390 14,503,776 10,011,245 507,526	3,374,145 1,926,086 929,338 129,914	35,998,682 7,318,390 16,429,862 10,940,583 637,440
4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7	Other assets Received for Collection Assets Received for Collection Other Items under Custody		288,045	542,521	542,646 - 288,045	283,475	388,807	388,932 - 283,475
4.8 V. 5.1 5.2 5.3	Custodians PLEDGES RECEIVED Marketable Securities Guarantee Notes Commodity		140,444,073 419,287 50,602,550 98,851	39,904,139 476,600 27,304,082	-	128,531,847 362,798 49,046,126 50,194	31,315,316 100,651 21,152,188	159,847,163 463,449 70,198,314 50,194
5.4 5.5 5.6	Warranty Immovables Other Pledged Items		79,226,360 10,097,025	8,297,918 3,825,539	87,524,278 13,922,564	69,856,979 9,215,750	7,236,289 2,826,188	77,093,268 12,041,938
5.7 VI.	Pledged Items-Depository ACCEPTED BILL, GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES TOTAL OFF BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (A+B)		4,251,005	484,025 142,462,501	4,735,030 393,884,997	4,455,068	659,898 122,711,415	5,114,966 356,064,067

III. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

	INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS	Section 5 Note	Reviewed Current Period 01.01-30.09.2020		Reviewed Current Period 01.07-30.09.2020	Reviewed Prior Period 01.07-30.09.2019
I.	INTEREST INCOME	(IV-1)	8,250,905	9,641,197	2,827,005	3,271,345
1.1	Interest Income on Loans		6,444,213	8,155,431	2,043,316	
1.2	Interest Income on Reserve Requirements		38,026	100,198	22,658	
1.3	Interest Income on Banks		105,461	186,192	47,054	69,442
1.4	Interest Income on Money Market Transactions		48,029	182,663	31,951	51,345
1.5	Interest Income on Securities Portfolio		1,476,018	834,288	637,234	331,338
1.5.1	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		146,590	153,115	51,751	83,821
1.5.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		583,393	246,632	235,559	
1.5.3	Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost		746,035	434,541	349,924	159,340
1.6 1.7	Financial Lease Income		120.159	192 425	44,792	-
1.7 П.	Other Interest Income INTEREST EXPENSE (-)	(IV-2)	139,158 3,563,607	182,425 5,772,665	1,225,013	65,758 1,814,104
2.1	Interest Expense on Deposits	(1 • -2)	2,417,075	4,685,872	848,395	
2.1	Interest Expense on Funds Borrowed		428,176	476,393	145,710	, ,
2.2	Interest Expense on Money Market Transactions		200,776	93,976	49,329	,
2.3	Interest Expense on Securities Issued		333,886	419,431	152,914	177,223
2.5	Interest Expense on Leases		74,207	77,190	24,318	
2.6	Other Interest Expenses		109,487	19,803	4,347	2,402
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME (I - II)		4,687,298	3,868,532	1,601,992	1,457,241
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		1,013,636	1,169,754	303,497	391,791
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		1,454,531	1,858,291	453,553	640,382
4.1.1	Non-cash Loans		190,354	217,447	65,058	
4.1.2	Other	(IV-9)	1,264,177	1,640,844	388,495	570,469
4.2	Fees and Commissions Paid (-)	(1))	440,895	688,537	150,056	
4.2.1	Non-cash Loans		5,359	4,201	1,787	1,638
4.2.2	Other	(IV-9)	435,536	684,336	148,269	246,953
V.	DIVIDEND INCOME	(11)	3,440	1,025	205	
VI.	TRADING INCOME / LOSS (Net)	(IV-3)	(1,104,838)	(602,256)	(492,456)	(430,083)
6.1	Securities Trading Gains / Losses		(39,811)	40,523	(29,953)	7,184
6.2	Gains / Losses on Derivative Financial Instruments		(890,122)	(591,008)	(359,972)	(579,442)
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains / Losses		(174,905)	(51,771)	(102,531)	142,175
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	(IV-4)	86,673	81,767	30,868	,
VIII.	GROSS OPERATING PROFIT (III+IV+V+VI+VII+VIII)		4,686,209	4,518,822	1,444,106	
IX.	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (-)	(IV-5)	533,401	1,014,903	39,153	
X.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	(IV-5)	(23,739)	39	1	
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSE (-)		1,251,304	1,124,552	419,731	372,938
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	(IV-6)	1,369,277	1,284,658	476,675	500,992
XIII.	NET OPERATING INCOME/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)		1,555,966	1,094,670	508,546	263,147
XIV.	EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER		-	-	-	-
XV.	INCOME/LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES					
	CONSOLIDATED BASED ON EQUTY METHOD		-	-	-	-
XVI.	INCOME/LOSS ON NET MONETARY POSITION		-	-	-	-
	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS					
	(XIII++XVI)	(IV-7)	1,555,966	1,094,670	508,546	
	TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		(354,638)	(269,249)	(93,954)	(84,593)
18.1	Current Tax Provision		(44,317)	(512,804)	295,934	
18.2	Deferred Tax Income Effect(+)		(700,180)	(64,407)	(463,044)	(9,805)
18.3	Deferred Tax Expense Effect(-)		389,859	307,962	73,156	91,518
XIX.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED					
	OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII)		1,201,328	825,421	414,592	178,554
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-	-	-
20.1	Income from Non-current Assets Held for Sale		-	-	-	-
20.2	Profit from Sales of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		-	-	-	-
20.3	Income from Other Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-	-	-
21.1	Expenses from Non-current Assets Held for Sale		-	-	-	-
21.2	Loss from Sales of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		-	-	-	-
21.3	Expenses for Other Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-
VVII	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XIX-XX)	(IV 7)				
		(IV-7)	-	-	-	-
	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		-	-	-	-
23.1 23.2	Current Tax Provision Deferred Tax Expense Effect(+)		-	-	-	-
23.2 23.3	1 ()		-	-	-	-
	Deferred Tax Income Effect(-) CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED		-	-	-	-
	OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)					
23.231 7 6			-	-	-	-
		(TV-9)	1 201 329	875 171	414 502	178 554
XXV.	NET INCOME/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	(IV-8)	1,201,328	825,421 824 246	414,592 413,109	
		(IV-8)	1,201,328 1,197,571 3,757	825,421 824,246 1,175		178,320

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Reviewed	Reviewed
		Current Period	Prior Period
		30.09.2020	30.09.2019
I.	CURRENT PERIOD INCOME/LOSS	1,201,328	825,421
и. П.		, ,	
	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	356,827	(960,438)
2.1	Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified through Profit or Loss	6,616	9,672
2.1.1	Gains (losses) on Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment	-	-
2.1.2	Gains (losses) on Revaluation of Intangible Assets	-	-
2.1.3	Gains (losses) on Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	7,757	8,625
2.1.4	Other Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified through Profit or Loss	416	2,877
2.1.5	Taxes Relating to Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified through Profit or Loss	(1,557)	(1,830)
2.2	Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	350,211	(970,110)
2.2.1	Exchange Differences on Translation	-	-
2.2.2	Valuation and/or Reclassification Profit or Loss from Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive		
	Income	(281,658)	182,927
2.2.3	Income (loss) related with Cash Flow Hedges	716,382	(1,403,668)
2.2.4	Income (loss) related with Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	-	-
2.2.5	Other Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified through Other Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2.6	Taxes Relating to Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified through Profit or Loss	(84,513)	250.631
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	1,558,155	(135,017)

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	STATEMENT OF CHANGES I EQUITY	N SHAREHOL	DERS'			Accumulated Income or Ex throug		lassified		ated Other Com Expense Reclass Profit or Loss	ified through						
	Reviewed	Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share Cancellation Profit	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Period F Profit or (Loss)	Current Period Profit or (Loss)	Total Equity Except from Minority Shares	Minority Shares	Total Shareholder s' Equity
_	Prior Period – 01.01-30.09.2019																
I.	Prior Period End Balance	2,204,390	2,565	-	485,536	266,122	31,706	1,796		- (139,731)	273,733	5,675,707	1,062,214	-	9,864,038	8,589	9,872,627
п.	Corrections According to TAS 8	-	-	-	(96,347)	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	(96,347)	-	(96,347)
2.1	The Effect of Corrections of Errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	The Effects of Changes in Accounting																
2.2	Policy	-	-	-	(96,347)	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	(96,347)	-	(96,347)
III.	New Balance (I+II)	2,204,390	2,565	-	389,189	266,122	31,706	1,796		- (139,731)	273,733	5,675,707	1,062,214	-	9,767,691	8,589	9,776,280
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	6,900	2,772		- 142,617	(1,112,796)	-	-	824,246	(136,261)	1,244	(135,017)
v.	Capital Increase by Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	Paid-in Capital Inflation Adjustment																
	Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Increase/Decrease by Other Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	-						1,052,717	(1,052,717)	-	-	(1,447)	(1,447)
11.1	Dividends Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	(1,447)	(1,447)
11.2	Transfers to Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	1,052,717	(1,052,717)	-	-	-	-
11.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Period-End Balance 30.09.2019																
	(III+IV+V+VI+VII+VIII+IX+X+XI)	2,204,390	2,565	-	389,189	266,122	38,606	4,568		- 2,886	(839,063)	6,728,424	9,497	824,246	9,631,430	8,386	9,639,816
	Current Period – 01.01-30.09.2020																
I.	Prior Period End Balance	2,204,390	2,565	-	389,189	266,122	39,999	4,743		- 17,357	(886,750)	6,728,424	1,134,463	-	9,900,502	9,406	9,909,908
п.	Corrections According to TAS 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1	The Effect of Corrections of Errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	The Effects of Changes in Accounting																
	Policy	-	-	-	-	_	_	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ш.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)	2,204,390	2,565	-	389,189	266.122	39,999	4,743		- 17.357	(886,750)	6,728,424	1,134,463	-	9,900,502	9,406	9,909,908
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income	_,,,	_,	-			6.205	411		- (219,692)	569,907	-	-,,	1,197,571	1,554,402	3,753	1.558.155
v.	Capital Increase by Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-		-	
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-		-	-
VII.	Paid-in Capital Inflation Adjustment																
	Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-		-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Increase/Decrease by Other Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	9,394	-	-			-	1,115,572	(1,124,966)	-	-	-	-
11.1	Dividends Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-		-	-	-	-	-
11.2	Transfers to Reserves	-	-	-	-	9,394	-	-			-	1,115,572	(1,124,966)	-	-	-	-
11.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Period-End Balance 30.09.2020 (III+IV+V+VI+VII+VIII+IX+X+XI)	2,204,390	2,565	_	389,189	275,516	46,204	5,154		- (202,335)	(216 842)	7,843,996	9,497	1,197,571	11,454,904	13,159	11,468,063

1. Increase/decrease from tangible assets accumulated revaluation reserve, 2. Accumulated gains / losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans,

3. Other (Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted with equity method that will not be reclassified at profit or loss and other accumulated amounts of other comprehensive income items that will not be reclassified at profit or loss),

4. Foreign currency translation differences,

5. Accumulated revaluation and / or classification gains / losses of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income,

6. Other (Cash flow hedge gains / losses, other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted with equity method that will be reclassified at profit or loss).

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VI. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Reviewed Current Period 01.01-30.09.2020	Reviewed Prior Period 01.01-30.09.2019
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS	01101 2010/12020	
1.1	Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	3,678,635	4,072,885
1.1.1	Interest received	8,064,167	9,175,433
1.1.2	Interest paid	(3,381,295)	(5,947,101)
1.1.3		3,440	1,025
1.1.4	Fees and commissions received	1,059,812	1,841,942
1.1.5	Other income	86,973	2,232,454
1.1.6	Collections from previously written off loans	1,129,629	721,014
1.1.7	Payments to personnel and service suppliers	(1,251,304)	(1,106,725)
1.1.8	Taxes paid	(358,459)	(448,056)
1.1.9	Others	(1,674,328)	(2,397,101)
1.2	Changes in operating assets and liabilities	3,606,035	(7,713,812)
1.2.1	Net (increase) / decrease in financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	(987,079)	(516,094)
1.2.2	Net (increase) / decrease in due from banks and other financial institutions	(85,154)	(1,794)
1.2.3	Net (increase) in loans	(8,007,916)	(2,995,146)
1.2.4		(1,034,486)	(3,567,568)
1.2.5	Net (increase) in bank deposits	5,713,103	1,074,116
	Net increase in other deposits	5,244,773	596,158
1.2.7		-	-
1.2.8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,270,270	(1,817,257)
1.2.9	Net increase / (decrease) in matured payables	-	-
) Net (decrease) / increase in other liabilities	1,492,524	(486,227)
I.	Net cash provided from banking operations	7,284,670	(3,640,927)
B.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
II.	Net cash provided from investing activities	(11,557,151)	(1,243,045)
2.1	Cash paid for purchase of entities under common control, associates and subsidiaries (Joint Vent.)	(50)	-
2.2	Cash obtained from sale of entities under common control, associates and subsidiaries (Joint Vent.)	-	-
2.3	Cash paid for purchase of tangible assets	(103,288)	(39,731)
2.4	Cash obtained from sale of tangible assets	4,004	1,914
2.5	Cash paid for purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(6,317,562)	(1,276,328)
2.6	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,672,887	1,331,467
2.7	Cash paid for purchase of financial assets measured at amortised cost	(7,592,934)	(1,188,410)
2.8	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets measured at amortised cost	807,184	-
2.9	Others	(27,392)	(71,957)
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
III.	Net cash provided from financing activities	3,151,872	2,415,833
3.1	Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued	14,631,331	12,620,976
3.2	Cash used for repayment of funds borrowed and securities issued	(11,295,590)	(10,039,057)
3.3	Equity instruments issued	-	-
3.4	Dividends paid	-	(1,447)
3.5 3.6	Payments for financial leases Others	(183,869)	(164,639)
3.0 IV.	Effect of change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	1,079,772	420,969
v.	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(40,837)	(2,047,170)
VI.	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	16,352,454	13,060,154
		, ,	, ,
VII.	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	16,311,617	11,012,984

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

SECTION THREE

ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

I. Basis of Presentation

a. Financial statements and related explanations and preparation of footnotes in compliance with Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS") and "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents"

The consolidated financial statements are prepared within the scope of the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" related with Banking Act numbered 5411 published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006 and in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to reporting principles on accounting records of Banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS) put into effect by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. The format and content of the publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements and notes to these statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué on Publicly Announced Financial Statements, Explanations and Notes to These Financial Statements" and "Communiqué On Disclosures About Risk Management To Be Announced To Public By Banks" and amendments to this Communiqué. The Bank maintains its books in Turkish Lira in accordance with the Banking Law, Turkish Commercial Code and Turkish Tax Legislation.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in TL, under the historical cost convention except for the financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates by the Bank management to exercise its judgment on the assets and liabilities of the balance sheet and contingent issues as of the balance sheet date. These estimates, which include the fair value calculations of financial instruments and impairments of financial assets are being reviewed regularly and, when necessary, suitable corrections are made and the effects of these corrections are reflected to the income statement. Assumptions and estimates that are used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are explained in the following related disclosures.

New type of coronavirus (COVID-19), first emerging in China, has been classified as an pandemic affecting countries globally by the World Health Organization on 11 March 2020. COVID-19 has impacts on economic conditions, sectors, businesses, consumers, as well as asset and commodity prices, liquidity, exchange rates, interest rates, money and capital markets and many other issues and it still maintains uncertainty about the future. While many countries announce economic and financial programs in order to limit the damage caused by the virus, Turkey also set regulatory fiscal and monetary actions in motion to support the companies and households in such difficult conditions. Additional regulatory measures are continued to be announced to tackle adverse impacts on companies and certain sectors.

The effects of this global pandemic on the Bank's financial statements are regularly monitored by the Risk Management as well as the Bank's Management. While preparing the interim financial statements as of 30 September 2020, the Bank reflected the possible effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on the estimates and judgements used in the preparation of the financial statements. Bank Management takes the necessary precautions in order to keep the negative effects under control and to be affected at the minimum level. The approach preferred for the period of 30 September 2020, will be revised in the following reporting periods, considering the effect of the pandemic and future expectations.

b. The accounting policies and the valuation principles applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements:

The accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements are subject to the regulations, communiqués, annotations and circulars issued by BRSA on accounting and financial reporting principles and the TFRS ("BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation") which has been put into force by the POA on issues not regulated by the BRSA.

The accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are explained between notes II and XXV.

c. Different accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

In case the accounting policies used by the subsidiaries are different from the Parent Bank, the differences are adjusted in the financial statements considering the materiality criterion.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations on Usage Strategy of Financial Assets and Foreign Currency Transactions

The Group aims to develop and promote products for the financial needs of each customer such as SMEs, multinational companies and small individual investors in line with Banking Legislation. The primary objective of the Parent Bank is to increase profitability with optimum liquidity and minimum risk while fulfilling customer needs.

Group aims at creating an optimum maturity risk and working with a positive margin between cost of resource and product yield in the process of asset and liability management.

As a component of risk management strategy of the Group, risk bearing short term positions of currency, interest or price movements is performed only by the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group using the limits defined by the Board of Directors. The Asset-Liability Committee of the Parent Bank manages the maturity mismatches while deciding the short, medium and long term strategies as well as adopting the principle of positive balance sheet margin as a pricing policy.

The Board of Directors of the Parent Bank allows a purchase risk in treasury operations and individual limits are defined by the Board of Directors for each product.

The Parent Bank's foreign currency asset and liability balances are valuated with the Parent Bank's exchange buying rate at the reporting date and recognized as "Foreign Exchange Gains / Losses" within statement of income.

The Parent Bank's hedging activities for the currency risk due to foreign currency available for sale equity instruments are described under the Currency Risk section; and the Parent Bank's hedging activities from interest rate risk arising from fixed interest rate deposits and floating interest rate borrowings are described in detail under Interest Rate Risk section.

The Parent Bank's Asset-Liability Committee approves the trading of various derivative instruments such as currency swaps, forwards and similar derivatives to hedge interest and currency exchange risks in line with the Parent Bank's balance sheet structure.

III. Information about the Parent Bank and its Consolidated Subsidiaries

The Parent Bank, with no difference in practice between TAS and TFRS, and also the subsidiaries are consolidated by using line-by-line consolidation method. Türk Ekonomi Bankası Anonim Şirketi and its financial institutions, TEB Faktoring A.Ş. (TEB Faktoring), TEB Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. (TEB Yatırım) and TEB Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. (TEB Portföy) are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements by line-by-line consolidation method. The Parent Bank and the entities included in the consolidation are referred to as "the Group" in this report.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with "Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 8 November 2006 numbered 26340.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries, which were prepared in accordance with the prevailing principles and rules regarding financial accounting and reporting standards in their respective country of incorporation and the Turkish Commercial Code and/or communiqués of the Capital Market Board, are duly adjusted in order to present their financial statements in accordance with TAS and TFRS.

Explanations on Consolidation Method and Scope

The commercial names of the entities included in consolidation and the locations of the head offices of these institutions:

Commercial Name	Head Office
TEB Faktoring	Turkey
TEB Yatırım	Turkey
TEB Portföy	Turkey

Line-by-line consolidation method is used for all the financial institutions included in the consolidation.

It has been publicly announced that the decision regarding the liquidation of "Stichting TEB Diversified Payment Rights" and "TEB Diversified Payment Rights S.A." has been taken on 19 July 2019. "TEB Diversified Payment Rights S.A." liquidation was completed on 23 July 2019. Bank has been notified that the liquidation of "Stichting TEB Diversified Payment Rights S.A." was completed on 7 April 2020.

The financial statements of subsidiaries were prepared as of 30 September 2020, 31 December 2019.

The transactions and balances between the consolidated entities and the Parent Bank are eliminated.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments

The Parent Bank's derivative transactions mainly consist of foreign currency swaps and interest rate swaps, cross currency swaps, currency options and forward foreign currency purchase and sale contracts.

Pursuant to "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" ("TFRS 9"), derivative financial instruments of the Parent Bank are classified as "Derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" or "Derivative financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income".

Assets and liabilities arising from derivative transactions are recorded in off-balance sheet through their contractual amounts. Derivative transactions are measured at fair value. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, they are disclosed under "Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" or "Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" in financial statements. Differences arising from the fair value changes of derivative financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are recognized under "Gains / Losses on Derivative Financial Instruments" in "Trading Income / Loss" in the statement of profit or loss. The fair values of the derivative financial instruments are calculated using quoted market prices or by using discounted cash flow models.

Derivative financial instruments are booked under off-balance sheet items. Derivative financial instruments where the underlying asset is money or commodity are booked based on the amounts to be received/paid at the maturity date. Derivative financial instruments based on interest rate are booked with the principal amount on which the interest rate is calculated.

All derivative financial instruments are measured with fair value method. The fair value of the derivative financial instruments traded in organized markets is the price on the organized market.

The cash flows of forward, currency swap, interest rate swap, and cross currency swap transactions should be determined firstly in order to measure with fair value method. Expected cash flows due to the floating interest rate for these products are defined according to market interest rate at the valuation date. Valuation is calculated by discounting the cash flows with the market interest rate and foreign currencies are converted into Turkish Lira with exchange rates at the valuation date.

Derivative financial instruments based on interest rate are measured not only with fair value method but also with amortized cost. While the fair value of derivatives are reflected in a single valuation account within the balance sheet, the amortized cost and the difference between the fair value and the amortized cost are reflected separately on the income/expense accounts.

Black and Scholes Model is used to measure the fair value of options. Options premiums are accrued on the start date of maturity. The valuation amount is composed of premiums valued at each valuation date. Premium to be paid calculated within this model is recorded as income, and the premium to be collected as expense.

