CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION
OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED CONSOLIDATED
INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
REVIEW REPORT
ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND IT'S SUBSIDIARIES

PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES AT 30 JUNE 2022 WITH AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the General Assembly of Türk Ekonomi Bankası Anonim Şirketi

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Türk Ekonomi Bankası A.Ş.("the Bank") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") as at 30 June 2022, and the consolidated statement of balance sheet, consolidated statement of income and expense items under shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for period ending on the same date, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The Bank management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the accompanying interim financial information in accordance with "the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Reporting Regulations" including the regulation on "The Procedures and Principles Regarding Banks' Accounting Practices and Maintaining Documents" published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with No. 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Board and circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA, and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" principles for the matters not legislated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standard on Review Engagements (ISRE) 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit conducted in accordance with Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim financial information does not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Türk Ekonomi Bankası A.Ş as of 30 June 2022, and of the results of its operations and its cash flows for the nine-month period then ended in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Reporting Regulations.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim financial information provided in the Management's interim report included in section seven of the accompanying consolidated financial statements, is not presented fairly, in all material respects, and is not consistent with the reviewed interim financial statements and the explanatory notes.

Additional paragraph for English translation:

BRSA Accounting and Reporting Regulations explained in detail in Section 3 differ from International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board with respect to the application of inflation accounting. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, changes in equity and cash flows of the Bank in accordance with IFRS.

DRT BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE SERBEST MUHASEBECİ MALİ MÜŞAVİRLİK A.Ş. Member of **DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU LIMITED**

Yaman Polat Partner

İstanbul, 29 July 2022

Convenience Translation of Publicly Announced Consolidated Interim Financial Statements and Review Report Originally Issued in Turkish, See in Note I. of Section Three

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT OF TÜRK EKONOMİ BANKASI A.Ş. AS OF AND FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

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The consolidated financial report for the six-month period, prepared in accordance with "Communiqué on the Financial Statements and the Related Policies and Disclosures to be Publicly Announced" as regulated by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is consist of the sections listed below:

- General Information about the Parent Bank
- Consolidated Interim Financial Statements of the Parent Bank
- Explanations on the Accounting Policies Applied in The Related Period
- Information on Financial Structure and Risk Management of the Group which is under Consolidation
- Disclosures and Notes on Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
- Auditor's Review Report
- Interim Activity Report

The subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities, financial statements have been consolidated in this reporting package are as follows:

		Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries Associates J			
	1	TEB Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	-	-		
Î	2	TEB Faktoring A.Ş.	-	-		
ĺ	3	TEB Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	-	-		

The accompanying consolidated financial statements for the six-month period, related disclosures and notes which have been reviewed and presented in this report are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, the related statements and guidance, and incompliance with the financial records of the Parent Bank, and unless stated otherwise, presented in **thousands of Turkish Lira**.

Nicolas de Baudinet

Dr. Akın Akbaygil de Courcelles Ayşe Aşardağ Ümit Leblebici M. Aşkın Dolaştır Kamer Kıdıl

Chairman Chairman Vice Chairman Chief Executive Assistant General Director of the Board of Manager Responsible of Responsible of of the Audit of the Audit Officer Directors Committee Committee Financial Reporting Financial Reporting

Information related to responsible personnel for the questions can be raised about financial statements:

Name-Surname/Title: Aslıhan Kaya / External Reporting Manager

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		Page Number
	SECTION ONE General Information	
I.	History of the Parent Bank, including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status	1
II.	Explanation on the Parent Bank's capital structure, shareholders of the parent bank who are in charge of the management and/or	
III.	auditing of the parent bank directly or indirectly, changes in these matters (if any), and the Group the Bank's belongs to Explanations regarding the chairman and the members of board of directors, audit committee,	1
	general manager and assistants and shares of the parent bank they possess	2
IV. V.	Information on the Parent Bank's qualified shareholders Summary on the Parent Bank's functions and lines of activity	3
VI.	Differences between the Communiqué on preparation of consolidated financial statements of banks and Turkish Accounting Standards and short	
	explanation about the entities subject to full consolidation or proportional consolidation and entities which are deducted from equity or entities which are not included in these three methods	3
VII.	Current or likely, actual or legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between parent bank and its subsidiaries	3
	SECTION TWO	
	Consolidated Financial Statements	_
I. II.	Consolidated balance sheet Consolidated statement of off-balance sheet items	5 7
III.	Consolidated statement of profit or loss	8
IV. V.	Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity	9 10
VI.	Consolidated statement of cash flows	11
	SECTION THREE	
	Accounting Policies	
I. II.	Basis of presentation Explanations on usage strategy of financial assets and foreign currency transactions	12 13
III.	Information about the Parent Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries	14
IV. V.	Explanations on forward and option contracts and derivative instruments Explanations on interest income and expenses	14 16
VI.	Explanations on fees and commission income and expenses	16
VII. VIII.	Explanations on financial assets Explanations on impairment of financial assets	17 19
IX.	Explanations on offsetting of financial assets and liabilities	22
X. XI.	Explanations on sales and repurchase agreements and lending of securities Explanations on assets held for sale, discontinued operations and liabilities related to those assets	22 22
XII.	Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets	23
XIII. XIV.	Explanations on tangible assets Explanations on leasing transactions	24 24
XV.	Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities	24
XVI. KVII.	Explanations on contingent assets Explanations on liabilities regarding employee benefits	25 25
VIII.	Explanations on taxation	26
XIX. XX.	Additional explanations on borrowings Explanations on issued equity securities	27 27
XXI.	Explanations on bill guarantees and acceptances	27
XXII. XIII.	Explanations on government incentives Explanations on reporting according to segmentation	27 28
XIV.	Explanations on other matters	29
XXV.	Reclassifications SECTION FOUR	29
	Information on Consolidated Financial Structure and Risk Management of the Group	
I. II.	Explanations related to components of consolidated shareholders' equity	30 36
III.	Explanations related to the consolidated currency risk Explanations related to the consolidated interest rate risk	38
IV. V.	Explanations related to equity share position risk in consolidated banking accounts Explanations related to consolidated liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio	40 41
VI.	Explanations related to consolidated liquidity risk management and riquidity coverage ratio Explanations related to consolidated leverage ratio	46
VII. VIII.	Explanations related to consolidated risk management Explanations related to consolidated credit risk	47 55
IX.	Securization disclosures	57
X.	Explanations related to consolidated market risk	57
	SECTION FIVE	
I.	Explanations and Disclosures on Consolidated Financial Statements Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets	58
II.	Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated liabilities	72
III. IV.	Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated off-balance sheet items Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated statement of income	77 78
V.	Explanations and disclosures related to risk group of the Parent Bank	83
VI.	Explanations and disclosures related to subsequent events	84
	SECTION SIX Independent Auditor's Review Report	
I.	Explanations on the independent auditor's review report	84
II.	Other notes and explanations prepared by the independent auditors	84 84
	SECTION SEVEN Information on Interim Activity Report	
ī		85
I.	Interim period reports included Chairman of the Board of Directors and CEO's of the Parent Bank Assessments for the interim activities	0.5

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

SECTION ONE

GENERAL INFORMATION

I. History of the Parent Bank, Including its Incorporation Date, Initial Legal Status and Amendments to Legal Status

Türk Ekonomi Bankası Anonim Şirketi ("The Bank" or "TEB"), which had been a local bank incorporated in Kocaeli in 1927 under the name of Kocaeli Halk Bankası T.A.Ş. was acquired by the Çolakoğlu Group in 1982. Its title was changed as Türk Ekonomi Bankası A.Ş. and its headquarters moved to İstanbul. On 10 February 2005, BNP Paribas took over 50% of shares of TEB Holding A.Ş. Consequently, BNP Paribas became indirect shareholder of TEB with 42.125% ownership. In 2009, BNP Paribas Group successively acquired 75% of Fortis Bank Belgium and 66% of Fortis Bank Luxembourg and became the shareholder holding the majority of the shares of Fortis Bank Turkey. The indirect majority shareholders of TEB which are BNP Paribas and Çolakoğlu Group has agreed on the merger of TEB and Fortis Bank under the trademark of TEB and following the authorizations obtained from the regulatory authorities on 14 February 2011 the legal merge of two banks has been performed. The process regarding the procedure has been summarized below. As a result of the merger of TEB Holding, TEB has a majority stake of 55% and on the other hand Çolakoğlu Group and BNP Paribas have the share of 50%.

II. Explanation on the Parent Bank's Capital Structure, Shareholders of the Parent Bank who are in Charge of the Management and/or Auditing of the Parent Bank Directly or Indirectly, Changes in These Matters (if any), and the Group the Parent Bank's Belongs to

As of 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021 the shareholders' structure and their respective ownerships are summarized as follows:

	30 June 20	022	31 December	2021
	Paid-in		Paid-in	
Name of Shareholders	Capital	%	Capital	%
TEB Holding A.Ş.	1,212,415	55.00	1,212,415	55.00
BNPP Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	518,342	23.51	518,342	23.51
BNP Paribas Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	467,879	21.23	467,879	21.23
BNP Paribas SA	5,253	0.24	5,253	0.24
Kocaeli Ticaret Odası	501	0.02	501	0.02
	2,204,390	100.00	2,204,390	100.00

As of 31 June 2022, the Parent Bank's paid-in-capital consists of 2,204,390,000 shares of TL 1.00 (full TL) nominal each.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations Regarding the Chairman and the Members of Board of Directors, Audit Committee, General Manager and Assistants and Shares of the Parent Bank They Possess

Name Board of Directors;	<u>Title</u>	Education
Dr. Akın Akbaygil	Chairman of the Board of Directors	PhD
François Andre Jesualdo Benaroya	Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors	University
Nicolas de Baudinet de Courcelles	Member of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Audit Committee	University
Ayşe Aşardağ	Member of the Board of Directors and Vice Chairman of the Audit Committee	University
Yavuz Canevi	Member of the Board of Directors	Master
Hans Wilfried J. Broucke	Member of the Board of Directors	Master
Özden Odabaşı	Member of the Board of Directors	Master
Sandrine Ferdane	Member of the Board of Directors	University
Ayşe Meral Çimenbiçer	Member of the Board of Directors, Audit Committee Member	University
Metin Toğay	Member of the Board of Directors	Master
Didier Albert N. Van Hecke	Member of the Board of Directors, Audit Committee Member	Master
Ümit Leblebici	General Manager and the Executive Member	Master
Assistant General Managers;		
Gökhan Mendi	Senior Assistant General Manager Responsible from Retail and Private Banking Group	Master
Ali İhsan Arıdaşır	Assistant General Manager Responsible from SME Loans	University
Melis Coşan Baban	Chief Legal Advisor and Secretary of the Board of Directors	Master
Ali Gökhan Cengiz	Assistant General Manager Responsible from SME Banking	Master
Mehmet Ali Cer	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Information Technologies	Master
Mustafa Aşkın Dolaştır	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Financial Affairs Group	Master
Osman Durmuş	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Retail and Small Business Credit Group	University
Orhan Hatipoğlu	Assistant General Manager of Banking Operations and Support Services Group	University
Bade Sipahioğlu Işık	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Human Resources Group	Master
Dr. Tuğrul Özbakan	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Asset Liability Management and Treasury Group	PhD
Akil Özçay	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Financial Markets	Master
Gökhan Özdil		University
Ömer Abidin Yenidoğan	Assistant General Manager Responsible from Corporate Investment Banking Group	Master
Group Heads (*);		
Nimet Elif Kocaayan	Head of Group Risk Management	University
Birol Deper	Head of Compliance Group and Internal Control Group, Consumer Relations Coordination Officer	Master
Internal Audit (*); Hakan Tıraşın	Head of Internal Audit	University

^(*) Group Heads and Head of Internal Audit are in Assistant General Manager status.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Information on the Parent Bank's Qualified Shareholders

	Share	Share	Paid up	Unpaid
Name/Commercial Name	Amount	Ratio	Shares	Shares
TEB Holding A.Ş.	1,212,415	55.00%	1,212,415	-
BNPP Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	518,342	23.51%	518,342	-
BNP Paribas Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	467,879	21.23%	467,879	_

TEB Holding A.Ş. is a member of both Çolakoğlu and BNP Paribas groups. 50% of the shares of TEB Holding A.Ş. are controlled by BNP Paribas Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş., while the remaining 50% is controlled by Çolakoğlu Group. BNP Paribas Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş. is controlled by BNP Paribas Fortis NV/SA whose shareholders are BNP Paribas Fortis NV/SA by 100% shares, respectively. 100% of the shares of BNPP Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş. are controlled by BNP Paribas SA.

V. Summary on the Parent Bank's Functions and Lines of Activity

The Parent Bank's operating areas include, corporate, commercial, SME, retail and private banking as well as project finance and custody operations. Besides the ordinary banking operations, the Parent Bank is handling agency functions through its branches on behalf of TEB Portföy Yönetim A.Ş., Zurich Sigorta A.Ş. and Cardif Hayat Sigorta A.Ş. As of 30 June 2022, the Parent Bank has 453 local branches and 4 foreign branches (31 December 2021: 451 local branches, 4 foreign branches). As of 30 June 2022, the number of employees of the Group is 8,817 (31 December 2021: 9,129).

VI. Differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards and Short Explanation about the Entities Subject to Full Consolidation or Proportional Consolidation and Entities which are deducted from Equity or Entities which are not Included in These Three Methods

There is no difference for the Parent Bank, except for the non-financial subsidiary, between the consolidation process according to the Turkish Accounting Standards and the Communiqué of the Preparation of Financial Statements of Banks in Turkey.

The Parent Bank owns 0.1% but the Group owns 33.3% share of Bantaş Nakit ve Kıymetli Mal Taşıma ve Güvenlik Hizmetleri A.Ş, it is presented as joint venture in financial statements however, and it is carried by cost value since necessary requirements for consolidation is not met.

TEB ARF Teknoloji A.Ş., a non-financial subsidiary owned 100% and by the Parent Bank, was registered in the Trade Registry Gazette on 16 July 2020. The Parent Bank presents TEB ARF Teknoloji A.Ş. in the subsidiaries line in its financial statements.

VII. Current or Likely, Actual or Legal Barriers to Immediate Transfer of Equity or Repayment of Debts between Parent Bank and its Subsidiaries

None.

SECTION TWO

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- I. Consolidated Balance Sheet
- II. Consolidated Statement of Off-Balance Sheet Items
- III. Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss
- IV. Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
- V. Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
- VI. Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

	ASSETS			Reviewed Current Period 30.06.2022	d]	Audited Prior Period 31.12.2021			
		Section 5 Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total		
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		21,292,953	54,414,340	75,707,293		45,387,952	65,533,760		
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents		9,080,552	48,274,316	57,354,868		40,091,185	47,429,571		
	Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(I-1)	7,896,511	39,647,731	47,544,242		30,072,800	35,791,295		
	Banks	(I-4)	75,323	8,658,424	8,733,747		10,045,520	11,664,738		
1.1.3	Receivables from Money Markets	()	1,111,595	-	1,111,595	3,245		3,245		
1.1.4	Expected Loss Provisions (-)		2,877	31,839	34,716	2,572	27,135	29,707		
1.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		2,317,486	778,315	3,095,801	2,001,648	792,140	2,793,788		
1.2.1	Government Debt Securities	(I-2)	2,246,450	504,547	2,750,997	1,942,260	549,168	2,491,428		
1.2.2	Equity Securities		71,036	152,530	223,566	59,388	135,326	194,714		
1.2.3	Other Financial Assets		-	121,238	121,238	-	107,646	107,646		
1.3	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(I-5)	4,716,131	4,789,385	9,505,516	3,002,601	4,173,355	7,175,956		
1.3.1	Government Debt Securities		4,698,626	4,789,385	9,488,011	2,989,351	4,173,355	7,162,706		
1.3.2	Equity Securities		17,505	-	17,505	13,250	-	13,250		
1.3.3	Other Financial Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-		
1.4	Derivative Financial Assets		5,178,784	572,324	5,751,108	7,803,173	331,272	8,134,445		
1.4.1 1.4.2	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive	(I-3)	4,590,837	471,152	5,061,989	6,006,577	325,399	6,331,976		
	Income	(I-12)	587,947	101,172	689,119	1,796,596	5,873	1,802,469		
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTIZED COST (Net)		125,352,541	53,383,325	178,735,866	88,788,499	39,222,999	128,011,498		
2.1	Loans	(I-6)	108,095,815	41,384,605	149,480,420	78,529,502	29,376,248	107,905,750		
2.2	Lease Receivables	(I-11)	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.3	Factoring Receivables	(I-15)	3,149,842	3,319,203	6,469,045	2,142,281	2,494,644	4,636,925		
2.4	Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	(I-7)	17,383,788	9,509,171	26,892,959	11,379,873		19,551,700		
2.4.1	Government Debt Securities		17,383,788	9,509,171	26,892,959	11,379,873	8,171,827	19,551,700		
2.4.2	Other Financial Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.5	Expected Credit Loss (-)		3,276,904	829,654	4,106,558	3,263,157	819,720	4,082,877		
III.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND									
	RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	(I-14)	84,393	-	84,393	65,933	-	65,933		
3.1	Held for Sale Purpose		84,393	-	84,393	65,933	-	65,933		
3.2	Related to Discontinued Operations			-			-			
IV.	EQUITY INVESTMENTS	~ ~	55	-	55	55	-	55		
4.1	Associates (Net)	(I-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-		
4.1.1	Associates Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Unconsolidated Associates	(T. 0)	-	-	-	-	-	-		
4.2	Subsidiaries (Net)	(I-9)	50	-	50	50	-	50		
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		50	-	50	50	-	50		
4.2.2 4.3	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries	(T 10)	50	-	50	50 5	-			
4.3.1	Joint Ventures (Net) Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method	(I-10)	5	-	5	5	-	5		
	Unconsolidated Joint Ventures		- 5	-	5	5	-	5		
V.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Net)		927,112	-	927,112	934,431	25	934.456		
V. VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		623,985	-	623,985	611,252	25	611,252		
6.1	Goodwill		421,124	-	421,124	421,124	-	421,124		
6.2	Other		202,861	-	202,861	190,128	-	190,128		
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Net)	(I-13)	202,001	_	202,001	170,126	_	170,120		
	CURRENT TAX ASSET	(1-13)	5,868	_	5,868	138,894	_	138,894		
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSET		1,662,973	-	1,662,973	147,376	_	147,376		
X.	OTHER ASSETS (Net)		4,801,576	472,471	5,274,047	2,636,070	774,824	3,410,894		
	TOTAL ASSETS		154,751,456	108,270,136	263,021,592	113,468,318	85,385,800	198,854,118		

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) (cont'd)

				Reviewed			Audited	
	I I A DIL ITIES		•	Current Peri	od		Prior Period 31.12.2021	
	LIABILITIES	Section 5	,	30.06.2022			31.12.2021	
		Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	DEPOSITS	(II-1)		97,157,060	185,773,839		76,232,284	131,582,973
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	(II-1)		15,970,764	18,874,483	2,368,497	17,430,679	19,799,176
III.	MONEY MARKET FUNDS	(II-4)	1,646,357	6,270,026	7,916,383	3,923,853	5,001,962	8,925,815
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	(II-3)	3,130,263	-	3,130,263	1,194,525	-,,	1,194,525
4.1	Bills		3,130,263	-	3,130,263	1,194,525	-	1,194,525
4.2	Asset Backed Securities		-	-	-	-	_	-
4.3	Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-
V.	FUNDS		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.1	Borrower Funds		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.2	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS		-	_	-	-	-	-
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		4,313,367	468,567	4,781,934	4,321,769	168,019	4,489,788
7.1 7.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other	(II-2)	4,185,985	467,091	4,653,076	3,995,359	163,818	4,159,177
	Comprehensive Income	(II-6)	127,382	1,476	128,858	326,410	4,201	330,611
VIII.	FACTORING LIABILITIES	(II-14)	1,921	9,162	11,083	1,809	19,468	21,277
IX.	LEASE LIABILITIES (Net)	(II-5)	582,699	27,447	610,146	539,737	37,923	577,660
х.	PROVISIONS	(II-7)	1,105,127	374,159	1,479,286	954,915	321,520	1,276,435
10.1	Restructuring Provisions		-	-	-		_	
10.2	Provision for Employee Benefits		845,646	62,060	907,706	738,641	55,663	794,304
10.3	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		250 401	212.000	-	216 274	265.057	400 101
10.4	Other Provisions	(TT 0)	259,481	312,099	571,580	216,274	265,857	482,131
XI. XII.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY	(II-8)	1,169,742	-	1,169,742	272,117	-	272,117
XIII.	LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR		-	-	-	-	-	-
A111.	SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)		_	_	_	_	_	_
13.1	Held For Sale		_	_	_	_	_	_
13.2	Held From Discontinued Operations		_	_	_	_	_	_
XIV.	SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS		-	8,541,655	8,541,655	_	7,239,036	7,239,036
14.1	Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.2	Other Debt Instruments		-	8,541,655	8,541,655	-	7,239,036	7,239,036
XV.	OTHER LIABILITIES	(II-4)	9,146,575	2,307,144	11,453,719	6,462,341	2,956,705	9,419,046
XVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(II-9)	19,542,777	(263,718)	19,279,059	14,232,260	(175,990)	14,056,270
16.1	Paid-in Capital		2,204,390	-	2,204,390	2,204,390	-	2,204,390
16.2	Capital Reserves		391,226	-	391,226	391,226	-	391,226
16.2.1	Share Premiums		2,565	-	2,565	2,565	-	2,565
16.2.2			-	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.3	Other Capital Reserves		388,661	-	388,661	388,661	-	388,661
16.3	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expense that will not be		(20.000)			.==		
1	Reclassified at Profit or Loss		(38,803)	-	(38,803)	(59,373)	-	(59,373)
16.4	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expense that will be		751 000	(262.710)	400 101	260,020	(175,000)	02.040
165	Reclassified at Profit or Loss		751,909	(263,718)	488,191	269,030	(175,990)	93,040
16.5	Profit Reserves		11,310,414	-	11,310,414	9,336,062	-	9,336,062
	Legal Reserves		649,424	-	649,424	550,906	-	550,906
16.5.2 16.5.3			10,773,450	-	10,773,450	8,478,674	-	8,478,674
16.5.4	•		(112,460)	-	(112,460)	306,482	-	306,482
16.5.4	Profit or Loss		4,906,759	-	4,906,759	2,072,708	-	2,072,708
16.6.1	Prior Periods' Profit / Loss		98,356	-	98,356	2,072,700	-	2,072,700
16.6.2			4,808,403	_	4,808,403	2,072,708	-	2,072,708
16.7	Minority Shares	(II-10)	16,882	_	16,882	18,217	-	18,217
10.7	•	(11 10)						
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		132,159,326	130,862,266	263,021,592	89,622,512	109,231,606	198,854,118

CONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AS OF 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. CONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

<u></u>			Reviewed Current Period 30.06.2022	d		Audited Prior Period 31.12.2021	
	Section 5 Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
A. OFF-BALANCE SHEET LIABILITIES (I+II+III)	Note	170,914,580		361,944,772	116,129,741	166,079,544	282,209,285
I. GUARANTEES AND SURETIES	(III-1)	11,336,492	36,849,354	48,185,846	8,470,096	30,062,181	38,532,277
1.1 Letters of Guarantee1.1.1 Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		7,432,521 147,751	17,639,764 183,070	25,072,285 330,821	7,056,943 133,980	14,037,146	21,094,089 281,490
1.1.1 Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law1.1.2 Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations		459,047	717,774	1,176,821	395,162	147,510 612,824	1,007,986
1.1.3 Other Letters of Guarantee		6,825,723	16,738,920	23,564,643	6,527,801	13,276,812	19,804,613
1.2 Bank Acceptances		-	57,169	57,169	-	33,680	33,680
1.2.1 Import Letter of Acceptance		=	57,169	57,169	=	33,680	33,680
1.2.2 Other Bank Acceptances1.3 Letters of Credit		-	13,767,318	13,767,318	-	10,343,834	10,343,834
1.3.1 Documentary Letters of Credit		-	4,368,189	4,368,189	-	4,046,781	4,046,781
1.3.2 Other Letters of Credit		_	9,399,129	9,399,129	-	6,297,053	6,297,053
1.4 Prefinancing Given as Guarantee		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5 Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.1 Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2 Other Endorsements1.6 Purchase Guarantees for Securities Issued		_	_	_			_
1.7 Factoring Guarantees		_	_	_	_	_	_
1.8 Other Guarantees		2,040,092	4,765,613	6,805,705	1,384,153	4,279,755	5,663,908
1.9 Other Collaterals		1,863,879	619,490	2,483,369	29,000	1,367,766	1,396,766
II. COMMITMENTS 2.1 Irrevocable Commitments	(III-1)	29,910,106	8,166,902 8,166,902	38,077,008	24,869,317	8,633,167	33,502,484
2.1 Irrevocable Commitments 2.1.1 Asset Purchase Commitments		29,910,106 1,286,346	7,567,855	38,077,008 8,854,201	24,869,317 3,543,805	8,633,167 7,707,411	33,502,484 11,251,216
2.1.2 Deposit Purchase and Sale Commitments		1,200,340	305,613	305,613	3,343,603	7,707,411	-
2.1.3 Share Capital Commitment to Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.4 Loan Granting Commitments		9,236,907	59,874	9,296,781	7,121,357	52,502	7,173,859
2.1.5 Securities Issuance Brokerage Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.6 Commitments for Reserve Deposit Requirements 2.1.7 Commitments for Cheque Payments		2.841.698	=	2,841,698	2,135,381	=	2,135,381
2.1.7 Commitments for Cheque Fayments 2.1.8 Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments		63,299	-	63,299	51,363	-	51,363
2.1.9 Commitments for Credit Card Limits		16,474,347	=	16,474,347	12,007,806	=	12,007,806
2.1.10 Commitments for Credit Cards and Banking Services Promotions		2,817	-	2,817	5,797	=	5,797
2.1.11 Receivables from Short Sale Commitments on Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.12 Payables for Short Sale Commitments on Securities 2.1.13 Other Irrevocable Commitments		4,692	233,560	238,252	3,808	873,254	877,062
2.1 Revocable Commitments		4,092	233,300	236,232	3,606	673,234	677,002
2.2.1 Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2.2 Other Revocable Commitments		-	=	-	=	=	=
III. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS			146,013,936	275,681,918	82,790,328	127,384,196	210,174,524
3.1 Derivative Financial Instruments for Hedging Purposes 3.1.1 Fair Value Hedge		22,165,300	14,737,264	36,902,564	21,649,500	7,806,018	29,455,518
3.1.2 Cash Flow Hedge		22,165,300	14,737,264	36,902,564	21,649,500	7,806,018	29,455,518
3.1.3 Foreign Net Investment Hedges		,,		-	,,	-	
3.2 Held for Trading Transactions			131,276,672	238,779,354	61,140,828	119,578,178	180,719,006
3.2.1 Forward Foreign Currency Buy-Sell Transactions		16,023,147	21,338,116	37,361,263	11,386,300	15,523,785	26,910,085
3.2.1.1 Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Buy 3.2.1.2 Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Sell		13,823,600	5,100,492	18,924,092	9,169,995	4,268,100	13,438,095 13,471,990
3.2.1.2 Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Sell 3.2.2. Swap Transactions Related to Foreign Currency and Interest Rates		2,199,547 78,578,058	16,237,624 83,903,468	18,437,171 162,481,526	2,216,305 47,269,862	11,255,685 90,288,974	137,558,836
3.2.2.1 Foreign Currency Swap-Buy		3,151,730	52,169,653	55,321,383	1,451,736	55,792,484	57,244,220
3.2.2.2 Foreign Currency Swap-Sell		41,501,328	15,240,451	56,741,779	30,279,126	26,837,944	57,117,070
3.2.2.3 Interest Rate Swaps-Buy		16,962,500	8,246,682	25,209,182	7,769,500	3,829,273	11,598,773
3.2.2.4 Interest Rate Swaps-Sell		16,962,500	8,246,682	25,209,182	7,769,500	3,829,273	11,598,773
3.2.3 Foreign Currency, Interest Rate and Securities Options3.2.3.1 Foreign Currency Options-Buy		9,645,420 6,418,342	21,390,053 5,738,752	31,035,473 12,157,094	2,116,848 1,630,468	11,241,994 2,022,308	13,358,842 3,652,776
3.2.3.2 Foreign Currency Options-Sell		3,227,078	8,722,821	11,949,899	486,380	3,144,606	3,630,986
3.2.3.3 Interest Rate Options-Buy		-	3,464,240	3,464,240	-	3,037,540	3,037,540
3.2.3.4 Interest Rate Options-Sell		-	3,464,240	3,464,240	-	3,037,540	3,037,540
3.2.3.5 Securities Options-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.3.6 Securities Options-Sell 3.2.4 Foreign Currency Futures		2 256 057	2 700 556	6.044.612	267.010	420 172	906 001
3.2.4 Foreign Currency Futures 3.2.4.1 Foreign Currency Futures-Buy		3,256,057 3,243,312	2,788,556 19,502	6,044,613 3,262,814	367,818 329,039	439,173 113,632	806,991 442,671
3.2.4.2 Foreign Currency Futures-Sell		12,745	2,769,054	2,781,799	38,779	325,541	364,320
3.2.5 Interest Rate Futures		-	=	-	=	=	=
3.2.5.1 Interest Rate Futures-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.5.2 Interest rate Futures-Sell		-	1 956 470	1 056 470	-	2 094 252	2.094.252
3.2.6 Other B. CUSTODY AND PLEDGES RECEIVED (IV+V+VI)		216,236,626	1,856,479 97,224,767	1,856,479 313,461,393	191,502,856	2,084,252 77,886,471	2,084,252 269,389,327
IV. ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		49,526,590	16,390,175	65,916,765	43,658,517	11,330,004	54,988,521
4.1 Customer Fund and Portfolio Balances		10,864,388		10,864,388	7,112,025		7,112,025
4.2 Investment Securities Held In Custody		7,825,846	13,305,284	21,131,130	14,741,218	8,458,577	23,199,795
4.3 Cheques Received for Collection		30,017,682	2,149,008	32,166,690	20,823,940	2,178,366	23,002,306
4.4 Commercial Notes Received for Collection		745,304	207,629	952,933	591,700	132,493	724,193
 4.5 Other assets Received for Collection 4.6 Assets Received for Public Offering 		125	728,254	728,379	125	560,568	560,693
4.7 Other Items under Custody		73,245	-	73,245	389,509	-	389,509
4.8 Custodians		. 5,2 15	-	.5,2 15		-	
V. PLEDGES RECEIVED		164,577,628	80,086,139	244,663,767	147,068,982	66,228,730	213,297,712
5.1 Marketable Securities		147,251	924,577	1,071,828	122,836	673,062	795,898
5.2 Guarantee Notes 5.3 Commodity		60,000,294	56,064,590	116,064,884	54,425,408	45,321,890	99,747,298
5.3 Commodity 5.4 Warranty		79,629	101,932	181,561	226,267	-	226,267
5.5 Immovables		86,813,216	17,409,630	104,222,846	78,588,982	15,290,955	93,879,937
5.6 Other Pledged Items		17,537,238	5,585,410	23,122,648	13,705,489	4,942,823	18,648,312
5.7 Pledged Items-Depository		=	=	-	-	=	=
VI. ACCEPTED BILLS AND SURETIES		2,132,408	748,453	2,880,861	775,357	327,737	1,103,094
TOTAL OFF BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (A+B)	-	387,151,206	288,254,959	675,406,165	307,632,597	243,966,015	551,598,612