The Parent Bank has adopted fair value and cash flow hedge accounting. Hedge accounting can be applied in order to prevent short-term fluctuations in the income statement resulting from differences between valuation methods of assets and liabilities exposed to interest rate risk and their hedging derivative instruments.

A part of the Parent Bank's fixed income foreign currency securities and Turkish Lira loans are subject to fair value hedge accounting. The fair value risk of the related financial assets with fixed interest rate is hedged by currency swaps and cross currency swaps. The Parent Bank is also hedging the cash flow risk arising from financial debts, with interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps.

The hedge effectiveness between the derivative instruments/transactions used for hedging and hedged item are measured regularly, and the results are documented. In case of ineffectiveness of hedge accounting, the hedge accounting is terminated.

During period where the relation between hedging instrument and the hedged item is measured;

- a) Within the scope fair value hedge accounting, the fair value change of the hedged item is recognized in profit and loss,
- b) Within the scope of cash flow hedge accounting, the fair value change of the hedged item is recognized in other comprehensive income and the ineffective part of the gain or loss arisen from the hedging instrument is booked in profit or loss.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments (continued)

In the admission of the accounting policies, TFRS 9 presents the option of postponing the adoption of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continuing to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39. Within this context, the Parent Bank will continue to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39.

While the Parent Bank recognizes the fair value changes of the hedged items in the "Other Interest Income" and "Other Interest Expense" accounts, it recognizes the fair value changes of the hedging instruments related to the same period in the "Gains/Losses on Derivative Financial Instruments" account.

Additionally, the difference between the fair value and carrying value of the hedged items as of the application date of hedge accounting is amortized based on their maturities and recognized in "Other Interest Income" and "Other Interest Expense" accounts.

V. Explanations on Interest Income and Expenses

Interest income and expenses are recorded on accrual basis. As the interest income and expense is accrued, all tax liabilities are fulfilled.

Financial assets and liabilities for which the future cash payments and collections are known, are discounted by using effective interest rate.

Accrued but not collected interests and rediscounts of loans, those classified as non-performing (Stage 3) are not reversed and included in interest income.

The interest amount representing the time value of the future collections of the non-performing loans is recognized under interest income and fully provisioned. The income effect arising from the discount of the estimates of expected collection as getting closer to the estimated date of collection, is recorded under interest income.

VI. Explanations on Fees and Commission Income and Expenses

Fees and commissions other than integral part of the effective interest rate of the financial instruments measured at amortized cost are accounted in accordance with the TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers Standard.

Income on banking services which are not related to periodic services are recorded as income when they are collected. In order to classify the fees and commissions collected from customers as income on banking services or as other non-interest income, they shouldn't be related with a credit transaction.

All type of fees and commissions collected from customers regarding cash loans are deferred in commissions on cash loans account and are recognized as income over the period of the loan by discounting with effective interest rate.

For Bank assurance services provided by the Parent Bank commissions from insurance companies are recorded as income on accrual basis.

The commissions related with non-cash loans or periodic banking services are deferred and recorded as income over the period according to the cut-off principle. Credit fee and commission expenses which are paid to other companies and institutions regarding financial liabilities and which create operational costs are discounted by effective interest rate and are recorded as expense in relevant period according to the cut-off principle.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VII. Explanations on Financial Assets

The Group classifies and recognizes its financial assets as "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss", "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" or "Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost". The financial assets are recognized or derecognized in accordance with the "Recognition and Derecognition" principles defined in Section 3 related to the classification and measurement of financial instruments of "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" standard published in the Official Gazette No. 29953 dated 19 January 2017 by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (POA). At initial recognition, financial assets are measured at fair value. In the case of financial assets are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs are added or deducted to/from their fair value.

The Parent Bank recognizes a financial asset in the financial statement when, and only when, the Parent Bank becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the ("settlement date"). When the Parent Bank first recognizes a financial asset, the business model and the characteristics of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are considered by management.

Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are managed by business model other than the business model that aims to hold to collect and hold & sell the contractual cash flows; acquired for the purpose of generating profit from short-term fluctuations in price, or regardless of this purpose, the financial assets that are a part of a portfolio with evidence of short-time profit-taking; and the financial assets, whose terms do not give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal of interest at certain dates. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and are subsequently measured at fair value. Gain and losses upon their valuation are accounted under the profit / loss accounts.

Equity securities classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized at fair value.

Accounting policies related to derivative financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are explained in Section III. Footnote IV.

Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income where the business models aim to hold financial assets in order to collect the contractual cash flows and selling assets and the terms of financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal of interest at certain dates.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized at acquisition costs that reflect their fair value by adding transaction costs. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are subsequently measured at their fair value. The interest income of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income that are calculated by effective interest rate method are reflected in the statement of profit or loss. The difference between the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and the amortized cost of the financial assets, i.e. "Unrealized gains and losses", is not recognized in the statement of profit or loss until the realization of the financial asset, the sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset or being impaired of the asset are accounted under "Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses that will be reclassified at Profit or Loss" under shareholders' equity. Accumulated fair value differences under equity are reflected to the income statement when such securities are collected or disposed.

The Group may elect, at initial recognition, to irrevocably designate an equity investments at fair value other comprehensive income where those investments are hold for purposes other than to generate investments returns. When this election is used, fair value gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Dividends continue to be recognized in profit or loss in the financial statements.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VII. Explanations on Financial Assets (continued)

Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (continued)

All equity instruments classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value. However, in limited circumstances, cost may be an appropriate estimate of fair value. That may be the case if insufficient more recent information is available to measure fair value, or if there is a wide range of possible fair value measurements and cost represents the best estimate of fair value within that range.

Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost

Financial investments measured at amortised cost:

A financial asset is classified as a financial asset measured at amortized cost when the Parent Bank's policy within a business model is to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows and the terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal of interest at certain dates.

Financial asset measured at amortised cost is recognized at cost which represents its fair value at initial recognition by adding the transaction costs and subsequently measured at "Amortized cost" by using the "Effective interest (IRR) rate method". Interest income related to the financial asset measured at amortized cost is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Loans

Loans are financial assets with fixed or determinable payment terms which are not traded on an active market and measured at amortised cost is recognized at cost which represents its fair value at initial recognition by adding the transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost by using the "Effective interest (IRR) rate method".

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VIII. Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets

As of 1 January 2018, a loss allowance for expected credit losses is provided for all financial assets measured at amortised cost and financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, all financial assets, which are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts in accordance with TFRS 9 principles and the regulation published in the Official Gazette no. 29750 dated 22 June 2016 in connection with "Procedures and Principals regarding Classification of Loans and Allowances Allocated for Such Loans" which came into force starting from 1 January 2018. Equity instruments are not subject to impairment assessment as they are measured at fair value.

Measurement of the expected credit losses reflects:

-Time value of Money

-Reasonable and supportable information on past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions at the reporting date

The Parent Bank has changed its credit calculation method with the expected credit loss model as of 1 January 2018. Expected credit losses include an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes; reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions and the time value of money. The financial assets is divided into 3 stage categories depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition:

Stage 1:

For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk is recorded in the amount of 12 month expected credit losses.

Stage 2:

In the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset is transferred to Stage 2. Impairment for credit risk is determined on the basis of the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses. Following criterias have been taken into account in classification a financial asset as Stage 2:

- Loans having past due more than 30 days and less than 90 days
- Restructuring loans
- Concordatum events
- Significant deterioration in probability of default

In the case of the occurrence of any of the first three items above, it is classified under Stage 2 loans regardless of the comparison between probability of default.

Significant deterioration in probability of default is considered as significant increase in credit risk and the financial asset is classified under Stage 2 loans. In this regard, it is assumed that the probability of default deteriorates, if the probability of default exceeds the thresholds defined by the Bank's internal rating based credit rating models.

BRSA increased the default definition on loans from 90 days to 180 days with the decision dated 17 March 2020 that will be valid until 31 December 2020. Following the BRSA decision, The Bank regularly reviews probability of default rates for loans those are overdue between 90-180 days and continued to be followed in Stage 2 makes the necessary updates. The effects of these updates are reflected in the financial statements. The regulation change does not include loans those are overdue more than 90 days before 17 March 2020.

Stage 3:

Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime expected credit losses are recognized.

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VIII. Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets (continued)

Expected Credit Loss Calculation

Expected credit loss calculation refers to the calculation to estimate the loss of the financial instrument in case of default and it is based on 3 stage impairment model based on the change in credit quality. The Parent Bank uses two different calculations considering 12 month and lifetime probability of default of the financial instruments.

If there is a significant increase in credit risk between the origination date and the reporting date of the loan, the lifetime probability of default is used and if there is no significant increase in credit risk the 12 month probability of default is used.

There is mainly 3 loan portfolios as commercial portfolios, retail portfolios and public portfolios.

While the Bank uses the internal credit ratings for commercial portfolios, the internal behavioural scores for the retail portfolios is used. It is determined whether there is any significant increase in credit risk by comparing the credit ratings/behavioural scores at the origination date and reporting date for both portfolios.

Default Definition: Debts having past due more than 90 days; in addition, the fact that an obligor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations, it should be considered as defaulted regardless of the existence of any past-due amount or of the number of days past due.

In addition, due to COVID-19, the more than 90 days delay condition, which was used in the definition of default for the classification of loans, began to be applied as "more than 180 days delay" in accordance with the BRSA decision as of 17 March 2020. This implementation will be valid until 31 December 2020. Consistent with the subjected change, provision has been provided in accordance with the Parent Bank's risk policies.

As of 30 September 2020, considering the possible effects of COVID-19 the data obtained with the principle of best effort were reflected to the estimates and assumptions used in the calculation of expected credit losses with the best estimation method. In light of the related information, the Bank has reconsidered its macroeconomic expectations in the expected credit loss calculation. The Bank has also provided additional provisions through individual assessment for customers which may be considered as highly effected.

The Bank does not have any financial asset as purchased or originated credit-impaired.

Probability of Default (PD): PD represents the likelihood of default over a specified time period. Based on the historical data, 1-year PD of a customer is calculated for each portfolio on the basis of credit ratings and behavioural scores. PDs and LGDs used in the ECL calculation are (point in time, PIT) based on key portfolios and consider both current conditions and expected cyclical changes. Two types of probability of default are calculated.

- 12-Month PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring within the next 12 months
- Lifetime PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument

Internal rating systems are used to measure the risk of both commercial and retail portfolios. The internal rating models used in the commercial portfolio include the customer's financial information and the answers to the qualitative question set. Behavioural score cards used in the retail portfolio include the behavioural data of the customer and the product in the Bank, the demographic information of the customer and the behavioural data of the customer in the sector. The probability of default is calculated based on historical data, current conditions and forward-looking macroeconomic expectations.

Loss Given Default (LGD): If a loan defaults, it represents the economic loss incurred on the loan. It is expressed as a percentage.

The Bank calculates the recovery rates for each portfolio in a way that include the collateral types and several risk elements based on historical data, and it is ensured that the time value of money is included into the calculation by discounting of these recoveries to the reporting date. The collaterals in the calculation are taken into account by considering the credit conversion factors. The collaterals included in "Communique on Credit Risk Mitigation Techniques" is taken into account with their rules in the communique. The remaining part is considered as unsecured portfolio and loss given default rate determined for this portfolio is applied.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VIII. Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets (continued)

Expected Credit Loss Calculation (continued)

Exposure at Default (EAD): The EAD represents an estimate of the exposure to credit risk at the time of a potential default occurring during the life of a financial instrument. The expected default amount is calculated by discounting the principal and interest repayments for cash loans and income accruals by effective interest method while it refers to the value calculated through using credit conversion factors for non-cash loans and commitments. It shows the risk of the borrower at the date of default.

Effective interest rate: the discount factor which reflects the time value of money.

Lifetime ECL is calculated by taking into account the period during which the Parent Bank will be exposed to credit risk. The maturity information defined for all cash and non-cash loans is used in the calculation of the expected credit loss along with their maturity and payment plans. The maturity refers to the contractual life of a financial instruments unless there is the legal right to call it earlier. The maturity analysis and credit risk mitigation processes such as cancellation/revision of the limits have been developed for the definition of behavioural maturity for loans that do not have maturity information and revolving loans.

When expected credit losses are estimated, it is considered that three different macroeconomic scenarios as "Base", "Adverse" and "Favourable" and the weighted average of the results of this scenarios is taken into account. Forward-looking PDs based on the weighted average of these three scenarios are calculated on segment basis. The fundamental macroeconomic variable in the macroeconomic models is the estimated annual growth rate in gross national product The Bank periodically reviews the parameters included in the calculation and updates them when necessary.

Expected Credit Loss Calculation of Stage 1 Loans: It is calculated by considering 12 month (1 year) PDs for the financial assets measured at amortized cost, which do not reflect a significant increase in credit risk. Therefore, it is a part of the lifetime expected credit losses. Such expected 12 month PDs are applied on an expected exposure at default, multiplied with loss given default rate and discounted with the original effective interest rate.

In the case of the current default rate is below a defined threshold without comparison with the origination date, the related loans are classified under Stage 1 loans by considering their credit qualities. Treasury Bills, Government Bonds, and CBRT balances are classified under Stage 1 loans. In addition, the institutions related to risk group of the Parent Bank and other banks' placements are classified under Stage 1 loans.

Expected Credit Loss Calculation of Stage 2 Loans: It is calculated by considering lifetime PDs for the loans which has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination. Such expected lifetime PDs are applied on an expected exposure at default, multiplied with loss given default rate and discounted with the original effective interest rate.

In determining of the significant increase in credit risk, qualitative and quantitative assessments are performed.

Qualitative assessments:

The loans with a delay on repayment more than 30 days are classified under Stage 2 loans. In addition, the restructured loans are classified under this stage. Also all the customers declaring concordatum are classified under this stage.

The Parent Bank periodically reviews the parameters included in the calculation and updates them when necessary.

Quantitative assessments:

"Significant increase in credit risk" is quantitatively based on the comparison the risk of default at the reporting date with the risk of default at the date of initial recognition. Where the change is above the defined threshold it is considered as significant increase in the credit risk, meaning that the credit is classified under Stage 2 loans.

In the case of the internal credit rating of the loan is above a defined threshold, "high risk portfolio", without comparison with the origination date, the related loans are classified under Stage 2 loans.

Expected Credit Loss Calculation of Stage 3 Loans: Lifetime expected credit losses are booked for the loans considered as impaired. When calculating the provisions by discounting the individual cash flow expectations for financial instruments which are above a defined threshold, loss given default rates are taken into account in case of default for financial instruments which are below the defined threshold.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IX. Explanations on Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank has legally enforceable rights to offset the recognized amounts and to collect/pay related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or there is an intention to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

X. Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements and Lending of Securities

Treasury bills and government bonds within the scope of repurchase agreements are classified in financial statements as financial assets carried at amortized costs, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss or financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income according to the classification of marketable securities subject to repurchase agreement, and are valued according to the measurement rules of the relevant category. Funds obtained through repurchase agreements are booked in a separate liability account, namely funds provided under repurchase agreements under money market balances. Income and expenses arisen from these transactions are booked in "Interest Income on Marketable Securities Portfolio" and "Interest Expense on Money Market Borrowings" in income statement.

Securities purchased under repurchase agreements ("reverse repos") are accounted under "Money Market Placements" in the balance sheet. The difference between the purchase and resell price of the repurchase agreements is accrued over the life of repurchase agreements. As of 30 September 2020, the Group has TL 3,139,630 reverse repo transaction. (31 December 2019: TL 840,304).

As of 30 September 2020, the Bank does not have any marketable securities lending transaction (31 December 2019: None).

XI. Explanations on Assets Held for Sale, Discontinued Operations and Liabilities Related to Those Assets

Non-current assets held for sale consists of property, plant and equipment acquired for impairment and accounted in financial statements convenient with "TFRS 5 Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

As of 30 September 2020, assets held for sale and discontinued operations of the Group are TL 124,529 (31 December 2019: TL 131,362). As per the appraisals performed for the real estates held for sale included "Assets Held for Sale" in the financial statements, TL 13,664 (31 December 2019: TL 10,598) has been reserved as provision for impairment losses.

As of 30 September 2020 the Group has no discontinued operations.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XII. Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. In the merger transaction where acquirer and acquiree exchange equity instruments, it is taken into account the fair value of equity shares exchanged and the difference between such amount and fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net asset value is accounted as goodwill. If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the acquirer shall report in its financial statements provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. During the measurement period, the acquirer shall retrospectively adjust the provisional amounts recognized at the acquisition date to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognized as of that date. During the measurement period, the acquirer shall also recognize additional assets or liabilities if new information is obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have resulted in the recognition of those assets and liabilities as of that date. The measurement period shall not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

As explained in footnote 1 of Section 1, under the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency decision dated 10 February 2011 and the release of decision in Official Newspaper 12 February 2011 dated and numbered as 27844, all rights, receivables, (assets and liabilities) of Fortis Bank A.Ş. would be transferred to the Bank as stated in Istanbul Commerce Trade dated 14 February 2011.

Within the framework of TFRS 3 Business Combination, identifiable assets and liabilities acquired at the merger date are measured at their acquisition date fair value. In this context, the Parent Bank has measured the identifiable assets acquired and the identifiable liabilities acquired in the date of the merger of Fortis Bank A.Ş. at fair value and presented in the financial statements as related items. The resulting difference of TL 48,783 is shown in related assets and liability section, the equity impact is shown under other shareholder's equity section. The amount of TL 421,124, which is the difference between TL 2,385,482, the fair value of transferred amount and TL 1,964,358, the identifiable net asset value is accounted as goodwill in the financial statements and the equity impact is shown under other shareholder's equity section.

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business or a merger is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any. For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Parent Bank's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss in the income statement. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

Intangible assets are accounted for at restated cost until 31 December 2004 in accordance with inflation accounting and are amortized with straight-line method, after 31 December 2004 the acquisition cost and any other cost incurred so as to prepare the intangible asset ready for use less reserve for impairment, if any, and are amortized on a straight-line method. The cost of assets subject to amortization is restated after deducting the exchange differences, capitalized financial expenses and revaluation increases, if any, from the cost of the assets.

The other intangible assets of the Group comprise mainly software. The useful lives of such assets acquired are determined as 3-5 years by taking into consideration the expected utilization period, technical, technological or any other impairment and maintenance expenses necessary for the economic use of such assets. Software's used are mainly developed within the Parent Bank by the Parent Bank's personnel and the related expenses are not capitalized.

There are no anticipated changes in the accounting estimates about the amortization rate and amortization method and residual values that would have a significant impact in the current and future periods.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XIII. Explanations on Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible assets of the Group are accounted for at their restated cost until 31 December 2004 and afterwards, the acquisition cost and any other cost incurred to prepare the asset ready for use are reflected, less reserve for impairment, if any.

Depreciation rates are defined according to the economic life of the relevant assets.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method, without taking residual values in to consideration, based on the number of months that the asset is used. No amendment has been made to the depreciation method in the current period. The economic useful lives of the tangible fixed assets are as follows:

Buildings	50 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Office Equipment and Others	5-15 years

Gain or loss resulting from disposals of the tangible fixed assets is reflected to the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value.

Maintenance costs of tangible fixed assets are capitalized if they extend the economic useful life of the related asset and other maintenance costs are expensed. Leasehold improvements amount are subject to depreciation during leasing period. This period is taken into consideration maximum five years. For the branches, this period is considered as three years in parallel with the Bank's business plans.

The Parent Bank employs independent appraisers in determining the current fair values of its real estate's when there is any indication of impairment in value of real estates.

XIV. Explanations on Leasing Transactions

"TFRS 16 Leases" was promulgated in the Official Gazette dated 16 April 2018 and numbered 30393, effective from 1 January 2019. This Standard specifies the principles for the leasing, presentation and disclosure of leases. The purpose of the standard is to provide tenants and lessees with appropriate information and faithful representation. This information is the basis for evaluating the impact of the leases on the entity's financial position, financial performance and cash flows by users of financial statements. The Bank has started to apply the related standard for the first time on 1 January 2019 by reflecting the application effects to the equity accounts.

Lease obligations under the contract in the amount of liabilities on the balance sheet equal to the sum of all cash payments and offset with the form shown gross interest expense arising from the contract. The right of use arising from the leasing transactions, at the date of commencement, the present value of the lease payments which have not been paid at that date is measured. In this measurement, if the interest can be easily determined, the implied interest rate in the lease is used. If this ratio is not easily determined, the Bank's alternative borrowing interest rate announced by the Asset and Liability Management Department is used.

With the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard which became effective as of 1 January 2019, the difference between the operating lease and financial lease has been removed and the lease transactions are started to be recognized under "Tangible Assets" as an asset (tenure) and under "Lease Payables" as a liability.

XV. Explanations on Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are provided for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount arising from past events have the probability to result in an expense or loss in the future and when it can be measured reliably.

Provisions are determined by using the Group's best expectation of expenses in fulfilling the obligation as of the balance sheet date, and discounted to present value if material. Provisions and contingent liabilities, excluding specific and general provisions for loans and other receivables, are recognized in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards (TAS 37) regarding Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XVI. Explanations on Contingent Assets

Contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the entity. Contingent assets are not recognized in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized.

Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements' notes where an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements.

XVII. Explanations on Liabilities Regarding Employee Benefits

In accordance with existing social legislation in Turkey, the Parent Bank is required to make lump-sum termination indemnities over a 30 day salary to each employee who has completed over 1 year of service, whose employment is terminated due to retirement or for reasons other than resignation or misconduct, and due to marriage, female employees terminating their employments within a year as of the date of marriage, or male employees terminating their employments due to their military service. The Parent Bank is also required to make a payment for the period of notice calculated over each service year of the employee whose employment is terminated for reasons other than resignation or misconduct. Total benefit is calculated in accordance with TAS 19 Employee Benefits.

Such benefit plans are unfunded since there is no funding requirement in Turkey. The cost of providing benefits to the employees for the services rendered by them under the defined benefit plan is determined by independent actuaries annually using the projected unit credit method.

Employees transferred to the Parent Bank following the business combination defined in "General Information" of the Parent Bank and Fortis Bank A.Ş. are the members of "Türk Dış Ticaret Bankası Mensupları Emekli Sandığı" (the "Pension Fund") which was established in May 1964 under the Provisional Article 20 of Social Insurance Law No. 506. Technical financial statements of the Pension Fund are reviewed by a licensed actuary in accordance with Article 38 of the Insurance Supervisory Law and the "Actuary Regulations" issued based on the same article. As of 30 September 2020, the Pension Fund has 1,515 employees and 1,175 pensioners (31 December 2019 1,552 employees and 1,139 pensioners).

Provisional Article 23 (1) of Banking Law No: 5411 (the "Banking Law") published in the Official Gazette repeated no: 25983 on 1 November 2005 requires the transfer of bank funds to the Social Security Institution (the "SSI") within 3 years after the effective date of the Banking Law and the related paragraph also sets out the basis for the related transfer. However, Article 23 (1) of Banking Law No: 5411 was annulled based on the Constitutional Court's ruling issued on 22 March 2007 and ruled for the stay of execution as of 31 March 2007. The related Court ruling and its basis were published in the Official Gazette No: 26731 on 15 December 2007.

Following the publication of the said decree of the Constitutional Court, the Turkish Grand National Assembly (the "TGNA") initiated its studies on the development of new regulations in regards to the transfer of bank pension participations to the SSI and the related articles of the Social Security Law that are set out to determine the basis of fund transfers and new regulations became effective with its publication in the Official Gazette No: 26870 on 8 May 2008 and the completion of the transfer within 3 years starting from 1 January 2008. Upon the Council of Ministers' resolution issued in the Official Gazette, the transfer period has been extended for 2 years as of 14 March 2011. According to amendment on the social security and general health insurance law published in the Official Gazette dated 8 March 2012 numbered 6283, mentioned 2-year transfer period has been increased to 4 years. Upon the Council of Ministers' resolution dated 24 February 2014 issued in the Official Gazette No:28987 on 30 April 2014, mentioned transfer period has been extended for one more year while it has been extended for one year upon the Council of Ministers' resolution dated 8 April 2013 issued in the Official Gazette No:28636 on 3 May 2013. The Council of Ministers has been lastly authorized to determine the transfer date in accordance with the last amendment in the first paragraph of the 20th provisional article of Law No.5510 implemented by the Law No. 6645 on Amendment of the Occupational Health and Safety Law and Other Laws and Decree Laws published in the Official Gazette dated 23 April 2015 numbered 29335. According to paragraph (I) of Article 203 of Law no. 703 which published on the Official Gazette no. 30473 dated 9 July 2018, the phrase, placed in 20th provisional article of Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law no.5510, "Council of Ministers" is authorized to determine the date of transfer to the Social Security Institution has been replaced with "President".

The technical financial statements of the Pension Fund are prepared by an independent actuary company considering related regulation and the Fund is not required to provide any provisions for any technical or actual deficit in the financial statements based on the actuarial report prepared as of 31 December 2019. Since the Bank has no legal rights to carry the economic benefits arising from repayments of Pension Funds and/or decreases in future contributions at present value; no asset has been recognized in the balance sheet.

Since the Parent Bank management anticipates that any potential liability that may be incurred during or after the transfer within the above-mentioned limits will be likely recoverable, they believe such liabilities will not bring any additional liability to the Parent Bank.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XVIII. Explanations on Taxation

Corporate tax

According to the Article 32 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, announced in the Official Gazette dated 21 June 2006, the corporate tax rate is 20% in Turkey. However, the corporate income tax rate will be applied as 22% for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020 regarding to the "Law on Amendment of Certain Tax Laws and Some Other Laws" numbered 7061 and published in the Official Gazette on 5 December 2017.

The tax legislation requires advance tax to be calculated and paid based on earnings generated for each quarter. The amounts thus calculated and paid are offset from the final tax liability for the year. On the other hand, corporate tax and any related taxes paid to foreign tax offices for the income obtained from foreign branches are offset against the corporate tax levied in Turkey.

A 50% portion of the gains derived from the sale of immovable (from 5 December 2017) which have been acquired due to loans under follow-up from the Bank and 75% portion of participation shares, founder's shares, dividend shares and preemption rights is tax exempt. A 75% portion of the capital gains derived from the sale of equity investments and 50% portion of the immovable properties held for at least two years are exempt from corporate taxation, providing that such gains are added to paid-in capital or held in a special fund account under liability for 5 years.

Tax returns are required to be filed between the first and twenty-fifth day of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and paid in one instalment until the end of the related month.

According to the Corporate Tax Law, tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of five years following the year in which the losses are incurred. Tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

Deferred Tax Liability/Asset

The Group calculates and reflects deferred tax asset or liability on timing differences which will result in taxable or deductible amounts in determining taxable profit of future periods.

The deferred tax is calculated using the enacted tax rates that are valid as of the balance sheet date in accordance with the tax legislation in force. According to the Law, which was approved in the Grand National Assembly on 28 November 2017 and published in the Official Gazette dated 5 December 2017, the rate of Corporate Tax for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020 was increased from 20% to 22%. Therefore, deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate of 22% that are expected to apply to these periods when the assets is realised or the liability is settled, based on the Law that have been enacted. For the periods 2021 and after, the reversals of temporary differences are measured by 20%.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all resulting temporary differences whereas deferred tax assets resulting from temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized

Deferred tax asset is calculated over temporary differences arisen from expected credit loss provision in line with TFRS 9 principles from 1 January 2018.

Deferred tax income balance resulting from netting of deferred tax assets and liabilities should not be used in dividend distribution and capital increase.

XIX. Additional Explanations on Borrowings

The borrowing costs related to purchase, production, or construction of qualifying assets that require significant time to be prepared for use and sale are included in the cost of assets until the relevant assets become ready to be used or to be sold. Financial investment income obtained by temporary placement of undisbursed investment loan in financial investments is offset against borrowing costs qualified for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recorded to the income statement in the period they are incurred.

XX. Explanations on Issued Equity Securities

There is no share issued in the year 2020.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XXI. Explanations on Bill Guarantees and Acceptances

Acceptances are realized simultaneously with the payment dates of the customers and they are presented as probable commitments in off-balance sheet accounts.

XXII. Explanations on Government Incentives

There is no government incentive utilized by the Group.

XXIII. Explanations on Reporting According to Segmentation

The operating segments of the Parent Bank include retail and private banking, SME banking, corporate banking, treasury and asset-liability management.

Retail and private banking lines of the Parent Bank provide consumer loans, personal financing, housing, workplace and vehicle loans for customer needs related to general consumption, purchase of durable goods, and real estate. The Parent Bank also provides account products like Marifetli, Fırsat and CEPTETEB along with the standard time deposit products to enable advantageous savings in different currencies and maturities. In regards to investment needs for customers, retail and private banking offers brokerage services for treasury bill transactions, government bonds, Eurobonds, foreign exchange purchases/sales, a wide-range of investment funds, private pension funds and equity securities transactions. It also provides practical account, credit deposit account, automatic bill/regular payment options, safe-deposit boxes and insurance services beside credit and debit cards offering advantages in shopping and banking transactions. These products and services are provided to customers through widespread physical branches and ATM network and also via a 24/7 call center, internet and mobile banking.

Corporate banking provides financial solutions and banking services to large-scale local firms, holdings and their group companies, and multinational companies operating in Turkey. In addition to the bank deposit services provided to corporate customers, corporate banking also develops tailored solutions and products for standard cash and non-cash loans, investment loans, cash management services in line with customer needs and demands and foreign trade financing. Foreign exchange purchase and sale transactions, corporate financing services, derivative products and solutions to manage foreign exchange and interest rate risk and commodity financing are other services provided by the Parent Bank. The Bank provides these services and products for its corporate customers via teams, located in its corporate branches and Head Office, who are specialized in foreign trade, cash management, structured finance and multinational companies. It also benefits from the global business network and expertise of BNP Paribas Group.

SME banking provides small and medium-sized enterprises with financial solutions and exclusive services for non-financial matters. The Parent Bank, which specifically designed its services for different segments in the field of SME Banking, has developed solutions that are tailored to the needs of these segments. In addition to solutions developed for small and medium-sized enterprises, solutions were developed for agricultural producers, jewellers, female leaders and entrepreneurship segments and for SME banking, enterprise banking, agriculture banking, gold banking, women's banking and entrepreneurship banking. These solutions are provided on a larger scale based on the types of financial problems encountered by customers, and they are supported in non-financial matters via offering access to information, training and networks. At this point, the Parent Bank does not only provide financial support to the SMEs but also provides the training and expertise they need to grow their business, strengthen their competitiveness and use their financing properly.

When determining the short, medium and long-term pricing strategy, Asset-Liability Management and the Treasury Group also manage the maturity mismatch, by adopting a principle foreseeing to work with a positive balance sheet margin. Spot and forward TL and foreign exchange purchase-sale transactions, treasury bill, government bond, and Eurobond purchase-sale transactions, and derivative product purchase/sale transactions are carried out under defined authorizations. The Parent Bank also carries out activities related to providing medium and long-term funding, enabling funding at a price below the price reflecting the country risk price, diversifying funding resources, and creating an international investor base in this field.

The Financial Markets Group provides structured financial solutions to hedge foreign exchange/interest rate risks of customers and provides the most appropriate price for the market instruments offered to customers by monitoring market conditions.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XXIII. Explanations on Reporting According to Segmentation (continued)

The details of the income statement and the balance sheet which the Group operates as a business lane:

	Retail and Private	Corporate	SME			
Current Period	Banking	Banking	Baking	Other	Elimination	Total
Dividend Income		-	-	32,190	(28,750)	3,440
Profit Before Tax	430,442	311,612	63,185	779,477	(28,750)	1,555,966
Tax Provision (-)	-	-	-	354,638	-	354,638
Net Profit for the Period	430,442	311,612	63,185	424,839	(28,750)	1,201,328
	Retail and Private	Corporate	SME			
Current Period	Banking	Banking	Banking	Other	Elimination	Total
Segment Assets	28,620,344	31,262,523	17,942,510	59,022,368	(82,831)	136,764,914
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and						
Jointly Controlled Entities	-	-	-	124,973	(124,918)	55
Total Assets	28,620,344	31,262,523	17,942,510	59,147,341	(207,749)	136,764,969
Segment Liabilities	58,000,177	26,706,542	8,538,602	32,134,875	(83,290)	125,296,906
Shareholders' Equity	-	-	-	11,592,522	(124,459)	11,468,063
Total Liabilities	58,000,177	26.706.542	8,538,602	43,727,397	(207,749)	136,764,969

	Retail and Private Corporate		SME			
Prior Period (30.09.2019)	Banking	Banking	Banking	Other	Elimination	Total
Dividend Income	-	-	-	19,201	(18,176)	1,025
Profit before Tax	479,176	742,410	(84,455)	(23,762)	(18,699)	1,094,670
Tax Provision (-)	-	-	-	269,249	-	269,249
Net Profit For The Period	479,176	742,410	(84,455)	(293,011)	(18,699)	825,421

	Retail and Private	1	SME	0.1	TH 1 (1	m ()
Prior Period (31.12.2019)	Banking	Banking	Banking	Other	Elimination	Total
Segment Assets	25,906,561	22,913,607	17,290,247	43,401,275	(297,262)	109,214,428
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly						
Controlled Entities	-	-	-	124,923	(124,918)	5
Total Assets	25,906,561	22,913,607	17,290,247	43,526,198	(422,180)	109,214,433
Segment Liabilities	51,517,147	16,048,947	6,479,553	25,556,598	(297,720)	99,304,525
Shareholders' Equity	-	-	-	10,034,368	(124,460)	9,909,908
Total Liabilities	51,517,147	16,048,947	6,479,553	35,590,966	(422,180)	109,214,433

XXIV. Explanations on Other Matters

It has been resolved in the Ordinary General Assembly dated 26 March 2020 of the Parent Bank, TL 1,070,354 that constitutes the 2019 net balance sheet profit shall be transferred to the Extraordinary Reserves after setting aside, in accordance with the proposal in the resolution of the Board of Directors, TL 53,518 as Legal Reserves, TL 9,394 as Special Reserves, TL 0.87 (full TL) as profit distributed to the holders of the founder jouissance certificates.

XXV. Reclassifications

In order to comply with the presentation of the financial statements dated 30 September 2020, some classifications were made on the statement of income and statement of cash flows dated 30 September 2019.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

SECTION FOUR

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

I. Explanations Related to Components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity

Total capital and Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks". As of 30 September 2020, Group's total capital has been calculated as TL 16,717,156 (31 December 2019: TL 14,538,530) and Capital Adequacy Ratio is 18.79% (31 December 2019: 16.74%). This ratio is well above the minimum ratio required by the legislation. The credit risk of banking accounts has been calculated by using the "standard approach", the market risk of purchase and sale accounts by using the "standard method", counterparty credit risk of derivative and repo transactions by using the "fair value method", credit valuation adjustments of over the counter derivative transactions by using the "standard model" and operational risk by using the "basic indicator approach".

Information related to the components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity:

		Amount related
	Current Period t	
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	30.09.2020	01.01.2014(*)
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	2,404,652	
Share Premium	2,565	
Reserves	8,522,328	
Gains Recognized in Equity as per TAS	2,281	
Profit	1,207,068	
Current Period Profit	1,197,571	
Prior Period Profit	9,497	
Bonus Shares from Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's Profit	527	
Minority interest	347	521
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	12,139,768	
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital		
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the (I) item of first paragraph of Article 9 of the Regulation on Bank Capital	-	
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS	16,882	
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases	32,481	
Goodwill netted off deferred tax liability	421,124	421,124
Other intangible assets netted off deferred tax liabilities except mortgage servicing rights.	101,322	101,323
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related		
tax liability)	4,359	
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk	-	
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach,		
total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision	-	
Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair value of Bank's liabilities	-	
Net amount of defined-benefit plan assets	-	
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Tier 1 Capital	-	
Excess amount expressed in the law (Article 56 4 th paragraph)	-	
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of		
regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of		
the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside		
the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions (amount above 10% threshold) of Tier 1 Capital	-	
Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) of Tier 1 Capital	-	
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	-	
Amounts exceeding 15% of Tier 1 Capital according to Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of		
Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (2nd article temporary second paragraph)	-	
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of		
regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of		
the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
Amounts related to mortgage servicing rights	-	
Excess amount of deferred tax assets from temporary differences	-	
Other Items Determined by BRSA	-	
Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital	-	
Total Deductions from common equity fue to insufficient reductional from reapital of from the apital	576,168	
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	11,563,600	

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Consolidated Shareholders' (continued)

Information related to the Components of Shareholders' Equity: (continued)

	Current Period 30.09.2020	Amount related to treatment before 01.01.2014(*)
ADDITIONAL TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums	-	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	-	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA(Temporary Article 4)	-	
Third Parties Share in the Additional Tier 1 Capital	74	
Third Parties Share in the Additional Tier 1 Capital (in the scope of Temporary Article 3)	74	
Additional Tier 1 Capital before deductions	74	
Deductions from Additional Tier 1 Capital		
Bank's direct or indirect investment on its own Tier 1 Capital	_	
Investments in equity instruments issued by banks or financial institutions invested in Bank's		
additional Tier I Capital which are compatible with the article 7 of the regulation	_	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and		
Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding		
the 10% Threshold of Common Equity Tier 1 Capital		
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier 1 Capital of	-	
Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the		
Issued Share Capital	-	
Other Items Determined by BRSA	-	
Items to be deducted from Tier I Capital during the Transition Period		
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted		
from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional		
Article 2 of the Regulation on Bank Capital (-)	-	
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the		
purposes of the sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Bank Capital (-)	-	
The amount to be deducted from Additional Tier 1 Capital (-)	-	
Total Deductions from Additional Tier 1 Capital	-	
Total Additional Tier 1 Capital	74	
Total Tier 1 Capital (Tier 1 Capital=Common Equity + Additional Tier 1 Capital)	11,563,674	
TIER 2 CAPITAL		
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	4,206,125	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	-	
Third parties' share in the Tier 2 Capital	99	
Third parties' share in the Tier 2 Capital (in the scope of Temporary Article 3)	99	
Provisions (Amounts stated in the first paragraph of the Article 8 of the Regulation on the Bank		
Capital)	953,190	
Tier 2 Capital Before Deductions	5,159,414	
Deductions From Tier 2 Capital		
Bank's direct or indirect investment on its own Tier 2 Capital (-)	-	
Investments in equity instruments issued by banks and financial institutions invested in Bank's Tier		
II Capital which are compatible with Article 8 of the regulation	-	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and		
Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding		
the 10% Threshold of Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (-)	-	
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Core Capital and		
Tier 2 Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or		
more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier 1 Capital (-)	-	
Other Items Determined by BRSA (-)	-	
Total Deductions From Tier 2 Capital	-	
Total Tier 2 Capital	5,159,414	

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Consolidated Shareholders' (continued)

Information related to the Components of Shareholders' Equity: (continued)

	Current Period	to treatment
	30.09.2020	befor
The sum of Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital (Total Equity)	1 445	01.01.2004(*
Loan granted to Customer against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law Net Book Value of Immovables Exceeding 50% of the Equity and of Assets Acquired against Overdue	1,445	
Receivables and Held for Sale as per the Article 57 of the Banking Law but Retained More Than Five Years		
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	4,487	
Since noise to be defined by the DRSA	4,407	
Items to be deducted from the sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital ("Capital") during the Transition Period	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks and financial		
institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share		
capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank not to be deducted from the Common Equity, Additional		
Tier I Capital, Tier II Capital as per the 1st clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of		
Banks.	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of direct or indirect investments made in Additional Tier I and Tier II		
Capital items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or		
more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank not to be deducted		
from the Additional Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital as per the 1st clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the		
Regulation on the Equity of Banks.	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks and financial		
institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share		
capital, deferred tax assets based on temporary differences and mortgage servicing rights not deducted from		
Common Equity as per the 1st and 2nd Paragraph of the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the		
Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	
TOTAL CAPITAL Tetal Carital	16 717 156	
Total Capital Total Risk Weighted Assets	16,717,156 88,968,214	
Capital Adequacy Ratios	00,900,214	
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	13.00	
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	13.00	
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	18.79	
BUFFERS		
Total additional Common Equity Tier 1 Capital requirement ratio $(a+b+c)$ (%)	2.50	
a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.50	
b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%)	-	
c) Systemic significant bank buffer ratio (%)		
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the		
Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk Weighted Assets		
(%)	4.49	
Amounts arising from the net long positions of investments made in Total Capital items of banks and financial		
institutions where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital	173,646	
Amounts arising from the net long positions of investments made in Tier I Capital items of banks and financial		
institutions where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital	-	
Mortgage servicing rights	-	
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	270,758	
Limits related to provisions considered in Tier II Calculation General provisions for standard based receivables (before tenthousandtwentyfive limitation)	1 926 950	
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard approach used	1,836,859	
(**)	953.190	
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0,6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the		
Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022)		
Upper limit for Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
	-	
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4		
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4 The positive difference between the expected credit loss provision amount in accordance with TFRS 9 and the total provision amount before the application of TFRS 9	177,147	

(*) Amounts in this column represents the amounts of items that are subject to phasing and taken into consideration at the end of transition process.
 (**) The positive difference between the expected credit loss provision amount in accordance with TFRS 9 and the total provision amount before the application of TFRS 9 has been deducted.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity (continued)

Information related to the Components of Shareholders' Equity: (continued)

	Prior Period	Amount related to treatment before
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	31.12.2019	01.01.2004(*)
1 1	2,404,652 2,565	
Share Premium	,	
Reserves	7,478,812	
Gains Recognized in Equity as per TAS	23,065	
Profit	1,134,463	
Current Period Profit	1,124,966	
Prior Period Profit	9,497	
Bonus Shares from Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's Profit	527	
Minority interest	309	464
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	11,044,393	
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital		
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the (I) item of first paragraph of Article 9 of the Regulation on Bank	-	
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS	3,536	
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases	45,335	
Goodwill netted off deferred tax liability	421,124	421,124
Other intangible assets netted off deferred tax liabilities except mortgage servicing rights.	130,077	130,077
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related		
tax liability)	-	
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk	-	
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach,		
total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision	-	
Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair value of Bank's liabilities	-	
Net amount of defined-benefit plan assets	-	
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Tier 1 Capital	-	
Excess amount expressed in the law (Article 56 4th paragraph)	-	
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of		
regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of		
the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside		
the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions (amount above 10% threshold) of Tier 1		
Capital	-	
Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) of Tier 1 Capital	-	
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	-	
Amounts exceeding 15% of Tier 1 Capital according to Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of		
Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (2nd article temporary second paragraph)	-	
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of		
regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of		
the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
Amounts related to mortgage servicing rights	_	
Excess amount of deferred tax assets from temporary differences	-	
Other Items Determined by BRSA	_	
Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital	-	
Total Deductions from common equity fier 1 Capital	600.072	
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	10,444,321	<u> </u>

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity (continued)

Information related to the Components of Shareholders' Equity: (continued)