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

	INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS	Section 5 Note	Reviewed Current Period 01.01-30.06.2022	Reviewed Prior Period 01.01-30.06.2021	Reviewed Current Period 01.04-30.06.2022	Reviewed Prior Period 01.04-30.06.2021
I.	INTEREST INCOME	(IV-1)	14,175,692	7,280,930	8,318,595	3,743,454
1.1	Interest Income on Loans	(- · -)	9,528,202	5,247,378	5,422,982	2,765,091
1.2	Interest Income on Reserve Requirements		106,992	177,830	14,926	105,267
1.3	Interest Income on Banks		82,365	92,638	51,352	51,875
1.4	Interest Income on Money Market Transactions		73,767	95,597	39,476	45,776
1.5	Interest Income on Securities Portfolio		3,962,435	1,443,144	2,550,441	672,334
1.5.1	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		175,819	109,798	48,759	61,061
1.5.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		674,295	366,774	440,869	175,605
1.5.3 1.6	Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost Financial Lease Income		3,112,321	966,572	2,060,813	435,668
1.7	Other Interest Income		421,931	224,343	239,418	103,111
II.	INTEREST EXPENSE (-)	(IV-2)	6,285,110	4,081,753	3,551,641	2,138,528
2.1	Interest Expense on Deposits		5,125,227	3,280,186	2,912,062	1,772,581
2.2	Interest Expense on Funds Borrowed		660,324	375,649	366,081	204,859
2.3	Interest Expense on Money Market Transactions		132,089	113,679	54,890	19,700
2.4	Interest Expense on Securities Issued		170,020	221,291	133,884	110,855
2.5	Interest Expense on Leases		74,062	50,836	39,119	25,895
2.6	Other Interest Expenses		123,388	40,112	45,605	4,638
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)		7,890,582	3,199,177	4,766,954	1,604,926
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		1,137,433	714,086	621,288	361,734
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		1,965,111	1,161,701	1,087,867	592,451
4.1.1	Non-cash Loans		256,376	146,882	137,174	72,985
4.1.2	Other	(IV-9)	1,708,735	1,014,819	950,693	519,466
4.2	Fees and Commissions Paid (-)		827,678	447,615	466,579	230,717
4.2.1	Non-cash Loans		4,897	4,436	2,316	2,191
4.2.2	Other	(IV-9)	822,781	443,179	464,263	228,526
V.	DIVIDEND INCOME	(TT (2))	6,357	2,783	5,042	375
VI.	TRADING INCOME / LOSS (Net)	(IV-3)	509,808	(1,336,817)	301,008	(806,526)
6.1	Securities Trading Gains / Losses		(17,177)	74,544	(22,249)	59,071
6.2	Gains / Losses on Derivative Financial Instruments		(1,677,568)	(1,304,260)	(1,108,970)	(958,592)
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains / Losses	(TX7.4)	2,204,553	(107,101)	1,432,227	92,995
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	(IV-4)	115,793	96,870	71,193	34,122
IX.	GROSS OPERATING PROFIT (III+IV+V+VI+VII) EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (-)	(IV-5)	9,659,973 351,164	2,676,099 (122,033)	5,765,485 158,056	1,194,631 (146,590)
X.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	(IV-5)	(879)	2,754	1,149	1,379
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSE (-)	(1 V -3)	1,599,205	935,916	884,070	482,005
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	(IV-6)	1,451,274	1,029,837	772,814	508,035
	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)	(11-0)	6,259,209	829,625	3,949,396	349,802
	EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER PROFIT/LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BASED ON EQUITY METHOD		-	-	-	-
	PROFIT/LOSS ON NET MONETARY POSITION		-	-	-	-
XVII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUED					
	OPERATIONS (XIII++XVI)		6,259,209	829,625	3,949,396	349,802
	TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(IV-7)	1,445,385	165,341	775,897	63,481
18.1	Current Tax Provision		3,088,858	180,139	854,014	164,647
18.2	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		1,163,808	1,099,512	973,896	541,658
18.3	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-) CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED		(2,807,281)	(1,114,310)	(1,052,013)	(642,824)
AIA.	OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII)		4,813,824	664,284	3,173,499	286,321
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS					
20.1	Income from Non-current Assets Held for Sale		-	-	-	•
20.1	Profit from Sales of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		-	-	-	-
20.2	Income from Other Discontinued Operations		-	-	=	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)					
21.1	Expenses from Non-current Assets Held for Sale					
21.2	Loss from Sales of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		_	_	_	_
21.3	Expenses for Other Discontinued Operations		_	_	_	_
	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED					
*****	OPERATIONS (XX-XXI)	(TT 7 =	-	-	-	-
	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(IV-7)	-	-	-	-
23.1	Current Tax Provision		-	-	-	-
23.2	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		-	-	-	-
23.3	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		-	-	-	-
AAIV	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED					
vvv	OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII) NET INCOME/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	(IV-8)	4,813,824	664,284	3,173,499	286,321
25.1	Group's Profit / Loss	(IV-0)	4,808,403	661,096	3,170,463	284,721
25.2	Minority Interest Profit / Loss (-)		5,421	3,188	3,036	1,600
٠.٠	Earnings per Share		2.1813	0.2999	1.4383	0.1292
	O. I		010		21.305	******

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Reviewed Current Period 01.01-30.06.2022	Reviewed Prior Period 01.01-30.06.2021
I.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS	4,813,824	664,284
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	415,770	160,930
2.1	Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified through Profit or Loss	20,593	7,946
2.1.1	Increases / (Decreases) on Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment	-	-
2.1.2	Increases / (Decreases) on Revaluation of Intangible Assets	-	-
2.1.3	Gains / (Losses) on Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	11,933	7,788
2.1.4	Other Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified through Profit or Loss	4,255	1,808
2.1.5	Taxes Relating to Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified through		
	Profit or Loss	4,405	(1,650)
2.2	Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	395,177	152,984
2.2.1	Exchange Differences on Translation	-	-
2.2.2	Valuation and/or Reclassification Gains/Losses from Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other		
	Comprehensive Income	554,074	(132,988)
2.2.3	Income / (Losses) related with Cash Flow Hedges	(26,616)	317,267
2.2.4	Income / (Losses) related with Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	-	-
2.2.5	Other Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified through Other Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2.6	Taxes Relating to Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified through Profit		
	or Loss	(132,281)	(31,295)
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	5,229,594	825,214

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 **JUNE 2022**

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY V.

	STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHARE	EHOLDERS' E	QUITY			Income or E	d Other Compr xpense Not Rec gh Profit or Lo	classified	Income or E	ed Other Comp opense Reclassif Profit or Loss							
	Reviewed	Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share Cancellation Profit	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Period I Profit /(Loss)	Current Period Profit or Loss	Total Equity Except from Minority Shares	Minority Shares	Tota Shareholde s' Equit
	Prior Period - 01.01-30.06.2021																
I.	Prior Period End Balance	2,204,390	2,565	-	389,189	275,516	(4,120)	5,233	-	(88,151)	(226,704)	7,843,996	1,272,252	-	11,674,166	15,507	11,689,67
II.	Corrections According to TAS 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2.1	Effect of Corrections of Errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2.2	Effects of Changes in Accounting Policy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
III.	New Balance (I+II)	2,204,390	2,565	-	389,189	275,516	(4,120)	5,233	-	(88,151)	(226,704)	7,843,996	1,272,252	-	11,674,166	15,507	11,689,67
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	6,231	1,715	-	(101,364)	254,377	-	-	661,096	822,055	3,159	825,214
V.	Capital Increase by Cash	-	-	-	-	-			-	-		-	-				
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VII.	Paid-in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Shares		_		-			-				-		_		_	
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments		_		-			-				-		_		_	
X.	Increase/Decrease by Other Changes			-	(528)	(220,221)	_	-	_	_	-	230,246	(9,497)	-	_	_	
XI.	Profit Distribution			-	(020)	935	_	-	_	_	-	1,261,820	(1,262,755)	-	_	(5,183)	(5,183
11.1	Dividends Paid	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-,,	(-,,)	_	_	(5,183)	(5,183
11.2	Transfers to Reserves	_	_	_	_	935	_	_	_	_	_	1,261,820	(1,262,755)	_	_	(5,105)	(5,105)
11.3	Other	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-,,	(-,===,,==)	_	_	_	
	Period End Balance 30.06.2021 (III+IV+V+VI+VII+VIII+IX+X+XI)	2,204,390	2,565		388,661	56,230	2,111	6,948		(189,515)	27 673	9,336,062		661,096	12,496,221	13,483	12,509,704
		2,204,330	2,303		300,001	30,230	2,111	0,740		(105,515)	21,013	3,330,002		001,070	12,470,221	13,403	12,303,70
_	Current Period - 01.01-30.06.2022																
I.	Prior Period End Balance	2,204,390	2,565	-	388,661	56,230	(123,085)	7,482	-	(199,759)	292,799	9,336,062	2,072,708	-	14,038,053	18,217	14,056,270
II.	Corrections According to TAS 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2.1	Effects of Corrections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2.2	Effects of the Changes in Accounting Policies	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
III.	New Beginning Balance (I+II)	2,204,390	2,565	-	388,661	56,230	(123,085)	7,482	-	(199,759)	292,799	9,336,062	2,072,708	-	14,038,053	18,217	14,056,270
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	16,641	3,929	-	426,775	(31,624)	-	-	4,808,403	5,224,124	5,470	5,229,594
v.	Capital Increase by Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VII.	Paid-in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
X.	Increase/Decrease by Other Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	1,974,352	(1,974,352)	-	-	(6,805)	(6,805
11.1	Dividends Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	· · · · -	-	-	-	(6,805)	(6,805
11.2	Transfers to Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,974,352	(1,974,352)	-	-	-	
11.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Period End Balance 30.06.2022																
	(III+IV+V+VI+VII+VIII+IX+X+XI)	2,204,390	2,565	-	388,661	56,230	(106,444)	11,411		227,016	261 175	11,310,414	98,356	4,808,403	19,262,177	16,882	19,279,059

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

^{1.} Increase/decrease from tangble assets accumulated revaluation reserve,
2. Accumulated gains / losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans,
3. Other (Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted with equity method that will not be reclassified at profit or loss and other accumulated amounts of other comprehensive income items that will not be reclassified at profit or loss),
4. Foreign currency translation differences,
5. Accumulated revaluation and // or classification gains / losses of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income,
6. Other (Cash flow hedge gains / losses, other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted with equity method that will be reclassified at profit or loss and other accumulated amounts of other comprehensive income items that will be reclassified at profit or loss.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VI. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Section 5 Notes	Reviewed Current Period 01.01-30.06.2022	Reviewed Prior Period 01.01-30.06.2021
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS			
1.1	Operating Profit Before Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		12,485,572	2,169,059
1.1.1	Interest Received		9,830,769	6,799,566
1.1.2	Interest Paid		(5,317,050)	(3,943,736)
1.1.3	Dividend Received		516	2,783
1.1.4	Fees and Commissions Received		1,804,449	1,121,717
1.1.5	Other Income		5,097,387	171,414
1.1.6 1.1.7	Collections from Previously Written off Loans Payments to Personnel and Service Suppliers		716,705	581,767
1.1.7	Taxes paid		(1,545,071) (325,733)	(916,130) (143,560)
1.1.6	Others		2,223,600	(1,504,762)
1.1.)	Oulcis		2,223,000	(1,304,702)
1.2	Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		(7,540,205)	(8,686,787)
1.2.1	Net (Increase) in Financial Asset at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		(267,109)	326,412
1.2.2	Net (Increase) / Decrease in due from Banks and Other Financial Institutions		(35,502)	(26,090)
1.2.3	Net (Increase) in Loans		(37,743,944)	(2,376,295)
1.2.4	Net (Increase) in Other Assets		(9,318,872)	(3,204,815)
1.2.5	Net Decrease/(Increase) in Bank Deposits		(347,212)	(8,734,648)
1.2.6	Net Increase in Other Deposits		38,866,100	415,428
1.2.7	Net Increase in Financial Asset at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		-	-
1.2.8	Net Increase in Funds Borrowed		(1,014,666)	2,165,526
1.2.9	Net Increase in Matured Payables			- 2.545.605
1.2.10	Net Increase in Other Liabilities		2,321,000	2,747,695
I.	Net Cash Provided from Banking operations		4,945,367	(6,517,728)
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II.	Net Cash Provided from Investing Activities		(3,968,183)	282,218
2.1	Cash Paid for Purchase of Entities under Common Control, Associates and Subsidiaries (Joint Vent.)			
2.2	Cash Obtained from Sale of Entities Under Common Control, Associates and Subsidiaries (Joint		-	-
	Vent.)		-	-
2.3	Cash Paid for Purchase of Tangible Assets		(26,679)	(35,428)
2.4	Cash Obtained from Sale of Tangible Assets		2,680	2,606
2.5	Cash Paid for Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income Cash Obtained from Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		(1,691,167)	(2,609,245)
2.6 2.7	Cash Paid for Purchase of Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost		1,166,138 (4,380,039)	3,151,847
2.8	Cash Obtained from Sale of Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost		1,023,074	(1,638,693) 1,431,698
2.9	Others		(62,190)	(20,567)
			(02,170)	(20,307)
С.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III.	Net Cash Provided from Financing Activities		1,730,922	(2,346,270)
3.1	Cash Obtained from Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		4,856,005	4,778,157
3.2	Cash Used for Repayment of Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		(2,954,312)	(6,989,682)
3.3	Equity Instruments Issued		-	-
3.4	Dividends Paid		(6,805)	(5,183)
3.5	Payments for Financial Leases		(163,966)	(129,562)
3.6	Others		-	-
IV.	Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,802,153	731,754
V.	Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,510,259	(7,850,026)
VI.	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Period		31,414,865	24,235,224
VII.	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Period		35,925,124	16,385,198

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

SECTION THREE

ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

I. Basis of Presentation

a. Financial statements and related explanations and preparation of notes in compliance with Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS") and Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents:

The consolidated financial statements are prepared within the scope of the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" related with Banking Act numbered 5411 published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006 and in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to reporting principles on accounting records of Banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") put into effect by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. The format and content of the publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements and notes to these statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué on Publicly Announced Financial Statements, Explanations and Notes to These Financial Statements" and "Communiqué on Disclosures About Risk Management To Be Announced To Public By Banks" and amendments to this Communiqué. The Parent Bank maintains its books in Turkish Lira in accordance with the Banking Law, Turkish Commercial Code and Turkish Tax Legislation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in TL, under the historical cost convention except for the financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates by the Parent Bank management to exercise its judgment on the assets and liabilities of the balance sheet and contingent issues as of the balance sheet date. These estimates, which include the fair value calculations of financial instruments and impairments of financial assets are being audited regularly and, when necessary, suitable corrections are made, and the effects of these corrections are reflected to the income statement. Assumptions and estimates that are used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are explained in the following related disclosures.

The new type of coronavirus (COVID-19), first emerging in China, has been classified as a pandemic affecting countries globally by the World Health Organization on 11 March 2020. COVID-19 has impacts on economic conditions, sectors, businesses, consumers, as well as asset and commodity prices, liquidity, exchange rates, interest rates, money and capital markets and many other issues and it still maintains uncertainty about the future stands. While many countries announce economic and financial programs in order to limit the damage caused by the virus, Turkey also set regulatory fiscal and monetary actions in motion to support the companies and households in such difficult conditions. Additional regulatory measures are continued to be announced to tackle adverse impacts on companies and certain sectors.

The effects of this global pandemic on the Group's financial statements are regularly monitored by the Risk Management as well as the Parent Bank's Management. While preparing the consolidated financial statements at 30 June 2022, the Group reflected the possible effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on the estimates and judgements used in the preparation of the financial statements. Bank Management takes the necessary precautions in order to keep the negative effects under control and to be affected at the minimum level. The approach preferred for the period of 30 June 2022, will be revised in the following reporting periods, considering the effect of the pandemic and future expectations.

The tension between Russia and Ukraine since January 2022 turned into a crisis and a hot conflict. The Parent Bank does not carry out any activity in the two subject countries. Considering the geographies in which the Parent Bank operates, the crisis is not expected to have a direct impact on the Parent Bank's operations. However, since the course of the crisis is uncertain as of the report date, developments that may occur on a global scale, and the effects of these developments on the global and regional economy, on the Bank's operations are closely monitored and taken into account with the best estimation approach in the preparation of the financial statements.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

b. The accounting policies and the valuation principles applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements:

The accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements are subject to the regulations, communiqués, annotations and circulars issued by BRSA on accounting and financial reporting principles and the TFRS ("BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation") which has been put into force by the POA on issues not regulated by the BRSA determined according to the principles.

The amendments to TAS/TFRS, effective from 1 January 2022, do not have a significant impact on the Parent Bank's accounting policies, financial position and performance. The amendments to TAS and TFRS, which have been published but not yet entered into force as of the finalization date of the financial statements, will not have a significant impact on the Parent Bank's accounting policies, financial position and performance.

In addition, Benchmark Rate Reform – Phase 2, which brings changes in TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16, effective from 1 January 2021 was published in December 2020. With the amendments made, certain exceptions are provided in the basis used in determining the contractual cash flows and in the hedge accounting provisions. The impact of the changes on the Bank's financials has been evaluated and did not have a significant impact. On the other hand, the Benchmark Interest Rate Reform process continues for some indicators and the Bank continues to work within the scope of adaptation to the changes. In this context, a working group was established within the scope of evaluating the impact of the interest rate reform on the financial statements and harmonization with the reform. As a result of the evaluations, it is expected that the effect of the relevant change on the financial statements will be limited.

POA made an announcement on 20 January 2022 regarding the application of TAS 29, "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" (IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies) for entities adopting Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS")) for the year ended 31 December 2021. The announcement stated that, entities that apply TFRS should not adjust their financial statements in accordance with TAS 29 - Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies for the year ended 31 December 2021. As of the date of this report, POA has not made any further announcements regarding the scope and application of TAS 29. As a result, no inflation adjustment was made to the accompanying consolidated financial statements in accordance with TAS 29.

The accounting policies and valuation principles for the current period are explained in Note II and Note XXV below.

c. Different accounting policies applied while preparing the consolidated financial statements:

In cases where the accounting policies used by the subsidiaries differ from those of the Parent Bank, the differences are harmonized in the financial statements by considering the materiality criterion.

II. Explanations on Usage Strategy of Financial Assets and Foreign Currency Transactions

The Group aims to develop and promote products for the financial needs of each customer such as SMEs, multinational companies and small individual investors in line with Banking Legislation. The primary objective of the Parent Bank is to increase profitability with optimum liquidity and minimum risk while fulfilling customer needs.

The Group aims at creating an optimum maturity risk and working with a positive margin between cost of resource and product yield in the process of asset and liability management.

As a component of risk management strategy of the Group, risk bearing short term positions of currency, interest or price movements is performed only by the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group using the limits defined by the Board of Directors. The Asset-Liability Committee of the Parent Bank manages the maturity mismatches while deciding the short, medium and long term strategies as well as adopting the principle of positive balance sheet margin as a pricing policy.

The Board of Directors of the Parent Bank allows a purchase risk in treasury operations and individual limits are defined by the Board of Directors for each product.

The Parent Bank's foreign currency asset and liability balances are valuated with the Parent Bank's exchange buying rate at the reporting date and recognized as "Foreign Exchange Gains / Losses" within statement of income.

The Parent Bank's hedging activities for the currency risk due to foreign currency available for sale equity instruments are described under the currency risk section; and the Parent Bank's hedging activities from interest rate risk arising from fixed interest rate deposits and floating interest rate borrowings are described in detail under interest rate risk section.

The Parent Bank's Asset-Liability Committee approves the trading of various derivative instruments such as currency swaps, forwards and similar derivatives to hedge interest and currency exchange risks in line with the Parent Bank's balance sheet structure.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Information about the Parent Bank and its Consolidated Subsidiaries

The Parent Bank, with no difference in practice between TAS/TFRS, and the subsidiaries are consolidated by using line-by-line consolidation method. Türk Ekonomi Bankası Anonim Şirketi and its financial institutions, TEB Faktoring A.Ş. (TEB Faktoring), TEB Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. (TEB Yatırım) and TEB Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. (TEB Portföy) are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements by line-by-line consolidation method. The Parent Bank and the entities included in the consolidation are referred to as "the Group" in this report.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with "Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 8 November 2006 numbered 26340.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries, which were prepared in accordance with the prevailing principles and rules regarding financial accounting and reporting standards in their respective country of incorporation and the Turkish Commercial Code and/or communiqués of the Capital Market Board, are duly adjusted in order to present their financial statements in accordance with TAS and TFRS.

Explanations on Consolidation Method and Scope

The commercial names of the entities included in consolidation and the locations of the head offices of these institutions:

Commercial NameHead OfficeTEB FaktoringTurkeyTEB YatırımTurkeyTEB PortföyTurkey

Line-by-line consolidation method is used for all the financial institutions included in the consolidation.

The financial statements of subsidiaries were prepared as of 30 June 2022, 31 December 2021 and 30 June 2021.

The transactions and balances between the consolidated entities and the Parent Bank are eliminated.

IV. Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments

The Parent Bank's derivative transactions mainly consist of foreign currency swaps and interest rate swaps, cross currency swaps, currency options and forward foreign currency purchase and sale contracts.

Pursuant to "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" ("TFRS 9"), derivative financial instruments of the Parent Bank are classified as "Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" or "Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through other comprehensive income".

The portion of derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Receivables and liabilities arising from derivative transactions are recorded in off-balance sheet accounts over contract amounts. Derivative transactions are valued at their fair values in the periods following their recording. Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value and attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss on the date they are incurred. In the periods following the recording of derivative transactions, the part of derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss or the part of derivative financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are shown in the balance sheet, depending on whether the fair value is positive or negative. Differences in fair value as a result of the valuation are reflected in the profit or loss statement from derivative financial transactions.

Derivative financial instruments are booked under off-balance sheet items. Derivative financial instruments where the underlying asset is money or commodity are booked based on the amounts to be received/paid at the maturity date. Derivative financial instruments based on interest rate are booked with the principal amount on which the interest rate is calculated.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments (cont'd)

The portion of derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (cont'd)

All derivative financial instruments are measured with fair value method. The fair value of the derivative financial instruments traded in organized markets is the price on the organized market. Within the scope of TFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement standard; The bank considers that (i) the fair value of the asset or liability (or similar asset or liability) has significantly decreased in its volume or level of activity relative to normal market volume, (ii) when a transaction price or quoted price does not reflect fair value and/or (iii) when a material adjustment is required so that the price of a similar asset is comparable to the subject asset, or (iv) when the price is no longer valid, it adjusts the transaction price or the quoted price and reflects this adjustment in the fair value measurement. In this context, the Parent Bank determines the point in the range that best reflects the fair value in the current market conditions.

The cash flows of forward, currency swap, interest rate swap, and cross currency swap transactions should be determined firstly in order to measure with fair value method. Expected cash flows due to the floating interest rate for these products are defined according to market interest rate at the valuation date. Valuation is calculated by discounting the cash flows with the market interest rate and foreign currencies are converted into Turkish Lira with exchange rates at the valuation date.

Derivative financial instruments based on interest rate are measured not only with fair value method but also with amortized cost. While the fair value of derivatives is reflected in a single valuation account within the balance sheet, the amortized cost and the difference between the fair value and the amortized cost are reflected separately on the income/expense accounts.

Black and Scholes Model is used to measure the fair value of options. Options premiums are accrued on the start date of maturity. The valuation amount is composed of premiums valued at each valuation date. Premium to be paid calculated within this model is recorded as income, and the premium to be collected as expense.

Explanations on derivatives for hedging purposes

TFRS 9 provides the option to defer the adoption of hedge accounting of TFRS 9 and continue with TAS 39 "Hedging accounting" in the choice of accounting policy. In this context, the Parent Bank continues to apply TAS 39 standard for hedge accounting.

The Parent Bank applies fair value hedge and cash flow hedge accounting. Hedging accounting is applied to prevent the fluctuations that may arise in the income statement in the short term as a result of the differences in the assets and resources in the balance sheet that are subject to interest rate risk and the valuation methods of derivative instruments that protect them from risk.

Some of the Parent Bank's fixed-rate foreign currency securities and Turkish Lira loans can be subject to fair value hedge accounting. The fair value risk of the related fixed rate financial assets is hedged with currency swaps and cross currency swaps. The difference in the fair values of derivative transactions for fair value hedging purposes is followed in the "Profit/Loss from Derivative Financial Transactions" account. For fixed rate loans, the change in the fair value of the hedged item is shown together with the related asset in the statement of financial position as long as the hedge is effective.

The portion of derivative financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

The Parent Bank also hedges its cash flow risk arising from its financial debts with interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps. In cash flow hedge accounting, the effective part of the fair value change of the hedging instrument is recognized in the "Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified to profit or loss" account under equity, and the ineffective part is recognized in the statement of profit or loss. In periods when the cash flows related to the hedged item affect the profit or loss, the profit/loss of the related hedging instrument is also subtracted from the equity and reflected in the profit or loss statement.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments (cont'd)

The portion of derivative financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (cont'd)

The assessment that derivative transactions used for hedging purposes can effectively offset changes in the fair value of the hedged item is measured regularly and the measurement results are documented. In case where the hedge does not meet the hedge accounting requirements, hedge accounting is discontinued.

While the Parent Bank accounts the changes in the fair values of the hedged items in the "Other Interest Income" and "Other Interest Expense" accounts, the fair value changes of the hedging instruments corresponding to the same period are accounted for in the "Profit/Loss from Derivative Financial Transactions" account.

However, the differences between the fair values of the hedged items at the starting date of the hedge accounting and their book values are amortized in line with the maturities of the said items and accounted for in the "Other Interest Income" and "Other Interest Expense" accounts.

V. Explanations on Interest Income and Expenses

Interest is recorded according to the effective interest rate method (rate equalizing future cash flows of financial assets or liabilities to net present value) defined in the TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" standard by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for: purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets or financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. In applying the effective interest method, the Parent Bank identifies fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of a financial instrument. Fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of a financial instrument are treated as an adjustment to the effective interest rate, unless the financial instrument is measured at fair value, with the change in fair value being recognized in profit or loss. In those cases, such fees are accounted as revenue or expense when the financial instrument is initially recognized in the financial statements.

When applying the effective interest method, the Parent Bank amortizes the fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts included in the calculation of the effective interest rate over the expected life of the financial instrument.

If there is an unpaid-interest accrual prior to the acquisition of an interest-bearing security; subsequently collected interest is divided into pre-acquisition and post-acquisition periods and only the post-acquisition portion is reflected in the financial statements as interest income. If the expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk, the change is reflected in the carrying value of the asset and the related income statement item and amortized over the estimated life of the financial instrument.

Interest income and expenses are recorded on accrual basis. As the interest income and expense is accrued, all tax liabilities are fulfilled.

Accrued but not collected interests and rediscounts of loans, those classified as non-performing (Stage 3) are not reversed and included in interest income.

The interest amount representing the time value of the future collections of the non-performing loans is recognized under interest income and fully provisioned. The income effect arising from the discount of the estimates of expected collection as getting closer to the estimated date of collection, is recorded under interest income.

VI. Explanations on Fees and Commission Income and Expenses

Fees and commissions other than integral part of the effective interest rate of the financial instruments measured at amortized cost are accounted in accordance with the TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers Standard.

Income on banking services which are not related to periodic services are recorded as income when they are collected. In order to classify the fees and commissions collected from customers as income on banking services or as other non-interest income, they shouldn't be related with a credit transaction.

All type of fees and commissions collected from customers regarding cash loans are deferred in commissions on cash loans account and are recognized as income over the period of the loan by discounting with effective interest rate.

The Parent Bank receives commissions on the basis of collections from insurance companies regarding the insurance transactions it carries out as an insurance agency and records these commissions as income on an accrual basis.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VI. Explanations on Fees and Commission Income and Expenses (cont'd)

The commissions related with non-cash loans or periodic banking services are deferred and recorded as income over the period according to the cut-off principle. Credit fee and commission expenses which are paid to other companies and institutions regarding financial liabilities and which create operational costs are discounted by effective interest rate and are recorded as expense in relevant period according to the cut-off principle.

VII. Explanations on Financial Assets

The Group classifies and recognizes its financial assets as "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss", "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" or "Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost". The financial assets are recognized or derecognized in accordance with the "Recognition and Derecognition" principles defined in Section 3 related to the classification and measurement of financial instruments of "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" standard published in the Official Gazette No. 29953 dated 19 January 2017 by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (POA). At initial recognition, financial assets are measured at fair value. In the case of financial assets are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs are added or deducted to/from their fair value.

The Parent Bank recognizes a financial asset in the financial statement when, and only when, the Parent Bank becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the settlement date. When the Parent Bank first recognizes a financial asset, the business model and the characteristics of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are considered by management.

Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are managed by business model other than the business model that aims to hold to collect and hold & sell the contractual cash flows; acquired for the purpose of generating profit from short-term fluctuations in price, or regardless of this purpose, the financial assets that are a part of a portfolio with evidence of short-time profit-taking; and the financial assets, whose terms do not give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal of interest at certain dates. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and are subsequently measured at fair value. Gain and losses upon their valuation are accounted under the profit/loss accounts.

Equity securities classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized at fair value.

Accounting policies for derivative financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are explained in note III Chapter IV.

Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income where the business models aim to hold financial assets in order to collect the contractual cash flows and selling assets and the terms of financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal of interest at certain dates.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized at acquisition costs that reflect their fair value by adding transaction costs. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are subsequently measured at their fair value. The interest income of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income that are calculated by effective interest rate method are reflected in the statement of profit or loss. The difference between the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and the amortized cost of the financial assets, i.e. "Unrealized gains and losses", is not recognized in the statement of profit or loss until the realization of the financial asset, the sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset or being impaired of the asset are accounted under "Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses that will be reclassified at Profit or Loss" under shareholders' equity. Accumulated fair value differences under equity are reflected to the income statement when such securities are collected or disposed.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VII. Explanations on Financial Assets (cont'd)

Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (cont'd)

The Group may elect, at initial recognition, to irrevocably designate an equity investment at fair value other comprehensive income where those investments are hold for purposes other than to generate investments returns. When this election is used, fair value gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Dividends continue to be recognized in profit or loss in the financial statements

All equity instruments classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value. However, in limited circumstances, cost may be an appropriate estimate of fair value. That may be the case if insufficient more recent information is available to measure fair value, or if there is a wide range of possible fair value measurements and cost represents the best estimate of fair value within that range. In case of disposal of the equity investment, the accumulated total gain or loss is followed in the "Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expense that cannot be reclassified to Profit or Loss".

In addition, the Parent Bank's securities portfolio includes financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, and consumer price ("CPI") indexed government bonds classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost. These securities are valued and accounted for using the effective interest method, based on the real coupon rates, the reference inflation index on the issue date, and the index calculated by taking into account the estimated inflation rate. As stated in the CPI-Indexed Bonds Investor's Guide of the Undersecretariat of Treasury, the reference indices used in calculating the actual coupon payment amounts of these securities are based on the CPI of two months ago. The Parent bank determines the estimated inflation rate in parallel with this. The estimated inflation rate, taking into account the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey and the Parent Bank's expectations, is updated during the year when deemed necessary. In this context, as of 30 June 2022, the valuation of the said assets was based on an annual inflation forecast of 70%. At the end of the year, the actual inflation rate is used.

Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost

Financial investments measured at amortized cost:

A financial asset is classified as a financial asset measured at amortized cost when the Parent Bank's policy within a business model is to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows and the terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal of interest at certain dates.

Financial asset measured at amortized cost is recognized at cost which represents its fair value at initial recognition by adding the transaction costs and subsequently measured at "Amortized cost" by using the "Effective interest (IRR) rate method". Interest income related to the financial asset measured at amortized cost is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Loans:

Loans are financial assets with fixed or determinable payment terms which are not traded on an active market and measured at amortized cost is recognized at cost which represents its fair value at initial recognition by adding the transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortized cost by using the "Effective interest (IRR) rate method".

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VIII. Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets

As of 1 January 2018, a loss allowance for expected credit losses is provided for all financial assets measured at amortized cost and financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, all financial assets, which are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts in accordance with TFRS 9 principles and the regulation published in the Official Gazette no. 29750 dated 22 June 2016 in connection with "Methods and Principles for the Determination of Loans and Other Receivables to be Reserved for and Allocation of Reserves". Equity instruments are not subject to impairment assessment as they are measured at fair value.

Measurement of the expected credit losses reflects:

- -Time value of Money
- -Reasonable and supportable information on past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions at the reporting date

The Parent Bank has changed its credit calculation method with the expected credit loss model as of 1 January 2018. Expected credit losses include an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes; reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions and the time value of money. The financial assets are divided into "three categories" depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition:

Stage 1:

For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk is recorded in the amount of 12 month expected credit losses.

Stage 2:

In the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset is transferred to Stage 2. Impairment for credit risk is determined on the basis of the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses. Following criteria have been taken into account in classification a financial asset as Stage 2:

- Loans having past due more than 30 days and less than 90 days
- Restructuring loans
- Concordatum events
- Significant deterioration in probability of default

In the case of the occurrence of any of the first three items above, it is classified under Stage 2 loans regardless of the comparison between probability of default.

Significant deterioration in probability of default is considered as significant increase in credit risk and the financial asset is classified under Stage 2 loans. In this regard, it is assumed that the probability of default deteriorates, if the probability of default exceeds the thresholds defined by the Bank's internal rating based credit rating models.

Stage 3:

Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime expected credit losses are recognized. For the related financial assets, the probability of default is taken into account as 100%.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VIII. Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets (cont'd)

Expected Credit Loss Calculation

Expected credit loss calculation refers to the calculation to estimate the loss of the financial instrument in case of default and it is based on 3-stage impairment model based on the change in credit quality. The Parent Bank uses two different calculations considering 12month and lifetime probability of default of the financial instruments.

If there is a significant increase in credit risk between the origination date and the reporting date of the loan, the lifetime probability of default is used and if there is no significant increase in credit risk the 12-month probability of default is used.

There are mainly three loan portfolios as Commercial portfolios, Retail portfolios and Public portfolios.

While the Parent Bank uses the internal credit ratings for commercial portfolios, the internal behavioral scores are used for the retail portfolios. It is determined significant increase in credit risk by comparing the credit ratings/behavioral scores at the origination date and reporting date for both portfolios.

Default Definition: Debts having past due more than 90 days; in addition, the fact that an obligor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations, it should be considered as defaulted regardless of the existence of any past-due amount or of the number of days past due.

The Parent Bank considers different scenarios in the calculation of expected credit loss by evaluating current economic conditions and expert opinions. Accordingly, the macroeconomic value estimates taken into account in the expected loss provision calculation are presented below.

	2022			2023			2024			2025						
Period (*)	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
GDP	7.3	4.0	1.7	1.9	3.7	4.1	2.3	2.2	3.5	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.0	3.5	3.9	4.5

(*) Represents 3-month periods

The Parent Bank does not have any financial asset as purchased or originated credit-impaired.

Probability of Default (PD): PD represents the likelihood of default over a specified time period. Based on the historical data, 1-year PD of a customer is calculated for each portfolio on the basis of credit ratings and behavioral scores. PDs and LGDs used in the ECL calculation are point in time ("PIT") based on key portfolios and consider both current conditions and expected cyclical changes. Two types of probability of default are calculated.

- 12 Month PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring within the next 12 months
- Lifetime PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument

Internal rating systems are used to measure the risk of both commercial and retail portfolios. The internal rating models used in the commercial portfolio include the customer's financial information and the answers to the qualitative question set. Behavioral score cards used in the retail portfolio include the behavioral data of the customer and the product in the Bank, the demographic information of the customer and the behavioral data of the customer in the sector.

The probability of default is calculated based on historical data, current conditions and forward-looking macroeconomic expectations.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VIII. Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets (cont'd)

Expected Credit Loss Calculation (cont'd)

Loss Given Default (LGD): If a loan defaults, it represents the economic loss incurred on the loan. It is expressed as a percentage.

The Bank calculates the recovery rates for each portfolio in a way that include the collateral types and several risk elements based on historical data, and it is ensured that the time value of money is included into the calculation by discounting of these recoveries to the reporting date. The collaterals in the calculation are taken into account by considering the credit conversion factors. The collaterals included in "Communique on Credit Risk Mitigation Techniques" is taken into account with their rules in the communique. The remaining part is considered as unsecured portfolio and loss given default rate determined for this portfolio is applied.

Exposure at Default (EAD): The EAD represents an estimate of the exposure to credit risk at the time of a potential default occurring during the life of a financial instrument. The expected default amount is calculated by discounting the principal and interest repayments for cash loans and income accruals by effective interest method while it refers to the value calculated through using credit conversion factors for non-cash loans and commitments. It shows the risk of the borrower at the date of default.

Effective interest rate: the discount factor which reflects the time value of money.

Lifetime ECL is calculated by taking into account the period during which the Parent Bank will be exposed to credit risk. The maturity information defined for all cash and non-cash loans is used in the calculation of the expected credit loss along with their maturity and payment plans. The maturity refers to the contractual life of a financial instruments unless there is the legal right to call it earlier. The maturity analysis and credit risk mitigation processes such as cancellation/revision of the limits have been developed for the definition of behavioral maturity for loans that do not have maturity information and revolving loans.

When expected credit losses are estimated, it is considered that three different macroeconomic scenarios as "Base", "Adverse" and "Favorable" and the weighted average of the results of this scenario is taken into account. Forward-looking PDs based on the weighted average of these three scenarios are calculated on segment basis. The fundamental macroeconomic variable in the macroeconomic models is the estimated annual growth rate in gross national product. The Parent Bank periodically reviews the parameters included in the calculation and updates them when necessary.

Expected Credit Loss Calculation of Stage 1 Loans: It is calculated by considering 12-month (1 year) PDs for the financial assets measured at amortized cost, which do not reflect a significant increase in credit risk. Therefore, it is a part of the lifetime expected credit losses. Such expected 12-month PDs are applied on an expected exposure at default, multiplied with loss given default rate and discounted with the original effective interest rate.

In the case of the current default rate is below a defined threshold without comparison with the origination date, the related loans are classified under Stage 1 loans by considering their credit qualities. Treasury Bills, Government Bonds, and CBRT balances are classified under Stage 1 loans. In addition, the institutions related to risk group of the Parent Bank and other banks' placements are classified under Stage 1 loans.

Expected Credit Loss Calculation of Stage 2 Loans: It is calculated by considering lifetime PDs for the loans which has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination. Such expected lifetime PDs are applied on an expected exposure at default, multiplied with loss given default rate and discounted with the original effective interest rate.

In determining of the significant increase in credit risk, qualitative and quantitative assessments are performed.

Qualitative assessments:

The loans with a delay on repayment more than 30 days are classified under Stage 2 loans. In addition, the restructured loans are classified under this stage. Also all the customers declaring concordatum are classified under this stage.

The Parent Bank periodically reviews the parameters included in the calculation and updates them when necessary.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VIII. Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets (cont'd)

Expected Credit Loss Calculation (cont'd)

Qualitative assessments: (cont'd)

"Significant increase in credit risk" is quantitatively based on the comparison the risk of default at the reporting date with the risk of default at the date of initial recognition. Where the change is above the defined threshold it is considered as significant increase in the credit risk, meaning that the credit is classified under Stage 2 loans.

In the case of the internal credit rating of the loan is above a defined threshold, "high risk portfolio", without comparison with the origination date, the related loans are classified under Stage 2 loans.

Expected Credit Loss Calculation of Stage 3 Loans: Lifetime expected credit losses are booked for the loans considered as impaired. When calculating the provisions by discounting the individual cash flow expectations for financial instruments which are above a defined threshold, loss given default rates are taken into account in case of default for financial instruments which are below the defined threshold.

IX. Explanations on Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Parent Bank has legally enforceable rights to offset the recognized amounts and to collect/pay related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or there is an intention to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

X. Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements and Lending of Securities

Treasury bills and government bonds within the scope of repurchase agreements are classified in financial statements as financial assets carried at amortized costs, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss or financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income according to the classification of marketable securities subject to repurchase agreement and are valued according to the measurement rules of the relevant category. Funds obtained through repurchase agreements are booked in a separate liability account, namely funds provided under repurchase agreements under money market balances. Income and expenses arisen from these transactions are booked in "Interest Income on Marketable Securities Portfolio" and "Interest Expense on Money Market Borrowings" in income statement.

Securities purchased under repurchase agreements ("reverse repo") are accounted under "Money Market Placements" in the balance sheet. The difference between the purchase and resell price of the repurchase agreements is accrued over the life of repurchase agreements. As of 30 June 2022, the Group has TL 1,100,455 reverse repo transaction (31 December 2021: None).

As of 30 June 2022, the Group does not have any marketable securities lending transaction (31 December 2021: None).

XI. Explanations on Assets Held for Sale, Discontinued Operations and Liabilities Related to Those Assets

Assets held for sale consist of tangible assets acquired due to non-performing loans and are accounted for in accordance with the provisions of "TFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" in the financial statements. An asset (or disposal group) classified as held for sale in accordance with TFRS 5 is measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. An asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) is regarded as "asset held for sale" only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. For a highly probable sale, there must be a valid plan prepared by the management for the sale of asset including identification of possible buyers and completion of sale process. Furthermore, the asset should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value.

As of 30 June 2022, assets held for sale and discontinued operations of the Group are TL 84,393 (31 December 2021: TL 65,933). As per the appraisals performed for the real estates held for sale included "Assets Held for Sale" in the financial statements, 5,474 (31 December 2021: TL 2,288) has been reserved as provision for impairment losses.

As of 30 June 2022, the Group has no discontinued operations.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XII. Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. In the merger transaction where acquirer and acquiree exchange equity instruments, it is taken into account the fair value of equity shares exchanged and the difference between such amount and fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net asset value is accounted as goodwill. If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the acquirer shall report in its financial statements provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. During the measurement period, the acquirer shall retrospectively adjust the provisional amounts recognized at the acquisition date to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognized as of that date. During the measurement period, the acquirer shall also recognize additional assets or liabilities if new information is obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have resulted in the recognition of those assets and liabilities as of that date. The measurement period shall not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

As explained in note 1 of Section 1, under the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency decision dated 10 February 2011 and the release of decision in Official Newspaper 12 February 2011 dated and numbered as 27844, all rights, receivables, (assets and liabilities) of Fortis Bank A.Ş. would be transferred to the Parent Bank as stated in Istanbul Commerce Trade dated 14 February 2011.

Within the framework of TFRS 3 Business Combination, identifiable assets and liabilities acquired at the merger date are measured at their acquisition date fair value. In this context, the Parent Bank has measured the identifiable assets acquired and the identifiable liabilities acquired in the date of the merger of Fortis Bank A.Ş. at fair value and presented in the financial statements as related items. The resulting difference of TL 48,783 is shown in related assets and liability section, the equity impact is shown under other shareholder's equity section. The amount of TL 421,124, which is the difference between TL 2,385,482, the fair value of transferred amount and TL 1,964,358, the identifiable net asset value is accounted as goodwill in the financial statements and the equity impact is shown under other shareholder's equity section.

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business or a merger is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any. For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Parent Bank's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss in the income statement. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

Intangible assets are accounted for at restated cost until 31 December 2004 in accordance with inflation accounting and are amortized with straight-line method, after 31 December 2004 the acquisition cost and any other cost incurred so as to prepare the intangible asset ready for use less reserve for impairment, if any, and are amortized on a straight-line method. The cost of assets subject to amortization is restated after deducting the exchange differences, capitalized financial expenses and revaluation increases, if any, from the cost of the assets.

The other intangible assets of the Group comprise mainly software. The useful lives of such assets acquired are determined as 3-5 years by taking into consideration the expected utilization period, technical, technological or any other impairment and maintenance expenses necessary for the economic use of such assets. Software's used are mainly developed within the Parent Bank by the Parent Bank's personnel and the related expenses are not capitalized.

There are no anticipated changes in the accounting estimates about the amortization rate and amortization method and residual values that would have a significant impact in the current and future periods.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XIII. Explanations on Tangible Assets

Tangible assets of the Group are accounted for at their restated cost until 31 December 2004 and afterwards, the acquisition cost and any other cost incurred to prepare the asset ready for use are reflected, less reserve for impairment, if any.

Depreciation rates are defined according to the economic life of the relevant assets.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method, without taking residual values in to consideration, based on the number of months that the asset is used. No amendment has been made to the depreciation method in the current period. The economic useful lives of the tangible fixed assets are as follows:

Buildings	50 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Office Equipment and Others	5-15 years

Gain or loss resulting from disposals of the tangible fixed assets is reflected to the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value.

Maintenance costs of tangible fixed assets are capitalized if they extend the economic useful life of the related asset. Other maintenance costs are expensed. Leasehold improvements amount is subject to depreciation during leasing period. This period is taken into consideration maximum five years. For the branches, this period is considered as three years in parallel with the Parent Bank's business plans.

The Parent Bank employs independent appraisers in determining the current fair values of its real estate's when there is any indication of impairment in value of real estates.

XIV. Explanations on Leasing Transactions

"TFRS 16 Leases" was promulgated in the Official Gazette dated 16 April 2018 and numbered 30393, effective from 1 January 2019. This Standard specifies the principles for the leasing, presentation and disclosure of leases. The purpose of the standard is to provide tenants and lessees with appropriate information and faithful representation. This information is the basis for evaluating the impact of the leases on the entity's financial position, financial performance and cash flows by users of financial statements. The Group has started to apply the related standard for the first time on 1 January 2019 by reflecting the application effects to the equity accounts.

Lease obligations under the contract in the amount of liabilities on the balance sheet equal to the sum of all cash payments and offset with the form shown gross interest expense arising from the contract. The right of use arising from the leasing transactions, at the date of commencement, the present value of the lease payments which have not been paid at that date is measured and measured. In this measurement, if the interest can be easily determined, the implied interest rate in the lease is used. If this ratio is not easily determined, the Parent Bank's alternative borrowing interest rate announced by the Asset and Liability Management Department is used.

On 5 June 2020, POA made amendments to TFRS 16 "Leases" by publishing the Concessions Granted in Rent Payments Related to COVID-19 - "Amendments to TFRS 16 Leases". With this change, tenants are exempted from evaluating whether the concessions granted due to COVID-19 in rent payments have been changed or not. The related change did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Parent Bank.

With the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard which became effective as of 1 January 2019, the difference between the operating lease and financial lease has been removed and the lease transactions are started to be recognized under "Tangible Assets" as an asset (tenure) and under "Lease Payables" as a liability.

XV. Explanations on Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are provided for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount arising from past events have the probability to result in an expense or loss in the future and when it can be measured reliably.

Provisions are determined by using the Group's best expectation of expenses in fulfilling the obligation as of the balance sheet date and discounted to present value if material. Provisions and contingent liabilities, excluding specific and general provisions for loans and other receivables, are recognized in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards (TAS 37) regarding "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XVI. Explanations on Contingent Assets

Contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the entity. Contingent assets are not recognized in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized.

Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements' notes where an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. In case it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements.

XVII. Explanations on Liabilities Regarding Employee Benefits

In accordance with existing social legislation in Turkey, the Parent Bank is required to make lump-sum termination indemnities over a 30 day salary to each employee who has completed over one year of service, whose employment is terminated due to retirement or for reasons other than resignation or misconduct, and due to marriage, female employees terminating their employments within a year as of the date of marriage, or male employees terminating their employments due to their military service. The Parent Bank is also required to make a payment for the period of notice calculated over each service year of the employee whose employment is terminated for reasons other than resignation or misconduct. Total benefit is calculated in accordance with TAS 19 Employee Benefits.

Such benefit plans are unfunded since there is no funding requirement in Turkey. The cost of providing benefits to the employees for the services rendered by them under the defined benefit plan is determined by independent actuaries annually using the projected unit credit method.

Employees transferred to the Parent Bank following the business combination defined in "General Information" of the Parent Bank and Fortis Bank A.Ş. are the members of "Türk Dış Ticaret Bankası Mensupları Emekli Sandığı" (the "Pension Fund") which was established in May 1964 under the Provisional Article 20 of Social Insurance Law No. 506. Technical financial statements of the Pension Fund are reviewed by a licensed actuary in accordance with Article 38 of the Insurance Supervisory Law and the "Actuary Regulations" issued based on the same article. As of 30 June 2022, the Pension Fund has 1,379 employees and 1,277 pensioners (31 December 2021 1,414 employees and 1,238 pensioners).

Provisional Article 23 (1) of Banking Law No: 5411 (the "Banking Law") published in the Official Gazette repeated no: 25983 on 1 November 2005 requires the transfer of bank funds to the Social Security Institution (the "SSI") within 3 years after the effective date of the Banking Law and the related paragraph also sets out the basis for the related transfer. However, Article 23 (1) of Banking Law No: 5411 was annulled based on the Constitutional Court's ruling issued on 22 March 2007 and ruled for the stay of execution as of 31 March 2007. The related Court ruling and its basis were published in the Official Gazette No: 26731 on 15 December 2007.

Following the publication of the said decree of the Constitutional Court, the Turkish Grand National Assembly (the "TGNA") initiated its studies on the development of new regulations in regards to the transfer of bank pension participations to the SSI and the related articles of the Social Security Law that are set out to determine the basis of fund transfers and new regulations became effective with its publication in the Official Gazette No: 26870 on 8 May 2008 and the completion of the transfer within 3 years starting from 1 January 2008. Upon the Council of Ministers' resolution issued in the Official Gazette, the transfer period has been extended for 2 years as of 14 March 2011. According to amendment on the social security and general health insurance law published in the Official Gazette dated 8 March 2012 numbered 6283, mentioned 2-year transfer period has been increased to 4 years. Upon the Council of Ministers' resolution dated 24 February 2014 issued in the Official Gazette No:28987 on 30 April 2014, mentioned transfer period has been extended for one more year while it has been extended for one year upon the Council of Ministers' resolution dated 8 April 2013 issued in the Official Gazette No:28636 on 3 May 2013. The Council of Ministers has been lastly authorized to determine the transfer date in accordance with the last amendment in the first paragraph of the 20th provisional article of Law No.5510 implemented by the Law No. 6645 on Amendment of the Occupational Health and Safety Law and Other Laws and Decree Laws published in the Official Gazette dated 23 April 2015 numbered 29335. According to paragraph (I) of Article 203 of Law no. 703 which published on the Official Gazette no. 30473 dated 9 July 2018, the phrase, placed in 20th provisional article of Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law no.5510, "Council of Ministers" is authorized to determine the date of transfer to the Social Security Institution has been replaced with "President".

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XVII. Explanations on Liabilities Regarding Employee Benefits (cont'd)

The technical financial statements of the Pension Fund are prepared by an independent actuary company considering related regulation and the Fund is not required to provide any provisions for any technical or actual deficit in the financial statements based on the actuarial report prepared as of 31 December 2021. Since the Parent Bank has no legal rights to carry the economic benefits arising from repayments of Pension Funds and/or decreases in future contributions at present value; no asset has been recognized in the balance sheet.

Since the Parent Bank management anticipates that any potential liability that may be incurred during or after the transfer within the above-mentioned limits will be likely recoverable, they believe such liabilities will not bring any additional liability to the Parent Bank.

XVIII. Explanations on Taxation

Corporate Tax

According to Article 32 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520 announced in the Official Gazette dated 21 June 2006, the corporate tax rate in Turkey is 20%. However, with the "Law on Amendments to Some Tax Laws and Some Other Laws" numbered 7061 published in the Official Gazette dated 5 December 2017, this rate was applied as 22% for 3 years between 2018-2020. With Article 11 of the Law No. 7316 on the Procedure for Collection of Public Claims and Amending Certain Laws, which was published in the Official Gazette dated 22 April 2021 and numbered 31462, and with the Provisional Article 13 added to the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, the Corporate Tax rate will be applied as 25% for the corporate earnings of the 2021 taxation period and 23% for the corporate earnings of the 2022 taxation period.

Besides, with the Law No. 7394 on Evaluation of Immovable Property Owned by the Treasury and Amending the Value Added Tax Law, which was published in the Official Gazette dated 15 April 2022 and numbered 31810 and the sentence added to the first paragraph of the Provisional Article 13 added to the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520 with Article 26 of the Law on Amending Certain Laws and Decrees, corporate tax will be charged at the rate of 25% for the corporate earnings of banks, companies within the scope of Law No. 6361, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies for the 2022 taxation period. The tax rate change will be valid for corporate earnings for the taxation period starting from 1 January 2022, starting from the declarations that must be submitted as of 1 July 2022. In addition, with the Law No. 7417 on the Amendment of the Law on Civil Servants and Some Laws and the Statutory Decree No. 375, which was published in the Official Gazette dated 5 July 2022 and numbered 31887, the effective article of the 25% rate determined within the scope of the Law No. 7394 was amended, thus, the relevant regulation has been made that a 25% corporate tax will be calculated on the corporate earnings of the above mentioned banks and financial institutions for the year 2023 and the following taxation periods. In the Group's financial statements as at 30 June 2022, 25% tax rate has been used in the calculations of current tax and deferred tax.

The tax legislation requires advance tax to be calculated and paid based on earnings generated for each quarter, the amounts thus calculated and paid are offset from the final tax computed over the earnings of the year. With the Tax Procedure Law No. 7338 published in the Official Gazette dated 26 October 2021 and numbered 31640, the 4th period provisional tax return to be implemented in 2022 was abolished. In the new application, a total of 3 temporary tax returns will be submitted in quarterly periods for the first 9 months of the year. On the other hand, corporate tax and any related taxes paid to foreign tax offices for the income obtained from foreign branches are taken into account in the Tax Statement according to Article 22 of the Preventation of Double Taxation Treaty signed between Northern Cyprus and the Turkish Republic.

50% portion of the gains derived from the sale of immovable (as of 5 December 2017) which have been acquired due to loans under follow-up from the Bank and 75% portion of participation shares, founder's shares, dividend shares and pre-emption rights is tax exempt. 75% portion of the capital gains derived from the sale of equity investments and 50% portion of the immovable properties held for at least two years are exempt from corporate taxation, providing that such gains are added to paid-in capital or held in a special fund account under liability for five years.

Tax returns are required to be filed between the first and twenty-fifth day of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and paid-in one instalment until the end of the related month.

According to the Corporate Tax Law, tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of five years following the year in which the losses are incurred. Tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XVIII. Explanations on Taxation (cont'd)

Corporate Tax (cont'd)

Within the scope of repetitive article 298 of the Tax Procedure Law, it has been decided that the financial statements will be subject to inflation adjustment if the increase in the producer price index is more than 100% in the last 3 accounting periods, including the current period, and more than 10% in the current accounting period. As of December 2021, these conditions have been fulfilled. However, with the "Law on the Amendment of the Tax Procedure Law and the Corporate Tax Law" numbered 7352 published in the Official Gazette dated 29 January 2022 and numbered 31734, temporary article 33 was added to the Tax Procedure Law numbered 213 and regardless of whether the conditions for the inflation adjustment within the scope of article 298 are met in the 2021 and 2022 accounting periods (for those designated as special accounting periods, as of the accounting periods ending in 2022 and 2023), including the provisional tax periods, and in the provisional tax periods of the 2023 accounting period, that, financial statements will not be adjusted for inflation, it is stated that the financial statements as of 31 December 2023 will be subject to inflation adjustment regardless of whether the conditions for the inflation adjustment are met, that the profit/loss differences arising from the inflation adjustment to be made will be shown in the previous year's profit/loss account, the previous year's profit determined in this way will not be subject to tax, and the previous year's loss will not be considered as a loss.