	Prior Period 31.12.2019	Amount related to treatment before 01.01.2014(*)
ADDITIONAL TIER 1 CAPITAL	0111212012	0110112011()
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums	-	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	-	
Debt instruments and premium approved by BRSA(Temporary Article 4)	-	
Third parties' share in the Additional Tier 1 capital	67	
Third parties' share in the Additional Tier 1 capital (Temporary Article 3)	67	
Additional Tier 1 Capital before deductions	67	
Deductions from Additional Tier 1 Capital	-	
Bank's direct or indirect investment on its own Tier 1 Capital	-	
Investments in equity instruments issued by banks or financial institutions invested in Bank's		
additional Tier I Capital which are compatible with the article 7 of the regulation	-	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and		
Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding		
the 10% Threshold of Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	_	
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier 1 Capital of		
Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the		
Issued Share Capital		
1	-	
Other Items Determined by BRSA	-	
Items to be deducted from Tier I Capital during the Transition Period	-	
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted		
from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional		
Article 2 of the Regulation on Bank Capital (-)	-	
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the		
purposes of the sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Bank Capital (-)	-	
The amount to be deducted from Additional Tier 1 Capital (-)	-	
Total Deductions from Additional Tier 1 Capital	-	
Total Additional Tier 1 Capital	67	
Total Tier 1 Capital (Tier 1 Capital=Common Equity + Additional Tier 1 Capital)	10,444,388	
TIER 2 CAPITAL		
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	3,145,908	
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	-	
Third parties' share in the Tier 2 Capital	88	
Third parties' share in the Tier 2 Capital (in the scope of Temporary Article 3)	88	
Provisions (Amounts stated in the first paragraph of the Article 8 of the Regulation on the Bank		
Capital)	956,837	
Tier 2 Capital Before Deductions	4,102,833	
Deductions From Tier 2 Capital		
Bank's direct or indirect investment on its own Tier 2 Capital (-)	-	
Investments in equity instruments issued by banks and financial institutions invested in Bank's Tier	-	
II Capital which are compatible with Article 8 of the regulation		
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and	-	
Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding		
the 10% Threshold of Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (-)		
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Core Capital and	-	
Tier 2 Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or		
more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier 1 Capital (-)		
Other Items Determined by BRSA (-)		
Total Deductions From Tier 2 Capital	-	
Total Tier 2 Capital	4,102,833	
	, ,	
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 and Tier 2 Capital)	14,547,221	

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity (continued)

Information related to the Components of Shareholders' Equity: (continued)

	Prior Period 31.12.2019	Amount related to treatment before 01.01.2014 (*)
The sum of Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital (Total Equity)	0111212010	0110112011()
Loan granted to Customer against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law	2,467	
Net Book Value of Immovables Exceeding 50% of the Equity and of Assets Acquired against Overdue		
Receivables and Held for Sale as per the Article 57 of the Banking Law but Retained More Than Five Years	-	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	6,224	
Items to be deducted from the sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital ("Capital") during the Transition	- /	
Period	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank not to be deducted from the Common Equity, Additional Tier I Capital, Tier II Capital as per the 1st clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation		
on the Equity of Banks.	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of direct or indirect investments made in Additional Tier I and Tier II Capital items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10%		
or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank not to be		
deducted from the Additional Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital as per the 1st clause of the Provisional Article		
2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks.	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks and financial		
institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common		
share capital, deferred tax assets based on temporary differences and mortgage servicing rights not deducted		
from Common Equity as per the 1st and 2nd Paragraph of the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the		
Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	
TOTAL CAPITAL		
Total Capital	14,538,530	
Total Risk Weighted Assets	86,848,849	
Capital Adequacy Ratios		
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	12.03	
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	12.03	
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	16.74	
BUFFERS	10171	
Total additional Common Equity Tier 1 Capital requirement ratio (a+b+c) (%)	2.50	
a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.50	
b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%)	2.50	
c) Systemic significant bank buffer ratio (%)	_	
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the		
Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk Weighted Assets	3.52	
Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles	5.52	
Amounts arising from the net long positions of investments made in Total Capital items of banks and financial		
institutions where the Group owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital	124 955	
Amounts arising from the net long positions of investments made in Tier 1 Capital items of banks and	124,855	
financial institutions where the Group owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital	-	
Mortgage servicing rights	-	
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	667,146	
Limits related to provisions considered in Tier 2 Calculation	1 507 400	
General provisions for standard based receivables (before tenthousandtwentyfive limitation)	1,507,423	
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard approach	054005	
used(**)	956,837	
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in		
accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	
	-	
Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation		
Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January		
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022)	-	
Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022) Upper limit for Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022) Upper limit for Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4 Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	- -	
Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022) Upper limit for Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4 Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4 Upper limit for Additional Tier 2 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	- - -	
Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022) Upper limit for Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4 Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4 Upper limit for Additional Tier 2 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4 Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier 2 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	- - - -	
Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022) Upper limit for Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4 Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4 Upper limit for Additional Tier 2 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	265,721	

(*) Amounts in this column represents the amounts of items that are subject to phasing and taken into consideration at the end of transition process.
 (**) The positive difference between the expected credit loss provision amount in accordance with TFRS 9 and the total provision amount before the application of TFRS 9 has been deducted.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity (continued)

Information related to the Components of Shareholders' Equity: (continued)

	Т	T-1	T-2	T-3	T-4
CAPITAL ITEMS					
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	11,563,600	11,278,641	10,751,132	10,444,321	10,141,013
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital where the transition impact of TFRS 9 has not					
been applied (a)	11,386,453	11,101,494	10,573,985	10,178,600	9,875,292
Tier 1 Capital	11,563,674	11,278,711	10,751,193	10,444,388	10,141,061
Tier 1 Capital where the transition impact of TFRS 9 has not been applied (b)	11,386,527	11,101,564	10,574,046	10,178,667	9,875,340
Capital	16,717,156	15,858,763	15,256,150	14,538,530	14,000,366
Capital where the transition impact of TFRS 9 has not been applied (c)	16,540,009	15,681,616	15,079,003	14,272,809	13,734,645
TOTAL RISK WEIGHTED ASSETS					
Total Risk Weighted Assets	88,968,214	89,255,953	99,483,130	86,848,849	85,541,783
CAPITAL ADEQUENCY RATIOS					
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	13.00	12.64	10.81	12.03	11.86
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) where the transition impact					
of TFRS 9 has not been applied (ç)	12.80	12.44	10.63	11.72	11.54
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	13.00	12.64	10.81	12.03	11.86
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) where the transition impact of TFRS 9 has not been applied (c)	12.80	12.44	10.63	11.72	11.54
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	12.80	12.44	15.34	16.74	16.37
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) where the transition impact of TFRS 9 has not been		17.77	15.54	10.74	10.37
applied (c)	18.59	17.57	15.16	16.43	16.06
	18.39	17.57	15.10	10.45	10.00
LEVERAGE RATIO					
Leverage Ratio Total Risk Amount	182,140,647	167,749,013	169,502,593	150,407,442	150,775,475
Leverage Ratio	6.25%	6.69%	6.23%	6.94%	6.73%
FTA not Applied Leverage Ratio (d)	6.15%	6.58%	6.12%	6.77%	6.55%

Basic information for the TFRS 9 transition process

a: Common equity Tier 1 capital if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on equities of banks has not applied.

b: Tier 1 capital if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on equities of banks has not applied.

c: Total capital if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on equities of banks has not applied.

c: Capital adequacy ratios calculated with capital items if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on banks has not applied.

d: The leverage ratio calculated with capital items if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on banks has not applied.

Explanations on Reconciliation of Capital Items to Balance Sheet:

Total Capital per Balance Sheet	11,468,063
Hedging Funds (effective portion)	316,843
Deductions Made Under Regulation	(583,905)
Transition Impact of TFRS 9 (Temporary 5th Article)	177,147
Accumulated revaluation and / or classification on gains / losses of financial assets with	
fair value through comprehensive income	185,452
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	11,563,600
Additional Tier 1 Capital	74
Tier 1 Capital	11,563,674
General Provisions (Stage 1 and 2)	953,190
Bank's Borrowing Instruments	4,206,125
Deductions Made Under Regulation	(5,932)
Share of Third Parties in Capital	99
Total Equity	16,717,156

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity (continued)

Information related to debt instruments included in equity calculation:

All of the debt securities included in the equity calculation are issued by the Parent Bank.

Issuer	TEB	TEB	TEB	TEB
Unique identifier of the debt instrument (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN)	XS1895575071	XS2023308278	XS1973559484	XS1845118865
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Turkey	Turkey	Turkey	Turkey
Regulatory treatment				
Subject to 10% deduction as of 1/1/2015	No	No	No	No
Eligible at consolidated /unconsolidated/ consolidated and unconsolidated	Available	Available	Available	Available
	Borrowing	Borrowing	Borrowing	Borrowing
Type of the debt instrument	Instrument	Instrument	Instrument	Instrument
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (TL Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting				
date)	1,624.2	905.9	543.6	1,132.4
Par value of instrument(TL Currency in mil)	1,624.2	905.9	543.6	1,132.4
Accounting classification of the debt instrument	34701100	34701100	34701100	34701100
Original date of issuance	05.11.2018	22.07.2019	14.05.2019	27.06.2018
Perpetual or dated	Time	Time	Time	Time
Original maturity date	05.11.2028	22.07.2029	14.05.2029	27.06.2028
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Available	Available	Available	Available
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	05.11.2023	22.07.2024	14.05.2024	27.06.2023
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	-	-	-	
Coupons/dividends				
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Floating	Floating	Floating
Coupon rate and any related index	10.40%	Euribor+7.10%	Euribor+7.10%	Euribor+5.10%
Existence of a dividend stopper	None	None	None	None
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	None	None	None	None
Noncumulative or cumulative	None	None	None	None
Convertible or non-convertible				
If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	-	-	-	
If convertible, fully or partially	-	-	-	
If convertible, conversion rate	-	-	-	
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	-	-	-	
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	-	-	-	
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	-	-	-	
Write-down feature				
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	-	-	-	
If write-down, full or partial	-	-	-	
If write-down, permanent or temporary	-	-	-	
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	-	-	-	
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately	Deposit and other			Deposit and
senior to instrument)	receivables	receivables	receivables	other receivable
Whether conditions which stands in Article of 7 and 8 of Banks' shareholder equity law are				
possessed or not	Possess	Possess	Possess	Posses
According to Article 7 and 8 of Banks' shareholders equity law that are not possessed (*)	-	-	-	

(*) Under Article 8/2 in subsection (ğ) mechanism of write-down or conversion to common shares are stated.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations Related to the Consolidated Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk indicates the probability of loss that the Group is subject to due to the exchange rate movements in the market. While calculating the share capital requirement, all foreign currency assets, liabilities and forward transactions of the Group are taken into consideration and risk is calculated by using the standard method.

The Board of Directors of the Parent Bank sets limits for the positions, which are followed up daily. Any possible changes in the foreign currency transactions in the Parent Bank's positions are also monitored.

As an element of the Group's risk management strategies, foreign currency liabilities are hedged against exchange rate risk by derivative instruments.

Asset Liability Management and Treasury Department of the Parent Bank is responsible for the management of Turkish Lira or foreign currency price, liquidity and affordability risks that could occur in the domestic and international markets within the limits set by the Board of Directors. The monitoring of risk and risk related transactions occurring in the money markets is performed daily and reported to the Parent Bank's Asset-Liability Committee on a weekly basis.

As of 30 September 2020, the Group's balance sheet short position is TL 22,633,477 (31 December 2019: TL 12,301,993 short position) off-balance sheet long position is TL 22,644,029 (31 December 2019: TL 11,928,995 long position) and as a result net foreign currency long position is TL net 10,552 (31 December 2019: net TL 372,997 short position).

The announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank at 30 September 2020 and the previous five working days in full TL are as follows:

	23.09.2020	24.09.2020	25.09.2020	28.09.2020	29.09.2020	30.09.2020
USD	7.6767	7.5993	7.6203	7.6203	7.6203	7.7538
JPY	0.0730	0.0721	0.0721	0.0721	0.0721	0.0735
EURO	8.9633	8.8509	8.8509	8.8509	8.8509	9.0472

The simple arithmetic averages of the major current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank for the thirty days before 30 September 2020 are as follows:

	Monthly Average
	Foreign Exchange Rate
USD	7.5149
JPY	0.0711
EURO	8.8591

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations Related to the Consolidated Currency Risk (continued)

Information on the foreign currency risk of the Group:

The table below shows the Group's distribution of balance sheet and derivative foreign exchange transactions taking into account the options transactions with nominal values as indicated in the BRSA regulation on foreign currency position. Besides taking into account this position by monitoring legal limits, the Group also monitors the delta-adjusted position of the option transactions. As of 30 September 2020, the Parent Bank has net USD long position TL 16,274 and net EUR long position TL 12,123.

Current Period	EURO	USD	Other FC	Total
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit,				
Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey ⁽¹⁾	6,713,592	5,510,669	1,672,624	13,896,885
Banks ⁽²⁾	253,174	370,906	1,300,198	1,924,278
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	310,704	1,122,129	-	1,432,833
Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	2,204,406	578,623	22,888	2,805,917
Loans ⁽³⁾	10,173,735	2,459,878	1,038,576	13,672,189
Subsidiaries, Associates and Entities Under Common Control	-	-	-	-
Held-to-Maturity Investments ⁽⁴⁾	1,259,676	1,095,417	-	2,355,093
Derivative Financial Assets for Hedging Purposes ⁽⁵⁾	-	-	-	-
Tangible Assets	128	-	-	128
Intangible Assets	-	-	-	-
Other Assets ⁽⁶⁾	1,531,731	213,599	45,943	1,791,273
Total Assets	22,447,146	11,351,221	4,080,229	37,878,596
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	1,298	170,158	13	171,469
Foreign Currency Deposits ⁽⁷⁾	12,415,835	22,218,189	7,881,839	42,515,863
Money Market Borrowings	2,712,258	-	-	2,712,258
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	10,104,164	4,266,517	35,266	14,405,947
Securities Issued	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Derivative Financial Liabilities for Hedging Purposes	13,400	-	-	13,400
Other Liabilities ⁽⁸⁾	236,596	425,605	30,935	693,136
Total Liabilities	25,483,551	27,080,469	7,948,053	60,512,073
Net Balance Sheet Position	(2.02(405)	(15 700 049)	(2.9(7.924)	(22 (22 477)
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	(3,036,405) 3,096,757	(15,729,248) 15,803,555	(3,867,824) 3,743,717	(22,633,477) 22,644,029
Financial Derivative Assets ⁽⁹⁾	17,395,879	27,784,484	5,627,046	50,807,409
Financial Derivative Liabilities ⁽⁹⁾	14,299,122	27,784,484	1,883,329	28,163,380
Non-Cash Loans ⁽¹⁰⁾	8,616,394	7,568,877	1,885,529	17,420,420
Non-Cash Loans	8,010,394	7,308,877	1,255,149	17,420,420
Prior Period				
Total Assets	20,444,208	14,393,861	3,917,750	38,755,819
Total Liabilities	21,469,848	25,727,978	3,859,986	51,057,812
Net Balance Sheet Position	(1,025,640)	(11,334,117)	57,764	(12,301,993)
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	797,511	11,133,800	(2,316)	11,928,995
Financial Derivative Assets ⁽⁹⁾	14,804,346	26,844,874	782,678	42,431,898
Financial Derivative Liabilities ⁽⁹⁾	14,006,835	15,711,074	784,994	30,502,903
Non-Cash Loans (10)	6,880,451	5,459,747	904,769	13,244,967

(1) Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey includes the balances of expected credit losses amounting to TL 2,165 (31 December 2019: TL 1,890).

(2) The banks include TL 9,439 (31 December 2019: TL 9,059) of expected credit loss provisions.

(3) Foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 293,057 (31 December 2019: TL 495,451) are included in the loan portfolio. As of 30 September 2020, there is no (31 December 2019: None) foreign currency indexed factoring receivables are added in loans. Also, it includes TL 456,052 (31 December 2019: TL 368,603) amounting to expected credit loss.

(4) Financial assets at amortized cost includes expected credit loss amounting to TL 530 (31 December 2019: TL 305).

(5) TL 32,778 (31 December 2019: TL 14,112) income accruals from derivative financial instruments is deducted from derivative financial assets held for risk management.

(6) TL 196,779 (31 December 2019: TL 184,862) income accruals from derivative financial instruments is deducted from other assets. Other assets line includes factoring receivables amounting to TL 845,069 and factoring receivables expected credit loss amounting to TL 8,274.

(7) Precious metal accounts amounting to TL 6,204,274 (31 December 2019: TL 2,349,023) are included in the foreign currency deposits.

(8) TL 203,102 (31 December 2019: TL 90,922) expense accruals from derivative financial instruments are deducted from other liabilities.

(9) Forward asset and marketable securities purchase-sale commitments of TL 1,648,166 (31 December 2019: TL 1,395,075) are added to derivative financial assets and TL 1,730,354 (31 December 2019: TL 883,345) has been added to derivative financial assets.

(10) There is no effect on the net off-balance sheet position.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations Related to Consolidated Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk shows the probability of loss related to the changes in interest rates depending on the Parent Bank's position, and it is managed by the Asset-Liability Committee. The interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items related to this risk are measured by using the standard method and included in the market risk for capital adequacy.

The priority of the risk management department is to avoid the impact of the fluctuations in interest rates. In this context, duration, maturity and sensitivity analysis are calculated by the Risk Management Department and presented to both Market and Liquidity Risk Committee and Asset-Liability Committee.

Simulations on interest income are performed in connection with the forecasted economic indicators used in the budget of the Group.

The Parent Bank management monitors the market interest rates on a daily basis and revises the interest rates of the Parent Bank when necessary.

Since the Group does not allow maturity mismatches or imposes limits on the mismatch, no significant interest rate risk exposure is expected.

Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on repricing dates):

	Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over	Non-interest	T ()
	Month	Months	Months	Years	5 Years	Bearing ⁽¹⁾	Total
Current Period							
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash,							
Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and							
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey ⁽²⁾	11,447,351	-	-	-	-	4,649,890	16,097,241
Banks ⁽³⁾	2,975,539	-	-	-	-	1,413,465	4,389,004
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	2,106,343	-	-	1	-	173,876	2,280,220
Money Market Placements ⁽⁴⁾	3,139,630	-	-	-	-	(86)	3,139,544
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through							
Other Comprehensive Income	645,442	-	3,071,218	6,189,064	729,099	10,766	10,645,589
Loans ⁽⁵⁾	8,362,368	4,490,061	27,956,354	31,935,499	3,810,611	(152,084)	76,402,809
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost ⁽⁶⁾	1,133,891	7,425,918	1,960,043	1,749,885	39,953	(2,770)	12,306,920
Other Assets ⁽⁷⁾	1,018,596	1,106,508	1,762,140	821,712	262,017	6,532,669	11,503,642
Total Assets	30,829,160	13,022,487	34,749,755	40,696,161	4,841,680	12,625,726	136,764,969
T - 1-11/4-							
Liabilities	1 050 155					27 704	1 200 0 12
Bank Deposits	4,352,156	-	-	-	-	37,786	4,389,942
Other Deposits	48,533,108	5,844,039	282,504	8,617	-	32,172,270	86,840,538
Money Market Borrowings	3,399,993	-	-	-	-	-	3,399,993
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	2,641,158	213,664	2,839,291	-	-	-	5,694,113
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	3,459,207	5,689,800	2,211,951	90,598	4,316,468	-	15,768,024
Other Liabilities	50,301	270,540	285,900	1,422,208	170,330	18,473,080	20,672,359
Total Liabilities	62,435,923	12,018,043	5,619,646	1,521,423	4,486,798	50,683,136	136,764,969
Delease Cheer Lease Decident		1 004 44:	00.100.100	20.151.520	054.000		
Balance Sheet Long Position	-	1,004,444	29,130,109	39,174,738	354,882	-	69,664,173
Balance Sheet Short Position	(31,606,763)	-	-	-	-	(38,057,410)	(69,664,173)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	3,688,587	2,573,986	-	-	-	-	6,262,573
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	-	-	(999,416)	(3,882,693)	(509,508)	-	(5,391,617)
Total Position	(27,918,176)	3,578,430	28,130,693	35,292,045	(154,626)	(38,057,410)	870,956

(1) The expected loss provisions are presented under the "Non-Interest Bearing" column.

(2) Cash balances (Cash, Effective Deposit, Money in transit, Notes Payable) and the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey include balances of expected losses amounting to TL 2.569.

(3) Banks include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TL 10,363.

(4) Money market placements include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TL 86.

(5) The revolving loans amounting to TL 6,131,764 are presented under the "Up to 1 Month" column. It includes expected loss provisions amounting to TL 3,985,452.

(6) Financial assets at amortized cost include balance of expected loss provisions of TL 2,770.

(7) Includes factoring receivables amounting to TL 2,185,766 and factoring receivables expected loss provisions amounting to TL 36,903.