Deferred Tax Asset / Liability

The Group calculates and reflects deferred tax asset or liability on timing differences which will result in taxable or deductible amounts in determining taxable profit of future periods.

In the scope of TAS 12 Income Taxes standard, deferred tax assets or liabilities are calculated based on tax rates (and tax laws) that are in effect or nearly effective as of the end of the reporting period (balance sheet date), using tax rates expected to be applied in the periods when assets are converted into income or liabilities are paid. As of 30 June 2022, the deferred tax is calculated over 25% accordance with the tax legislation in effect.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all resulting temporary differences whereas deferred tax assets resulting from temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

Deferred tax asset is calculated over temporary differences arisen from expected credit loss provision in line with TFRS 9 principles from 1 January 2018.

Deferred tax income balance resulting from netting of deferred tax assets and liabilities should not be used in dividend distribution and capital increase.

XIX. Additional Explanations on Borrowings

The borrowing costs related to purchase, production, or construction of qualifying assets that require significant time to be prepared for use and sale are included in the cost of assets until the relevant assets become ready to be used or to be sold. Financial investment income obtained by temporary placement of undisbursed investment loan in financial investments is offset against borrowing costs qualified for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recorded to the income statement in the period they are incurred.

XX. Explanations on Issued Equity Securities

There is no share issued in the year 2022.

XXI. Explanations on Bill Guarantees and Acceptances

Acceptances are realized simultaneously with the payment dates of the customers and they are presented as probable commitments in off-balance sheet accounts.

XXII. Explanations on Government Incentives

There is no government incentive utilized by the Group.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XXIII. Explanations on Reporting According to Segmentation

The operating segments of the Parent Bank include retail and private banking, SME banking, corporate banking, treasury and asset-liability management.

Retail and private banking lines of the Parent Bank provide consumer loans, personal financing, housing, workplace and vehicle loans for customer needs related to general consumption, purchase of durable goods, and real estate. The Parent Bank also provides account products like Marifetli, Fırsat and CEPTETEB along with the standard time deposit products to enable advantageous savings in different currencies and maturities. In regard to investment needs for customers, retail and private banking offers brokerage services for treasury bill transactions, government bonds, Eurobonds, foreign exchange purchases/sales, a wide-range of investment funds, private pension funds and equity securities transactions. It also provides practical account, credit deposit account, automatic bill/regular payment options, safe-deposit boxes and insurance services beside credit and debit cards offering advantages in shopping and banking transactions. These products and services are provided to customers through widespread physical branches and ATM network and also via a 24/7 call center, internet and mobile banking.

Corporate banking provides financial solutions and banking services to large-scale local firms, holdings and their group companies, and multinational companies operating in Turkey. In addition to the bank deposit services provided to corporate customers, corporate banking also develops tailored solutions and products for standard cash and non-cash loans, investment loans, cash management services in line with customer needs and demands and foreign trade financing. Foreign exchange purchase and sale transactions, corporate financing services, derivative products and solutions to manage foreign exchange and interest rate risk and commodity financing are other services provided by the Parent Bank. The Parent Bank provides these services and products for its corporate customers via teams, located in its corporate branches and Head Office, who are specialized in foreign trade, cash management, structured finance and multinational companies. It also benefits from the global business network and expertise of BNP Paribas Group.

SME banking provides small and medium-sized enterprises with financial solutions and exclusive services for non-financial matters. The Parent Bank, which specifically designed its services for different segments in the field of SME Banking, has developed solutions that are tailored to the needs of these segments. In addition to solutions developed for small and medium-sized enterprises, solutions were developed for agricultural producers, jewelers, female leaders and entrepreneurship segments and for SME banking, enterprise banking, agriculture banking, gold banking, women's banking and entrepreneurship banking. These solutions are provided on a larger scale based on the types of financial problems encountered by customers, and they are supported in non-financial matters via offering access to information, training and networks. At this point, the Bank does not only provide financial support to the SMEs but also provides the training and expertise they need to grow their business, strengthen their competitiveness and use their financing properly.

When determining the short, medium and long-term pricing strategy, Asset-Liability Management and the Treasury Group also manage the maturity mismatch, by adopting a principle foreseeing to work with a positive balance sheet margin. Spot and forward TL and foreign exchange purchase-sale transactions, treasury bill, government bond, and Eurobond purchase-sale transactions, and derivative product purchase/sale transactions are carried out under defined authorizations. The Parent Bank also carries out activities related to providing medium and long-term funding, enabling funding at a price below the price reflecting the country risk price, diversifying funding resources, and creating an international investor base in this field.

The Financial Markets Group provides structured financial solutions to hedge foreign exchange/interest rate risks of customers and provides the most appropriate price for the market instruments offered to customers by monitoring market conditions.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

XXIII. Explanations on Reporting According to Segmentation (cont'd)

The details of the income statement and the balance sheet which the Group operates as a business lane:

	D-4-21 J	C4-	CME			
C (P)	Retail and	Corporate	SME	0.1	T-11	70.4.1
Current Period	Private Banking	Banking	Baking	Other	Elimination	Total
Dividend Income	-	-	-	18,972	(12,615)	6,357
Profit Before Tax	693,131	1,247,157	378,319	3,953,217	(12,615)	6,259,209
Tax Provision (-)	-	-	-	1,445,385	-	1,445,385
Net Profit for the Period	693,131	1,247,157	378,319	2,507,832	(12,615)	4,813,824
	Retail and	Corporate	SME			
Current Period	Private Banking	Banking	Baking	Other	Elimination	Total
Segment Assets	43,700,792	74,147,515	34,162,751	111,600,594	(590,115)	263,021,537
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and						
Jointly Controlled Entities	-	-	-	130,194	(130,139)	55
Total Assets	43,700,792	74,147,515	34,162,751	111,730,788	(720,254)	263,021,592
Segment Liabilities	114,565,663	55,844,589	21,408,423	52,514,695	(590,837)	243,742,533
Shareholders' Equity	-	-	-	19,408,476	(129,417)	19,279,059
Total Liabilities	114,565,663	55,844,589	21,408,423	71,923,171	(720,254)	263,021,592
	Retail and	Corporate	SME			
Prior Period (30.06.2021)	Private Banking	Banking	Baking	Other	Elimination	Total
Dividend Income	-	-	-	9,055	(6,272)	2,783
Profit before Tax	103,468	391,539	110,186	230,704	(6,272)	829,625
Tax Provision (-)	· -	-	-	165,341	-	165,341
Net Profit for the Period	103,468	391,539	110,186	65,363	(6,272)	664,284

	Retail and	Corporate	SME			
Prior Period (31.12.2021)	Private Banking	Banking	Baking	Other	Elimination	Total
Segment Assets	37,486,577	47,375,661	23,996,403	90,620,966	(625,544)	198,854,063
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries						
and Jointly Controlled Entities	-	-	-	130,194	(130, 139)	55
Total Assets	37,486,577	47,375,661	23,996,403	90,751,160	(755,683)	198,854,118
Segment Liabilities	85,251,945	37,099,365	14,272,783	48,800,020	(626,265)	184,797,848
Shareholders' Equity	-	-	-	14,185,688	(129,418)	14,056,270
Total Liabilities	85,251,945	37,099,365	14,272,783	62,985,708	(755,683)	198,854,118

XXIV. Explanations on Other Matters

It has been resolved in the Ordinary General Assembly dated 28 March 2022 of the Parent Bank, TL 1,912,898 that constitutes the 2021 net balance sheet profit shall be transferred to the Extraordinary Reserves after setting aside, in accordance with the proposal in the resolution of the Board of Directors, TL 95,645 as Legal Reserves, TL 1,56 (full TL) as profit distributed to the holders of the founder jouissance certificates.

XXV. Reclassifications

In order to comply with the presentation of the financial statements dated 30 June 2022, some classifications were made on the statement of income dated and statement of cash flows dated 30 June 2021 and balance sheet dated 31 December 2021. The relevant classification has no effect on the Parent Bank's performance.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

SECTION FOUR

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

I. Explanations Related to Components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity

Equity amount and capital adequacy standard ratio has been calculated within the framework of "Regulation on Banks' Equity" and "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks" and in addition to these, the BRSA's regulations dated 8 December 2020 and numbered 9312, dated 1 July 2021 and numbered 9645, dated 21 December 2021 and numbered 9996, 28 April 2022 and numbered 10188 and 23 June 2022 and numbered 10248. According to the latest regulation changes;

In the calculation of the amount subject to credit risk, the Central Bank's foreign currency buying rates as of 31 December 2021 were used in accordance with the BRSA Board decision dated 28 April 2022 and numbered 10188, while calculating the valued amounts in foreign currency.

In the calculation of the amount subject to credit risk, the simple arithmetic average of the Central Bank's foreign currency buying rates for the last 252 business days as of 31 December 2021, in accordance with the BRSA Board decision dated 21 December 2021 and numbered 9996, was used while calculating the valued amounts in foreign currency.

In accordance with the Standard Approach, 0% risk weight is used in the calculation of the amount subject to credit risk for FX receivables of Banks which are from Republic of Turkey Central Management within the scope of Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks published on the Official Gazette dated 23 October 2015 and numbered 29511.

In accordance with the BRSA Board Decision dated 1 July 2021 and numbered 9645, the risk weights of individual credit cards and consumer loans were changed. In consumer loans extended after the decision was taken, the risk weight was applied 100% instead of 75% for those with a remaining maturity of 1-12 months, and 150% instead of 75% for those with more than 1 year. Likewise, after the date of the decision, in individual credit cards; the risk weight was applied to 100% instead of 75% for those with 1-6 months to maturity, and 150% instead of 75% for those with 6 months or more.

In accordance with the BRSA Board Decision dated 28 April 2022 and numbered 10188, two hundred percent risk weight has been applied to commercial TL cash loans to be extended as of 1 May 2022 (excluding loans exempted as per the decision).

With the BRSA Board Decision of 23 June 2022 and numbered 10248, five hundred percent risk weight has been applied to commercial cash loans in TL and FC that will be extended to non-residents, excluding banks and financial institutions, after the date of the said Decision.

The Group's current period equity amount calculated as of 30 June 2022 is TL 29,266,071 (31 December 2021: 21,866,488 TL), and the consolidated capital adequacy standard ratio is 15.32% (31 December 2021: 17.77%). The consolidated capital adequacy standard ratio is above the minimum ratio determined by the relevant legislation. Credit risk "standard approach" for banking accounts, market risk "standard method" for trading accounts, counterparty credit risk "fair value valuation method" for derivatives and repo transactions, credit valuation adjustment capital load "standard method" for over-the-counter derivative transactions method" and operational risk were calculated using the "basic indicator method".

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity (cont'd)

Information related to the components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity:

Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	Current Period 30.06.2022	Prior Period 31.12.2021
Paid-in capital to be entitled for compensation after all creditors	2,404,652	2,404,652
Share premium	2,565	2,565
Reserves	11,441,772	9,538,286
Gains recognized in equity as per Turkish Accounting Standards (TAS)	575,710	4,611
Profit	4,906,759	2,072,708
Current Period Profit	4,808,403	2,072,708
Prior Period Profit	98,356	-
Bonus shares from associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures not accounted in current period's profit	-	-
Minority interest	635	750
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	19,332,093	14,023,572
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital		
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the (I) item of first paragraph of Article 9 of the Regulation on Bank Capital Current and prior periods' losses not covered by reserves, and losses accounted under equity according	=	-
to TAS	90	122
Leasehold improvements on operational leases	33,200	37,252
Goodwill netted off deferred tax liability	421,124	421,124
Other intangible assets netted off deferred tax liabilities except mortgage servicing rights.	190,742	175,884
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax	170,712	175,001
liability)	_	_
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk	_	_
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total		
expected loss amount exceeds the total provision	_	_
Gains arising from securitization transactions	_	_
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair value of Bank's liabilities	_	_
Net amount of defined-benefit plan assets	_	_
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Tier 1 Capital	_	-
Excess amount expressed in the law (Article 56 4th paragraph)	_	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of		
regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions, where the Bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	_	_
Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside		
the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions (amount above 10% threshold) of		
Tier 1 Capital	_	-
Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) of Tier 1 Capital	_	-
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax		
liability)	-	-
Amounts exceeding 15% of Tier 1 Capital according to Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of		
Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (2nd article temporary second paragraph)	-	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of		
regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions, where the Bank does not own more than 10% of		
the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)	-	-
Amounts related to mortgage servicing rights	-	-
Excess amount of deferred tax assets from temporary differences	-	-
Other Items Determined by BRSA	-	-
Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital	-	-
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	645,156	634,382
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	18,686,937	13,389,190

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity (cont'd)

Information related to the components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity: (cont'd)

	Current Period 30.06.2022	Prior Period 31.12.2021
ADDITIONAL TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums	-	-
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	-	-
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	=	-
Third Parties Share in the Additional Tier 1 Capital	136	161
Third Parties Share in the Additional Tier 1 Capital (in the scope of Temporary Article 3)	136	161
Additional Tier 1 Capital before deductions	136	161
Deductions from Additional Tier 1 Capital	-	
Bank's direct or indirect investment on its own Tier 1 Capital	-	-
Investments in equity instruments issued by banks or financial institutions invested in Bank's additional Tier I		
Capital which are compatible with the article 7 of the regulation	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial		
Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10%		
Threshold of Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	-	-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier 1 Capital of		
Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued		
Share Capital	=	-
Other Items Determined by BRSA	-	-
Items to be deducted from Tier I Capital during the Transition Period	=	-
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from Common		
Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on		
Bank Capital (-)	-	-
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the		
sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Bank Capital (-)	-	-
The amount to be deducted from Additional Tier 1 Capital (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Additional Tier 1 Capital	-	
Total Additional Tier 1 Capital	136	161
Total Tier 1 Capital (Tier 1 Capital=Common Equity+Additional Tier 1 Capital)	18,687,073	13,389,351
TIER 2 CAPITAL	0.425.020	7.140.540
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	8,425,020	7,140,542
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	- 101	- 214
Third parties' share in the Tier 2 Capital Third parties' share in the Tier 2 Capital (in the course of Terror course Article 2)	181	214
Third parties' share in the Tier 2 Capital (in the scope of Temporary Article 3)	181	214
Provisions (Amounts stated in the first paragraph of the Article 8 of the Regulation on the Bank Capital)	2,184,687	1,363,914
Tier 2 Capital Before Deductions Poductions From Tim 2 Capital	10,609,888	8,504,670
Deductions From Tier 2 Capital Bank's direct or indirect investment on its own Tier 2 Capital (-)		
Investments in equity instruments issued by banks and financial institutions invested in Bank's Tier II Capital	-	-
which are compatible with Article 8 of the regulation		
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial	-	-
Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10%		
Threshold of Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (-)		
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Core Capital and		
Tier 2 Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the		
Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier 1 Capital		
Other Items Determined by BRSA (-)	- -	-
Total Deductions from Tier 2 Capital	_	_
Total Tier 2 Capital	10,609,888	8,504,670
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 and Tier 2 Capital)	29,296,961	21,894,021
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NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity (cont'd)

Information related to the components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity: (cont'd)

	Current Period 30.06.2022	Prior Period 31.12.2021
The Sum of Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital (Total Capital)		
Loan granted to Customer against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law	110	3,823
Net Book Values of Immovables Exceeding 50% of the Equity and of Assets Acquired against Overdue		
Receivables and Held for Sale as per the Article 57 of the Banking Law but Retained More Than Five Years	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	30,780	23,710
Items to be Deducted from the Sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital ("Capital") During the Transition Period	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks and financial		
institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share		
capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank not to be deducted from the Common Equity,		
Additional Tier 1 Capital, Tier 2 Capital as per the 1st clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on		
the Equity of Banks	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of direct or indirect investments made in Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2		
Capital items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10%		
or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank not to be		
deducted from the Additional Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital as per the 1st clause of the Provisional Article		
2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks Parties of the total of not less positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks and financial.	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share		
capital, deferred tax assets based on temporary differences and mortgage servicing rights not deducted from		
Common Equity as per the 1st and 2nd Paragraph of the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the		
Regulation on the Equity of Banks	_	_
TOTAL CAPITAL		
Total Capital	29,266,071	21,866,488
Total Risk Weighted Assets	191,018,451	123,079,834
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	9.78	10.88
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	9.78	10.88
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	15.32	17.77
BUFFERS		
Total additional Common Equity Tier 1 Capital requirement ratio (a+b+c)	2.50	2.50
a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.50	2.50
b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%)	-	-
c) Systemic significant bank buffer ratio (%) The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tion 1 conited which will be calculated by the first personal of the	-	-
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the		
Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk Weighted Assets (%)	1.28	2.34
Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles	1.20	2.34
Amounts arising from the net long positions of investments made in Total Capital items of banks and financial		
institutions where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital	344,361	301,971
Amounts arising from the net long positions of investments made in Tier 1 Capital items of banks and financial	2,	202,512
institutions where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital	-	-
Mortgage servicing rights	-	-
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	1,662,973	147,376
Limits Related to Provisions Considered in Tier 2 Calculation		
General provisions for standard based receivables (before ten thousand twenty five limitation)	2,558,668	2,123,337
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard approach		
used (**)	2,184,687	1,363,914
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in		
accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	-
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0.6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the		
Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation Polit instruments subjected to Anticle 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2018)	-	-
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022)		
Upper limit for Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Amounts excess the Limits of Additional Tier 1 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Upper limit for Additional Tier 2 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	- -	-
Amounts excess the Limits of Additional Tier 2 Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	_	_
The positive difference between the expected credit loss provision amount in accordance with TFRS 9 and the		
total provision amount before the application of TFRS 9		88,574

^(*) The positive difference between the expected credit loss provision amount in accordance with TFRS 9 and the total provision amount before the application of TFRS 9 has been deducted.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity (cont'd)

Information related to the components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity: (cont'd)

	T	T-1	T-2	T-3	T-4
CAPITAL ITEMS					
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	18,686,937	15,501,595	13,389,190	12,513,356	11,974,869
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital where the transition impact of TFRS 9 has					
not been applied (a)	18,686,937	15,501,595	13,300,616	12,424,782	11,886,295
Tier 1 Capital	18,687,073	15,501,737	13,389,351	12,513,449	11,974,954
Tier 1 Capital where the transition impact of TFRS 9 has not been applied					
(b)	18,687,073	15,501,737	13,300,777	12,424,875	11,886,380
Capital	29,266,071	24,778,703	21,866,488	18,477,772	17,785,748
Capital where the transition impact of TFRS 9 has not been applied (c)	29,266,071	24,778,703	21,777,914	18,389,198	17,697,174
TOTAL RISK WEIGHTED ASSETS					
Total Risk Weighted Assets	191,018,451	144,685,433	123,079,834	110,426,564	99,515,070
CAPITAL ADEQUENCY RATIOS					
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	9.78	10.71	10.88	11.33	12.03
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) where the transition					
impact of TFRS 9 has not been applied (d)	9.78	10.71	10.81	11.25	11.94
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	9.78	10.71	10.88	11.33	12.03
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) where the transition impact of TFRS 9					
has not been applied (d)	9.78	10.71	10.81	11.25	11.94
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	15.32	17.13	17.77	16.73	17.8
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) where the transition impact of TFRS 9 has					
not been applied (d)	15.32	17.13	17.69	16.65	17.78
LEVERAGE RATIO					
Leverage Ratio Total Risk Amount	351,012,779	304,876,720	267,761,081	208,552,980	193,379,229
Leverage Ratio	%5.23	%5.08	%5.00	%6.00	%6.19
FTA not Applied Leverage Ratio (e)	%5.23	%5.08	%4.97	%5.96	%6.15

^(*) As of 30 June 2022, the implementation of the temporary article 5 has ended and the effects of the prior periods are shown in the table above.

Basic information for the TFRS 9 transition process

- a: Common equity Tier 1 capital if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on equities of banks has not applied.
- b: Tier 1 capital if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on equities of banks has not applied.
- c: Total capital if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on equities of banks has not applied.
- d: Capital adequacy ratios calculated with capital items if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on banks has not applied.
- e: The leverage ratio calculated with capital items if Temporary Article 5 of the Regulation on banks has not applied.

Explanations on reconciliation of capital items to balance sheet:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Total capital per balance sheet	19,279,059	14,056,270
Hedging funds (effective portion)	(261,175)	(292,799)
Deductions Made Under Regulation	(671,011)	(662,491)
Transition Impact of TFRS 9 (Temporary 5 th Article)	-	88,574
Accumulated revaluation and/or classification on gains/losses of financial assets at fair		
value through other comprehensive income	340,064	199,636
Common equity Tier 1 Capital	18,686,937	13,389,190
Additional Tier 1 Capital	136	161
Tier 1 Capital	18,687,073	13,389,351
General provisions (Stage 1 and 2)	2,184,687	1,363,914
Bank's borrowing instruments	8,425,020	7,140,542
Deductions made under regulation	(30,890)	(27,533)
Shares of third parties in the contribution capital	181	214
Total Equity	29,266,071	21,866,488

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity (cont'd)

Information related to debt instruments included in equity calculation:

All of the debt instruments included in equity calculation are issued by the Parent Bank.

Issuer	ТЕВ	TEB	TEB	TEB
Unique identifier of the debt instrument (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN)	XS0700889081	XS0808626013	XS0780562665	XS0947781315
Governing law(s) of the debt instrument	Turkey	Turkey	Turkey	Turkey
Regulatory Treatment			-	
Subject to 10% deduction as of 1/1/2015	No	No	No	No
Eligible at unconsolidated/consolidated and unconsolidated	Available	Available	Available	Available
	Borrowing	Borrowing	Borrowing	Borrowing
Type of the debt instrument	Instrument	Instrument	Instrument	Instrument
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (TL Currency in mil, as of most recent				
reporting date)	3,488.48	1,732.12	1,039.27	2,165.15
Nominal value of debt instrument (TL Currency in mil)	3,488.48	1,732.12	1,039.27	2,165.15
Accounting classification of the debt instrument	34701100	34701100	34701100	34701100
Original date of issuance	5.11.2018	22.07.2019	14.05.2019	27.06.2018
Maturity structure of debt instrument (Demand/Time)	Time	Time	Time	Time
Original maturity date	5.11.2028	22.07.2029	14.05.2029	27.06.2028
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Available	Available	Available	Available
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	5.11.2023	22.07.2024	14.05.2024	27.06.2023
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	-	-	-	-
Coupons / dividends				
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Floating	Floating	Floating
Coupon rate and any related index	10.40%	6mEuribor+7.10	6mEuribor+7.10%	6mEuribor+5.10%
Existence of a dividend stopper	None	None	None	None
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	None	None	None	None
Noncumulative or cumulative	None	None	None	None
Convertible or non-convertible				
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	-	-	-	-
If convertible, fully or partially	-	-	-	-
If convertible, conversion rate	-	-	-	-
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	-	-	-	-
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	-	-	-	-
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	-	-	-	-
Write-down feature				
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	-	-	-	-
If write-down, full or partial	-	-	-	-
If write-down, permanent or temporary	-	-	-	-
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	-	-	-	-
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type	Deposit and	Deposit and	Deposit and	Deposit and
immediately senior to the debt instrument)	other receivables	other receivables	other receivables	other receivables
Whether conditions which stands in Article of 7 and 8 of Banks' shareholder				
equity law are possessed or not	Possess	Possess	Possess	Possess
According to Article 7 and 8 of Banks' shareholders equity law that are not				
possessed (*)	-	-	-	_

 $^{(*) \}qquad \text{Under Article 8/2 in subsection (h) mechanism of write-down or conversion to common shares are stated.}$

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations Related to the Consolidated Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk indicates the probability of loss that the Group is subject to due to the exchange rate movements in the market. While calculating the share capital requirement, all foreign currency assets, liabilities and forward transactions of the Group are taken into consideration and risk is calculated by using the standard method.

The Board of Directors of the Parent Bank sets limits for the positions, which are followed up daily. Any possible changes in the foreign currency transactions in the Parent Bank's positions are also monitored.

As an element of the Group's risk management strategies, foreign currency liabilities are hedged against exchange rate risk by derivative instruments.

Asset Liability Management and Treasury Department of the Parent Bank is responsible for the management of Turkish Lira or foreign currency price, liquidity and affordability risks that could occur in the domestic and international markets within the limits set by the Board of Directors. The monitoring of risk and risk related transactions occurring in the money markets is performed daily and reported to the Parent Bank's Asset-Liability Committee on a weekly basis.

As of 30 June 2022, the Group's balance sheet short position is TL 22,778,750 (31 December 2021: TL 24,005,711 short position) off-balance sheet long position is TL 21,824,323 (31 December 2021: TL 23,747,791 long position) and as a result net foreign currency short position is net TL 954,427 (31 December 2021: net TL 257,920 short position).

The announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank at 30 June 2022 and the previous five working days in full TL are as follows:

	23.06.2022	24.06.2022	27.06.2022	28.06.2022	29.06.2022	30.06.2022
USD	17.2831	17.276	16.4438	16.5608	16.5635	16.6118
EURO	18.2009	18.2417	17.3861	17.4269	17.3735	17.3212

The simple arithmetic averages of the major current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank for the thirty days before 30 June 2022 are as follows:

	Monthly Average
	Foreign Exchange Rate
USD	16.9095
EURO	17.8745

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations Related to the Consolidated Currency Risk (cont'd)

Information on the foreign currency risk of the Group:

The table below shows the Group's distribution of balance sheet and derivative foreign exchange transactions taking into account the options transactions with nominal values as indicated in the BRSA regulation on foreign currency position. Besides taking into account this position by monitoring legal limits, the Group also monitors the delta-adjusted position of the option transactions. As of 30 June 2022, the Parent Bank has net USD long position TL 323,033 and net EUR long position TL 339,531.

Current Period	EURO	USD	Other FC	Total
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit,				
Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey (1)	13,445,850	21,522,578	4,672,533	39,640,961
Banks (2)	1,879,929	2,566,953	4,186,473	8,633,355
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	44,976	733,339	-	778,315
Receivables from Money Markets	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	1,431,019	3,313,983	44,383	4,789,385
Loans (3)	29,309,532	9,507,912	1,836,733	40,654,177
Subsidiaries, Associates and Entities Under Common Control	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost (4)	3,160,738	6,346,293	-	9,507,031
Derivative Financial Assets for Hedging Purposes (5)	82,174	18,998	-	101,172
Tangible Assets	-	-	-	-
Intangible Assets	_	-	-	-
Other Assets (6)	3,292,235	413,162	94,206	3,799,603
Total Assets	52,646,453	44,423,218	10,834,328	107,903,999
Liabilities				<u> </u>
Bank Deposits	227,277	164,141	9,907	401,325
Foreign Currency Deposits (7)	24,590,711	59,700,246	12,464,778	96,755,735
Money Market Borrowings	6,270,026	-	-	6,270,026
Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions	13,420,540	11,001,027	90,852	24,512,419
Securities Issued	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Payables	_	-	-	-
Derivative Financial Liabilities for Hedging Purposes	1,476	-	-	1,476
Other Liabilities (8)	2,073,095	597,486	71,187	2,741,768
Total Liabilities	46,583,125	71,462,900	12,636,724	130,682,749
Net Balance Sheet Position	6,063,328	(27,039,682)	(1,802,396)	(22,778,750)
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	(5,932,564)	25,670,009	2,086,878	21,824,323
Financial Derivative Assets (9)	21,717,606	59,772,984	6,212,467	87,703,057
Financial Derivative Liabilities (9)	27,650,170	34,102,975	4,125,589	65,878,734
Non-Cash Loans (10)	16,862,857	17,100,798	2,885,699	36,849,354
Prior Period				
Total Assets	39,909,506	36,902,089	8,434,790	85,246,385
Total Liabilities	47,988,927	49,686,785	11,576,384	109,252,096
Net Balance Sheet Position	(8,079,421)	(12,784,696)	(3,141,594)	(24,005,711)
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	7,665,448	13,045,910	3,036,433	23,747,791
Financial Derivative Assets (9)	30,271,685	44,317,120	4,830,894	79,419,699
Financial Derivative Assets Financial Derivative Liabilities (9)	22,606,237	31,271,210	1,794,461	55,671,908
Non-Cash Loans (10)	13,567,563	13,803,567	2,691,051	30,062,181
11011 Cubit Boulds	13,301,303	13,003,307	2,071,031	30,002,101

Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey includes the balances of expected credit losses amounting to TL 6,770 (31 December 2021: TL 4,982). (1)

⁽²⁾

The banks include TL 25,069 of expected credit loss provisions (31 December 2021: TL 22,153). Foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 92,711 (31 December 2021: TL 173,195) are included in the loan portfolio. Also, it includes TL 823,139 (31 December 2021: TL 814,077) amounting to expected credit loss.