The other assets line in the non-interest bearing column consists of tangible assets amounting to TL 803,590, intangible assets amounting to TL 530,821, assets held for resale amounting to TL 124,529, entities under common control joint vent. amounting to TL 5 and the other liabilities line includes the shareholders' equity of TL 11,468,063.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations Related to Consolidated Interest Rate Risk (continued)

Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on repricing dates): (continued)

	Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over	Non-interest	
	Month	Months	Months	Years	5 Years	Bearing ⁽¹⁾	Total
Prior Period						×	
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash,							
Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and							
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey ⁽²⁾	8,951,411	-	-	-	-	3,002,601	11,954,012
Banks ⁽³⁾	6,072,870	-	-	-	-	2,493,375	8,566,245
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or							
Loss	180,593	132,240	55,307	669,507	132,752	125,025	1,295,424
Money Market Placements ⁽⁴⁾	840,304	-	-	-	-	(29)	840,275
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other							
Comprehensive Income	1,057,349	530,691	523,340	2,417,091	1,005,005	7,895	5,541,371
Loans and receivables (5)	16,724,073	4,579,167	11,359,041	28,333,166	3,917,453	506,014	65,418,914
Financial Assets at Amortised Cost ⁽⁶⁾	164,665	796,314	2,075,934	1,699,969	169,736	(1,104)	4,905,514
Other Assets ⁽⁷⁾	1,148,017	689,675	657,912	951,007	94,067	7,152,000	10,692,678
Total Assets	35,139,282	6,728,087	14,671,534	34,070,740	5,319,013	13,285,777	109,214,433
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	362,573	-	-	-	-	23,739	386,312
Other Deposits	49,529,000	4,829,633	677,235	7,293	-	16,748,379	71,791,540
Money Market Borrowings	1,650,467	-	-	-	-	-	1,650,467
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	1,692,304	641,573	-	-	-	-	2,333,877
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	2,448,096	3,560,585	6,009,788	100,473	1,266,257	-	13,385,199
Other Liabilities	23,862	117	711,943	2,330,152	86,263	16,514,701	19,667,038
Total Liabilities	55,706,302	9,031,908	7,398,966	2,437,918	1,352,520	33,286,819	109,214,433
Balance Sheet Long Position	-	-	7,272,568	31,632,822	3,966,493	-	42,871,883
Balance Sheet Short Position	(20,567,020)	(2,303,821)	-	-	-	(20,001,042)	(42,871,883)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	5,720,979	4,734,356	-	-	-	-	10,455,335
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	-	-	(4,006,053)	(5,678,954)	(623,850)	-	(10,308,857)
Total Position	(14,846,041)	2,430,535	3,266,515	25,953,868	3,342,643	(20,001,042)	146,478

(1) The expected loss provisions are presented under the "Non-Interest Bearing" column.

(2) Cash balances (Cash, Effective Deposit, Money in transit, Notes Payable) and the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey include balances of expected losses amounting to TL 1,959.

(3) Banks include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TL 9,809.

(4) Money market placements include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TL 29.

(5) The revolving loans amounting to TL 7,177,755 are presented under the "Up to 1 Month" column. It includes expected loss provisions amounting to TL 3,640,892.

(6) Financial assets at amortized cost include balance of expected loss provisions of TL 1,104.

(7) Includes factoring receivables amounting to TL 2,083,258 and factoring receivables expected loss provisions amounting to TL 34,891.

The other assets line in the non-interest bearing column consists of tangible assets amounting to TL 884,818, intangible assets amounting to TL 561,432, assets held for resale amounting to TL 131,362, entities under common control joint vent. amounting to TL 5 and the other liabilities line includes the shareholders' equity of TL 9,909,908.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations Related to Consolidated Interest Rate Risk (continued)

Average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments:

	EUR %	USD %	YEN %	TL %
Current Period	70	70	70	70
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques				
Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	-	_	_	7.00
Banks	0.05	0.20	_	11.84
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	3.29	6.03	-	10.22
Money Market Placements	-	-	-	11.95
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	4.83	6.07	-	11.46
Loans (*)	2.65	3.98	5.32	14.06
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	2.93	5.82	-	10.20
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	0.18	-	6.20
Other Deposits	0.18	1.05	-	11.09
Money Market Borrowings	-	-	-	10.72
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	-	-	-	9.54
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	2.08	5.48	-	10.74
(*) Includes factoring receivable.				
	EUR	USD	YEN	TL
	%	%	%	%
Prior Period				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques				
Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	10.00
Banks	-	1.59	-	11.42
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	1.52	4.89	-	8.66
Money Market Placements	-	-	-	11.46
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	2.11	4.57	-	13.83
Loans(*)	3.08	4.95	5.28	16.42
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	2.48	4.51	-	14.63
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	1.40	-	5.10
Other Deposits	0.16	1.86	0.25	10.26
Money Market Borrowings	-	-	-	11.02
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	-	-	-	12.05
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	1.99	5.61	-	17.62
(*) Includes factoring receivable.				

(*) Includes factoring receivable.

IV. Explanations Related to Equity Share Position Risk in Consolidated Banking Accounts

Equity securities which are not publicly traded in the Parent Bank's financial statements are booked as their fair value, or otherwise booked as their cost value if calculation of fair value is not determined properly.

The Parent Bank does not have any shares traded on Borsa Istanbul.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations Related to Consolidated Liquidity Risk and Liquidity Coverage Ratio

a) Information on liquidity risk management, such as the Parent Bank's risk capacity, responsibilities and the structure of liquidity risk management, Parent Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application:

The Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group is responsible for following up the Parent Bank's current liquidity position and for complying with liquidity limits approved by the Board of Directors. After evaluating the liquidity position, the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group use authorized products to provide sufficient liquidity based on liquidity position.

Responsibilities for liquidity management are described in the Liquidity Risk Policy which is reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors annually. The various responsibilities have been shared among the appropriate departments and committees as outlined in duty descriptions. While the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group alone is responsible for managing liquidity and for developing short-term liquidity estimates, the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group works with the Asset-Liability Management Committee to jointly developing/setting short-term liquidity strategies and middle and long term liquidity estimates. The Asset-Liability Management Committee is responsible for preparing middle and long term liquidity strategies.

The Risk Management Group monitors daily all set liquidity risk limits, and periodically reports internal and legal liquidity rates and changes to the Audit Committee and Board of Directors, in addition to providing daily reports to senior management. Information about the Parent Bank's liquidity structure and policies is provided to the relevant business lines at an Assets-Liabilities Committee meeting which is held every couple of weeks and at a Market and Liquidity Risk Committee meeting which is held monthly.

b) Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy, and on operations between Parent Bank and its partnerships:

The Asset-Liability Management and the Treasury Group manage the Parent Bank's liquidity risk and performs this role only for the bank. Liquidity gap values are monitored within the limits set by the Board of Directors, and for compliance with these limits, the necessary debt instruments are used, while considering price and maturity structure. Our subsidiaries manage their own liquidity and we provide them borrowing facilities within market conditions and legal limits.

c) Information about the Parent Bank's funding strategy including policies on funding types and variety of maturities:

While the Parent Bank tries to diversify its funding resources, it also tries to extend its payment terms. Customer deposits are the bank's main funding resource. Our main strategy for deposit management is to be inclusive while extending the average maturity. In addition to borrowings from money markets and collecting deposit, the Parent Bank uses instruments such as long-term syndicated loans, securities issued in TL and foreign currency to diversify funding resources.

d) Information on liquidity management based on currency which consists of a minimum of 5% of the Parent Bank's total liabilities:

Excluding TL, USD and EUR, there is no foreign currency which exceeds 5% of total liabilities. For these currencies, liquidity gaps are reported on a monthly basis and the liquidity coverage ratio is calculated daily for TL and foreign currency. The Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group is responsible for taking the necessary steps to keep ratios within the limits determined by the Board of Directors. Trend of these ratios are monitored on a monthly basis by the Liquidity Risk Committee which includes the General Manager, Assistant General Manager responsible from Financial Affairs Group, Group Risk Chief Officer, and the Assistant General Manager in charge of the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group. Furthermore, senior management is periodically informed about the relevant ratios.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations Related to Consolidated Liquidity Risk and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (continued)

e) Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques:

The Parent Bank's main liquidity management strategy is to diversify funding resources and extend the maturity structure. The Parent Bank's balance sheet liquidity risk is periodically measured by Assets-Liabilities management and closely monitored with the Treasury. In accordance with market expectations, the Assets-Liabilities Management and Treasury Group carries out the actions necessary to minimize risk.

Within this framework, the Parent Bank's liquidity risk is attempted to manage efficiently by long-term structural changes (such as diversifying funding sources, extending maturity structure etc.) and short and mid-term money market and derivative transactions.

In the short term, liquidity risk is minimized with FX swaps, interbank borrowings and repurchase agreements, while cross currency swap and interest rate swap transactions are used to minimize these risks in the long term.

f) Explanation on the usage of the stress test:

The aim of the liquidity stress test is to analyse how liquidity squeeze affects bank liquidity. Cash inflows and outflows which may arise in cases of stress event are analysed based on products with different maturities. Stress events which may arise as a result of the liquidity squeeze, both in the Parent Bank and in the whole banking system, in cases of stress event are analysed. Also, situations where the two scenarios might coincide are considered. The analysis addresses how much of the net cash outflows of different maturities would be covered by the current liquid stock during all relevant stress events.

g) General information on liquidity emergency and contingency plans:

The extraordinary liquidity situation is evaluated to determine;

- Whether the liquidity problem is specific to the Parent bank or applies to the whole banking system and
- Whether there is a permanent or temporary problem.

Profitability has second degree importance in extraordinary liquidity conditions. In cases of cash shortage or cash withdrawal, the branches are responsible for informing the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group about withdrawn liabilities. The Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group takes the necessary actions to cover the cash outflow which may occur in the accounts and informs the Asset-Liability Committee of any related delays.

In a liquidity crisis, the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group, the Asset-Liability Committee, the Liquidity Risk Committee, senior management, and the Board of Directors are responsible for solving the liquidity problem. It is predicted that, in a liquidity crisis, in order to create additional liquidity, written actions (considering the cost) must be taken within current market conditions.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations Related to Consolidated Liquidity Risk and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (continued)

Liquidity Coverage Ratio:

		Rate of Percentage to Account not Imple Value(mented Total	Rate of Percenta into Account Imp Value	lemented Total
Cur	rent Period – 30 September 2020	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
Hig	h Quality Liquid Assets				
1	High Quality Liquid Assets			34,229,929	14,773,978
Casl	h Outflows				
2	Real Person and Retail Deposits	58,183,411	28,804,708	5,123,865	2,880,471
3	Stable Deposits	13,889,523	-	694,476	-
4	Less Stable Deposits	44,293,888	28,804,708	4,429,389	2,880,471
5	Unsecured Debts Other than Real Person and				
	Retail Deposits	28,614,739	10,986,484	14,855,296	4,920,757
6	Operational Deposits	689,584	235,228	172,396	58,807
7	Non-operational Deposits	25,086,742	9,988,218	11,884,612	4,098,912
8	Other Unsecured Funding	2,838,413	763,038	2,798,288	763,038
9	Secured Funding	-	-	28,823	-
10	Other Cash Outflows	1,641,049	2,406,950	1,641,049	2,406,950
11	Outflows Related to Derivative Exposures and	1,641,049	2,406,950	1,641,049	2,406,950
12	Other Collateral Requirements	-	-	-	-
13	Outflows Related to Restructured Financial				
	Instruments	-	-	-	-
14	Payment Commitments and Other Off-Balance				
	Sheet Commitments Granted for Debts to				
	Financial Market	-	-	-	-
15	Other Revocable Off-Balance Sheet	33,749,600	11,695,332	2,686,816	1,175,287
16	Total Cash Outflows			24,335,849	11,383,465
Cas	h Inflows				
17	Secured Liabilities	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured Liabilities	10,497,148	3,932,809	7,791,973	3,467,913
19	Other Cash Inflows	822,572	5,854,687	822,572	5,854,687
20	Total Cash Inflows	11,319,720	9,787,496	8,614,545	9,322,600
			Valu	es to which the upper	limit is applied
21	Total High Quality Liquid Assets			34,229,929	14,773,978
22	Total Net Cash Outflows			15,721,304	2,845,866
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			217.73	519.14

(*) Simple arithmetic average of the last three months data calculated by using monthly simple arithmetic averages.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations Related to Consolidated Liquidity Risk and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (continued)

Liquidity Coverage Ratio: (continued)

		Rate of "Percentage Account not Imp Value	lemented Total	Rate of "Percentag into Account" Imp Value	olemented Total
Prio	or Period – 31 December 2019	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
Hig	h Quality Liquid Assets				
1	High Quality Liquid Assets			21,836,422	13,917,929
Cas	h Outflows				
2	Real Person and Retail Deposits	51,313,467	25,406,593	4,514,492	2,540,659
3	Stable Deposits	12,337,090	-	616,854	-
4	Less Stable Deposits	38,976,377	25,406,593	3,897,638	2,540,659
5	Unsecured Debts Other than Real Person and				
	Retail Deposits	21,297,924	11,014,451	11,767,184	5,804,238
6	Operational Deposits	435,470	187,907	108,867	46,977
7	Non-operational Deposits	15,944,770	8,635,837	6,769,930	3,566,554
8	Other Unsecured Funding	4,917,684	2,190,707	4,888,387	2,190,707
9	Secured Funding			11,458	-
10	Other Cash Outflows	1,540,455	2,290,197	1,540,455	2,290,197
11	Outflows Related to Derivative Exposures and	1,540,455	2,290,197	1,540,455	2,290,197
12	Other Collateral Requirements	-	-	-	-
13	Outflows Related to Restructured Financial				
	Instruments	-	-	-	-
14	Payment Commitments and Other Off-Balance				
	Sheet Commitments Granted for Debts to				
	Financial Market	-	-	-	-
15	Other Revocable Off-Balance Sheet	32,014,818	10,476,671	2,646,516	1,098,773
16	Total Cash Outflows			20,480,105	11,733,867
Cas	h Inflows				
17	Secured Liabilities	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured Liabilities	12,640,333	5,416,414	9,256,464	4,759,747
19	Other Cash Inflows	1,691,512	8,203,937	1,691,512	8,203,938
20	Total Cash Inflows	14,331,845	13,620,351	10,947,976	12,963,685
			Val	lues to which the uppe	r limit is applied
21	Total High Quality Liquid Assets			21,836,422	13,917,929
22	Total Net Cash Outflows			9,532,129	2,933,467
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			229.08	474.45

(*) Simple arithmetic average of the last three months data calculated by using monthly simple arithmetic averages.

The amount of high quality liquid assets, distribution of deposits based on segment, maturity types of borrowings and the share of revolving loans in loan portfolio can be considered as the most important factors affecting liquidity coverage ratio.

High quality liquid assets in order to their priority consist of the time accounts, bond portfolio, reserve deposit and cash. Funding sources consists of corporate customer deposits, real person deposits, borrowings and SME deposit accounts which are weighted by ratios used in Liquidity Coverage Ratio reporting considering their maturity types. Due to amount differences between buy and sell transactions, derivative products effects more FC Liquidity Coverage Ratio rather than the total. Besides, cash outflows due to withdrawal of the collaterals securing derivatives and market valuation changes on derivative transactions are considered in calculations.

There are concentration limits on funding sources approved by Board of Directors of the Parent Bank. Proportional limits on product type are reported in relation to how much of the funding can be obtained from deposits, group funding, borrowings from banks and repo and other long-term sources.

Liquidity management of the subsidiaries subject to consolidation is carried out by the companies themselves. Although there is a consolidated reporting for the liquidity coverage ratio, there is no centralized liquidity management. Finally, there is no significant cash inflow and cash outflow related to the liquidity profile of the Parent Bank, which is included in the calculation of liquidity coverage ratio, but which is not included in the public disclosure template in the second paragraph of the related communiqué.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations Related to Consolidated Liquidity Risk and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (continued)

Liquidity Coverage Ratio: (continued)

Consolidated Liquidity Coverage Ratios for the last three months are presented below:

	Current Period				
	TL+FC	FC			
July 2020	213.24%	647.48%			
August 2020	272.03%	517.80%			
September 2020	209.27%	301.37%			
	Prior Period				
	TL+FC	FC			
October 2019	166.14%	452.52%			
November 2019	319.48%	566.39%			
December 2019	176.08%	373.90%			

Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:

		Up to 1	1-3		1-:			
Current Period	Demand	Month	Months :	3-12 Months	s Years	5 Years	Undistributed ⁽¹⁾	Total
Assets								
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency								
Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques								
Purchased) and Balances with the								
Central Bank of Turkey ⁽²⁾	4,652,459	11,447,351	-	-	-	-	(2,569)	16,097,241
Banks ⁽³⁾	1,988,454	2,410,913	-	-	-	-	(10,363)	4,389,004
Financial Assets at Fair Value								
Through								
Profit and Loss	-	366,423	474	1,082,455	440,109	216,882	173,877	2,280,220
Money Market Placements	-	3,139,630	-	-	-	-	(86)	3,139,544
Financial Assets Measured at Other								
Comprehensive Income	10,766	436,587	-	2,757,582	-,, -	980,502	-	10,645,589
Loans (4)	-	7,367,260	4,444,855	27,966,632	32,603,162	4,172,983	(152,083)	76,402,809
Financial Assets Measured at								
Amortised Cost ⁽⁵⁾	-	-	16,919	1,829,156	10,124,220	339,395	(2,770)	12,306,920
Other Assets ⁽⁶⁾	-	2,242,101	1,611,041	2,337,927	918,385	262,017	4,132,171	11,503,642
Total Assets	6,651,679	27,410,265	6,073,289	35,973,752	50,546,028	5,971,779	4,138,177	136,764,969
Liabilities								
Bank Deposits	37,786	4,352,156	-	-	-	-	-	4,389,942
Other Deposits	32,172,270	48,533,108	5,844,039	282,504	8,617	-	-	86,840,538
Funds Provided From Other Financial	,,	,,,	-,,;	,	0,000			
Institutions	-	3,440.062	5,677,192	2,216,443	117.859	4,316,468	-	15,768,024
Money Market Borrowings	-	3,399,993	-	-	· -	-	-	3.399.993
Securities Issued	-	2,641,158	213,664	2,839,291	-	-	-	5,694,113
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Liabilities	14,916	5,190,248	392,972	529,279	1,764,876	448,343	12,331,725	20,672,359
Total Liabilities	32,224,972	67,556,725	12,127,867	5,867,517	1,891,352	4,764,811	12,331,725	136,764,969
Liquidity Gap	(25,573,293)	(40,146,460)	(6,054,578)	30,106,235	48 654 676	1 206 968	(8,193,548)	
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	(20,010,290)	215,120	405,132	1,252,156	30,296	23,557	(0,170,040)	1,926,261
Financial Derivative Assets	-	13,778,994	405,132	/ /	30,296 11,420,195	,	-	64,648,930
Financial Derivative Liabilities	-	13,778,994	15,855,759		11,420,195	, ,	-	62,722,669
Non-Cash Loans		, ,	, ,		, ,	4,233,032	-	· · ·
non-Cash Loans	6,412,871	1,547,305	3,581,127	6,597,709	7,225,106	-	-	25,364,118

Prior Period							
Total Assets	5,515,639	34,182,163	6,637,624	13,281,044	37,193,771	5,767,493	6,636,699 109,214,433
Total Liabilities	16,794,047	59,807,324	6,517,914	8,903,793	2,793,702	3,642,509	10,755,144 109,214,433
Liquidity Gap	(11,278,408)	(25,625,161)	119,710	4,377,251	34,400,069	2,124,984	(4,118,445) -
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	217,295	(20,526)	21,127	62,051	1,665	- 281,612
Financial Derivative Assets	-	18,322,414	6,162,762	13,378,270	15,125,169	3,374,022	- 56,362,637
Financial Derivative Liabilities	-	18,105,119	6,183,288	13,357,143	15,063,118	3,372,357	- 56,081,025
Non-Cash Loans	6,077,407	942,642	2,658,433	5,667,723	7,028,565	-	- 22,374,770

⁽¹⁾ Active accounts with fixed assets, associates and subsidiaries, fixed assets, prepaid expenses and non-performing loans, which are required for the continuation of banking activities and which do not have the chance to convert to cash in a short time, are recorded here. The expected loss provisions are also shown here.

(2) Cash and cash equivalents (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency, Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and the Central Bank of Turkey includes expected credit loss amounting to TL 2,569.

(3) Banks include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TL 10,363.

The revolving loans amounting to TL 6,131,764 are presented under the "Up to 1 Month" column. It includes expected loss provisions amounting to TL 3,985,452. (4)

(5)

Financial assets at amortized cost include balance of expected loss provisions of TL 2,770. Includes factoring receivables amounting to TL 2,185,766 and factoring receivables expected loss provisions amounting to TL 36,903. (6)

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VI. Explanations Related to Consolidated Leverage Ratio

a) Information on issues that cause differences between current period and previous period leverage ratios:

There is a decrease in the leverage ratio in line with the increase on-balance sheet risks.

b) Comparison table of total assets and total risk amounts in the financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS:

	Current Period (**)	Prior Period (**)
1 Total assets in the consolidated financial statements prepared in		
accordance with TAS (*)	132,940,389	106,140,378
2 Difference between the total assets in the consolidated financial		
statements prepared in accordance with TAS and the total assets in		
the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with		
Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks	-	-
3 Differences between the balances of derivative financial instruments		
and the credit derivatives in the consolidated financial statements		
prepared in accordance with the Communique on Preparation of		
Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks and their risk		
exposures	467,388	560,417
4 Differences between the balances of securities financing transactions		
in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with		
the Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial		
Statements of the Banks and their risk exposures	608,258	3,323
5 Differences between off- balance sheet items in the consolidated		
financial statements prepared in accordance with the Communique		
on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks		
and their risk exposures	44,286,219	46,736,319
6 Other differences in the consolidated financial statements prepared in		
accordance with the Communique on Preparation of Consolidated		
Financial Statements of the Banks and their risk exposures	(1,483,563)	(1,383,371)
7 Total Risk	176,818,691	152,057,066

(*) The consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the sixth paragraph of the Article 5 in the Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks.