⁽⁴⁾ Financial Assets at Amortized Cost includes expected credit loss amounting to TL 2,140 (31 December 2021: TL 1,839).

⁽⁵⁾ There is no derivative financial transaction rediscount income deducted from the derivative financial assets line for hedging purposes. (31 December 2021:

⁽⁶⁾ TL 458,848 (31 December 2021: TL 312,610) income accruals from derivative financial instruments are deducted from other assets. In the Other Assets row TL 3,319,203 factoring receivables and TL 4,375 factoring receivables include expected loss provision.

Precious metal accounts amounting to TL 8,651,303 (31 December 2021: TL 7,954,654) are included in the foreign currency deposits.

TL 443,235 (31 December 2021: TL 155,500) expense accruals from derivative financial instruments are deducted from other liabilities.

⁽⁹⁾ Forward asset and marketable securities purchase-sale commitments of TL 3,822,649 (31 December 2021: TL 3,118,150) are added to derivative financial assets and TL 3,745,176 (31 December 2021: TL 4,589,261) has been added to derivative financial assets.

⁽¹⁰⁾ There is no effect on the net off-balance sheet position.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations Related to Consolidated Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk shows the probability of loss related to the changes in interest rates depending on the Parent Bank's position, and it is managed by the Asset-Liability Committee. The interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items related to this risk are measured by using the standard method and included in the market risk for capital adequacy.

The priority of the risk management department is to protect from interest rate volatility. Duration, maturity and sensitivity analysis performed within this context are calculated by the risk management department and reported to the Liquidity Risk and Asset-Liability Committee.

Simulations on interest income are performed in connection with the forecasted economic indicators used in the budget of the Group.

The Parent Bank management monitors the market interest rates on a daily basis and revises the interest rates of the Parent Bank when necessary.

The Group carries interest rate risk within legal and internal limits and manages interest rate risk in line with the bank's risk appetite.

Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on repricing dates):

	Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over	Non-interest	
	Month	Months	Months	Years	5 Years	Bearing (1)	Total
Current Period							
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency							
Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques							
Purchased) and Balances with the Central							
Bank of Turkey (2)	31,391,569	-	-	-	-	16,144,261	47,535,830
Banks (3)	4,058,434	-	-	-	-	4,649,060	8,707,494
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit							
and Loss	170,512	1,292,836	236,289	710,685	340,676	344,803	3,095,801
Receivables from Money Markets (4)	1,111,595	-	-	-	-	(51)	1,111,544
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through							
Other Comprehensive Income	1,636,979	2,081,945	2,253,983	3,515,104	_	17,505	9,505,516
Loans Given (5)	9,620,195	17,663,556	56,683,326	61,293,678	1,282,400	(1,119,601)	145,423,554
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized							
Cost (6)	865,517	3,663,252	12,026,012	9,821,191	516,987	(6,004)	26,886,955
Other Assets (7)	2,761,060	2,570,038	2,241,063	2,042,997	492,141	10,647,599	20,754,898
Total Assets	51,615,861	27,271,627	73,440,673	77,383,655	2,632,204	30,677,572	263,021,592
							_
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	2,092,074	-	-	-	-	592,597	2,684,671
Other Deposits	87,495,453	28,669,526	3,926,790	42,353	-	62,955,046	183,089,168
Money Market Borrowings	3,753,723	2,575,838	1,586,822	-	-	-	7,916,383
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	2,004,077	1,126,186	-	-	-	-	3,130,263
Funds Provided from Other Financial							
Institutions	3,945,731	11,048,790	6,046,392	-	6,375,225	-	27,416,138
Other Liabilities	2,827	122,286	1,273,606	1,047,663	167,416	36,171,171	38,784,969
Total Liabilities	99,293,885	43,542,626	12,833,610	1,090,016	6,542,641	99,718,814	263,021,592
Balance Sheet Long Position	_	_	60,607,063	76,293,639	_	-	136,900,702
Balance Sheet Short Position	(47,678,024)	(16,270,999)			(3,910,437)	(69.041.242)	(136,900,702)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	7,625,176	4,812,163	_	_	30,304	-	12,467,643
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	.,025,170	.,512,103	(6,915,198)	(4.720.725)	-	_	(11,635,923)
Total Position	(40,052,848)	(11.458.836)	53.691.865	71,572,914	(3.880.133)	(69,041,242)	831.720

⁽¹⁾ The expected loss provisions are presented under the "Non-Interest Bearing" column.

The other assets line in the non-interest bearing column consists of tangible assets amounting to TL 927,112, intangible assets amounting to TL 623,985, assets held for resale amounting to TL 84,393, subsidiaries amounting to TL 50 entities under common control (joint vent.) amounting to TL 5 and the other liabilities line includes the shareholders' equity of TL 19,279,059.

⁽²⁾ Cash and cash equivalents include cash balances (cash in hand, cash in hand, cash in the safe deposit box, purchased checks) and the Central Bank of Turkey's outstanding loss provisions in the amount of TL 8.412.

⁽³⁾ Banks include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TL 26,253.

⁽⁴⁾ Receivables from Money Markets include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TL 51.

⁽⁵⁾ The revolving loans amounting to TL 15,333,346 TL are presented under the "Up to 1 Month" column. It includes expected loss provisions amounting to TL 4 050 893

⁽⁶⁾ Financial assets at amortized cost include losses amounting to TL 6,004.

⁽⁷⁾ Includes factoring receivables amounting to TL 6,469,045 and factoring receivables expected loss provisions amounting to TL 43,688

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations Related to Consolidated Interest Rate Risk (cont'd)

Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on repricing dates): (cont'd)

	Up to 1					Non-interest	
		1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over 5 Years	Bearing (1)	Total
Prior Period						3	
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency							
Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques							
Purchased) and Balances with the Central							
Bank of Turkey ⁽²⁾	22,959,105	-	-	-	-	12,826,030	35,785,135
Banks ⁽³⁾	6,570,849	-	-	-	-	5,070,342	11,641,191
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit							
or Loss	252,946	718,169	619,019	805,159	96,136	302,359	2,793,788
Receivables from Money Markets	3,245	-	-	-	-	-	3,245
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other							
Comprehensive Income	502,497	476,140	1,672,179	4,511,890	-	13,250	7,175,956
Loans Given (4)	30,670,723	11,835,077	35,018,104	25,756,608	1,293,973	(714,613)	103,859,872
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized							
Cost (5)	663,358	576,192	10,699,178	7,571,596	41,376	(4,399)	19,547,301
Other Assets	1,984,619	1,978,611	2,356,779	1,702,037	285,616	9,739,968	18,047,630
Total Assets	63,607,342	15,584,189	50,365,259	40,347,290	1,717,101	27,232,937	198,854,118
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	1.962.166					37,570	1.999.736
Other Deposits	60,627,208	10,374,268	272.254	1,378	-	58,308,129	129,583,237
Money Market Borrowings	4,763,155	2,575,838	1,586,822	1,376	-	36,306,129	8,925,815
Miscellaneous Payables	4,703,133	2,373,636	1,360,622	-	-	-	0,923,013
Securities Issued	1,049,232	145,293	_	_	_	_	1,194,525
Funds Provided from Other Financial	1,049,232	143,293	-	-	-	-	1,194,323
Institutions	5,336,362	13,262,496	5,581,808		2,857,546		27,038,212
Other Liabilities	147,226	538,774	177,900	1,318,413	51,968	27,878,312	30,112,593
Other Endomnies	147,220	330,774	177,500	1,310,413	31,700	27,070,312	50,112,575
Total Liabilities	73,885,349	26,896,669	7,618,784	1,319,791	2,909,514	86,224,011	198,854,118
Balance Sheet Long Position	_	_	42,746,475	39,027,499	_	_	81,773,974
Balance Sheet Short Position	(10,278,007)	(11,312,480)	-	-	(1,192,413)	(58,991,074)	(81,773,974)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	5,039,168	11,003,202	-	-	-	-	16,042,370
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	-		(12,243,494)	(2,104,686)	(233,696)	-	(14,581,876)
Total Position	(5,238,839)	(309,278)	30,502,981	36,922,813	(1,426,109)	(58,991,074)	1,460,494

⁽¹⁾ The expected loss provisions are presented under the "Non-Interest Bearing" column.

The other assets line in the non-interest bearing column consists of tangible assets amounting to TL 934,456, intangible assets amounting to TL 611,252, assets held for resale amounting to TL 65,933, subsidiaries amounting to TL 50 entities under common control (joint vent.) amounting to TL 5 and the other liabilities line includes the shareholders' equity of TL 14,056,270.

⁽²⁾ Cash balances (Cash, Effective Deposit, Money in transit, Notes Payable) and the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey include balances of expected losses amounting to TL 6,160

Banks include balance of expected loss provisions amounting to TL 23,547.

⁽⁴⁾ The revolving loans amounting to TL 13,983,435 are presented under the "Up to 1 Month" column. It includes expected loss provisions amounting to TL 4 045 878

⁽⁵⁾ Financial assets at amortized cost include balance of expected loss provisions of TL 4,399.

⁽⁶⁾ Includes factoring receivables amounting to TL 2,503,938 and factoring receivables expected loss provisions amounting to TL 17,162.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations Related to Consolidated Interest Rate Risk (cont'd)

Average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments:

	EURO	USD %	YEN %	TL %
Current Period	%	%	%0	%0
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques				
Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	_	_	_	_
Banks	0.01	1.65	_	19.77
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss	3.04	6.10	_	24.58
Receivables from Money Markets	-	-	_	15.17
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	2.67	3.77	_	31.14
Loans Given (*)	3.45	5.40	5.64	23.32
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	3.11	5.31	_	42.49
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	_	_	_	7.78
Other Deposits	0.71	3.36	_	17.93
Money Market Borrowings	1.49	_	_	16.54
Miscellaneous Payables	_	_	_	_
Securities Issued	_	_	_	19.61
Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions	2.82	5.26	-	17.66
(*) Includes factoring receivable.				
	EURO	USD	YEN	TL
	%	%	%	%
Prior Period				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques				
Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	8.50
Banks	(0.70)	0.05	-	14.13
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss	3.36	5.24	-	20.14
Receivables from Money Markets	-	-	-	16.85
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	2.70	3.84	-	17.48
Loans Given (*)	1.86	3.37	5.45	20.09
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	3.16	5.46	-	27.53
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	10.37
Other Deposits	0.11	0.32	-	17.41
Money Market Borrowings	1.04	-	-	14.08
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	-	-	-	16.59
Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions	1.73	4.84	-	18.18

^(*) Includes factoring receivable.

IV. Explanations Related to Equity Share Position Risk in Consolidated Banking Accounts

Equity securities which are not publicly traded in the Parent Bank's financial statements are booked as their fair value, or otherwise booked as their cost value if calculation of fair value is not determined properly.

The Parent Bank does not have any shares traded on Borsa Istanbul.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations Related to Consolidated Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio

a) Information on liquidity risk management, such as the Parent Bank's risk capacity, responsibilities and the structure of liquidity risk management, Parent Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application:

The Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group is responsible for following up the Parent Bank's current liquidity position and for complying with liquidity limits approved by the Board of Directors. After evaluating the liquidity position, the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group use authorized products to provide sufficient liquidity based on liquidity position.

Responsibilities for liquidity management are described in the Liquidity Risk Policy which is reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors annually. The various responsibilities have been shared among the appropriate departments and committees as outlined in duty descriptions. While the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group alone is responsible for managing liquidity and for developing short-term liquidity estimates, the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group works with the Asset-Liability Management Committee to jointly developing/setting short-term liquidity strategies and middle and long term liquidity estimates. The Asset-Liability Management Committee is responsible for preparing middle and long term liquidity strategies.

The Risk Management Group monitors daily all set liquidity risk limits, and periodically reports internal and legal liquidity rates and changes to the Risk Committee, Audit Committee and Board of Directors, in addition to providing daily reports to senior management. Information about the Parent Bank's liquidity structure and policies is provided to the relevant business lines at an Assets-Liabilities Committee meeting which is held every couple of weeks and at a Market and Liquidity Risk Committee meeting which is held monthly.

b) Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy, and on operations between Parent Bank and its partnerships:

The Asset-Liability Management and the Treasury Group manage the Parent Bank's liquidity risk and performs this role only for the bank. Liquidity gap values are monitored within the limits set by the Board of Directors, and for compliance with these limits, the necessary debt instruments are used, while considering price and maturity structure. Our subsidiaries manage their own liquidity and we provide them borrowing facilities within market conditions and legal limits.

c) Information about the Parent Bank's funding strategy including policies on funding types and variety of maturities:

While the Parent Bank tries to diversify its funding resources, it also tries to extend its payment terms. Customer deposits are the bank's main funding resource. Our main strategy for deposit management is to be inclusive while extending the average maturity. In addition to borrowings from money markets and collecting deposit, the Parent Bank uses instruments such as long-term syndicated loans, securities issued in TL and foreign currency to diversify funding resources.

d) Information on liquidity management based on currency which consists of a minimum of 5% of the Parent Bank's total liabilities:

Excluding TL, USD and EUR, there is no foreign currency which exceeds 5% of total liabilities. For these currencies, liquidity gaps are reported on a monthly basis and the liquidity coverage ratio is calculated daily for total TL and foreign currency. The Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group is responsible for taking the necessary steps to keep ratios within the limits determined by the Board of Directors. Trend of these ratios are monitored on a monthly basis by the Market and Liquidity Risk Committee which includes the General Manager, Assistant General Manager responsible from Financial Affairs Group, Group Risk Chief Officer, and the Assistant General Manager in charge of the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group. Furthermore, senior management is periodically informed about the relevant ratios.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations Related to Consolidated Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (cont'd)

e) Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques used:

The Parent Bank's main liquidity management strategy is to diversify funding resources and extend the maturity structure. The Parent Bank's balance sheet liquidity risk is periodically measured by Assets-Liabilities management and closely monitored with the Treasury. In accordance with market expectations, the Assets-Liabilities Management and Treasury Group carries out the actions necessary to minimize risk.

Within this framework, the Parent Bank's liquidity risk is attempted to manage efficiently by long-term structural changes (such as diversifying funding sources, extending maturity structure etc.) and short and mid-term money market and derivative transactions.

In the short-term, liquidity risk is minimized with FX swaps, interbank borrowings and repurchase agreements, while cross currency swap transactions are used to minimize these risks in the long-term.

f) Explanation on the usage of the stress test:

The aim of the liquidity stress test is to analyze how liquidity squeeze affects bank liquidity. Cash inflows and outflows which may arise in cases of stress event are analyzed based on products with different maturities. Stress events which may arise as a result of the liquidity squeeze, both in the Parent Bank and in the whole banking system, in cases of stress event are analyzed. Also, situations where the two scenarios might coincide are considered. The analysis addresses how much of the net cash outflows of different maturities would be covered by the current liquid stock during all relevant stress events.

g) General information on liquidity emergency and contingency plans:

The extraordinary liquidity situation is evaluated to determine,

- Whether the liquidity problem is specific to the parent bank or applies to the whole banking system and
- Whether there is a permanent or temporary problem.

Profitability has second degree importance in extraordinary liquidity conditions. In cases of cash shortage or cash withdrawal, the branches are responsible for informing the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group about withdrawn liabilities. The Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group takes the necessary actions to cover the cash outflow which may occur in the accounts and informs the Asset-Liability Committee of any related delays.

In a liquidity crisis, the Asset-Liability Management and Treasury Group, the Asset-Liability Committee, the Liquidity Risk Committee, senior management, and the Board of Directors are responsible for solving the liquidity problem. It is predicted that, in a liquidity crisis, in order to create additional liquidity, written actions (considering the cost) must be taken within current market conditions.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations Related to Consolidated Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (cont'd)

Liquidity Coverage Ratio:

	Value (*)			Rate of Percentag into Account Impl Value	emented Total
Cur	rent Period – 30 June 2022	TP+YP	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC
Higl	n Quality Liquid Assets				
1	High quality liquid assets			70,675,203	40,814,533
	h Outflows				
2	Real person deposit and retail deposits	108,903,808	57,826,811	9,893,441	5,782,681
3	Stable deposits	19,938,798	-	996,940	-
4	Less stable deposits	88,965,010	57,826,811	8,896,501	5,782,681
5	Unsecured debts other than real person deposits				
	and retail deposits	62,570,219	33,178,372	35,232,415	16,080,565
6	Operational deposits	1,732,272	592,995	433,068	148,249
7	Non-operational deposits	54,036,012	29,483,669	28,373,363	13,029,222
8	Other unsecured funding	6,801,935	3,101,708	6,425,984	2,903,094
9	Secured borrowings			201,009	31,549
10	Other cash outflows	1,255,981	6,566,384	1,255,981	6,566,384
11	Derivative and collateral obligations	1,255,981	6,566,384	1,255,981	6,566,384
	Payables from structured financial				
12	instruments	-	-	-	-
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance				
	sheet commitments granted for debts to				
	financial markets	-	-	-	-
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments				
	and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-				
	balance sheet obligations	69,049,340	31,017,288	5,933,796	3,279,492
16	Total Cash Outflows			52,516,642	31,740,671
Cas	h Inflows				
17	Secured receivables	_	_	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	22,269,314	12,611,321	16,745,186	11,302,899
19	Other cash inflows	404,030	13,222,534	404,030	13,222,534
20	Total Cash Inflows	22,673,344	25,833,855	17,149,216	24,525,433
		<u> </u>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Values to Which the	Upper Limit is
					Applied
21	Total High Quality Liquid Assets Inventory			70,675,203	40,814,533
22	Total Net Cash Outflows			35,367,426	7,935,168
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			199.83	514.35

^(*) Simple arithmetic average of the last three months data calculated by using weekly simple arithmetic averages.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations Related to Consolidated Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (cont'd)

Liquidity Coverage Ratio: (cont'd)

		Rate of Percentage to 1	Be Taken into	Rate of Percentag	Rate of Percentage to Be Taken		
		Account not Implem		into Account Impl			
	D 1 1 21 D 1 2021	Value (*)		Value	` '		
_	or Period – 31 December 2021	TP+YP	TP+YP	TL+FC	TP+YP		
High	h Quality Liquid Assets			46,000,056	20, 292, 626		
1	High quality liquid assets			46,888,056	29,282,626		
	h Outflows	91 730 004	12 509 220	7 210 (01	4.250.922		
2	Real person deposit and retail deposits	81,720,904	42,598,230	7,319,601	4,259,823		
3	Stable deposits	17,049,779	- 12 500 220	852,489	4.250.022		
4	Less stable deposits	64,671,125	42,598,230	6,467,112	4,259,823		
5	Unsecured debts other than real person deposits	44.005.051	22 001 622	25 444 605	10 (04 5(0		
_	and retail deposits	44,985,951	23,081,623	25,444,605	12,624,562		
6	Operational deposits	1,256,434	554,315	314,109	138,579		
7	Non-operational deposits	34,324,870	16,803,402	15,771,063	6,762,239		
8	Other unsecured funding	9,404,647	5,723,906	9,359,433	5,723,744		
9	Secured borrowings	-	-	70,908	-		
10	Other cash outflows	1,286,330	4,867,615	1,286,330	4,867,615		
11	Derivative and collateral obligations	1,286,330	4,867,615	1,286,330	4,867,615		
	Payables from structured financial						
12	instruments	-	-	-	-		
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance						
	sheet commitments granted for debts to						
	financial markets	-	-	-	-		
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments						
	and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-		
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-						
	balance sheet obligations	44,459,083	17,681,444	3,597,807	1,766,808		
16	Total Cash Outflows	=	-	37,719,251	23,518,808		
Cas	sh Inflows						
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-		
18	Unsecured receivables	17,210,930	9,936,422	13,214,393	9,147,184		
19	Other cash inflows	561,220	12,279,927	561,220	12,279,927		
20	Total Cash Inflows	17,772,150	22,216,349	13,775,613	21,427,111		
				Values to Which th	ne Upper Limit		
					is Applied		
21	Total High Quality Liquid Assets Inventory			46,888,056	29,282,626		
22	Total Net Cash Outflows			23,943,638	5,879,702		
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			195.83	498.03		

^(*) Simple arithmetic average of the last three months data calculated by using weekly simple arithmetic averages.

The amount of High-Quality Liquid Assets, distribution of deposits based on segment, maturity types of borrowings and the share of revolving loans in loan portfolio can be considered as the most important factors affecting liquidity coverage ratio.

High quality liquid assets in order of their priority consist of the time accounts, bond portfolio, reserve deposit and cash. Funding sources consists of corporate customer deposits, real person deposits, borrowings and SME deposit accounts which are weighted by ratios used in Liquidity Coverage Ratio reporting considering their maturity types. Due to amount differences between buy and sell transactions, derivative products effect more FC Liquidity Coverage Ratio rather than the total. Besides, cash outflows due to withdrawal of the collaterals securing derivatives and market valuation changes on derivative transactions are considered in calculations.

There are concentration limits on funding sources approved by Board of Directors. Proportional limits on product type are reported in relation to how much of the funding can be obtained from deposits, group funding, borrowings from banks and repo and other long-term sources.

Liquidity management of the subsidiaries subject to consolidation is carried out by the companies themselves. Although there is a consolidated reporting for the Liquidity Coverage Ratio, there is no centralized liquidity management. Finally, there is no significant cash inflow and cash outflow related to the liquidity profile of the Parent Bank, which is included in the calculation of liquidity coverage ratio, but which is not included in the public disclosure template in the second paragraph of the related communiqué.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations Related to Consolidated Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (cont'd)

Liquidity Coverage Ratio: (cont'd)

Consolidated Liquidity Coverage Ratios for the last three months are presented below:

	Current Period			
	TL+FC	FC		
April 2022	191.23%	242.89%		
May 2022	181.35%	444.78%		
June 2022	213.57%	537.93%		
	Prior Period			
	TL+FC	FC		
April 2021	199.21%	379.79%		
May 2021	185.14%	422.48%		
June 2021	198.45%	462.40%		

Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:

		Up to 1	1-3		1-5	Over		
Current Period	Demand	Month		12 Months	Years		Undistributed ⁽¹⁾	Total
Assets								
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign								
Currency Cash, Money in Transit,								
Cheques Purchased) and Balances								
with the Central Bank of Turkey (2)	16,152,673	31,391,569	-	-	-	-	(8,412)	47,535,830
Banks (3)	6,128,139	2,605,608	-	-	-	-	(26,253)	8,707,494
Securities at Fair Value Through Profit								
and Loss	-	5,438	13,295	56,068	2,335,520	340,676	344,804	3,095,801
Money Market Placements (4)	-	1,111,595	-	-	-	-	(51)	1,111,544
Financial Assets at Fair Value								
Through Other Comprehensive								
Income	17,505	44,365	1,058,685	995,584		1,713,060	-	9,505,516
Loans Given (5)	-	8,268,737	17,663,556	56,711,911	62,616,551	1,282,400	(1,119,601)	145,423,554
Financial Assets Measured at								
Amortized Cost (6)	-	-	1,066,864	10,352,187		3,189,437	(6,004)	26,886,955
Other Assets	-	4,912,366	2,955,569	2,771,189	2,252,173	604,349	7,259,252	20,754,898
Total Assets	22,298,317	48,339,678	22,757,969	70,886,939	95 165 022	7,129,922	6 442 725	263,021,592
1 Otal Assets	22,296,317	40,339,070	22,757,909	70,000,939	65,105,052	7,129,922	0,443,733	203,021,592
Liabilities								
Bank Deposits	592,597	2,092,074	_	_	_	_	_	2,684,671
Other Deposits	62,955,046	87,495,453	28,669,526	3,926,790	42,353	_	-	183,089,168
Funds Provided from Other Financial								
Institutions	-	2,898,211	3,937,055	12,032,117	7,100	8,541,655	-	27,416,138
Money Market Placements	-	3,753,723	2,575,838	1,586,822	-	-	-	7,916,383
Securities Issued	-	2,004,077	1,126,186	-	-	-	-	3,130,263
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Liabilities	83,093	12,534,319	1,865,082	1,851,345	1,583,381	463,884	20,403,865	38,784,969
	(2 (20 =2 (440 0	20 452 405	10.205.054	4 (22 024	0.00#.#20	40.402.04	242 024 502
Total Liabilities	63,630,736	110,777,857	38,173,687	19,397,074	1,632,834	9,005,539	20,403,865	263,021,592
Liquidity Gap	(41,332,419)	(62,438,179)	(15,415,718)	51 489 865	83,532,198	(1.875.617)	(13,960,130)	
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	(11,002,11)	329,318	(1,030,858)	613,496	1.093.527	258,809	(12,500,120)	1,264,292
Financial Derivative Assets	_	33,062,987		31,338,635	, ,	3,616,264	_	138,473,105
Financial Derivative Liabilities	_	32,733,669	47,846,102	30,725,139		3,357,455		137,208,813
Non-Cash Loans	11,922,420	4,106,840		16,370,031	9,927,049	-	-	
Prior Period	7 7	, ,	- , ,	.,,	. , ,			-,,-
Total Assets	19,173,943	62,306,680	16,749,379	42,672,945	51,725,459	2,353,091	3,872,621	198,854,118
Total Liabilities	58,549,584	81,385,158	22,774,278	11,462,945	1,853,657	7,520,200	15,308,296	198,854,118
Liquidity Gap	(39,375,641)	(19,078,478)	(6,024,899)	31,210,000	49,871,802	(5,167,109)	(11,435,675)	-
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	1,157,348	180,560	1,768,166	231,463	180,567	-	3,518,104
Financial Derivative Assets	-	29,886,074	29,745,541	26,100,385	18,145,761	2,968,553	-	106,846,314
Financial Derivative Liabilities	-	28,728,726	29,564,981	24,332,219	17,914,298	2,787,986	-	103,328,210
Non-Cash Loans	10,181,182	2,203,512	5,450,781	13,364,312	7,332,490	-	_	38,532,277

Active accounts that are required for the continuation of banking activities such as fixed assets, subsidiaries, and subsidiaries, stocks, prepaid expenses and non-performing loans are recorded here.

Expected loss provisions are also shown here.

Cash Values include cash balances (Cash in Hand, Cash in The Safe Deposit Box, Purchased Checks) and the Central Bank of Turkey's outstanding loss provisions amounting to TL 8,412

Cash values include ash balances (Cash in Hand, Cash in The Safe Deposit Box, Purchased Checks) and the Central Bank of Turkey's outstanding loss provisions a The banks include TL 26,253 of expected loss provisions.

Receivables from Money Markets includes expected loss provisions balance amounting to TL 51.

The revolving loans amounting to TL 15,333,346 are presented under the "Up to 1 Month" column. It includes expected loss provisions amounting to TL 4,050,893.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost include provision for expected losses amounting to TL 6,004

TL 6,469,045 factoring receivables and TL 43,688 factoring receivables include expected loss provision.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VI. Explanations Related to Consolidated Leverage Ratio

a) Information on issues that cause differences between current period and previous period leverage ratios:

The leverage ratio decreased due to the increase in total risks.

b) Comparison table of total assets and total risk amounts in the financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS:

	Current Period (**)	Prior Period (**)
1 Total assets in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS (*)	251,308,095	184,154,597
2 Difference between the total assets in the consolidated financial statements prepared in		
accordance with TAS and the total assets in the consolidated financial statements prepared in		
accordance with Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the		
Banks	-	-
3 Differences between the balances of derivative financial instruments and the credit derivatives		
in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the Communique on		
Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks and their risk exposures	1,070,707	612,168
4 Differences between the balances of securities financing transactions in the consolidated		
financial statements prepared in accordance with the Communique on Preparation of		
Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks and their risk exposures	4,011,284	854,257
5 Differences between off- balance sheet items in the consolidated financial statements prepared		
in accordance with the Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of		
the Banks and their risk exposures	83,422,543	66,388,072
6 Other differences in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the		
Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks and their		
risk exposures	(3,564,667)	(2,064,182)
7 Total risk amount	336,247,962	249,944,912

^(*) The consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the sixth paragraph of the Article 5 in the Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks.

c) Leverage Ratio:

Assets on t	the balance sheet	Current Period (*)	Prior Period (*)
1	Assets on the balance sheet (Excluding derivative financial instruments and		
	loan derivatives, including collaterals)	245,817,507	180,241,636
2	(Assets deducted from core capital)	(655,119)	(608,185)
3	Total risk amount for assets on the balance sheet	245,162,388	179,633,451
Derivative	financial instruments and credit derivatives		
4	Renewal cost of derivative financial instruments and loan derivatives	2,581,040	2,456,964
5	Potential credit risk amount of derivative financial instruments and loan		
	derivatives	1,070,707	612,168
6	Total risk amount of derivative financial instruments and loan derivatives	3,651,747	3,069,132
Financing	transactions with securities or goods warranties		
7	Risk amount of financial transactions with securities or goods warranties		
	(Excluding those in the balance sheet)	4,011,284	854,257
8	Risk amount arising from intermediated transactions	-	-
9	Total risk amount of financing transactions with securities or goods		
	warranties	4,011,284	854,257
Off-the-ba	lance sheet transactions		
10	Gross nominal amount of the off-balance sheet transactions	83,422,543	66,388,072
11	(Adjustment amount arising from multiplying by the credit conversion rate)	-	-
12	Total risk amount for off-balance sheet transactions	83,422,543	66,388,072
Capital an	d total risk		
13	Tier 1 capital	16,969,590	12,903,197
14	Total risk amount	336,247,962	249,944,912
Leverage 1	ratio		-
15	Leverage ratio	%5.1	%5.2

^(*) The amounts in the table are calculated by using the quarterly average amounts.

^(**) The arithmetic average of the last 3 months in the related periods.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VII. Explanations Related to Consolidated Risk Management

Notes and explanations prepared in accordance with "the Communiqué on Disclosures about Risk Management to be Announced to Public by Banks" published in Official Gazette no. 29511 on 23 October 2015 and became effective as of 31 March 2016 are presented in this section. The notes to be presented within the scope of Internal Rating Based Approach ("IRB") have not been presented due to use of standard approach for the calculation of capital adequacy ratio by the Bank.

Overview of risk weighted amounts

				Minimum Capital
		Risk Weighte	d Amounts	Requirement
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (ccr)	169,791,799	106,230,712	13,583,344
2	Of which standardized approach (sa)	169,791,799	106,230,712	13,583,344
3	Of which internal rating-based (irb) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	4,983,189	2,882,445	398,655
5	Of which standardized approach for counterparty credit risk (sa-ccr)	4,983,189	2,882,445	398,655
6	Of which internal model method (imm)	-	-	-
7	Equity positions in banking book under market-based approach	-	-	-
8	Equity investment in funds - look-through approach	-	-	-
9	Equity investment in funds - mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10	Equity investment in funds - 1250% weighted risk approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization positions in banking accounts	-	-	-
13	Of which irb ratings-based approach (rba)	-	-	-
14	Of which irb supervisory formula approach (sfa)	-	-	-
15	Of which sa/simplified supervisory formula approach			
	(ssfa)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	4,440,858	3,023,546	355,269
17	Of which standardized approach (sa)	4,440,858	3,023,546	355,269
18	Of which internal model approaches (imm)	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	11,802,605	10,943,131	944,208
20	Of which basic indicator approach	11,802,605	10,943,131	944,208
21	Of which standard approach	-	-	-
22	Of which advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to a 250% risk			
	weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	191,018,451	123,079,834	15,281,476

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VII. Explanations Related to Consolidated Risk Management (cont'd)

Credit quality of assets

Current Period	Gross carrying value in constatements prepared		Provisions/ depreciation and impairment	Net values
	Defaulted	Not defaulted		
Loans	2,977,446	152,972,019	4,100,554	151,848,911
Debt Securities	-	36,380,970	6,004	36,374,966
Off-balance sheet				
exposures	-	86,262,854	427,053	85,835,801
Total	2,977,446	275,615,843	4,533,611	274,059,678

Prior Period	Gross carrying value in constatements prepared		Provisions/ depreciation and impairment	Net values
	Defaulted	Not defaulted		
Loans	3,359,316	109,183,359	4,078,478	108,464,197
Debt Securities	-	26,714,406	4,399	26,710,007
Off-balance sheet				
exposures	-	72,034,761	345,560	71,689,201
Total	3,359,316	207,932,526	4,428,437	206,863,405

Changes in stock of defaulted loans and debt securities

1	Defaulted loans and debt securities as of 31 December 2021	3,353,433
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	527,253
3	Returned to non-defaulted status	-
4	Amounts written off (*)	454,993
5	Other changes (**)	448,247
6	Defaulted loans and debt securities as of 30 June 2022 (1+2-3-4-5)	2,977,446

^(*) The Group has written off TL 317,376 of its non-performing loans. In addition, the portion of the Group's non-performing loan portfolio amounting to TL 137,617 and a provision for TL 134,690 was sold in 2022 for a price of TL 27,732, and after the completion of the necessary procedures, the sales prices were collected and the said non-performing receivables were removed from the records

^(**) Includes collections during the period.

1	Defaulted loans and debt securities as of 31 December 2020	3,520,150
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	1,296,704
3	Returned to non-defaulted status	-
4	Amounts written off (*)	393,633
5	Other changes (**)	1,063,905
6	Defaulted loans and debt securities as of 31 December 2021 (1+2-3-4-5)	3,359,316

^(*) The Group has written off TL 57,671 of its non-performing loans. In addition, the portion of the Group's non-performing loan portfolio amounting to TL 335,276 and a provision for TL 328,704 was sold in 2021 for a price of TL 43,096, and after the completion of the necessary procedures, the sales prices were collected and the said non-performing receivables were removed from the records.

^(**) Includes collections during the period.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VII. Explanations Related to Consolidated Risk Management (cont'd)

Credit risk mitigation techniques

	Exposures unsecured: Valued amount in accordance	Exposures secured by	Exposures secured by collateral, of which: secured	Exposures Secured by financial	Exposures secured by financial guarantees, of which secured	Exposures secured by credit	Exposures secured by credit derivatives of which: secured
Current Period	with TAS	collateral	amount	guarantees	amount	derivatives	amount
Loans (*)	131,664,598	11,359,788	9,523,761	4,431,420	3,067,523	-	-
Debt securities (*)	33,876,298	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	165,540,896	11,359,788	9,523,761	4,431,420	3,067,523	-	-
Of which defaulted (*)	2,865,818	30,377	15,639	53,788	156	-	-

^(*) With the BRSA decision numbered 10188 dated 28 April 2022, the Central Bank's foreign exchange buying rate of 31 December 2021 has been used in credit risk calculations.

	Exposures unsecured: Valued amount in accordance	Exposures secured by	Exposures secured by collateral, of which: secured	Exposures Secured by financial	Exposures secured by financial guarantees, of which secured	Exposures secured by credit	Exposures secured by credit derivatives of which: secured
Prior Period	with TAS	collateral	amount	guarantees	amount	derivatives	amount
Loans (**)	86,467,923	9,173,629	8,178,323	4,396,706	3,193,947	-	-
Debt securities (**)	22,655,443	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	109,123,366	9,173,629	8,178,323	4,396,706	3,193,947	-	-
Of which defaulted (**)	3,146,377	25,138	16,168	53,540	101	-	-

^(**) Due to the BRSA communiqué dated 21 December 2021 and numbered 9996, the arithmetic average of the CBRT buying rate of the last 252 working days has been used in credit risk calculations.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VII. Explanations Related to Consolidated Risk Management (cont'd)

Credit risk exposure and credit risk mitigation (CRM) effects

	Credit conver credit amount risk mit	before credit	Credit conver credit amoun risk mit	t after credit	Risk weighted amounts and risk weighted amounts density		
Risk classes (Current Period)	On-balance sheet	Off-balance sheet	On-balance sheet	On-balance sheet	Off-balance sheet	On- balance sheet	
Exposures to central governments or	amount	amount	amount	amount	amount	amount	
central banks	69 074 490		60.055.745		1 200 750	2%	
	68,974,480	-	69,055,745	-	1,299,750	2%	
Exposures to regional governments or	1 226 401	0.017	1 220 000	2 400	702 225	500/	
local authorities	1,236,401	8,817	1,230,809	2,499	723,325	59%	
Exposures to public sector entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exposures to multilateral development							
banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exposures to international							
organizations	-		-	-	-		
Exposures to institutions	10,678,976	3,680,866	10,639,710	3,341,260	4,158,458	30%	
Exposures to corporates	75,212,414	35,945,438	73,872,465	19,427,683	96,643,047	104%	
Retail exposures	44,218,740	29,334,037	43,173,844	5,282,315	37,956,879	78%	
Exposures secured by residential							
property	4,220,267	374,551	4,220,268	155,202	1,531,415	35%	
Exposures secured by commercial real							
estate	8,810,354	1,397,683	8,512,967	556,158	6,400,395	71%	
Past-due loans	982,003	204,851	981,848	57,545	888,045	85%	
Higher-risk categories by the Agency							
Board	11,889,655	-	11,712,300	-	17,568,450	150%	
Exposures in the form of covered							
bonds	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Exposures to institutions and							
corporates with a short-term credit							
assessment	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Exposures in the form of units or							
shares in collective investment							
undertakings (CIUs)	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Other receivables	10,822,741	8,136,678	10,822,732	1,413	2,313,798	21%	
Investments in equities	308,237	-,,-,-	308,237	-,.10	308,237	100%	
Total	237,354,268	79,082,921	234,530,925	28,824,075	169,791,799	64%	

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VII. Explanations Related to Consolidated Risk Management (cont'd)

Credit risk exposure and Credit Risk Mitigation (CRM) effects (cont'd)

	Credit conver credit amount risk mit	before credit	Credit conver credit amoun risk mit	t after credit	Risk weighted amounts and risk weighted amounts density		
Risk classes (Prior Period)	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On- balance sheet amount	
Exposures to central governments or							
central banks	44,410,886	-	44,707,458	-	886,394	2%	
Exposures to regional governments or							
local authorities	1,174,357	8,474	1,103,988	3,078	553,537	50%	
Exposures to public sector entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exposures to multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Exposures to international organizations	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Exposures to institutions	10,622,799	3,780,085	9,953,900	2,215,643	3,524,947	29%	
Exposures to corporates	40,843,738	22,963,055	39,080,030	12,234,060	49,729,760	97%	
Retail exposures	45,808,379	22,387,583	44,642,607	4,281,706	42,973,469	88%	
Exposures secured by residential	- , ,	, ,	,- ,	, - ,	, ,		
property	4,086,174	297,344	4,086,174	107,587	1,467,816	35%	
Exposures secured by commercial real	, ,	,	, ,	,	, ,		
estate	6,308,592	974,668	6,115,491	377,729	4,361,886	67%	
Past-due loans	1,038,020	193,065	1,037,921	53,813	938,651	86%	
Higher-risk categories by the Agency							
Board	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exposures in the form of covered							
bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exposures to institutions and							
corporates with a short-term credit							
assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exposures in the form of units or							
shares in collective investment							
undertakings (CIUs)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other receivables	6,852,925	8,791,479	6,852,922	2,902	1,560,701	23%	
Investments in equities	233,551	-	233,551	-	233,551	100%	
Total	161,379,421	59,395,753	157,814,042	19,276,518	106,230,712	60%	

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VII. Explanations Related to Consolidated Risk Management (cont'd)

Receivables by risk classes and risk weights

											Total credit risk
					50% secured						exposure amount (after CCF and
Risk Classes / Risk Weights (Current Period)	0%	10%	20%	35%	by real estate (*)	75%	100%	150%	250%	Other (**)	CRM))
Exposures to central governments or central banks	67,755,995					_	1,299,750				69,055,745
Exposures to regional governments or local authorities	01,133,773	_	_	_	1,162,188	_	1,277,730	_	_	71,111	1,233,308
	-	-	-	-	1,102,100	-	9	-	-	/1,111	1,233,306
Exposures to administrative units and non-trade enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to banks and financial intermediaries	-	-	9,519,984	-	4,413,531	-	46,975	480	-	-	13,980,970
Exposures to corporates	-	-	586,027	-	4,198,764	-	82,604,254	-	-	5,911,103	93,300,148
Retail exposures	-	-	371	-	12,568	44,441,172	2,766,861	1,235,187	-	-	48,456,159
Exposures secured by residential property	_	-	_	4,375,470	-	-	-	-	_	_	4,375,470
Exposures secured by commercial real estate	_	_	_	_	5,559,430	_	3,398,710	_	_	110,985	9,069,125
Past-due loans	_	_	_	_	481,867	_	378,356	179,170	_	-	1,039,393
Higher-risk categories by the Agency Board	_	_	_	_	.01,007	_	-	11,712,300	_	_	11,712,300
Exposures in the form of covered bonds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	11,712,300	_		11,712,300
Exposures to institutions and corporates with a short-term credit	_	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
•											
assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of units or shares in collective investment											
undertakings (CIUs)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments in equities	-	-	-	-	-	-	308,237	-	-	-	308,237
Other Receivables	8,424,906	-	106,801	-	-	-	2,292,438	-	-	-	10,824,145
Total	76,180,901	•	10,213,183	4,375,470	15,828,348	44,441,172	93,095,590	13,127,137		6,093,199	263,355,000

^{(*) &}quot;The amount shown on the line of "Exposures secured by commercial real estate" is "Exposures secured by real estate" and other amounts shown on this column represented exposures subject to 50% risk weight.

^(**) In accordance with the Board Decision dated 28 April 2022 and numbered 10188, a two hundred percent risk weight has been applied to commercial TL cash loans to be extended as of 1 May 2022 (excluding loans exempted in accordance with the decision) and shown in the "Others" column.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VII. Explanations Related to Consolidated Risk Management (cont'd)

Receivables by risk classes and risk weights (cont'd)

											Total credit risk
					50% secured						exposure amount
					by real estate						(after CCF and
Risk Classes / Risk Weights (Prior Period)	0%	10%	20%	35%	(*)	75%	100%	150%	250%	Other	CRM))
Exposures to central governments or central banks	43,821,064	-	-	-	-	-	886,394	-	-	-	44,707,458
Exposures to regional governments or local authorities	-	-	-	-	1,107,058	-	8	-	-	-	1,107,066
Exposures to administrative units and non-trade enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to banks and financial intermediaries	_	-	8,594,137	-	3,539,341	-	35,298	767	-	-	12,169,543
Exposures to corporates	_	-	586,701	-	2,229,939	_	48,497,450	_	_	_	51,314,090
Retail exposures	_	_	485	-	33,863	39,491,984	1,519,037	7,878,944	_	_	48,924,313
Exposures secured by residential property	_	_	_	4,193,761	-	-	-	-	_	_	4,193,761
Exposures secured by commercial real estate	_	_	_	_	4,262,668	_	2,230,552	_	_	_	6,493,220
Past-due loans	_	_	_	_	418,050	_	561,801	111,883	_	_	1,091,734
Higher-risk categories by the Agency Board	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	-,-,-,
Exposures in the form of covered bonds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Exposures to institutions and corporates with a short-term credit											
assessment	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Exposures in the form of units or shares in collective investment											
undertakings (CIUs)											
	-	-	-	-	-	-	222 551	-	-	-	222 551
Investments in equities	5 062 010	-	20.001	-	-	-	233,551	-	-	-	233,551
Other assets	5,263,210	-	39,891	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	1,552,723		-		6,855,824
_ Total	49,084,274	-	9,221,214	4,193,761	11,590,919	39,491,984	55,516,814	7,991,594	-	-	177,090,560

^{(*) &}quot;The amount shown on the line of "Exposures secured by commercial real estate" is "Exposures secured by real estate" and other amounts shown on this column represented exposures subject to 50% risk weight.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VII. Explanations Related to Consolidated Risk Management (cont'd)

Evaluation of counterparty credit risk according to measurement methods

				Alpha used for Computing	Exposure at Default post	
		Potential		regulatory	Credit	Risk
	Replacement	future		Exposure	Risk	Weighted
Current Period	cost	exposure	EEPE (*)	at Default	Mitigation	Assets
Standardized Approach - CCR (For Derivatives)	2,067,632	1,199,757		1.4	3,221,137	2,063,080
Internal Model Method (for derivatives, repo						
transactions, marketable securities or commodity						
lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement						
transactions and securities financing transactions)						
Simple Approach for Credit Mitigation (for repo						
transactions, marketable securities or commodity						
lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement						
transactions and securities financing transactions)						
Comprehensive Approach for Credit Risk Mitigation						
(for repo transactions, marketable securities or						
commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long						
settlement transactions and securities financing						
transactions)						
VaR for repo transactions, marketable securities or						
commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long						
settlement transactions and securities financing						
transactions					4,178,415	1,884,892
Total						3,947,972

(*) Effective expected positive exposure

Prior Period	Replacement cost	Potential future exposure	EEPE(*)	Alpha used for Computing regulatory Exposure at Default	Exposure at Default post Credit Risk Mitigation	Risk Weighted Assets
Standardized Approach - CCR (For Derivatives)	3,523,661	839,905		1.4	4,357,589	1,571,130
Internal Model Method (for derivatives, repo						
transactions, marketable securities or commodity						
lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)						
Simple Approach for Credit Mitigation (for repo			-		_	-
transactions, marketable securities or commodity						
lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement						
transactions and securities financing transactions)					-	-
Comprehensive Approach for Credit Risk Mitigation						
(for repo transactions, marketable securities or						
commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long						
settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)						
VaR for repo transactions, marketable securities or					_	-
commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long						
settlement transactions and securities financing						
transactions					1,087,753	454,032
Total						2,025,162

^(*) Effective expected positive exposure

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VIII. Explanations Related to Consolidated Credit Risk

Credit valuation adjustment (CVA) capital charge

	Exposure at Default post-Credit	Risk weighted
Current Period	Risk Mitigation	amounts
Total portfolios subject to the Advanced CVA capital charge	-	-
(i) Value at Risk component (including the 3*multiplier)		-
(ii) Stressed Value at Risk component (including the 3*multiplier)		-
All portfolios subject to the Standardized CVA capital charge	3,221,137	1,035,217
Total subject to the CVA capital charge	3,221,137	1,035,217

Prior Period	Exposure at Default post-Credit Risk Mitigation	Risk weighted amounts
Total portfolios subject to the Advanced CVA capital charge	-	-
(i) Value at Risk component (including the 3*multiplier)		-
(ii) Stressed Value at Risk component (including the 3*multiplier)		-
All portfolios subject to the Standardized CVA capital charge	4,357,589	857,283
Total subject to the CVA capital charge	4,357,589	857,283

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VIII. Explanations Related to Consolidated Credit Risk (cont'd)

Counterparty credit risk by risk classes and risk weights

									Total credit
Risk Weight / Risk Classes (Current Period)	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Other	risk (*)
Claims from central governments and central banks	796,320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	796,320
Claims from regional and local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims from administration and non-commercial entity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims from multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims from international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims from banks and financial intermediaries	-	-	657,346	4,019,743	-	-	-	-	4,677,089
Corporate claims	-	-	29,304	164,320	-	1,676,886	-	-	1,870,510
Retail portfolio claims	-	-	1	-	55,632	-	-	-	55,633
Other claims (**)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	796,320	-	686,651	4,184,063	55,632	1,676,886	-	-	7,399,552

^(*) Total credit risk: The amount relevant for the capital requirements calculation after applying counterparty credit risk measurement techniques.

^(**) Other assets: The amounts include exposures reported to Central Counterparty Table but not included in Counterparty Credit Risk.

									Total credit
Risk Weight / Risk Classes (Prior Period)	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Other	risk (*)
Claims from central governments and central banks	2,485,617	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,485,617
Claims from regional and local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims from administration and non-commercial entity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims from multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims from international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims from banks and financial intermediaries	-	-	142,519	1,467,226	-	-	-	-	1,609,745
Corporate claims	-	-	12,010	128,680	-	1,158,672	-	-	1,299,362
Retail portfolio claims	-	-	599	18	50,001	-	-	-	50,618
Other claims (**)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,485,617	-	155,128	1,595,924	50,001	1,158,672	-	-	5,445,342

^(*) Total credit risk: The amount relevant for the capital requirements calculation after applying counterparty credit risk measurement techniques.

^(**) Other assets: The amounts include exposures reported to Central Counterparty Table but not included in Counterparty Credit Risk.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VIII. Explanations Related to Consolidated Credit Risk (cont'd)

Composition of collateral for counterparty credit risk exposure

				Collateral	used in other	
		Collateral us	ed in derivati	ve transactions		transactions
	Coll	ateral received	Collateral	Collateral		
Current Period	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated	received	given
Cash – domestic currency	-	2,126	-	-	-	-
Cash – other currencies	-	29,787	-	-	-	_
Government bonds/bills - domestic	-	-	-	-	-	_
Government bonds/bills - other	-	14,339	-	-	-	_
Government agency bonds/bills	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporate bonds/bills	-	-	-	-	-	_
Equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	46,252	-	-	-	-

					Collateral	used in other
		Collateral us	transactions			
	Coll	ateral received	(Collateral given	Collateral	Collateral
Prior Period	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated	received	given
Cash – domestic currency	-	603	-	-	-	-
Cash – other currencies	-	4,823	-	-	-	-
Government bonds/bills - domestic	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government bonds/bills - other	-	551	-	-	-	-
Government agency bonds/bills	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporate bonds/bills	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	5,977	-	-	-	-

Credit derivatives

None (31 December 2021: None).

Exposures to central counterparties

None (31 December 2021: None).

IX. Securization Disclosures

Since the Parent Bank does not hold securitization position, the notes to be presented according to the "Communiqué on Disclosures about Risk Management to be announced to Public by Banks" have not been presented.

X. Explanations Related to Consolidated Market Risk

	Risk Weighted Amounts	Risk Weighted Amounts
	Current Period	Prior Period
Outright products		
Interest rate risk (general and specific)	1,898,255	1,377,018
Equity risk (general and specific)	-	-
Foreign exchange risk	899,568	560,312
Commodity risk	1,032,647	945,141
Options		
Simplified approach	-	-
Delta-plus method	610,388	141,075
Scenario approach	-	-
Securization	-	-
Total	4,440,858	3,023,546

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

SECTION FIVE

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets

1. a) Information on Cash and Balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey:

	Curi	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash in TL/Foreign Currency	598,696	9,010,027	480,825	6,992,493
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	7,297,815	30,088,901	5,237,670	22,851,875
Other	-	548,803	-	228,432
Total	7,896,511	39,647,731	5,718,495	30,072,800

b) Information related to the account of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey:

	Curr	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted Demand Deposit	5,995,147	-	5,130,440	-
Unrestricted Time Deposit	-	10,119,945	-	7,072,426
Restricted Time Deposit	1,302,668	19,968,956	107,230	15,779,449
Total	7,297,815	30,088,901	5,237,670	22,851,875

Foreign currency unrestricted deposit amounting to TL 10,119,945 (31 December 2021: TL 7,072,426), foreign currency restricted deposit amounting to TL 19,968,956 (31 December 2021: TL 15,779,449), unrestricted deposit balance amounting to TL 5,995,147 (31 December 2021: TL 5,130,440) and restricted deposit amounting to TL 1,302,668 (31December 2021: TL 107,230) comprises of reserve deposits.

As of 30 June 2022, the Turkish lira required reserve ratios are determined to be within the range of 3% - 8% depending on the maturity structure of deposits denominated in Turkish Lira (31 December 2021: 3% - 8%), and the required reserve ratios for foreign currency deposits and other liabilities within the range of 5% - 26% (31 December 2021: 5% - 26%).

With the press release of the CBRT dated 23 April 2022, commercial cash loans of banks and financing companies in Turkish lira are subject to required reserves starting from the establishment date of 10 June 2022.

2. Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss (net):

- a.1) Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss given as collateral or blocked: None (31 December 2021: None).
- a.2) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase agreements: None (31 December 2021: None).

Net book value of unrestricted financial assets at fair value through profit and loss is TL 2,750,997 (31 December 2021: TL 2,491,428).

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Government Debt Securities	2,246,450	504,547	1,942,260	549,168
Securities Representing Share in Capital	71,036	152,530	59,388	135,326
Other Financial Assets	-	121,238	-	107,646
Total	2,317,486	778,315	2,001,648	792,140

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (cont'd)

3. Positive differences related to derivative financial assets held-for-trading:

	Current Perio	Current Period			
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Forward Transactions	615,587	32,120	739,292	23,542	
Swap Transactions	3,687,613	193,100	5,160,990	258,119	
Futures Transactions	· -	-	-	-	
Options	287,637	245,932	106,295	43,738	
Other	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	
Total	4,590,837	471,152	6,006,577	325,399	

4. Information on banks:

	Current Period		Prior Peri	od	
	TP	YP	TP	YP	
Banks					
Domestic	1,840	265,943	1,532,763	1,247,634	
Foreign	73,483	8,392,481	86,455	8,797,886	
Headquarters and Branches Abroad	-	-	-	-	
Total	75,323	8,658,424	1,619,218	10,045,520	

A provision for expected loss of TL 26,253 (31 December 2021: TL 23,547) has been reserved for receivables from banks.

5. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

a.1) Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income given as collateral / blocked:

	Current Period		Prior Per	riod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Equity Securities	-	-	-	-
Bond, Treasury Bill and Similar Securities	922,246	1,640,171	1,448,659	1,739,641
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	922,246	1,640,171	1,448,659	1,739,641

a.2) Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income subject to repurchase agreements:

		Current Period		Prior Peri	od
		TL	FC	TL	FC
Government Bonds		-	1,914,514	1,045,152	1,658,916
Treasury Bills		_	-	-	-
Other Debt Securities		-	-	-	-
Bank Bonds and Bank Guaranteed	Bonds	-	-	-	-
Asset Backed Securities		-	-	-	-
Other		-	-	-	-
Total		-	1,914,514	1,045,152	1,658,916

The book value of debt securities and equity securities in unrestricted financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is TL 5,028,585 (31 December 2021: TL 1,283,588).

b.1) Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	9,488,011	7,162,706
Quoted at Stock Exchange	9,443,628	7,123,445
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	44,383	39,261
Share Certificates	17,505	13,250
Quoted at Stock Exchange	-	-
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	17,505	13,250
Impairment Provision (-)	-	-
Total	9,505,516	7,175,956

An expected loss provision of TL 2,060 (31 December 2021: TL 1,668) is reserved for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (cont'd)

6. Information on loans:

a) Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Parent Bank:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Direct Loans Granted to Shareholders	-	310,382	-	389,230
Corporate Shareholders	-	310,382	-	389,230
Real Person Shareholders	-	-	-	-
Indirect Loans Granted to Shareholders	-	-	-	-
Loans Granted to Employees	146,633	-	116,057	<u> </u>
Total	146,633	310,382	116,057	389,230

b) Information on the Standard Loans and loans under Close Monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring:

Current Period:

		Loans	under Close Monitoring	
Cash Loans	Standard		Restructure	d
	Loans	Loans Not Subject to Restructuring	Loans with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
Non-Specialized Loans	135,186,052	9,938,439	122,340	1,296,324
Working Capital Loans	13,515,966	2,121,310	77,633	855,524
Export Loans	27,568,071	188,995	-	3,578
Import Loans	-	-	-	-
Loans Given to Financial				
Sector	5,598,192	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	21,913,709	4,318,266	9,826	150,146
Credit Cards	9,614,977	1,354,452	29,513	-
Other	56,975,137	1,955,416	5,368	287,076
Specialized Loans	-	-	-	-
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-
Total	135,186,052	9,938,439	122,340	1,296,324

Prior Period:

		Loans	under Close Monitoring	
Cash Loans	Standard	Loong Not Cubingt	Restructure	d
Cash Loans	Loans	Loans Not Subject — to Restructuring	Loans with Revised	
		to Kestructuring	Contract Terms	Refinance
Non-Specialized Loans	94,890,546	7,851,522	106,238	1,726,179
Working Capital Loans	8,292,445	938,278	68,954	1,191,876
Export Loans	15,734,234	150,052	-	4,939
Import Loans	-	-	-	-
Loans Given to Financial	4,592,585	-	-	-
Sector				
Consumer Loans	19,586,048	4,218,653	12,207	158,941
Credit Cards	7,079,515	1,069,945	17,629	-
Other	39,605,719	1,474,594	7,448	370,423
Specialized Loans	-	-	-	-
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-
Total	94,890,546	7,851,522	106,238	1,726,179

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (cont'd)

6. Information on loans: (cont'd)

b) Information on the standard loans and loans under close monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring: (cont'd)

	Current Period		Prior 1	Period
	Standard	Standard Loans Under		Loans Under
	Loans	Close Monitoring	Loans	Close Monitoring
12 Month Expected Credit Loss	656,493	-	428,726	-
Significant increase in Credit Risk	-	1,468,259	-	1,351,897
Total	656,493	1,468,259	428,726	1,351,897

Aging analysis for loans under close monitoring

30 June 2022	1-30 Days	31-60 Days	61-90 Days	Total
Loans and Receivables				
Commercial Loans	106,149	152,853	244,553	503,555
Consumer Loans	776,499	249,694	324,381	1,350,574
Credit Cards	167,917	97,565	64,209	329,691
Total	1,050,565	500,112	633,143	2,183,820
31 December 2021	1-30 Days	31-60 Days	61-90 Days	Total
I I D				

31 December 2021	1-30 Days	31-60 Days	61-90 Days	Total
Loans and Receivables				_
Commercial Loans	109,242	147,629	367,804	624,675
Consumer Loans	724,640	271,266	356,435	1,352,341
Credit Cards	157,470	94,918	63,437	315,825
Total	991,352	513,813	787,676	2,292,841

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (cont'd)

6. Information on loans: (cont'd)

c) Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and credit cards given to personnel:

	Medium and			
Current Period	Short-Term	Long-Term	Total	
Consumer Loans-TL	1,117,460	23,578,749	24,696,209	
Housing Loans	17,526	4,042,424	4,059,950	
Vehicle Loans	15,107	483,831	498,938	
General Purpose Loans	1,084,827	19,052,494	20,137,321	
Other	-	, , , <u>-</u>	-	
Consumer Loans –Indexed to FC	-	12,200	12,200	
Housing Loans	-	12,200	12,200	
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-	
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	
Consumer Loans-FC (**)	-	15,437	15,437	
Housing Loans	-	5,220	5,220	
Vehicle Loans	-	375	375	
General Purpose Loans	-	9,842	9,842	
Other	-	· -	_	
Individual Credit Cards-TL	7,253,720	27,512	7,281,232	
With Instalments	2,421,960	27,512	2,449,472	
Without Instalments	4,831,760	, <u>-</u>	4,831,760	
Individual Credit Cards-FC	19,776	_	19,776	
With Instalments		_	-	
Without Instalments	19,776	_	19,776	
Personnel Loans-TL	18,659	75,792	94,451	
Housing Loans	,	207	207	
Vehicle Loans	_	<u>-</u>	-	
General Purpose Loans	18,659	75,585	94,244	
Other	-	-	-	
Personnel Loans- Indexed to FC	-	_	-	
Housing Loans	_	_	-	
Vehicle Loans	_	_	-	
General Purpose Loans	_	_	-	
Other	_	_	-	
Personnel Loans-FC	-	_	-	
Housing Loans	_	_	_	
Vehicle Loans	_	_	-	
General Purpose Loans	_	_	_	
Other	_	_	_	
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	47,260	23	47,283	
With Instalments	17,312	23	17,335	
Without Instalments	29,948	-	29,948	
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	431	_	431	
With Instalments	-	_		
Without Instalments	431	_	431	
Overdraft Accounts-TL (Real Persons) (*)	1,573,641	-	1,573,641	
Overdraft Accounts-FC (Real Persons)	1,373,041	-	1,575,041	
Total	10,030,956	23,709,713	33,740,669	
1 Utai	10,030,730	43,107,113	33,740,009	

^(*) Overdraft accounts include personnel loans amounting to TL 4,468.