(**) The arithmetic average of the last 3 months in the related periods.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VI. Explanations Related to Consolidated Leverage Ratio (continued)

c) Leverage Ratio:

•	and the Declarate Sheet	Current	Prior
As	sets On the Balance Sheet	Period (*)	Period (*)
1	Assets on the Balance Sheet (Excluding Derivative Financial Instruments and Loan		101001000
	Derivatives, Including Collaterals)	130,274,766	104,904,660
2	(Assets Deducted from Core Capital)	(557,318)	(586,136)
3	Total Risk Amount for Assets on the Balance Sheet	129,717,448	104,318,524
De	ivative Financial Instruments and Credit Derivatives		
4	Renewal Cost of Derivative Financial Instruments and Credit Derivatives	1,739,378	438,483
5	Potential Credit Risk Amount of Derivative Financial Instruments and Credit Derivatives	467,388	560,417
6	Total Risk Amount of Derivative Financial Instruments and Credit Derivatives	2,206,766	998,900
Fin	ancing Transactions With Securities Or Goods Warranties		
7	Risk Amount of Financial Transactions with Securities or Goods Warranties (Excluding		
	Those in the Balance Sheet)	608,258	3,323
8	Risk Amount Arising from Intermediated Transactions	-	-
9	Total Risk Amount of Financing Transactions with Securities or Goods Warranties	608,258	3,323
Of	-Balance Sheet Transactions		
10	Gross Nominal Amount of the Off-balance Sheet Transactions	44,286,219	46,736,319
11	(Adjustment Amount Arising from Multiplying by the Credit Conversion Rate)	-	-
12	Total Risk Amount for Off-balance Sheet Transactions	44,286,219	46,736,319
Ca	pital and Total Risk		
13	Tier 1 Capital	11,353,353	10,392,276
14	Total Risk Amount	176,818,691	152,057,066
Lev	verage Ratio		
15	Leverage Ratio	6.42%	6.83%

(*) The amounts in the table are calculated by using the quarterly average amounts.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VII. Explanations Related to Consolidated Risk Management

Notes and explanations prepared in accordance with "the Communiqué on Disclosures about Risk Management to be Announced to Public by Banks" published in Official Gazette no. 29511 on 23 October 2015 and became effective as of 31 March 2016 are presented in this section. The notes to be presented within the scope of Internal Rating Based Approach (IRB) have not been presented due to use of standard approach for the calculation of capital adequacy ratio by the Group.

Overview of Risk Weighted Amounts

				Minimum capital
		Risk Weighted	Amounts	requirement
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period
1	Credit Risk (Excluding Counterparty Credit Risk) (CCR)	74,102,502	75,343,174	5,928,200
2	Of which Standardized Approach (SA)	74,102,502	75,343,174	5,928,200
3	Of which Internal Rating-based (IRB) Approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty Credit Risk	2,152,699	1,203,770	172,216
5	Of which Standardized Approach for Counterparty Credit			
	Risk (SA-CCR)	2,152,699	1,203,770	172,216
6	Of which Internal Model Method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Equity positions in banking accounts under market-based			
	approach	-	-	-
8	Equity investments in funds - Look-through Approach	-	-	-
9	Equity investments in funds – Mandate-based Approach	-	-	-
10	Equity investments in funds – 1250% Weighted Risk			
	Approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement Risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization Positions in banking accounts.	-	-	-
13	Of which IRB Ratings-based Approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	Of which IRB Supervisory Formula Approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	Of which SA/Simplified Supervisory Formula Approach			
	(SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market Risk	2,818,551	1,637,917	225,484
17	Standardized Approach (SA)	2,818,551	1,637,917	225,484
18	Internal Model Approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational Risk	9,894,462	8,663,988	791,557
20	Of which Basic Indicator Approach	9,894,462	8,663,988	791,557
21	Of which Standard Approach	-	-	-
22	Of which Advanced Measurement Approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts below the Thresholds for Deduction (Subject to a			
	250% Risk Weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor Adjustment	-	-	-
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	88,968,214	86,848,849	7,117,457

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

SECTION FIVE

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets

1. a) Information on Cash and Balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey:

	Current Period			Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Cash in TL/Foreign Currency	404,229	2,327,575	410,345	2,031,625	
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	1,796,531	11,424,693	305,709	8,942,832	
Other	-	146,782	-	265,460	
Total	2,200,760	13,899,050	716,054	11,239,917	

b) Information related to the account of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted Demand Deposit	1,773,873	-	297,130	-
Unrestricted Time Deposit	-	4,207,283	-	3,932,318
Restricted Time Deposit	22,658	7,217,410	8,579	5,010,514
Total	1,796,531	11,424,693	305,709	8,942,832

Foreign currency unrestricted deposit amounting to TL 4,207,283 (31 December 2019: TL 3,932,318), foreign currency restricted deposit amounting to TL 7,217,410 (31 December 2019: TL 5,010,514), unrestricted deposit balance amounting to TL 1,773,873 (31 December 2019: TL 297,130) and restricted deposit amounting to TL 22,658 (31 December 2019: TL 8,579) comprises of reserve deposits. As of 30 September 2020, the Turkish Lira required reserve ratios are determined to be within the range of 1%-4% depending on the maturity structure of deposits denominated in Turkish Lira (31 December 2019: 1%-2%), and the required reserve ratios for foreign currency deposits and other liabilities within the range of 5%-21% (31 December 2019: 5%-21%).

2. Information on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (net):

- a.1) Information on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss given as collateral / blocked: None (31 December 2019: None).
- a.2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss subject to repurchase agreements: None (31 December 2019: None).

Net book value of unrestricted financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is TL 2,106,343 (31 December 2019: TL 1,167,994).

3. Positive differences related to derivative financial assets held-for-trading:

	Current Period		Prio	or Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	259,845	22,041	144,959	9,474
Swap Transactions	2,194,444	186,122	1,302,918	179,827
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	25,958	9,517	25,918	6,946
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	2,480,247	217,680	1,473,795	196,247

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (continued)

4. Information on banks:

a) Information on banks:

	Current Perio	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
Domestic Banks	2,412,859	263	1,031,578	185,445
Foreign Banks	52,791	1,933,454	55,635	7,303,396
Foreign Head Offices and Branches	_	-	-	-
Total	2,465,650	1,933,717	1,087,213	7,488,841

5. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

a.1) Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income given as collateral / blocked:

	Current Pe	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Equity Securities	-	-	-	-
Bond, Treasury Bill and Similar				
Investment Securities	1,396,594	272,225	333,201	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	1,396,594	272,225	333,201	-

a.2) Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income subject to repurchase agreements:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Government Bonds	57,751	2,513,480	77,088	-
Treasury Bills	-	-	-	-
Other Government Debt Securities	-	-	-	-
Bank Bonds and Bank Guaranteed Bonds	-	-	-	-
Asset Backed Securities	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	57,751	2,513,480	77,088	-

The book value of debt securities and equity securities in unrestricted financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is TL 6,405,539 (31 December 2019: TL 5,131,082).

b.1) Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	10,634,823	5,533,476
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	10,611,945	5,512,862
Unquoted	22,878	20,614
Equity Securities	10,766	7,895
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	-	-
Unquoted	10,766	7,895
Impairment Provision (-)	-	-
Total	10,645,589	5,541,371

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (continued)

6. Information on loans:

a) Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Direct Loans Granted to Shareholders	-	676,842	1,596	182,856
Corporate Shareholders	-	676,842	1,596	182,856
Real Person Shareholders	-	-	-	-
Indirect Loans Granted to Shareholders	-	-	-	-
Loans Granted to Employees	150,445	-	139,703	-
Total	150,445	676,842	141,299	182,856

b) Information on the standard loans, loans under close monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring:

		Loans Under Close Monitoring			
		Not Under the Loans U		ructuring	
	Standard	Scope of	Loans with Revised		
Cash Loans	Loans	Restructuring	Contract Terms	Refinancing	
Non-specialized loans	68,367,170	6,385,646	106,054	1,696,022	
Working Capital Loans	5,023,428	940,823	62,142	664,976	
Export Loans	9,507,554	91,397	-	95,365	
Import Loans	-	-	-	-	
Loans Given to Financial Sector	1,857,418	-	-	-	
Consumer Loans	16,180,050	2,714,077	3,055	158,098	
Credit Cards	4,268,796	605,513	29,761	-	
Other	31,529,924	2,033,836	11,096	777,583	
Specialized Loans	-	-	-	-	
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-	
Total	68,367,170	6,385,646	106,054	1,696,022	

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Standard	Loans Under	Standard	Loans Under
	Loans	Close Monitoring	Loans (Close Monitoring
12 Month Expected Credit Loss	388,960	-	394,194	-
Significant increase in Credit Risk	-	1,163,684	-	894,153
Total	388,960	1,163,684	394,194	894,153

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (continued)

6. Information on loans: (continued)

c) Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and credit cards given to personnel:

		Medium and	
Current Period	Short Term	Long Term	Tota
Consumer Loans-TL	402,552	17,882,559	18,285,111
Housing Loans	1,260	4,694,040	4,695,300
Vehicle Loans	6,277	383,213	389,490
General Purpose Loans	395,015	12,805,306	13,200,321
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans – Indexed to FC	-	17,126	17,126
Housing Loans	-	17,126	17,126
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans-FC (**)	-	23,151	23,151
Housing Loans	-	5,700	5,700
Vehicle Loans	-	2,735	2,735
General Purpose Loans	-	14,716	14,716
Other	-	-	-
Individual Credit Cards-TL	3,330,887	27,948	3,358,835
With Instalments	1,084,720	27,948	1,112,668
Without Instalments	2,246,167	-	2,246,167
Individual Credit Cards-FC	5,314	-	5,314
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	5,314	-	5,314
Personnel Loans-TL	11,110	104,389	115,499
Housing Loans	-	411	411
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	11,110	103,978	115,088
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans- Indexed to FC	-	-	-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans-FC	-	-	-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	31,146	69	31,215
With Instalments	10,146	69	10,215
Without Instalments	21,000	-	21,000
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	66	-	66
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	66	-	66
Overdraft Accounts-TL(Real Persons) (*)	614,388	-	614,388
Overdraft Accounts-FC(Real Persons)	5	-	5
Total	4,395,468	18,055,242	22,450,710

(*) Overdraft accounts include personnel loans amounting to TL 3,665.

(**) Loans granted via branches abroad.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (continued)

6. Information on loans: (continued)

c) Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and credit cards given to personnel:

Prior Period	Short Term	Medium and Long Term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	567,813	15,880,140	16,447,953
Housing Loans	3,287	5,334,276	5,337,563
Vehicle Loans	18,385	422,741	441,126
General Purpose Loans	546,141	10,123,123	10,669,264
Other	· _	-	-
Consumer Loans –Indexed to FC	-	18,308	18,308
Housing Loans	-	18,308	18,308
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans-FC (**)	-	27,949	27,949
Housing Loans	-	6,031	6,031
Vehicle Loans	-	3,655	3,655
General Purpose Loans	-	18,263	18,263
Other	-		
Individual Credit Cards-TL	3,135,899	54,120	3,190,019
With Instalments	1,012,747	54,120	1,066,867
Without Instalments	2,123,152		2,123,152
Individual Credit Cards-FC	11,775	-	11,775
With Instalments		-	,
Without Instalments	11,775	-	11,775
Personnel Loans-TL	13,520	89,484	103,004
Housing Loans		517	517
Vehicle Loans	<u>-</u>	-	
General Purpose Loans	13,520	88,967	102,487
Other		-	102,107
Personnel Loans- Indexed to FC	<u> </u>	-	-
Housing Loans	<u>_</u>	-	_
Vehicle Loans	<u>_</u>	-	_
General Purpose Loans	_	_	_
Other			
Personnel Loans-FC	<u> </u>		_
Housing Loans	_		
Vehicle Loans	-		
General Purpose Loans	-		-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	31,920	-	31,920
With Instalments	10,293	-	10,293
		-	,
Without Instalments Personnel Credit Cards-FC	21,627 393	-	21,627 393
With Instalments	393	-	595
	-	-	-
Without Instalments	393	-	393
Overdraft Accounts-TL(Real Persons) (*)	608,567	-	608,567
Overdraft Accounts-FC(Real Persons)	4	-	4
Total	4,369,891	16,070,001	20,439,892

(*) Overdraft accounts include personnel loans amounting to TL 4,386.

(**) Loans granted via branches abroad.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (continued)

6. Information on loans: (continued)

d) Information on commercial loans with instalments and corporate credit cards:

Current Period

		Medium and	
	Short Term	Long Term	Total
Commercial Loans with Instalment -TL	2,721,596	9,035,043	11,756,639
Business Loans	1,558	172,367	173,925
Vehicle Loans	28,400	952,062	980,462
General Purpose Loans	2,691,638	7,910,614	10,602,252
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Loans with Instalment - Indexed to FC	-	188,895	188,895
Business Loans	-	7,068	7,068
Vehicle Loans	-	39,585	39,585
General Purpose Loans	-	142,242	142,242
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Loans with Instalment - FC	93	-	93
Business Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	93	-	93
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	1,505,965	1,242	1,507,207
With Instalments	504,739	1,242	505,981
Without Instalments	1,001,226	-	1,001,226
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	1,433	-	1,433
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	1,433	-	1,433
Overdraft Accounts-TL(Legal Entities)	740,351	-	740,351
Overdraft Accounts-FC(Legal Entities)	-	-	-
Total	4,969,438	9,225,180	14,194,618

Prior Period

	Short Term	Long Term	Total
Commercial Loans with Instalment -TL	1,006,177	9,781,970	10,788,147
Business Loans	1,000	170,690	171,690
Vehicle Loans	26,836	682,638	709,474
General Purpose Loans	978,341	8,928,642	9,906,983
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Loans with Instalment - Indexed to FC	-	331,604	331,604
Business Loans	-	5,899	5,899
Vehicle Loans	-	83,943	83,943
General Purpose Loans	-	241,762	241,762
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Loans with Instalment - FC	478	-	478
Business Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	478	-	478
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	1,504,191	-	1,504,191
With Instalments	385,150	-	385,150
Without Instalments	1,119,041	-	1,119,041
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	2,439	-	2,439
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	2,439	-	2,439
Overdraft Accounts-TL(Legal Entities)	849,525	-	849,525
Overdraft Accounts-FC(Legal Entities)	-	-	-
Total	3,362,810	10,113,574	13,476,384

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (continued)

6. Information on loans: (continued)

e) Domestic and foreign loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Domestic Loans	76,007,893	64,365,150
Foreign Loans	546,999	547,750
Total	76,554,892	64,912,900

f) Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:

These amounts are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

g) Specific or non-performing loan (Stage 3) provisions for loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans and Receivables with Limited Collectability	141,317	349,033
Loans and Receivables with Doubtful Collectability	298,150	572,537
Uncollectible Loans and Receivables	1,993,341	1,430,975
Total	2,432,808	2,352,545

h) Information on loans under follow-up (Net):

h.1) Information on loans and other receivables included in loans under follow-up which are restructured or rescheduled:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Receivables	Loans and Receivables	Uncollectable
	with Limited	with Doubtful	Loans and
	Collectability	Collectability	Receivables
Current Period			
Gross Amounts before Provisions	19,806	17,335	58,309
Restructured Loans	19,806	17,335	58,309
Prior Period			
Gross Amounts before Provisions	55,867	41,008	18,928
Restructured Loans	55,867	41,008	18,928

h.2) Movement of loans under follow-up:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
Loan	s and Receivables	Loans and Receivables	Uncollectable
	with Limited Collectability	with Doubtful Collectability	Loans and Receivables
Prior Period End Balance	624,321	1,168,994	2,353,591
Additions (+)	749,094	63,247	359,084
Transfers from Other Categories of Loans under Follow-up (+)	-	978,615	1,420,438
Transfers to Other Categories of Loans under Follow-up (-)	978,615	1,420,438	-
Collections (-)	188,919	334,841	579,709
Write-offs (-)	3	681	54,164
Sold Portfolio (-) (*)	3	4,792	321,850
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	4,572	137,548
Retail Loans	2	-	98,734
Credit Cards	1	220	85,568
Other	-	-	-
Current Period End Balance	205,875	450,104	3,177,390
Provision (-)	141,317	298,150	1,993,341
Net Balances on Balance Sheet	64,558	151,954	1,184,049

(*) Past due receivables amounting to TL 326,645 for which TL 315,605 of provision had been allocated, is sold for TL 26,160 during 2020. After all sales procedures were completed, these past due receivables have been written off from the portfolio.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (continued)

6. Information on loans: (continued)

h.3) Information on foreign currency loans under follow-up:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and		
	Receivables with	Loans and Receivables	Uncollectable
	Limited	with Doubtful	Loans and
	Collectability	Collectability	Receivables
30 September 2020			
Current Period End Balance	64,959	105,221	229,958
Provision (-)	36,753	73,609	141,976
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	28,206	31,612	87,982
31 December 2019			
Prior Period End Balance	40,984	76,556	153,192
Provision (-)	22,125	42,944	121,969
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	18,859	33,612	31,223

h.4) Information regarding gross and net amounts of loans under follow-up with respect to user groups:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and	Loans and Receivables	Uncollectible
	Receivables with Limited	with Doubtful	Loans and
	Collectability	Collectability	Receivables
Current Period (Net)			
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Gross)	205,875	450,104	3,177,390
Provision (-)	141,317	298,150	1,993,341
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Net)	64,558	151,954	1,184,049
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	-	-	-
Prior Period (Net)			
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Gross)	624,321	1,168,994	2,353,591
Provision (-)	349,033	572,537	1,430,975
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Net)	275,288	596,457	922,616
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)		-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	-	-	-

h.5) Information on interest accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences calculated for non-performing loans and their provisions:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with Limited Collectability	Loans with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans
Current Period(Net)	2,713	17,786	376,044
Interest Accruals, Rediscounts and Valuation Differences	25,777	63,351	636,948
Provision (-)	23,064	45,565	260,904
Prior Period (Net)	18,822	77,767	229,640
Interest Accruals, Rediscounts and Valuation Differences	76,914	175,092	394,218
Provision (-)	58,092	97,325	164,578

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (continued)

6. Information on loans: (continued)

i) Explanations on write-off policy:

Group 5 - Loans classified as Bad Debt, with at least one reporting period remaining in this group, and provided with lifelong expected credit loss provision due to the debtor's default, constitute the bank's loans to be written-off. Write-off is an accounting practice and does not result in giving up the right on the receivable. Loans which are written-off do not affect the legal follow-up of the Parent Bank. Indicators are utilized concerning the absence of reasonable expectations regarding the recovery of loans. The write-off is examined on an incident basis with predefined criterias. And the following write-off criterias are considered:

- Limited possibility of recovery: Loans with low collateralization rates, limited collateral capability, limited assets that provide foreclosure collection opportunities, loans with higher collection costs and lower collection expectations are evaluated,

- Financial indicators: Financial indicators regarding the inability to recover the entire loan are evaluated,

- Long-term follow-up: Loans which do not have reasonable collection expectations, among the loans that have been in legal follow-up for a long time, are evaluated,

The following applications regarding the loans which is under follow-up and written-off cannot be different form registered loans.

- a) The methods applied for legal collection of loans from debtors,
- b) Decisions regarding the inclusion to the non-performing loans sale,
- c) Decisions to waive the receivables by waiving the loans.

The amount written-off by the Parent Bank within the scope of TFRS 9 during the financial period is TL 52,824 (31 December 2019: TL 171,832) and its effect on NPL ratio is 0.07% (31 December 2019: 0.23%). The follow-up conversion rate is 4.77% (31 December 2019: 5.99%) with the current period non-performing loans after write-offs, while the calculated rate including the loans written-off during the year is 4.84% (31 December 2019: 6.22%).

7. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

a) a.1) Information on financial assets subject to repurchase agreements and those given as collateral/blocked:

	Current	Pri	Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Equity Securities	-	-	-	-
Bond, Treasury bill and similar investment securities	346,034	1,190,554	1,194,716	405,580
Total	346,034	1,190,554	1,194,716	405,580

a.2) Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost and given as collateral / blocked:

	Current	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Equity Securities	-	-	-	-
Bond, Treasury bill and similar investment securities	6,506,656	1,165,069	1,978,084	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	6,506,656	1,165,069	1,978,084	-

Unrestricted financial assets at amortized cost amounting to TL 3,101,377 (31 December 2019: TL 1,328,238).

a.3) Information on government debt securities measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Government Bonds	12,309,690	4,906,618
Treasury Bills	-	-
Other Government Debt Securities	-	-
Total	12,309,690	4,906,618

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (continued)

7. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost: (continued)

a.4) Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	12,309,690	4,906,618
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	12,309,690	4,906,618
Unquoted	-	-
Impairment Provision(-)	-	-
Total	12,309,690	4,906,618

a.5) Movement of financial assets measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Beginning Balance	4,906,618	2,792,080
Foreign Currency Differences on Monetary Assets	425,684	-
Purchases during the Year (*)(**)	7,784,572	2,114,538
Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions	(807,184)	-
Impairment Provision (-)	-	-
Closing Balance	12,309,690	4,906,618

(*) Includes rediscount amounts.

(**) In the current period, the securities portfolio of the Chief Investment Office were transferred to the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group due to the change in the business model of the Parent Bank management. During this transition, securities held as Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income amounting to TL 291,603 were classified as Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost. After this reclassification, the valuation difference amounting to TL 20,141 has been reversed from equity.

8. Information on associates (Net):

- a.1) Information on consolidated associates according to Communiqué on Preparing Banks' Consolidated Financial Statements and related Turkish Accounting Standard: None (31 December 2019: None).
- a.2) Information on the unconsolidated associates: None (31 December 2019: None).
- a.3) Information on the consolidated associates: None (31 December 2019: None).
- a.4) Information on sector information on consolidated associates: None (31 December 2019: None).
- a.5) Consolidated associates which are quoted on the stock exchange: None (31 December 2019: None).