^(**) Loans granted via branches abroad.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (cont'd)

6. Information on loans: (cont'd)

c) Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and credit cards given to personnel:

		Medium and	
Prior Period	Short-Term	Long-Term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	677,026	22,060,956	22,737,982
Housing Loans	1,018	4,162,567	4,163,585
Vehicle Loans	4,816	370,634	375,450
General Purpose Loans	671,192	17,527,755	18,198,947
Other	-	-	
Consumer Loans –Indexed to FC	-	12,845	12,845
Housing Loans	_	12,845	12,845
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	_	_	-
Other	_	_	-
Consumer Loans-FC (**)	-	21,592	21,592
Housing Loans	_	6,189	6,189
Vehicle Loans	-	830	830
General Purpose Loans	_	14,573	14,573
Other	_	- 1,0 . 0	
Individual Credit Cards-TL	5,422,837	16,109	5,438,946
With Instalments	1,901,078	16,109	1,917,187
Without Instalments	3,521,759		3,521,759
Individual Credit Cards-FC	13,015	_	13,015
With Instalments	154	_	154
Without Instalments	12,861	_	12,861
Personnel Loans-TL	10,476	59,826	70,302
Housing Loans	-	249	249
Vehicle Loans	_		
General Purpose Loans	10,476	59,577	70,053
Other	-	-	
Personnel Loans- Indexed to FC	_	_	_
Housing Loans	_	_	_
Vehicle Loans	_	_	_
General Purpose Loans	_	_	_
Other	_	_	_
Personnel Loans-FC	_	_	_
Housing Loans	_	_	_
Vehicle Loans	_	_	_
General Purpose Loans	_	_	_
Other	_	_	_
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	40,726	52	40,778
With Instalments	14,548	52 52	14,600
Without Instalments	26,178	32	26,178
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	145	_	145
With Instalments	143	- -	143
Without Instalments	145	-	145
Overdraft Accounts-TL(Real Persons) (*)	1,133,120		1,133,120
Overdraft Accounts-FC(Real Persons)	1,133,120	- -	1,133,120
`		22 171 200	
Total	7,297,353	22,171,380	29,468,733

^(*) Overdraft accounts include personnel loans amounting to TL 4,832.

^(**) Loans granted via branches abroad.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (cont'd)

6. Information on loans: (cont'd)

d) Information on commercial loans with instalments and corporate credits:

		Medium and	
Current Period	Short-Term	Long-Term	Total
Commercial Loans with Instalment -TL	1,589,349	13,568,995	15,158,344
Business Loans	2,457	208,671	211,128
Vehicle Loans	226,787	3,338,889	3,565,676
General Purpose Loans	1,360,105	10,021,435	11,381,540
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Loans with Instalment - Indexed to FC	-	32,312	32,312
Business Loans	-	6,996	6,996
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	25,316	25,316
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Loans with Instalment - FC	-	-	-
Business Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	3,643,029	69	3,643,098
With Instalments	1,446,704	69	1,446,773
Without Instalments	2,196,325	-	2,196,325
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	7,122	-	7,122
With Instalments	<u>-</u>	-	-
Without Instalments	7,122	-	7,122
Overdraft Accounts-TL (Legal Entities)	1,102,397	-	1,102,397
Overdraft Accounts-FC (Legal Entities)	-	-	-
Total	6,341,897	13,601,376	19,943,273

		Medium and	
Prior Period	Short-Term	Long-Term	Total
Commercial Loans with Instalment -TL	1,147,802	10,429,698	11,577,500
Business Loans	1,170	176,736	177,906
Vehicle Loans	95,163	2,256,981	2,352,144
General Purpose Loans	1,051,469	7,995,981	9,047,450
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Loans with Instalment - Indexed to FC	-	109,730	109,730
Business Loans	-	7,579	7,579
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	102,151	102,151
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Loans with Instalment - FC	-	-	-
Business Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	2,670,477	191	2,670,668
With Instalments	1,101,764	191	1,101,955
Without Instalments	1,568,713	-	1,568,713
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	3,537	-	3,537
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	3,537	-	3,537
Overdraft Accounts-TL (Legal Entities)	836,380	-	836,380
Overdraft Accounts-FC (Legal Entities)	-	-	-
Total	4,658,196	10,539,619	15,197,815

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (cont'd)

6. Information on loans: (cont'd)

e) Distribution of domestic and foreign loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Domestic Loans	145,856,231	103,893,581
Foreign Loans	686,924	680,904
Total	146,543,155	104,574,485

f) Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:

These amounts are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

g) Specific or default loan (Stage 3) provisions for loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans with Limited Collectability	169,672	275,137
Loans with Doubtful Collectability	413,790	256,267
Uncollectible Loans	1,348,652	1,733,851
Total	1,932,114	2,265,255

h) Information on non-performing loans (Net):

h.1) Regarding non-performing loans and restructured loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with	Loans with	
	Limited	Doubtful	Uncollectable
	Collectability	Collectability	Loans
Current Period			
Gross Amounts before Provisions	51,345	55,914	26,502
Restructured Loans	51,345	55,914	26,502
Prior Period			
Gross Amounts before Provisions	72,529	14,239	42,007
Restructured Loans	72,529	14,239	42,007

h.2) Information on total non-performing credit transactions:

Current Period	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with Limited	Loans with Doubtful	Uncollectable
	Collectability	Collectability	Loans
Prior Period End Balance	448,493	396,553	2,486,219
Additions (+)	482,826	7,892	12,239
Transfers from Other Categories of Loans under			
Follow-up (+)	-	704,373	345,178
Transfers to Other Categories of Loans under Follow-			
up (-)	704,373	345,178	-
Collections (-)	178,043	123,696	387,234
Write-offs (-)	-	-	317,376
Sold Portfolio (-) (*)	9	1,401	136,207
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	1,059	31,039
Retail Loans	-	5	75,748
Credit Cards	9	337	29,420
Other	226,298	21,405	(694)
Current Period End Balance	275,192	659,948	2,002,125
Provision (-)	169,672	413,790	1,348,652
Net Balance on the Balance Sheet	105,520	246,158	653,473

^(*) Past due receivables amounting to TL 137,617 for which TL 134,690 of provision had been allocated, is sold for TL 27,732 during 2022. After all sales procedures were completed, these past due receivables have been written off from the portfolio.

65

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (cont'd)

6. Information on loans: (cont'd)

- h) Information on non-performing loans (Net):
 - h.3) Information on non-performing loans arising from foreign currency loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and	Loans and	Uncollectible
	Receivables with	Receivables with	Loans and
	Limited Collectability	Doubtful	Receivables
		Collectability	
30 June 2022			
Balance at the End of the Period	106,690	6,172	140,023
Provision (-)	58,929	4,211	94,382
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	47,761	1,961	45,641
31 December 2021			
Balance at the End of the Period	90,621	19,011	181,764
Provision (-)	77,359	12,802	131,304
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	13,262	6,209	50,460

h.4) Information on gross and net amounts of non-performing loans according to user groups:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Receivables with Limited Collectability	Loans and Receivables with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Receivables
Current Period (Net)			
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Gross)	275,192	659,948	2,002,125
Provision (-)	169,672	413,790	1,348,652
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Net)	105,520	246,158	653,473
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	-	-	-
Prior Period (Net)			
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Gross)	448,493	396,553	2,486,219
Provision (-)	275,137	256,267	1,733,851
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Net)	173,356	140,286	752,368
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)		<u>-</u>	
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	-	-	-

h.5) Information on interest accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences calculated for non-performing loans and their provisions:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with Limited Collectability	Loans with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans
Current Period (Net)	2,540	1,404	20,151
Interest Accruals, Rediscounts and Valuation Differences Provision (-)	26,368 23,828	84,754 83,350	506,477 486,326
Prior Period (Net)	1,434	3,340	34,109
Interest Accruals, Rediscounts and Valuation Differences Provision (-)	45,534 44,100	52,087 48,747	573,512 539,403

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (cont'd)

6. Information on loans: (cont'd)

i) Explanations on write-off policy:

Group 5 - Loans classified as Bad Debt, with at least one reporting period remaining in this group, and provided with life-long expected credit loss provision due to the debtor's default, constitute the bank's loans to be written-off. Write-off is an accounting practice and does not result in giving up the right on the receivable. Loans which are written-off do not affect the legal follow-up of the Parent Bank. Indicators are utilized concerning the absence of reasonable expectations regarding the recovery of loans. The write-off is examined on an incident basis with predefined criteria. And the following write-off criteria are considered:

- Limited possibility of recovery: Loans with low collateralization rates, limited collateral capability, limited assets that provide foreclosure collection opportunities, loans with higher collection costs and lower collection expectations are evaluated,
- Financial indicators: Financial indicators that show that the entire loan does not have the ability to recover, or that the monetary cost to be incurred due to lawsuits/prosecution to be filed is higher than the collection to be made, are evaluated,
- Long-term follow-up: Loans which do not have reasonable collection expectations, among the loans that have been in legal follow-up for a long time, are evaluated,

The following applications regarding the loans which is under follow-up and written-off cannot be different form registered loans:

- a) The methods applied for legal collection of loans from debtors,
- b) Decisions regarding the inclusion to the non-performing loans sale,
- c) Decisions to waive the receivables by waiving the loans.

The amount written-off by the Parent Bank within the scope of TFRS 9 during the financial period is TL 309,782 (31 December 2021: TL 57,671) and its effect on NPL ratio is 0.20% (31 December 2021: 0.06%). The follow-up conversion rate is 1.96% (31 December 2021: 3.08%) with the current period non-performing loans after write-offs, while the calculated rate including the loans written-off during the year is 2.16% (31 December 2021: 3.14%).

7. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

a) a.1) Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost and subject to repurchase agreements:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Equity Securities	-	-	-	-
Bond, Treasury bill and similar investment				5,020,254
securities	911,434	8,460,327	2,592,783	
Total	911,434	8,460,327	2,592,783	5,020,254

a.2) Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost and given as collateral / blocked:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Equity Securities	-	-	-	-
Bond, Treasury bill and similar investment				
securities	5,849,096	989,296	3,025,653	2,970,779
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	5,849,096	989,296	3,025,653	2,970,779

Unrestricted financial assets measured at amortized cost are TL 10,682,806 (31 December 2021: TL 5,942,231).

a.3) Information on held-to-maturity investments given as collateral or blocked:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Government Bonds	26,892,959	19,551,700
Treasury Bills	-	-
Other Government Debt Securities	-	-
Total	26,892,959	19,551,700

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (cont'd)

7. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost: (cont'd)

a.4) Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost and subject to repurchase agreements:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	26,892,959	19,551,700
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	26,892,959	19,551,700
Unquoted	-	-
Impairment Provision (-)	-	-
Total	26,892,959	19,551,700

a.5) Movement of financial assets measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Value at the Beginning of the Period	19,551,700	12,522,941
Exchange Differences in Monetary Assets	1,620,873	841,915
Additions During the Year (*)	6,743,460	8,203,718
Disposal Through Sale and Redemption	(1,023,074)	(2,016,874)
Provision for Impairment (-)	-	-
End of the Period Total	26,892,959	19,551,700

^(*) This line includes discount amounts.

8. Information on associates (Net):

- a.1) Information on consolidated associates according to Communiqué on Preparing Banks' Consolidated Financial Statements and related Turkish Accounting Standard: None (31 December 2021: None).
- a.2) Information on the unconsolidated associates: None (31 December 2021: None).
- a.3) Explanations on the consolidated associates: None (31 December 2021: None).
- a.4) Information on sector information on consolidated associates: None (31 December 2021: None).
- a.5) Consolidated associates which are quoted on the stock exchange: None (31 December 2021: None).

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (cont'd)

9. Information on subsidiaries (Net):

a) Information on shareholders' equity of significant subsidiaries:

		TEB Yatırım	
	TEB Faktoring	Menkul	TEB Portföy
_	A.Ş.	Değerler A.Ş.	Yönetimi A.Ş.
Paid-in capital to be entitled for compensation after all creditors	50,000	28,794	6,860
Legal reserves	182,895	46,263	6,237
Net income for the period and prior period income	79,012	246,183	24,376
Income/ loss recognized under equity in accordance with TAS	-	-	(172)
Leasehold improvements on operational leases (-)	120	273	1,044
Goodwill and intangible asset and the related deferred tax liability (-)	4,021	7,858	1,437
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	307,766	313,109	34,820
Provision	7,824	-	-
Equity	315,590	313,109	34,820

The Parent Bank has no capital requirements arising from its subsidiaries included in the Consolidated Capital Adequacy Standard Ratio.

- a) If there is any unconsolidated subsidiary, total equity amount that is lack of subjection to the reasonable justifications of non-consolidate and minimum capital requirement: None (31 December 2021: None).
- b) Information on the unconsolidated subsidiaries: None (31 December 2021: None).
- c) Information on the consolidated financial subsidiaries:
 - d.1) Information on the consolidated financial subsidiaries:

			Group's share percentage-If	Other
		Address	different voting percentage	shareholders' share
	Title	(City/Country)	(%)	percentage (%)
1	TEB Faktoring A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	-
2	TEB Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	-
3	TEB Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	54.74	45.26

Information on the consolidated subsidiaries with the order as presented in the table above:

			Total Fixed	Interest	Securities	Current Period	Prior Period	
	Total Asset	Equity	Asset	Income	Income	Profit/Loss	Profit/Loss (*)	Fair Value
1	6,658,817	311,907	6,517	384,078	-	67,974	21,725	-
2	887,250	321,240	8,708	81,858	-	41,579	43,379	-
3	52,635	37.301	5.101	3.713	44	11.977	7.044	_

^(*) These figures are shown per BRSA financial statements as of 30 June 2021.

d.2) Information on consolidated subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	130,139	126,597
Movements during the Period	-	3,542
Purchases	-	-
Bonus Shares Obtained	-	-
Share in Current Year Income	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation Increase	-	3,542
Provision for impairment	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	130,139	130,139
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the End of the Period (%)	-	-

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (cont'd)

9. Information on subsidiaries (Net): (cont'd)

- d) Information on the consolidated financial subsidiaries: (cont'd)
 - d.3) Sectoral information on the consolidated financial subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	-	-
Insurance Companies	-	-
Factoring Companies/TEB Faktoring A.Ş.	43,417	43,417
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries	86,722	86,722
Total	130,139	130,139

The carrying amounts of the subsidiaries above have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

- d.4) Consolidated subsidiaries quoted on the stock exchange: None (31 December 2021: None).
- e) Information on unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries:

TEB ARF Teknoloji A.Ş. was established by the Bank with a paid-in capital of TL 50,000 and 100% ownership; It was registered in the Trade Registry Gazette on 16 July 2020.

10. Information on entities under common control (joint ventures):

a) Information on entities under common control (joint ventures):

Entities Under Common Control (Joint	Share of the Parent Bank	Share of the Group	Current	Non- curren	Long- Term Receiv		
Ventures)	(%)	(%)	Asset	t Asset	able	Income	Expense
Bantaş Nakit ve Kıymetli Mal Taşıma ve							
Güvenlik Hizmetleri A.Ş.	0.1	33.3	138,438	57,985	42,594	217,679	(204,469)

b) Accounting method of the reasonable justification of unconsolidated in Joint Ventures that booked on the unconsolidated parent bank's financial statements:

The Parent Bank owns 0.1% but the Group owns 33.3% share of Bantaş Nakit ve Kıymetli Mal Taşıma ve Güvenlik Hizmetleri A.Ş., it is presented as joint venture in financial statements however, and it is carried by cost value since necessary requirements for consolidation is not met.

11. Information on financial lease receivables (Net): None (31 December 2021: None).

12. Positive differences related to derivative financial assets for hedging purposes:

	Curr	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedge	-	-	-	-
Cash Flow Hedge	587,947	101,172	1,796,596	5,873
Foreign Net Investment Hedge	-	-	-	-
Total	587,947	101,172	1,796,596	5,873

In case the fair value hedge accounting is terminated, any adjustment made to the book value of the hedged financial instrument determined by using the effective interest method within the scope of fair value hedge accounting is amortized through profit or loss until the maturity of the financial instrument.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

I. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Assets (cont'd)

12. Positive differences related to derivative financial assets for hedging purposes (cont'd)

According to cash flow hedges terminated by the Parent Bank, as of 30 June 2022 accumulated valuation differences amounted TL 55,102 (31 December 2021: TL 60,244) is recorded under equity and these accumulated differences are transferred into income statement by considering maturity date of hedged items.

13. Information on investment property: None (31 December 2021: None).

14. Information on held for sale fixed assets and discontinued operations:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Beginning of Period Cost	65,933	112,859
Beginning of Period Accumulated Depreciation (-)	-	-
Net Book Value	65,933	112,859
Opening Balance	65,933	112,859
Acquired	74,148	116,792
Disposed (-)	52,502	166,760
Impairment (-)	3,186	(3,042)
Depreciation Value (-)	-	-
Period End Cost	84,393	65,933
Period End Accumulated Depreciation (-)	-	-
Closing Net Book Value	84,393	65,933

As of 30 June 2022, the Bank has no assets related to discontinued operations (31 December 2021: None).

15. Information on Group's factoring receivables:

a) Maturity analysis explanation:

	Cui	Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-Term (*)	3,149,842	3,319,203	2,138,839	2,494,644
Mid and Long-Term	-	-	3,442	-
Stage 1 Provision (-)	2,575	157	1,540	115
Stage 2 Provision (-)	5,006	86	3,975	9
Stage 3 Provision (-)	31,732	4,132	23,281	3,680
Total	3,110,529	3,314,828	2,113,485	2,490,840

^(*) Incudes factoring receivables amounting to TL 40,181 (31 December 2021: TL 28,051).

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Liabilities

1.a) Information on maturity structure of deposits:

a.1) Current Period:

	Demand	Day Call Accounts	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6 Months- 1 Year	1 Year and over	Accumulated Deposits	Total
Saving Deposits Foreign Currency	5,178,195	-	14,660,714	28,106,150	1,362,352	52,100	702,079	-	50,061,590
Deposits	40,391,729	_	11,857,995	35,519,140	187,606	44,357	103,605	-	88,104,432
Residents in Turkey	37,934,409	_	11,370,784	34,870,019	172,873	37,984		-	84,481,291
Residents Abroad	2,457,320	_	487,211	649,121	14,733	6,373		-	3,623,141
Public Sector Deposits	888,710	-	410,456	345,484	, -	· -	· -	-	1,644,650
Commercial Deposits Other Institutions	7,707,702	-	7,581,556	11,597,944	3,370,456	1,624	1,560,989	-	31,820,271
Deposits Precious Metals	398,305	-	354,988	1,859,887	193,275	34	433	-	2,806,922
Deposits	8,390,405	_	22,726	187,773	33,290	14,167	2,942	_	8,651,303
Bank Deposits	592,597	-	2,092,074	-	-	- 1,	-,	-	2,684,671
Central Bank of									
Turkey	400,045	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	400,045
Domestic Banks	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Foreign Banks	192,550	-	2,092,074	-	-	-	-	-	2,284,624
Special Financial									
Institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	63,547,643	_	36,980,509	77,616,378	5,146,979	112,282	2,370,048		185,773,839

Currency-protected deposit product, the operating rules of which are determined by the Ministry of Treasury and Finance and the CBRT, and which ensures that TL deposits are valued with interest rates and are protected against foreign currency exchange rates, started to be offered to bank customers as of the current accounting period reported. As of 30 June 2022, TL deposit amount includes TL 26,591,524 (31 December 2021: TL 1,034,667) deposits within this scope.

a.2) Prior Period:

		7							
		Day Call	Up to 1	1-3	3-66	Months-	1 Year	Accumulated	
	Demand A	Accounts	Month	Months	Months	1 Year	and over	Deposits	Total
Saving Deposits	4,278,511	-	14,264,883	11,870,281	96,810	13,847	26,937	-	30,551,269
Foreign Currency	39,648,035	-	10,242,404	18,190,816	82,942	42,412	70,690	-	68,277,299
Deposits									
Residents in Turkey	37,424,416	-	9,783,843	17,651,543	69,065	31,523	63,345	-	65,023,735
Residents Abroad	2,223,619	-	458,561	539,273	13,877	10,889	7,345	-	3,253,564
Public Sector Deposits	623,121	-	12,318	181,742	· -	· -	_	-	817,181
Commercial Deposits	5,708,716	-	6,349,627	8,270,253	98,577	47	74,049	-	20,501,269
Other Institutions	249,537	_	43,734	1,044,713	143,065	89	427	-	1,481,565
Deposits	- ,		- ,	,- ,-	- ,				, - ,
Precious Metals	7,800,209	-	31,527	87,947	12,525	20,060	2,386	-	7,954,654
Deposits	, ,		*	,	,	Ť.	,		, ,
Bank Deposits	37,570	_	1,962,166	_	_	_	-	-	1,999,736
Central Bank of	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Turkey									
Domestic Banks	1	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	1
Foreign Banks	37,569	_	1,962,166	_	_	_	_	_	1,999,735
Special Financial		_	-,,,	_	_	_	_	_	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Institutions									
Other	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	58,345,699	-	32,906,659	39,645,752	433,919	76,455	174,489	-	131,582,973

- b) Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance:
 - b.1) Saving deposits exceeding the limit of insurance:
 - Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance and exceeding the limit of saving deposit insurance:

Saving Deposits	Under the Guarantee	e of Insurance (*)	Exceeding the Limit of	Insurance (*)
	Current Period	Prior Period		Current Period
Saving Deposits	23,608,390	15,675,439	25,844,671	14,553,028
Foreign Currency Saving Deposits	11,689,555	10,609,693	34,555,634	27,744,894
Other Deposits in the Form of Saving Deposits	2,723,529	2,368,105	4,677,987	4,756,372
Foreign Branches' Deposits under Foreign Authorities'				
Insurance	-	-	-	-
Off-Shore Banking Regions' Deposits under Foreign				
Authorities' Insurance	-	-	-	-
Total	38,021,474	28,653,237	65,078,292	47,054,294

^(*) According to the BRSA's circular no 1584 dated on 23 February 2005, accruals are included in the saving deposit amounts.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Liabilities (cont'd)

- b) Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance: (cont'd)
- b.1) Saving deposits exceeding the limit of insurance: (cont'd)
 - ii) Deposit of real persons not under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign Branches' Deposits and Other Accounts	1,086,454	956,353
Deposits of Controlling Shareholders and Their Close Families	3,167,028	2,749,556
Deposits of Chairman and Members of the Board of Directors and Their		
Close Families	93,080	81,965
Deposits Obtained through Illegal Acts Defined in the 282 nd Article of the 5237 Numbered		
Turkish Criminal Code Dated 26 September 2004.	-	-
Saving Deposits in Banks Established in Turkey exclusively for Off-shore		
Banking Activities	-	-

2. Information on derivative financial liabilities:

a) Negative differences related to derivative financial liabilities held-for-trading:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	771,490	92,218	1,360,622	19,529
Swap Transactions	3,117,403	143,407	2,503,569	104,698
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	124
Options	297,092	231,466	131,168	39,467
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	4,185,985	467,091	3,995,359	163,818

3. Information on funds borrowed and debt securities issued:

a) Information on banks and other financial institutions:

	Current Period		Prior Per	iod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Funds Borrowed from Central Bank of			-	-
Turkey	-	-		
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	2,707,656	37,479	2,234,687	66,852
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and			133,810	17,363,827
Funds	196,063	15,933,285		
Total	2,903,719	15,970,764	2,368,497	17,430,679

As of 30 June 2022 the Group has borrowings from its related parties amounting to TL 4,360,881 (31 December 2021: TL 8,606,953).

b) Maturity analysis of borrowings:

	Current P	Current Period		iod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-Term	2,794,007	5,059,851	2,194,000	9,153,798
Medium and Long-Term	109,712	10,910,913	174,497	8,276,881
Total	2,903,719	15,970,764	2,368,497	17,430,679

c) Information on debt securities issued:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Bank Bonds	3,130,263	-	1,194,525	_
Treasury Bills	-	-	-	-
Total	3,130,263	-	1,194,525	-

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Liabilities (cont'd)

4. Other external funding payables which exceed 10% of the balance sheet total (excluding off-balance sheet commitments) and the breakdown of these which constitute at least 20% of grand total:

Other external funding payables amounting to TL 11,453,719 (31 December 2021: TL 9,419,046) do not exceed 10% of the total balance sheet.

5. Explanations on financial lease obligations (Net):

With the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard which became effective as of 1 January 2019, the difference between the operating lease and financial lease has been removed and the lease transactions are started to be recognized under "Liabilities from Leasing" as a liability. As of 30 June 2022, the banks have leasing liability amounting to TL 610,146 (31 December 2021: TL 577,660).

6. Negative differences table of derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedge	-	-	-	-
Cash Flow Hedge	127,382	1,476	326,410	4,201
Foreign Net Investment Hedge	-	-	-	-
Total	127,382	1,476	326,410	4,201

In case the fair value hedge accounting is terminated, any adjustment made to the book value of the hedged financial instrument determined by using the effective interest method within the scope of fair value hedge accounting is amortized through profit or loss until the maturity of the financial instrument.

According to cash flow hedges terminated by the Parent Bank, accumulated valuation differences as of 30 June 2022 amounted TL 55,102 (31 December 2021: TL 60,244) is recorded under equity. These accumulated differences are transferred into income statement by considering maturity date of hedged items.

7. Information on provisions:

- a) Foreign exchange provision on the foreign currency indexed loans and financial lease receivables: There are no provision on the foreign currency indexed loans that is offset from the loans on the balance sheet (31 December 2021: None).
- b) The specific provisions provided for unidentified non-cash loans or expected credit loss for non-cash loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Stage 1	92,038	67,930
Stage 2	290,992	233,196
Stage 3	44,023	44,434
Total	427,053	345,560

c) Liabilities on unused vacation, bonus, health and employee termination benefits:

As of 30 June 2022, TL 79,612 (31 December 2021: TL 17,454) unused vacation provision, TL 553,972 (31 December 2021: TL 499,936) employee termination benefit provision, TL 271,986 (31 December 2021: TL 276,914) bonus provision, and TL 2,136 (31 December 2021: None) other expense provision is presented under "Reserve for Employee Benefit" in financial statements.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Liabilities (cont'd)

7. Information on provisions: (cont'd)

d) Information on other provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provision for Non-cash Loans	427,053	345,560
Provision for Legal Cases	98,623	83,179
Provision for Promotions of Credit Cards and Banking Services	9,738	17,562
Other	36,166	35,830
Total	571,580	482,131

8. Explanations on taxes payable:

a) Information on current tax liability:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Corporate Tax Payable	842,111	13,357
Taxation on Securities	56,702	48,920
Property Tax	3,249	2,875
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	128,231	87,846
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	13,384	31,498
Value Added Tax Payable	8,081	16,774
Other (*)	66,003	42,606
Total	1,117,761	243,876

^(*) Others include income taxes deducted from wages amounting to TL 55,169 (31 December 2021: TL 27,243) and stamp taxes payable amounting to TL 3,460 (31 December 2021: TL 2,077).

b) Information on premiums:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social Security Premiums-Employee	22,231	12,192
Social Security Premiums-Employer	24,751	13,305
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium-Employee	-	-
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium-Employer	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employee	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employer	-	-
Unemployment Insurance-Employee	1,859	1,023
Unemployment Insurance-Employer	3,140	1,721
Other	-	-
Total	51,981	28,241

c) Explanations on deferred tax liabilities, if any: Bank has no deferred tax liabilities as of 30 June 2022 (31 December 2021: None).