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (continued)

9. Information on subsidiaries (Net):

a) Information on shareholders' equity of significant subsidiaries:

	TEB Faktoring A.S.	TEB Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	TEB Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	30,000	28,794	6,860
Reserves	120,955	48,340	6,779
Net income for the period and prior period income	29,345	76,934	15,557
Income/ Loss recognized under equity in accordance with TAS	-	-	(121)
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	215	123	37
Goodwill and intangible asset and the related deferred tax liability (-)	2,949	2,841	419
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	177,136	151,104	28,619
General Provision	4,236	-	-
Total Equity	181,372	151,104	28,619

The Parent Bank has no capital requirements arising from its subsidiaries included in the Consolidated Capital Adequacy Standard Ratio.

b) Information on the consolidated subsidiaries:

b.1) Information on the consolidated subsidiaries:

	Title	Address (City/Country)	Group's share percentage- If different voting percentage (%)	Other shareholders' share percentage (%)
1	TEB Faktoring A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	-
2	TEB Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	-
3	TEB Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	54.74	45.26
Inf	ormation on the consolidated subsidia	ries with the order as prese	ented in the table above:	

P

	Total Assets	Shareholders' Equity	Total Fixed Assets	Interest Income	Income on Marketable Securities Portfolio	Current Period	Prior Period Profit/Loss (*)	Fair Value
1	2,215,606	180,300	3,682	132,185	-	18,307	28,611	-
2	255,478	154,068	3,235	17,794	-	51,800	21,923	-
3	35,456	29,075	1,540	1,823	75	8,300	2,597	-
(*) T	hese figures are sh	nown per BRSA finar	ncial statements a	as of 30 Sept	ember 2019.			

b.2) Information on consolidated subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	124,918	124,424
Movements during the Period	-	494
Purchases	-	-
Bonus Shares Obtained	-	-
Share in Current Year Income	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation Increase	-	494
Value Increase/(Decrease)	-	
Balance at the End of the Period	124,918	124,918
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the End of the Period (%)	-	-

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (continued)

9. Information on subsidiaries (Net): (continued)

b) Information on the consolidated subsidiaries: (continued)

b.3) Sectoral information on the consolidated subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	-	-
Insurance Companies	-	-
Factoring Companies/TEB Faktoring A.Ş.	43,417	43,417
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries	81,501	81,501
Total	124,918	124,918

The carrying amounts of the subsidiaries above have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

- b.4) Consolidated subsidiaries quoted on the stock exchange: None (31 December 2019: None).
- c) Information on the non-financial subsidiaries that are not consolidated:

TEB ARF Teknoloji A.Ş. was established by the Bank with 50,000 TL paid-in capital and 100% ownership; It was registered in the Trade Registry Gazette on 16 July 2020.

10. Information on entities under common control (Joint Ventures):

a) Information on entities under common control (joint ventures):

Entities under common control (joint ventures)	Share of the Parent Bank (%)		Current Asset	Non-current Asset	Long-term Receivable	Profit	Loss
Bantaş Nakit ve Kıymetli Mal							
Taşıma ve Güvenlik Hizmetleri A.Ş.	0.1	33.3	99,959	48,930	25,078	157,406	(138,076)

b) Accounting method of the reasonable justification of unconsolidated in Joint Ventures that booked on the unconsolidated parent bank's financial statements.

The Parent Bank owns 0.1% but the Group owns 33.3% share of Bantaş Nakit ve Kıymetli Mal Taşıma ve Güvenlik Hizmetleri A.Ş., it is presented as joint venture in financial statements however, and it is carried by cost value since necessary requirements for consolidation is not met.

11. Information on financial lease receivables (Net): None (31 December 2019: None).

12. Positive differences related to derivative financial assets for hedging purposes

	Curr	Current Period		Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedge	508,076	32,778	7,024	14,112
Cash Flow Hedge	985,494	-	219,494	877
Foreign Net Investment Hedge	-	-	_	-
Total	1,493,570	32,778	226,518	14,989

In case of termination of the fair value hedge accounting, any adjustment to the book value of the hedging instrument calculated using the effective interest method under fair value hedge accounting is amortized through profit or loss to the financial asset price until the maturity of the asset.

According to cash flow hedges terminated by the Parent Bank, as of 30 September 2020 accumulated valuation differences amounted TL 17,135 (31 December 2019: TL 20,286) is recorded under equity and these accumulated differences are transferred into income statement by considering maturity date of hedged items.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (continued)

13. Information on investment property: None (31 December 2019: None).

14. Information on held for sale fixed assets and discontinued operations:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Beginning of Period Cost	131,362	109,104
Beginning of Period Accumulated Depreciation (-)	-	-
Net Book Value	131,362	109,104
Opening Balance	131,362	109,104
Acquired	80,308	149,647
Disposed (-)	84,076	122,922
Impairment (-)	3,065	4,467
Depreciation Value (-)	-	-
End of Period Cost	124,529	131,362
End of Period Accumulated Depreciation (-)	-	-
Closing Net Book Value	124,529	131,362

15. Information on Group's factoring receivables:

a) Maturity analysis explanation:

	Curre	Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short Term(*)	1,329,263	854,069	1,207,988	873,720
Mid and Long Term	2,434	-	1,550	-
Stage 1 Provision (-)	1,952	94	1,334	146
Stage 2 Provision (-)	2,180	10	1,959	-
Stage 3 Provision (-)	24,497	8,170	25,315	6,137
Total	1,303,068	845,795	1,180,930	867,437

(*) Incudes factoring receivables amounting to TL 38,385 (31 December 2019: TL 31,946).

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Liabilities

1. a) Information on maturity structure of deposits:

a.1) Current period:

		7 Day Call	Up to 1	1-3	3-6	6 Months-	1 Year	Accumulated	
	Demand	Accounts	Ŵonth	Months	Months	1 Year	and Over	Deposits	Total
Saving Deposits	3,537,929	-	12,220,259	9,589,591	100,465	20,757	29,017	-	25,498,018
Foreign Currency Deposits	18,166,900	-	6,895,482	10,978,626	98,376	103,880	68,325	-	36,311,589
Residents in Turkey	16,877,581	-	6,580,120	10,584,651	67,035	52,573	46,602	-	34,208,562
Residents Abroad	1,289,319	-	315,362	393,975	31,341	51,307	21,723	-	2,103,027
Public Sector Deposits	445,208	-	55,952	219,585	9,111	-	-	-	729,856
Commercial Deposits	3,933,193	-	3,831,059	6,961,912	635,612	4,425	25,573	-	15,391,774
Other Institutions Deposits	194,769	-	62,295	2,421,751	25,902	79	231	-	2,705,027
Precious Metals Deposits	5,894,271	-	38,937	139,089	20,251	105,450	6,276	-	6,204,274
Bank Deposits	37,786	-	4,352,156	-	-	-	-	-	4,389,942
Central Bank of Turkey	281	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	281
Domestic Banks	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Foreign Banks	37,495	-	4,352,156	-	-	-	-	-	4,389,651
Special Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	32,210,056	-	27,456,140	30,310,554	889,717	234,591	129,422	-	91,230,480

a.2) Prior period:

		7 Day Call	Up to 1	1-3	3-6	6 Months-	1 Year	Accumulated	
	Demand	Accounts	Month	Months	Months	1 Year	and Over	Deposits	Total
Saving Deposits	2,913,675	-	11,685,382	8,760,022	198,974	159,316	142,791	-	23,860,160
Foreign Currency Deposits	8,678,150	-	9,179,868	16,994,157	220,469	75,587	91,126	-	35,239,357
Residents in Turkey	8,114,695	-	8,724,284	16,524,666	196,404	32,768	74,233	-	33,667,050
Residents Abroad	563,455	-	455,584	469,491	24,065	42,819	16,893	-	1,572,307
Public Sector Deposits	424,598	-	73,628	50,872	7,475	-	-	-	556,573
Commercial Deposits	3,312,492	-	3,919,789	1,904,438	101,496	3,210	55,398	-	9,296,823
Other Institutions Deposits	143,878	-	65,741	266,882	12,458	91	554	-	489,604
Precious Metals Deposits	1,275,586	-	90,788	700,588	38,080	142,511	101,470	-	2,349,023
Bank Deposits	23,739	-	362,573	-	-	-	-	-	386,312
Central Bank of Turkey	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Domestic Banks	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
Foreign Banks	23,698	-	358,772	-	-	-	-	-	382,470
Special Financial Institutions	-	-	3,801	-	-	-	-	-	3,801
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	16,772,118	-	25,377,769	28,676,959	578,952	380,715	391,339	-	72,177,852

b) Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance:

b.1) Saving deposits exceeding the limit of insurance:

i) Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance and exceeding the limit of saving deposit insurance:

Saving Deposits	Under the Guarantee	of Insurance(*)	Exceeding the Limit	it of Insurance(*)
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Saving Deposits	14,383,632	14,607,157	10,768,265	8,731,764
Foreign Currency Saving Deposits	6,724,105	6,075,469	14,689,526	12,928,549
Other Deposits in the Form of Saving Deposits	2,556,526	781,197	3,060,073	1,320,538
Foreign Branches' Deposits under Foreign Authorities'				
Insurance	-	-	-	-
Off-shore Banking Regions' Deposits under Foreign				
Authorities' Insurance	-	-	-	-
Total	23,664,263	21,463,823	28,517,864	22,980,851

(*) According to the BRSA's circular no 1584 dated on 23 February 2005, accruals are included in the saving deposit amounts

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Liabilities (continued)

- b) Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance: (continued)
 - b.1) Saving deposits exceeding the limit of insurance: (continued)
 - ii) Deposit of real persons not under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign Branches' Deposits and Other Accounts	659,274	615,203
Deposits of Controlling Shareholders and Their Close Families	1,171,739	3,823,134
Deposits of Chairman and Members of the Board of Directors and Their		
Close Families	67,149	68,002
Deposits Obtained through Illegal Acts Defined in the 282 nd Article of the 5237		
Numbered Turkish Criminal Code Dated September 26, 2004.	-	-
Saving Deposits in Banks Established in Turkey exclusively for Off-shore		
Banking Activities	-	-

2. Information on derivative financial liabilities:

a) Negative differences related to derivative financial liabilities held-for-trading:

	Curr	Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	292,536	12,340	97,772	25,075
Swap Transactions	1,191,763	203,878	1,362,074	71,890
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	63,936	6,950	26,488	3,285
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	1,548,235	223,168	1,486,334	100,250

3. Information on funds borrowed:

a) Information on banks and other financial institutions:

	Cui	rrent Period	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Funds Borrowed from Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	732,014	253,473	633,010	169,116	
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	630,063	9,836,006	434,408	8,958,162	
Total	1,362,077	10,089,479	1,067,418	9,127,278	

As of 30 September 2020 the Group has borrowings from its related parties amounting to TL 6,013,440 (31 December 2019: TL 4,774,508).

b) Maturity analysis of borrowings:

	Curre	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Short-term	1,362,077	5,852,538	1,057,415	5,593,155	
Medium and Long-term	-	4,236,941	10,003	3,534,123	
Total	1,362,077	10,089,479	1,067,418	9,127,278	

c) Information on debt securities issued:

	Curren	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Bank Bonds	5,636,854	-	2,333,877	-	
Treasury Bills	57,259	-	-	-	
Total	5,694,113	-	2,333,877	-	

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Liabilities (continued)

4. Other external funding payables which exceed 10% of the balance sheet total (excluding off-balance sheet commitments) and the breakdown of these which constitute at least 20% of grand total:

Other external funding payables amounting to TL 1,973,145 (31 December 2019: TL 1,293,901) do not exceed 10% of the total balance sheet.

5. Explanations on financial lease obligations (Net):

With the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard which became effective as of 1 January 2019, the difference between the operating lease and financial lease has been removed and the lease transactions are started to be recognized under "Liabilities from Leasing" as a liability. As of 30 September 2020 the banks has leasing liability amounting to TL 612,459 (31 December 2019: TL 657,657).

6. Negative differences table of derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes:

	Curre	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Fair Value Hedge	39,894	-	-	-	
Cash Flow Hedge	935,038	13,400	1,917,707	7,267	
Foreign Net Investment Hedge	-	-	-	-	
Total	974,932	13,400	1,917,707	7,267	

In case of termination of the fair value hedge accounting, any adjustment to the book value of the hedging instrument calculated using the effective interest method under fair value hedge accounting is amortized through profit or loss to the financial asset price until the maturity of the asset.

According to cash flow hedges terminated by the Parent Bank, accumulated valuation differences as of 30 September 2020 amounted TL 17,135 (31 December 2019: TL 20,286) is recorded under equity. These accumulated differences are transferred into income statement by considering maturity date of hedged items.

7. Information on provisions:

- a) Foreign exchange provision on the foreign currency indexed loans and financial lease receivables: There are no provision on the foreign currency indexed loans that is offset from the loans on the balance sheet (31 December 2019: None).
- b) The specific provisions provided for unidentified non-cash loans or expected credit loss for non-cash loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Stage 1	51,863	55,551
Stage 2	209,721	145,818
Stage 3	37,721	42,111
Total	299,305	243,480

c) Liabilities on unused vacation, bonus, health and employee termination benefits:

As of 30 September 2020, TL 26,005 (31 December 2019: TL 14,195) unused vacation provision, TL 225,392 (31 December 2019: TL 200,712) employee termination benefit provision, TL 156,877 (31 December 2019: TL 148,441) bonus provision, TL 3,300 (31 December 2019: None) health provision, and TL 32,100 (31 December 2019: TL 32,100) health expense provision are presented under "Reserve for Employee Benefit" in financial statements.

d) Information on other provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provision for Non-cash Loans	299,305	243,480
Provision for Legal Cases	84,248	52,635
Provision for Promotions of Credit Cards and Banking Services	12,074	12,936
Other	40,903	142,899
Total	436,530	451,950

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Liabilities (continued)

8. Explanations on taxes payable:

a) Information on current tax liability:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Corporate Tax Payable	9,570	32,155
Taxation on Securities	67,244	70,139
Property Tax	1,132	2,569
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	44,231	61,088
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	16,323	2,430
Value Added Tax Payable	1,154	5,310
Other (*)	31,256	26,299
Total	170,910	199,990

(*) Others include income taxes deducted from wages amounting to TL 24,774 (31 December 2019: TL 20,576) and stamp taxes payable amounting to TL 1,588 (31 December 2019: TL 1,535).

b) Information on premiums:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social Security Premiums-Employee	10,207	9,572
Social Security Premiums-Employer	11,305	10,641
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium-Employee	-	-
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium-Employer	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employee	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employer	-	-
Unemployment Insurance-Employee	860	809
Unemployment Insurance-Employer	1,435	1,347
Other	-	6
Total	23,807	22,375

c) Explanations on deferred tax liabilities, if any: The Group does not have any deferred tax liability of the Group as of 30 September 2020 (31 December 2019: None).

9. Information on Shareholders' Equity:

a) Presentation of Paid-in capital:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common Stock	2,204,390	2,204,390
Preferred Stock		-

b) Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system is applicable at bank if so amount of registered share capital ceiling:

Capital System	Paid-in capital	Ceiling
Registered Capital System	2,204,390	-

- c) Information on share capital increases and their sources and other information on increased capital shares in current period: None.
- d) Information on share capital increases from revaluation funds: None.
- e) Capital commitments in the last fiscal year and at the end of the following period, the general purpose of these commitments and projected resources required to meet these commitments: None.
- f) Indicators of the Parent Bank's income, profitability and liquidity for the previous periods and possible effects of these future assumptions due to the uncertainty of these indicators on the Parent Bank's equity:

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Liabilities (continued)

9. Information on Shareholders' Equity (continued):

The income diversified with various business line and related channels/products/sectors, supported with different projects result a sustainable and relatively non-volatile profitability. Besides, interest rate, currency rate and liquidity risks, which are being kept under control, are tested with various simulations, and the effects which may affect the profitability are prevented. The profitability of the bank is followed up and estimated by the Parent Bank's Planning and Performance Management in short and long term. It is also reported to Asset-Liability Committee and other related organs. As result, current and future negative effect on equity is not occurred and expected.

g) Information on preferred shares: None.

h) Information on marketable securities valuation differences:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Associates, Subsidiaries, and Entities Under Common				
Control (Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference	(93,121)	(109,214)	(3,538)	20,895
Foreign Exchange Difference	-	-	-	-
Total	(93,121)	(109,214)	(3,538)	20,895

- **10.** Information on minority interest: As of 30 September 2020, part of the group equity that belongs to minority shares is TL 13,159 (31 December 2019: TL 9,406).
- 11. Information on factoring liabilities: As of 30 September 2020, group has factoring debt of TL 9,819 (31 December 2019: TL 812).

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Off-Balance Sheet Items

1. Information on off-balance sheet liabilities:

a) Nature and amount of irrevocable loan commitments:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Commitments for Credit Card Expenditure Limits	8,939,147	8,506,931
Loan Granting Commitments	5,833,552	5,234,372
Asset Purchase and Sale Commitments	4,953,834	3,684,822
Payment Commitments for Cheques	1,766,852	1,769,641
Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments	45,503	71,566
Commitments for Promotions Related with Credit Cards and Banking Activities	5,922	4,975
Time Deposit Purchase and Sale Commitments	-	759,924
Other Irrevocable Commitments	134,090	252,593
Total	21,678,900	20,284,824

b) Possible losses and commitments related to off-balance sheet items:

The Group, within the context of banking activities, undertakes certain commitments, consisting of loan commitments, letters of guarantee, acceptance credits and letters of credit.

b.1) Non-cash loans including guarantees, acceptances, financial guarantee and other letters of credits:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Letters of Credit	5,210,094	2,623,851
Bank Acceptances	19,148	12,915
Other Commitments	4,586,372	5,031,959
Other Contingencies	909,591	1,153,720
Total	10,725,205	8,822,445

b.2) Guarantees, surety ships, and similar transactions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Guarantee Letters	10,378,623	9,855,883
Advance Guarantee Letters	1,995,731	1,481,220
Guarantee Letters Given for Customs	446,742	429,999
Temporary Guarantee Letters	391,156	286,101
Other Guarantee Letters	1,426,661	1,499,122
Total	14,638,913	13,552,325

c) Total amount of non-cash loans

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-Cash Loans Given Against Achieving Cash Loans	1,427,469	1,499,838
With Maturity of One Year or Less Than One Year	97,957	130,687
With Maturity of More Than One Year	1,329,512	1,369,151
Other Non-Cash Loans	23,936,649	20,874,932
Total	25,364,118	22,374,770

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Statement of Income

1. Explanations on Interest Income

a) Information on interest income on loans:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest income on loans (*)				
Short Term Loans	2,407,661	173,538	3,673,073	274,670
Medium and Long Term Loans	3,544,665	181,569	3,836,449	205,292
Interest on Loans under Follow-Up	136,780	-	165,947	-
Premiums Received from Resource Utilization Support Fund	-	-	-	-
Total	6,089,106	355,107	7,675,469	479,962

(*) Includes fees and commissions obtained from cash loans amounting to TL 113,610 (30 September 2019: TL 118,559)

b) Information on interest income on banks:

	Curren	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
The Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	22,728	
Domestic Banks	95,422	467	100,213	2,001	
Foreign Banks	2,372	7,200	14,045	47,205	
Branches and Head Office Abroad	-	-	-	-	
Total	97,794	7,667	114,258	71,934	

c) Information on interest income on marketable securities portfolio

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial Assets Valued at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other	111,915	34,675	135,952	17,163
Comprehensive Income	520,469	62,924	213,879	32,753
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost	683,051	62,984	408,740	25,801
Total	1,315,435	160,583	758,571	75,717

d) Information on interest income on associates and subsidiaries:

These amounts are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

2. Explanations on Interest Expense

a) Information on interest expense on funds borrowed (*):

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	53,787	3,419	57,963	14,200
Foreign Banks	33,883	337,087	54,869	349,361
Branches and Head Office Abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-
Total	87,670	340,506	112,832	363,561

(*) Includes fees and commission expenses related to cash loans amounting to TL 7,876 (30 September 2019: TL 19,489).

b) Information on interest expense on associates and subsidiaries:

These amounts are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Statement of Income (continued)

2. Explanations on Interest Expense (continued)

c) Information on interest expenses on securities issued:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest Expense on securities issued	333,886	-	419,431	-
Total	333,886	-	419,431	-

d) Distribution of interest expenses on deposits based on maturity of deposits:

Current Period:					Time D	Deposit		
Account Name	Demand Deposit	Up to 1 Month	Up to 3 Months	Up to 6 Months	Up to 1 Year	More than 1 Year	Accumulated Deposits	Total
TL								
Bank Deposits	-	81,218	-	-	-	-	-	81,218
Saving Deposits	-	797,567	571,538	9,744	4,256	14,040	-	1,397,145
Public Sector Deposits	-	1,298	11,399	529	-	-	-	13,226
Commercial Deposits	-	329,978	385,435	13,507	211	4,621	-	733,752
Other Deposits	-	5,239	91,064	3,218	6	34	-	99,561
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	1,215,300	1,059,436	26,998	4,473	18,695	-	2,324,902
FC								
Foreign Currency Deposits	9	17,237	65,351	1,114	487	801	-	84,999
Bank Deposits	-	276	-	-	-	5	-	281
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal Deposits	-	238	2,430	469	2,199	1,557	-	6,893
Total	9	17,751	67,781	1,583	2,686	2,363	-	92,173
Grand Total	9	1,233,051	1,127,217	28,581	7,159	21,058	-	2,417,075

Prior Period:				Ti	me Deposit			
Account Name	Demand Deposit	Up to 1 Month	Up to 3 Months	Up to 6 Months	Up to 1 Year	More than 1 Year	Accumulated Deposits	Total
TL								
Bank Deposits	-	28,458	-	-	-	-	-	28,458
Saving Deposits	9	1,271,716	1,654,342	129,572	37,735	25,869	-	3,119,243
Public Sector Deposits	-	4,149	4,422	1,919	-	-	-	10,490
Commercial Deposits	235	354,568	462,786	49,087	28,435	39,626	-	934,737
Other Deposits	-	5,867	142,182	14,221	73,981	4,849	-	241,100
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	244	1,664,758	2,263,732	194,799	140,151	70,344	-	4,334,028
FC								
Foreign Currency Deposits	-	74,287	243,574	4,489	4,150	3,340	-	329,840
Bank Deposits	-	7,834	-	-	-	-	-	7,834
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal Deposits	1	487	9,929	648	2,586	519	-	14,170
Total	1	82,608	253,503	5,137	6,736	3,859	-	351,844
Grand Total	245	1,747,366	2,517,235	199,936	146,887	74,203	-	4,685,872

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Statement of Income (continued)

3. Information on trading gain/loss:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gains	43,791,620	27,925,596
Gains on capital market operations	242,662	314,834
Gains on derivative financial instruments ⁽¹⁾	13,215,567	11,951,768
Foreign exchange gains	30,333,391	15,658,994
Losses (-)	44,896,458	28,527,852
Losses on capital market operations	282,473	274,311
Losses on derivative financial instruments ⁽¹⁾	14,105,689	12,542,776
Foreign exchange losses	30,508,296	15,710,765

⁽¹⁾ Includes exchange rate fluctuations of hedging transactions net gain of TL 1,015,121 (30 September 2019: TL 54,666 loss), derivative financial instruments exchange rate changes in profit / loss accounts amounting to TL 236,595 (30 September 2019: TL 286,528) net exchange income.

4. Information on other operating income:

Other operating income of the Group mainly consists of all transaction costs collected from clients and disposal of assets.

5. Provision expenses of banks for loans and other receivables:

a) Expected Credit Losses and Other Provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Encoded Cardid Lance		1,014,903
Expected Credit Losses	533,401	
12-Month Expected Credit Losses (Stage 1)	(26,636)	(932)
Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	183,771	70,111
Credit-Impaired (Stage 3)	376,266	945,724
Impairment Losses on Securities	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Impairment Losses on Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures	-	-
Associates		-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-
Others ⁽¹⁾	(23,739)	39
Total	509,662	1,014,942

⁽¹⁾ Includes reversal of provisions amounting to TL 27,537 (30 September 2019: TL 19,601).

6. Information on other operating expenses:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserve for employee termination benefits ⁽¹⁾	24,680	17,827
Bank social aid fund deficit provision	-	-
Impairment expenses of fixed assets	943	-
Depreciation expenses of fixed assets	184,005	168,698
Impairment expenses of intangible assets	-	-
Impairment expense of goodwill	-	-
Depreciation expenses of intangible assets	57,606	52,550
Impairment for investments accounted with equity method	-	-
Impairment expenses of assets to be disposed	3,065	3,725
Depreciation expenses of assets to be disposed	-	-
Impairment expenses of assets held for sale and discontinued operations	-	-
Other operating expenses	787,342	800,293
Rent expenses related to TFRS16 Exceptions	27,383	43,120
Maintenance expenses	20,915	21,584
Advertisement expenses	27,160	49,983
Other expenses	711,884	685,606
Loss on sales of assets	2,881	9,082
Other ⁽²⁾	333,435	250,310
Total	1,393,957	1,302,485

⁽¹⁾ The provision for employment termination benefits is included in the personnel expenses item in the financial statements.

(2) Includes other premiums and expenses paid to the Savings Deposit Insurance Fund amounting to TL 141,954 (30 September 2019: TL 98,609) and other taxes and fees paid in the amount of TL 136,592 (30 September 2019: TL 111,990).

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Statement of Income (continued)

7. Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations:

- a) As of 30 September 2020, the continuing operations' current tax expense is TL 44,317 (30 September 2019: TL 512,804) and deferred tax income is TL 310,321 (30 September 2019: TL 243,555 deferred tax income), there is no current and deferred tax income/expense from discontinued operations (30 September 2019: None).
- b) Deferred tax charge on temporary differences resulted from continuing operations is TL 310,321 (30 September 2019: TL 243,555 deferred tax income).

c) Tax reconciliation:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit Before Taxes	1,555,966	1,094,670
Additions	59,316	151,627
Nonallowable Expenses	32,078	89,033
The Effect of Different Tax Rates	(4,546)	59,958
Other	31,784	2,636
Deductions	(3,293)	(23,171)
Dividend Income	(1,007)	(974)
Other	(2,286)	(22,197)
Taxable Profit/Loss	1,611,989	1,223,126
Corporation Tax Rate	22%	22%
Calculated Tax	354,638	269,088
Prior Year Tax Correction	-	161
Tax Charge	354,638	269,249

8. The explanations on net income/loss for the period:

- a) The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for the complete understanding of the Bank's performance for the period: None (30 September 2019: None).
- b) Effect of changes in accounting estimates on income statement for the current and, if any, for subsequent periods: None (30 September 2019: None).

c) Profit/loss attributable to minority interest:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Minority interest profit/loss	3,757	1,175

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Statement of Income (continued)

9. If the other items in the income statement exceed 10% of the income statement total accounts amounting to at least 20% of these items:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Other Interest Income		
Interest Received from Factoring Transactions	131,918	164,524
Other	7,240	17,901
Total	139,158	182,425
	Current Period	Prior Period
Other Fees and Commissions Received		
Card Fee and Commissions	582,047	1,018,651
Insurance Commissions	209,925	130,285
Brokerage Commissions	115,507	40,187
Prepayment Commissions	72,204	25,404
Fund Management Fees	60,419	35,393
General Limit Revision Commissions	38,857	35,606
Transfer Commissions	32,370	29,196
Periodic Service Commissions	28,230	137,710
Settlement Expense Provision, Eft, Swift, Agency Commissions	25,063	36,144
Consultancy Commission	8,899	5,495
Other	90,656	146,773
Total	1,264,177	1,640,844
Other Fees and Commissions Given		
Credit Cards Commissions and Fees	295,468	552,154
Commission and Fees Paid to Correspondent Banks	42,611	45,827
Settlement Expense Provision, Eft, Swift, Agency Commissions	21,918	18,764
Other	75,539	67,591
Total	435,536	684,336

V. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Risk Group of the Parent Bank

1. Volume of related party transactions, income and expense amounts involved and outstanding loan and deposit balances:

Balance sheet items of previous periods are presented as of 31 December 2019 and income/expense items of previous periods are presented as of 30 September 2019.

a) Current Period:

	Subsidiaries, Ass	ociates and				
	Entities under Com	mon Control	Direct and Ir	ndirect	Other Entities	Included
Related Parties	(Joint Ver	nt.)	Shareholders of the	Parent Bank	in the Risk (Group
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans and Other Receivables						
Balance at Beginning of Period	-	-	19,196	182,856	393,152	101,145
Balance at End of Period	-	-	37,903	676,842	514,655	113,735
Interest and Commission Income	-	-	3,936	1,071	10,011	516

Direct and indirect shareholders of the Group balance above includes TL 37,903 and other entities included in the risk group balance above includes TL 53,514 placement in "Banks".

b) Prior Period:

Related Parties	Subsidiaries, Associates and Entities under Common Control (Joint Vent.)		Direct and I Shareholders of the		Other Entities	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans and Other Receivables						
Balance at Beginning of period	-	-	75,725	260,569	423,513	20,136
Balance at End of Period	-	-	19,196	182,856	393,152	101,145
Interest and Commission Income	-	-	25,546	2,028	8,318	1,015

Direct and indirect shareholders of the Group balance above includes TL 17,600 and other entities included in the risk group balance above includes TL 63,260 placement in "Banks".

c) c.1) Information on related party deposits balances:

	Subsidiaries, Associ Entities under Commo		Direct and I	ndirect	Other Entities	Included
Related parties	(Joint Vent.)		Shareholders of the	e Parent Bank	in the Risk	Group
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
Deposits	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Balance at Beginning of						
Period	-	-	3,313,150	1,497,789	648,747	1,055,942
Balance at End of Period	-	-	5,145,927	3,313,150	1,087,766	648,747
Interest on Deposits	-	-	75,710	53,242	19,050	73,916

c.2) Information on forward and option agreements and other similar agreements made with related parties:

	Subsidiaries, Associat	tes and				
	Entities under Common	Control	Direct and I	ndirect	Other Entities	Included
Related Parties	(Joint Vent.)		Shareholders of the	e Parent Bank	in the Risk	Group
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Financial Assets at Fair Value						
Through Profit or Loss						
Beginning of Period	-	-	29,930,097	28,512,967	913,846	1,210,586
End of Period	-	-	22,036,130	29,930,097	175,213	913,846
Total Profit/Loss	-	-	(887,704)	1,101,491	(31,938)	(12,900)
Hedging Transactions Purposes						
Beginning of Period	-	-	17,648,505	17,581,390	-	-
End of Period	-	-	12,574,093	17,648,505	-	-
Total Profit/Loss	-	-	721,726	(998,285)	-	-

d) As of 30 September 2020, the total amount of remuneration and fees provided for the senior management of the Group is TL 53,854 (30 September 2019: TL 46,918).

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VI. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Subsequent Events

On 30 October 2020, the Parent Bank has secured a syndicated loan from international banks amounting to 250,000,000 Euro and 41,500,000 USD with 367 days maturity, from international banks. The total cost of the 367-day loan which will be used in foreign trade financing is Euribor + 2.25% for the Euro tranche and Libor + 2.50% for the US Dollar tranche.

SECTION SIX

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

I. Explanations on the Independent Auditor's Review Report

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been reviewed by DRT Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. and the auditor's interim review report dated 3 November 2020 is presented preceding the consolidated financial statements.

II. Other Footnotes and Explanations Prepared by Independent Auditors

None.

SECTION SEVEN (*)

INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim Period Reports Included Chairman Of The Board of Directors and CEO's of the Parent Bank Assessments For The Interim Activities

A. Chairman of Board of Directors and CEO's of the Parent Bank Assessments for The Interim Activities

Chairman of Board of Director's Message

Valued stakeholders,

Global economy has spent the first half of 2020 under strict precautions due to coronavirus. Global economic activity started to recover in June with the relaxation of quarantine conditions and opening up of regional economies. In this period, large-scale of financial incentives given by the governments and expansionary monetary policies of the Central Banks limited the economic damages caused by the epidemic and supported the economic recovery beginning from the third quarter.

In the third quarter, in line with the partial economic recovery, the global risk appetite started to rise again and fund flows to developing countries exceeded the levels seen in second quarter. Increasing risk appetite has relatively eased the pressure on developing country currencies but due to ongoing epidemic uncertainty, they have stayed weaker compared to developed country currency basket.

Turkish economy, which grew by 4.5% in the first quarter of 2020, contracted 9.9% in the second quarter due the measures taken against Covid-19, such as travel restrictions and partial quarantine rules. However, as the bans were lifted after the June, economy revived and the lower interest rates ensured the continuation of production and increase in demand. In the second quarter of the year, industrial production contracted by 16.7% compared to same period last year. In August, however industrial production increased by 10.4% annually. Leading indicators, point to a strong recovery in the third quarter.

Increase in the unit costs, exchange rate developments and rising food prices due to the epidemic caused higher levels of inflation in the third quarter. Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey increased the policy rate from 8.25% to 10.25%, to limit the risk on economic outlook and control inflation in the context of a fast recovering economy supported by strong loan impulse.

In September, Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance announced the New Economic Program for 2021-2023. According to this program, growth for 2021 is forecasted at 5.8%, whereas for 2022 and 2023 5% growth is predicted. Leading indicators point to a strong V-type recovery that might lead to 0.3% growth in 2020. Consumer inflation is targeted to 10.5% in 2020 and 8% in 2021.

International Monetary Fund (IMF) revised its global growth expectation from - 5.2% to - 4.4% for 2020 global economy in its recent "Global Economic Outlook" report emphasizing that the world economy has recovered faster than expected in the third quarter. The organization has not altered Turkish economy growth expectations and kept its growth forecast at - 5% in 2020, 5% in 2021. Risks and uncertainty on global growth increases as vaccine studies against the epidemic continues and number of Covid-19 cases rises during the winter.

In a process that embodies both risks and opportunities, TEB's goal as one of the leading players in Turkey's banking industry has always been and always will be to continue contributing to the Turkish economy and to create increasingly more value for all of its stakeholders through higher growth and productivity.

Yours respectfully, Yavuz Canevi

(*) Amounts in section seven expressed in full Turkish Lira ("TL") amount unless otherwise stated.

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

A. Chairman of Board of Directors and CEO's of the Parent Bank Assessments for The Interim Activities (continued)

CEO's Message

In the nine months to 30 September 2020, TEB's total consolidated assets increased by 25% and reached TL 136.8 billion, on which the bank registered a net profit of TL 1,201.3 million. Loans, the most important indicator of TEB's support for the economy and its customers, made up 59% of the bank's total consolidated assets.

Giving importance to risk management and asset quality as it always does, TEB's total consolidated lendings amounted to TL 80.4 billion in Q3 2020, while total consolidated deposits grew by 26.4% and stood at TL 91.3 billion in value. Continuing to maintain solid growth with a strong capital structure, TEB's consolidated shareholders' equity was TL 11.5 billion in the third quarter of the year while the bank's 18.79% consolidated capital adequacy ratio was well above the targeted 12% figure.

As of end-2020 Q3, while the rate of using alternative distribution channels by TEB customers was 83.2%, the number of active online banking customers exceeded 1.8 million and the number of active mobile banking customers exceeded 1.7 million. During the third quarter of the year, TEB also continued to invest in its CEPTETEB mobile banking app with no loss of momentum.

TEB continues to encourage saving habits among people in Turkey through its Marifetli Account product. A preferred choice of savers, TEB Marifetli Account continued to grow in the third quarter of the year as savers directed increasingly more of their TL assets into them. Earning daily interest and ensuring that the capital and interest are regularly put to work, Marifetli Account serve customers through TEB branches and CEPTETEB Marifetli Account serve customers by digital banking channels.

Joining the efforts to come to the aid of small businesses impacted by flood disaster in Giresun and Rize, TEB Business Banking is taking part in the Small & Medium Enterprises Development Organization's (KOSGEB) "Emergency Support Loan Program" in Giresun province and in Rize's Çayeli county. Under the program, firms proving that they have suffered from flood disaster may use loan facility up to TL 100 thousand with 12 months non-payment and then payable in equal installments at three-month intervals on terms of 36 months.

TİM-TEB Startup Business House acceleration programs that boost the efforts of entrepreneurs and technology firms are continuing online. As a result of the online presentation events that were organized in seven provinces during September, individualized Technology Company Acceleration Programs were initiated for close to a hundred entrepreneurs whose projects had been selected. With the addition of these new arrivals, the number of technology firms receiving TİM-TEB Startup Business House support has reached a thousand.

Having helped numerous entrepreneurs to benefit from grant support within TÜBİTAK's (Scientific and Technological Research Council of Turkey) Individual Young Enterprise (BiGG) Program since 2015, TEB was once again selected due to its' success as implementing agency for another two years. In the five years since the bank was admitted to the BiGG program, TEB has helped channel about TL 15 million worth of TÜBİTAK grants to 89 entrepreneurs. During the next two years, TEB will continue to accept BiGG Program applications from entrepreneurs with technology-oriented business ideas through TİM-TEB Startup Business Houses and help them gain access to TL 200 thousand worth of grants while also supporting them in other ways as well.

Distinguishing itself in the financial services industry through its innovative banking products and services, TEB was the recipient of numerous international awards and recognitions during the third quarter of the year.

A. Chairman of Board of Directors and CEO's of the Parent Bank Assessments for The Interim Activities (continued)

CEO's Message (continued)

CEPTETEB, TEB's mobile banking app noted for its innovative features and outstanding product and service offerings, was chosen by Global Finance as the best retail banking digital platform in the magazine's "World's Best Digital Banks 2020" awards program.

CEPTETEB İŞTE, a commercial-banking app that allows SME, corporate, and commercial customers to take care of much of their banking needs quickly and easily, was chosen by The Asian Banker as "The Best Mobie Banking App" in the magazine's latest round of Financial Technology Innovation Awards. CEPTETEB İŞTE also picked up an award in the Mobile category of The Banker magazine's Digital Banking Innovation Awards program.

In the 2020 round of International Finance magazine's finance-industry awards, TEB Private Banking was once again given the publication's "Most Innovative Private Banking" award. TEB Private Banking has won this award three times in a row since 2018 as a result of its problem-solving approach in addressing the needs of investment advisory and digital services as well as its pioneering efforts in the private banking business line.

In recognition of its outstandingly innovative cash-management solutions designed for SME and corporate customers, TEB also received the "Best Cash Management Bank in Turkey" awards from Asian Banking and Finance.

Yours respectfully, Ümit Leblebici

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

B. Shareholding Structure

As of 30 September 2020;

	2,204,390,000.00 TL Paid in Capital		
Name of Shareholders	Share	Ratio	
TEB Holding A.Ş.	1,212,414,500.002	55.0000%	
BNPP Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	518,342,498.520	23.5141%	
BNP Paribas Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	467,879,148.835	21.2249%	
BNP Paribas SA	5,253,352.000	0.2383%	
Kocaeli Chamber of Commerce	500,500.643	0.0227%	
Total	2,204,390,000.00	100.00%	

C. Management And Corporate Governance Practices

Name	Title
Yavuz Canevi	Chairman of the Board of Directors
Dr. Akın Akbaygil	Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors
Jean Paul Sabet	Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors
Ayşe Aşardağ	Member of the Board of Directors and Vice Chairman of the Audit Committee
François Andre Jesualdo Benaroya	Member of the Board of Directors
Yvan L.A.M. De Cock	Member of the Board of Directors and Audit Committee
Sabri Davaz	Member of the Board of Directors and Audit Committee
Xavier Henri Jean Guilmineau	Member of the Board of Directors
Özden Odabaşı	Member of the Board of Directors
Hans Wilfried J. Broucke	Member of the Board of Directors
Nicolas de Baudinet de Courcelles	Member of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Audit Committee
Ümit Leblebici	Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Member

Information on Participation of Board Members and Committee Members into Respective Meetings

As of 30 September 2020 the Board of Directors have accepted 174 resolutions and Audit Committee 39 resolutions. The Board Members and Committee Members have participated into respective meetings at sufficient levels.

Executive Management

General Manager, Assistant General Managers and Their Responsibilities in the Bank

Name	Title
Ümit Leblebici	Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Member
Gökhan Mendi	Senior Assistant General Manager, Retail and Private Banking Group
Mustafa Aşkın Dolaştır	Assistant General Manager, Financial Affairs
Bade Siphaioğlu Işık	Assistant General Manager, Human Resources Group
Gökhan Özdil	Assistant General Manager, Corporate Loans Group
Osman Durmuş	Assistant General Manager, Retail and Micro SME Loans Group
Melis Coşan Baban	Secretary of the Board of Directors, Head of Legal Affairs
Mehmet Ali Cer	Assistant General Manager, Information Technologies
Kubilay Güler	Assistant General Manager, Banking Operations and Support Services
Akil Özçay	Assistant General Manager, Fixed Income
Ömer Abidin Yenidoğan	Assistant General Manager, Corporate Investment Banking
Dr. Tuğrul Özbakan	Assistant General Manager, Treasury & ALM
Gülümser Özgün Henden	Assistant General Manager, Corporate Banking
Ali İhsan Arıdaşır	Assistant General Manager, SME Loans
Ali Gökhan Cengiz	Assistant General Manager, SME Banking
Nimet Elif Akpınar	Chief Risk Officer
Hakan Tıraşın	Head of Internal Audit
Birol Deper	Head of Compliance Group and Internal Control Group, Consumer Relations
	Coordination Officer

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

D. Significant Events and Transactions in the Current Period

Amendments to Main Contract in 1 January – 30 September 2020:

There have been no changes to the main contract during the period of 1 January -30 September 2020.

Significant Events and Transaction in the Current Period:

Past due receivables amounting to TL 326,645 for which TL 315,605 of provision had been allocated, is sold for TL 26,160 during 2020. After all sales procedures were completed, these past due receivables have been written off from the portfolio.

Summary of Financial Results:

	30 September 2020 Consolidated	31 December 2019 Consolidated
(million TL)	Financial Statements	Financial Statements
Loans, Net	78,552	67,467
Loans(*)	78,702	66,964
Non-Performing Loans	3,872	4,179
Expected Loses	(4,022)	(3,676)
Total Assets	136,765	109.214
Deposits	91,230	72,178
Shareholder's Equity	11,468	9,910
Net Income (Prior Period 30 September 2019)	1,201	825

(*) Includes factoring receivables.

Summary of Financial Results:

	30 September 2020	31 December 2019
	Consolidated	Consolidated
	Financial Statements	Financial Statements
Loans / Total Assets	57.44%	65.14%
Deposits / Total Assets	66.71%	66.09%
Return on Equity (Prior Period, 30 September 2019)	15.60%	11.79%
NPL Ratio	4,69%	5.87%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	18.79%	16.74%
Coverage Ratio	63.68%	57.05%

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

E. Credit Ratings Assigned By Rating Agencies and Information On Their Contents (*)

TEB maintained its position as one of the most highly rated banks in Turkey. As of the third quarter of 2020, TEB's ratings were as follows:

Moody's Investor Services:

Baseline Credit Assessment Adjusted Baseline Credit Assessment Long Term FC Bank Deposits Short Term FC Bank Deposits Long Term LC Bank Deposits Short Term LC Bank Deposits Outlook b2 <u>Fitch Ratings:</u>	b3 b1 Caa1 NP B1 NP Negative
En in Commu	
Foreign Currency	B+
Long-term	B+ B
Short-term	-
Outlook	Negative
Turkish Lira	
Long-term	BB-
Short-term	В
Outlook	Negative
National	AA (tur)
Outlook	Stable
Viability Rating	b+

^(*) Ratings above are not performed based on the "Communiqué for Authorization and Activities of Rating Institutions" published by the Capital Markets Board.

F. Donations

The Parent Bank has donated TL 9,095,742 with 88 items to the several agencies and institutions during the period of 1 January 2020 - 30 September 2020.