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

II. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Liabilities (cont'd)

9. Information on Shareholders' Equity:

a) Presentation of paid-in capital:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common Stock	2,204,390	2,204,390
Preferred Stock	-	_

b) Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system is applicable at bank if so amount of registered share capital ceiling:

Capital System	Paid Capital	Ceiling
Registered Capital System	2,204,390	_

- b) Information on share capital increases and their sources and other information on increased capital shares in current period: None.
- c) Information on share capital increases from revaluation funds: None.
- d) Capital commitments in the last fiscal year and at the end of the following period, the general purpose of these commitments and projected resources required to meet these commitments: None.
- e) Indicators of the Parent Bank's income, profitability and liquidity for the previous periods and possible effects of these future assumptions on the Parent Bank's equity due to the uncertainty of these indicators:

The income diversified with various business line and related channels/products/sectors, supported with different projects result a sustainable and relatively non-volatile profitability. Besides, interest rate, currency rate and liquidity risk under control are testing with various simulation and these test prevents the risks of effect. The profitability of the Parent Bank is followed up and estimated by the Parent Bank's Planning and Performance Management in short and long term. It is also reported to Asset-Liability Committee and other related organs. As result, current and future negative effect on equity is not occurred and expected.

- f) Information on preferred shares: None.
- g) Information on marketable securities valuation differences:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Associates, Subsidiaries, and Entities Under Common				
Control (Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference	567,081	(340,065)	(22,120)	(177,639)
Foreign Exchange Difference	-	-	-	-
Total	567,081	(340,065)	(22,120)	(177,639)

- **10. Information on minority interest:** As of 30 June 2022, part of the group equity that belongs to minority shares is TL 16,882 (31 December 2021: TL 18,217).
- **11. Information on factoring liabilities:** As of 30 June 2022, group has factoring debt of TL 11,083 (31 December 2021: TL 21,277).

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

III. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Off-Balance Sheet Items

1. Information on off-balance sheet liabilities:

a) Nature and amount of irrevocable loan commitments:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Commitments for Credit Card Expenditure Limits	16,474,347	12,007,806
Used Guarantee Loan Allocation Commitments	9,296,781	7,173,859
Asset Purchase and Sale Commitments	8,854,201	11,251,216
Payment Commitments for Cheques	2,841,698	2,135,381
Commitments for Reserve Deposit Requirements	305,613	-
Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments	63,299	51,363
Commitments for Promotions Related with Credit Cards and Banking Activities	2,817	5,797
Other Irrevocable Commitments	238,252	877,062
Total	38,077,008	33,502,484

b) Possible losses and commitments related to off-balance sheet items:

The Group, within the context of banking activities, undertakes certain commitments, consisting of loan commitments, letters of guarantee, acceptance credits and letters of credit.

b.1) Non-cash loans including guarantees, acceptances, financial guarantee and other letters of credits:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Letters of credit	13,767,318	10,343,834
Bank acceptances	57,169	33,680
Other guarantees	6,805,705	5,663,908
Other contingencies	2,483,369	1,396,766
Total	23,113,561	17,438,188

b.2) Guarantees, temporary guarantees, suretyships, and similar transactions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Guarantee letters	15,458,617	13,828,475
Advance guarantee letters	5,477,477	3,937,404
Guarantee letters given for customs	762,452	662,089
Temporary guarantee letters	753,682	616,871
Other guarantee letters	2,620,057	2,049,250
Total	25,072,285	21,094,089

c) Total amount of non-cash loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-Cash Loans Given Against Achieving Cash Loans	2,622,348	2,051,917
With Maturity of One Year or Less Than One Year	213,400	328,711
With Maturity of More Than One Year	2,408,948	1,723,206
Other Non-Cash Loans	45,563,498	36,480,360
Total	48,185,846	38,532,277

Third stage expected loss provision amounting to TL 251,163 (31 December 2021: TL 240,978) for non-cash loans amounting to TL 44,023 (31 December 2021: TL 44,434), which are not compensated and not cashed in off-balance sheet accounts. In addition, TL 92,038 (31 December 2021: TL 67,930) Phase 1, and TL 290,992 (31 December 2021: TL 233,196) Phase 2 TFRS 9 expected loss provision have been made.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Statement of Income

1. Explanations on Interest Income

a) Information on interest income on loans:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest Income on Loans (*)				
Short-Term Loans	4,779,281	348,440	2,325,016	109,411
Medium and Long-Term Loans	3,946,595	313,853	2,636,930	121,558
Interest on Loans under Follow-Up	138,164	1,869	54,463	_
Premiums Received from Resource Utilization Support Fund	-	-	-	-
Total	8,864,040	664,162	5,016,409	230,969

^(*) Includes fees and commissions obtained from cash loans amounting to TL 234,506 (30 June 2021: TL 99,721).

b) Information on interest income on banks:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
The Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	
Domestic Banks	70,009	381	91,081	179
Foreign Banks	3,153	8,822	2,738	(1,360)
Branches and Head Office Abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	73,162	9,203	93,819	(1,181)

c) Information on interest income on marketable securities portfolio:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial Assets Valued at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other	148,736	27,083	85,372	24,426
Comprehensive Income	599,649	74,646	326,189	40,585
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost	2,919,731	192,590	919,946	46,626
Total	3,668,116	294,319	1,331,507	111,637

As stated in Note VII of Section Three, the Parent Bank has "CPI" indexed securities, fair value difference of which is reflected in other comprehensive income and measured at amortized cost. These securities are valued and accounted for using the effective interest method, based on the real coupon rates, the reference inflation index on the issue date, and the index calculated by taking into account the estimated inflation rate. The reference indices used in the calculation of the actual coupon payment amounts of these securities are created according to the CPI two months ago. The Parent Bank determines the estimated inflation rate accordingly. The estimated inflation rate used is updated during the year when necessary. In this context, as of 30 June 2022, the valuation of the assets was made according to the annual inflation forecast of 70.00%. In case the CPI forecast increases or decreases by 5%, the profit for the period before tax as of 30 June 2022 will increase or decrease by approximately TL 240.6 million (full TL).

d) Interest income on subsidiaries and associates:

These amounts are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Statement of Income (cont'd)

2. Explanations on Interest Expense (cont'd)

a) Information on interest expense on funds borrowed (*):

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	230,405	2,766	113,536	857
Foreign Banks	16,410	410,743	10,602	250,654
Branches and Head Office Abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	-	-	-	-
Total	246,815	413,509	124,138	251,511

^(*) Includes fees and commission expenses related to cash loans amounting to TL 9,008 (30 June 2021: TL 16,208).

b) Information on interest expense on associates and subsidiaries:

These amounts are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

c) Information on interest expenses on securities issued:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interests on securities issued	170,020	-	221,291	-
Total	170,020	-	221,291	-

d) Distribution of interest expenses on deposits based on maturity of deposits:

Current Period:	_	Time Deposit						
Account Name	Demand Deposit	Up to 1 Month	Up to 3 Months	Up to 6 Months	Up to 1 Year	More than 1 Year	Accumula ted Deposits	Total
TL								_
Bank Deposits	-	107,184	-	-	-	-	-	107,184
Saving Deposits	3	1,222,421	1,548,863	48,953	2,873	17,366	-	2,840,479
Public Sector Deposits	-	3,658	30,795	-	-	-	-	34,453
Commercial Deposits	-	656,861	892,618	178,517	78	41,941	-	1,770,015
Other Deposits	-	15,735	134,829	15,367	4	25	-	165,960
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3	2,005,859	2,607,105	242,837	2,955	59,332	-	4,918,091
FC								_
Foreign Currency Deposits	-	12,211	193,245	1,008	17	187	-	206,668
Bank Deposits	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal	-	-	411	54	-	-	-	465
Total	-	12,214	193,656	1,062	17	187	-	207,136
Grand Total	3	2,018,073	2,800,761	243,899	2,972	59,519	-	5,125,227

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Statement of Income (cont'd)

2. Explanations on Interest Expense (cont'd)

d) Distribution of interest expenses on deposits based on maturity of deposits: (cont'd)

Prior Period:		Time Deposit						
Account Name	Demand Deposit	Up to 1 Month	Up to 3 Months	Up to 6 Months	Up to 1 Year	More than 1 Year	Accumula ted Deposits	Total
TL								
Bank Deposits	-	273,373	-	-	-	-	-	273,373
Saving Deposits	-	1,108,544	876,029	7,671	822	2,446	-	1,995,512
Public Sector Deposits	-	3,660	18,279	431	-	-	-	22,370
Commercial Deposits	-	331,944	471,810	16,249	791	1,179	-	821,973
Other Deposits	-	4,943	72,512	26,777	4	15	-	104,251
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	1,722,464	1,438,630	51,128	1,617	3,640	-	3,217,479
FC								
Foreign Currency Deposits	-	3,663	58,307	171	41	482	-	62,664
Bank Deposits	-	16	-	-	-	10	-	26
7 Days Call Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal	-	-	3	-	12	2	-	17
Total	-	3,679	58,310	171	53	494	-	62,707
Grand Total	-	1,726,143	1,496,940	51,299	1,670	4,134	-	3,280,186

3. Information on trading gain loss:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gains	113,552,228	35,473,234
Gains on Capital Market Operations	308,043	196,470
Gains on Derivative Financial Instruments (1)	20,489,597	10,296,858
Foreign Exchange Gains	92,754,588	24,979,906
Losses (-)	113,042,420	36,810,051
Losses on Capital Market Operations	325,220	121,926
Losses on Derivative Financial Instruments (1)	22,167,165	11,601,118
Foreign Exchange Losses	90,550,035	25,087,007

⁽¹⁾ Includes exchange rate fluctuations of hedging transactions net profit of TL 430,781 (30 June 2021: TL 455,453 profit), derivative financial instruments exchange rate changes in profit accounts amounting to TL 119,323 (30 June 2021: TL 152,667 loss).

4. Information on other operating income:

Other operating income of the Group mainly consists of all transaction costs collected from clients and disposal of assets.

5. Provisions for impairment of banks' loans and other receivables:

a) Allowance for Expected Credit Losses and Other Provision Expenses:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Expected Credit Losses	351,164	(122,033)
12 Month Expected Credit Losses (Stage 1)	239,969	(2,906)
Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	21,383	(103,111)
Credit-Impaired (Stage 3)	89,812	(16,016)
Impairment Losses on Securities	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Impairment Losses on Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures	-	-
Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Controlled Partnerships (Joint Ventures)	-	-
Other (1)	(879)	2,754
Total	350,285	(119,279)

⁽¹⁾ Includes reversal of provisions amounting to TL 3,994 (30 June 2021: TL 4,303).

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Statement of Income (cont'd)

6. Information on other operating expenses:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provision for Employee Termination Benefits (1)	54,134	19,786
Bank Social Aid Fund Deficit Provision	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Tangible Assets	-	-
Depreciation Expenses of Tangible Assets	155,088	130,900
Impairment Expenses of Intangible Assets	-	-
Impairment Expense of Goodwill	-	-
Depreciation Expenses of Intangible Assets	46,206	41,684
Impairment for Investments Accounted with Equity Method	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Assets to be Disposed	3,186	(2,430)
Depreciation Expenses of Assets to be Disposed	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	-	-
Other Operating Expenses	876,518	624,466
Rent Expenses Related to TFRS16 Exceptions	31,082	19,959
Maintenance Expenses	27,195	15,853
Advertisement Expenses	69,738	45,288
Other Expenses	748,503	543,366
Loss on Sales of Assets	2,222	4,198
Other (2)	368,054	231,019
Total	1,505,408	1,049,623

⁽¹⁾ The provision for employment termination benefits is included in the personnel expenses item in the financial statements.

7. Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations:

- a) As of 30 June 2022, the current tax expense is TL 3,088,858 (30 June 2021: TL 180,139) and deferred tax income is TL 1,643,473 (30 June 2021: TL 14,798 deferred tax income) and there is no current and deferred tax income/expense from discontinued operations (30 June 2021: None).
- b) Deferred tax income on temporary differences resulted from continued operations is TL 1,643,473 (30 June 2021: TL 14,798 deferred tax income).

c) Reconciliation of tax provision:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit before taxes	6,259,209	829,625
Additions	31,426	(152,706)
Non-allowable expenses	29,241	18,808
General Provision of Loans	2,185	(124,649)
Other	-	(46,865)
Deductions	(506,423)	(15,554)
Dividend income	(5,250)	(2,189)
The Effect of Different Tax Rates	(498,849)	-
Other	(2,324)	(13,365)
Taxable Profit/(Loss)	5,784,212	661,365
Corporation tax rate	%25	%25
Calculated Tax	1,446,053	165,341
Prior year tax correction	(668)	-
Tax charge	1,445,385	165,341

⁽²⁾ Includes other premiums and expenses paid to the Savings Deposit Insurance Fund amounting to TL 160,361 (30 June 2021: TL 105,984) and other taxes and fees paid-in the amount of TL 123,859 (30 June 2021: TL 106,371).

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Consolidated Statement of Income (cont'd)

8. The explanations on net income or loss for the period:

- a) The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for the complete understanding of the Bank's performance for the period: None (30 June 2021: None).
- b) Effect of changes in accounting estimates on income statement for the current and, if any, for subsequent periods: None (30 June 2021: None).
- c) Profit/loss attributable to minority interest:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Minority interest profit/loss	5.421	3.188

9. If the other items in the income statement exceed 10% of the income statement total accounts amounting to at least 20% of these items:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Other interest income		
Interest received from factoring transactions	382,607	176,208
Other	39,324	48,135
Total	421,931	224,343

	Current Period	Prior Period
Other fees and commissions received		
Card fee and commissions	1,003,838	548,507
Insurance commissions	157,863	123,852
Brokerage and consultancy commissions	118,010	80,527
Fund management fees	84,254	41,927
Transfer commissions	80,732	34,359
General limit revision commissions	77,453	41,029
Settlement expense provision, eft, swift, agency commissions	35,252	18,718
Early closing commissions	19,267	7,540
Consultancy commission	8,702	6,984
Other	123,364	111,376
Total	1,708,735	1,014,819
Other fees and commissions given		
Credit cards commissions and fees	627,320	318,421
Commission and fees paid to correspondent banks	81,639	35,315
Settlement expense provision, eft, swift, agency commissions	26,695	21,186
Other	87,127	68,257
Total	822,781	443,179

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Risk Group of the Parent Bank

1. The volume of transactions related to the risk group of the Parent Bank, unfinished loan and deposit transactions at the end of the period, and income and expenses for the period:

Balance sheet items of previous periods are presented as of 31 December 2021 and income/expense items of previous periods are presented as of 30 June 2021.

a) Current Period:

	Subsidiaries, Associates and					nd Legal
	Entities Under	Entities Under Common		Indirect	Persons Included in the Risl	
Risk Group Involving The Parent Bank	Control (Joint Vent.)		Shareholders of the Bank		Group	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans						_
Balance at Beginning of period	-	-	238,949	389,230	1,775,528	129,424
Balance at End of Period	-	-	351,695	310,382	1,122,873	20,416
Interest Received and Commission Income	-	-	1,780	1,400	55,269	262

Direct and indirect shareholders of the Group balance above includes TL 351,695 and other entities included in the risk group balance above includes TL 125,002 placement in "Banks".

b) Prior Period:

Subsidiaries, Associates and						and Legal
	Entities Under Common Direct and Indirect			Indirect	Persons Incl	uded in the
Risk Group Involving The Parent Bank	Control (Joint Vent.)		Shareholders of the Bank		Risk Group	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans						_
Balance at Beginning of period	-	-	161,422	438,193	810,094	89,477
Balance at End of Period	-	-	238,949	389,230	1,775,528	129,424
Interest Received and Commission Income	-	-	908	1,608	16,611	158

Direct and indirect shareholders of the Group balance above includes TL 238,949 and other entities included in the risk group balance above includes TL 812,103 placement in "Banks".

c) c.1) Information on deposits of the risk group of the Parent Bank:

	Subsidiaries, Asso	Other Real and Legal				
	Entities Under C	Entities Under Common		Direct and Indirect		d in the Risk
Risk Group Involving The Parent Bank	Control (Joint Vent.) Shareholders of the Bank		Control (Joint Vent.) Shareholders of the Bank		Grou	ıp
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
Deposits	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Beginning of Period	=	-	4,577,873	5,596,710	1,263,224	1,281,302
End of Period	-	-	5,476,013	4,577,873	2,796,614	1,263,224
Interest on Deposits Expense	-	-	74,305	227,461	63,007	36,979

c.2) Information on forward transactions, option contracts and other similar contracts with the risk group of the Parent Bank:

Risk Group Involving The Parent Bank	Subsidiaries, Associates and Entities Under Common Control (Joint Vent.)		Direct and Indirect Shareholders of the Bank		Other Real and Legal Persons Included in the Risk Group	
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through						
Profit and Loss						
Beginning of Period	-	-	36,494,649	18,396,561	729,855	284,453
End of Period	-	-	44,942,052	36,494,649	773,840	729,855
Total Profit/loss	-	-	(1,057,108)	(417,740)	31,388	(4,890)
Hedging Transactions purposes						
Beginning of Period	-	-	9,575,676	10,139,721	_	-
End of Period	-	-	18,037,391	9,575,676	-	-
Total Profit/Loss	-	_	1,248,869	353,357	-	-

d) As of 30 June 2022, the total amount of remuneration and fees provided for the senior management of the Group is TL 60,835 (30 June 2021: TL 42,799).

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

VI. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Subsequent Events

Following the downward revision of Turkey's ratings on 8 July 2022, the international rating agency Fitch Ratings has similarly updated the credit ratings of 25 Turkish banks and their subsidiaries, including Türk Ekonomi Bankası A.Ş., with its report dated 26 July 2022.

The current ratings of the bank are as follows:

	Note	Outlook
Long Term FX Issuer Default Rating	B-	Negative
Long Term TL Issuer Default Rating	В	Negative
Short Term FX and TL Issuer Default Rating	В	
Financial Capacity	b-	
National	AA (tur)	Stable
Shareholder Support Note	b-	

SECTION SIX

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

I. Explanations on the Independent Auditor's Review Report

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been reviewed by DRT Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. and the auditor's interim review report dated 29 July 2022 is presented preceding the consolidated financial statements.

II. Notes and Explanations Prepared by Independent Auditors

None.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

SECTION SEVEN (*)

INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

- I. Interim Period Reports Included Chairman of The Board of Directors and CEO's of the Parent Bank Assessments for The Interim Activities
- A. Chairman of Board of Directors and CEO's of the Parent Bank Assessments for The Interim Activities

Chairman of Board of Director's Message

Dear stakeholders,

The war between Russia and Ukraine and the ongoing epidemic restrictions in China adversely affected the global economy in the second quarter. Energy prices increased rapidly in the second quarter due to Russia's being an important supplier of natural gas and oil and economic sanctions against Russia. In its Global Economic Prospects Report, the World Bank stated that inflation will remain high in the second half of the year and the risk of stagflation has increased. The institution lowered its 2022 global growth forecast from 4.1% to 2.9%.

In the first half of the year, headline inflation reached 9.1% in the USA. The US Federal Reserve (Fed) increased the interest rate by 50 basis points in May and 75 basis points in June, increasing the policy rate to the range of 1.50%-1.75%. Fed Chairman Powell stated that inflation has increased due to food, energy and raw material prices and that interest rate hikes will continue to reduce high inflation. The Fed lowered its growth expectation for the US economy in 2022 from 2.8% to 1.7%, while the year-end policy rate was estimated at 3.4%. After the Fed statements, the US 10-year bond yields rose above 3% at the end of June.

In Europe, headline inflation increased by 8.6% year-on-year in June due to high energy costs. While the European Central Bank (ECB) ended the pandemic emergency asset purchase program, it kept the policy rate unchanged in the first half of the year. ECB President Lagarde stated that the ongoing war poses a downside risk on economic growth and that they may increase interest rates gradually against high inflation.

The Turkish economy grew by 7.3% annually in the first quarter of 2022. While domestic demand contributed 12 percentage points to growth, net exports contributed 3.5 percentage points. In the first quarter, stocks pulled growth down 8.2 percentage points. Industrial production remained strong in the first half of the year, with leading indicators pointing to a slowdown in the rest of the year.

Energy inflation continued to rise in the second quarter due to the increases in fuel, natural gas and electricity prices. At the end of June, consumer inflation rose to 78.6% annually, while domestic producer inflation was 138.3% annually. The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) kept the policy rate unchanged at 14% in the January-June period.

According to the data of the Ministry of Commerce, while our exports increased by 20% in the January-June period compared to the same period of the previous year, our imports increased by 40.6%. The total foreign trade deficit in the first six months was \$51.4 billion. While high energy imports caused a deterioration in the foreign trade balance, the twelve-month current account balance had a deficit of \$29.4 billion as of May.

Russia-Ukraine war pushes up both energy and food prices, posing downside risk to global growth. In this period, where the fragility of energy importing countries has increased, there are also problems in food supply due to war conditions. In the second half of the year, the course of the war and the tightening steps of the central banks will be followed.

As one of the important players in the Turkish banking sector, TEB aims to continue to contribute to the Turkish economy in the coming periods, as it has done so far, and to create increasing value for all its stakeholders by increasing its growth and efficiency.

Kind Regards,

Dr. Akın AKBAYGİL

(*) The amounts in Section Seven represent the full TL amount unless otherwise stateda.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

A. Chairman of Board of Directors and CEO's of the Parent Bank Assessments for The Interim Activities (cont'd)

CEO's Message

As of 30 June 2022, TEB showed total assets of TL 263 billion and a net profit of TL 4,814 million. Loans, the most important indicator of the bank's support for its customers and economic activity, made up 58% of its total assets. Giving the same importance to risk management and to asset quality as it always does, TEB's total loans to customers in the first half of the year amounted to TL 155.3 billion while its total deposits during the same period stood at TL 185.8 billion. Continuing to support solid growth with a strong capital structure and by ensuring the sustainable continuity of its profitability, TEB's shareholders' equity was TL 19.3 billion while at 15.32%, its capital adequacy ratio was above the targeted 12%.

TEB continued to offer both retail and corporate customers a variety of products designed to protect TL savings against exchange rate movements such as "Currency Protected TL Time Deposit Account", "Foreign Currency Conversion TL Time Deposit Account", "Gold Conversion TL Time Deposit Account" and "YUVAM Account". The total volume of TEB's rate-protected fixed-term TL depots accounts increased by 149% in Q2 2022 and the bank's overall share of the market for such products grew by 100 basis points. Through savings-account products such as these, TEB protects its customers' TL savings against currency risk while also encouraging them to keep their savings in TL.

Offering a range of alternative deposit-account products to encourage its customers to save, TEB promotes saving habits among its customers through its "Marifetli" account, whose flexible deposit/withdrawal options make saving easy and which has also increased the bank's acquisition of new customers as well. The total volume of TEB Marifetli accounts has increased by 3.5% since the beginning of the year.

TEB also continued to support its customers with consumer loans incorporating alternative repayment plans, three-month installment deferments, and suitable maturity options. The percentage of customers having recourse to digital channels that make their access to retail loans more convenient has increased. According to Q2 2022 figures, 80% of all loan applications were received by TEB through digital channels and 84% of loans to customers were disbursed in the same way.

Continuing to improve the digital banking experience, TEB makes it possible for customers to take care of their banking business quickly and without interruption through practical, solution-focused approaches that satisfy their demands and needs. During Q2 2022, the number of TEB customers using any of the bank's digital banking channels reached 2.37 million and the number of them using only mobile banking channels approached 2 million.

Besides offering bonuses of up to TL 5,500 to pensioners who have the accounts into which their pensions are paid transferred to TEB, the bank also continues to provide such customers with products and services in line with their needs. TEB has even set up a special service line at its call center that makes it possible for pensioners to take care of their business more conveniently. TEB charges no fees on any money transfer or EFT/FAST transactions that pensioners perform through either its call center, its online branch, or its CEPTETEB mobile app. Pensioners also qualify for priority service at TEB branches, are exempt from credit card fees, benefit from higher interest rates and daily cash withdrawals on their Marifetli accounts, and higher ATM withdrawal limits.

Supporting the entrepreneurial ecosystem and impact investment in order to create added value for all of its stakeholders and to have a positive impact on society in keeping with its "Good and Exemplary Bank" attitude, TEB overhauled the TEB Private Banking Angel Investment Platform which it had launched as part of its private banking arm in 2013. Having already been instrumental in the writing of a great number of success stories by bringing entrepreneurs and investors together, TEB Private Banking organized the first gathering on the renovated platform around the theme of "Social entrepreneurs aiming at ecological sustainability". As the first bank in the country to introduce the concept of "angel investor" to its customers for the purposes of transforming the investment landscape and of offering alternative areas for investment, the aim of this TEB platform is to discover project ideas and initiatives that will make a difference for Turkey. Another of its aims is to encourage "impact investing" whose strength is derived from TEB's entrepreneurial and investment ecosystem.

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

A. Chairman of Board of Directors and CEO's of the Parent Bank Assessments for The Interim Activities (cont'd)

CEO's Message (cont'd)

TEB continued its efforts to strengthen the presence of women who own businesses and are entrepreneurs in the business world for fostering sustainable economic growth with its Women's Banking business line. Providing women business owners with support on both financial and non-financial issues, total volume of TEB's cash loans to such businesses in Q2 2022 was about 20% higher than it was in previous year.

During Q2 2022 TEB SME Banking continued to stand by the small and medium-sized enterprises that are the engines of the national economy. Offering the most suitable financing solutions addressing the needs of SMEs in support of both production and employment, TEB contributes to Turkey's real sector through its provision of loans backed by the Credit Guarantee Fund (KGF). As of 30 June 2022, TEB had disbursed TL 2 billion worth of credit under three separate KGF-backed protocols: Export Support Package, Investment Support Package, Business Expenditures Support Package.

In keeping with its vision of being an important stakeholder in innovative and value-adding technology companies through its Startup Banking business line, TEB continues to provide such undertakings with both financial and non-financial support during their growth stages. TEB provides both financial and consultancy support to ventures in many different business lines ranging from agricultural technologies and biobased plastic production to waste-water treatment systems and stand-alone energy generation autoproduction technologies. At TİM-TEB Startup Houses located around the country as part of the long-term collaboration between Türk Ekonomi Bankası and Turkish Exporters Assembly, a Green Up Sustainable Green Growth Program has been launched to support initiatives focusing on end-to-end sustainability. Under this program, support is provided to undertakings in the areas of clean energy and clean technology on such issues as mentoring, meeting with investors, networking, and venturing abroad. TEB intends to continue contributing to the strengthening and expansion of entrepreneurship throughout the country by reaching out to even more entrepreneurs through new programs that are to be carried out at TİM-TEB Startup Houses.

In line with the underlying strategy which it had defined for 2022, TEB Corporate Banking continued its efforts to be the "main" or at least a "preferred" bank for the corporate customers in its portfolio. Continuing to grow its active corporate banking customer base, TEB is further entrenching itself in this business line by increasing the number of cash management and foreign trade finance products used by existing customers.

Global Finance, a highly respected journal in international financial circles, cited TEB as "Best Cash Management Bank In Turkey" in the magazine's 2022 ranking of the world's best treasury and cash management financial institutions.

In the 2022 round of its annual competition, the world's largest contact center and customer loyalty applications organization Contact Center World awarded the TEB Call Center with gold medals in six categories: "Best Customer Services", "Best Self-Service Technology", "Best Sales Campaign", "Best Quality Team", "Best Innovation In Technology", and "Best Crisis Management".

Kind	Regards.	

Ümit Leblebici

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

B. Share Capital and Shareholding Structure

As of 30 June 2022;

	1L 2,204,390,000.00 Paid-in Capital		
Name- Title of Shareholders	Share	Share	
TEB Holding A.Ş.	1,212,414,500.002	55.0000%	
BNPP Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	518,342,498.520	23.5141%	
BNP Paribas Fortis Yatırımlar Holding A.Ş.	467,879,148.835	21.2249%	
BNP Paribas SA	5,253,352.000	0.2383%	
Kocaeli Ticaret Odası	500,500.643	0.0227%	
Grand Total	2,204,390.000	100.00%	

C. Management and Corporate Governance Practices

The Chairman and the Members of Board of Directors

Name	Title
Dr. Akın Akbaygil	Chairman of the Board of Directors
François Andre Jesualdo Benaroya	Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors
Nicolas de Baudinet de Courcelles	Member of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Audit Committee
Ayşe Aşardağ	Member of the Board of Directors and Vice Chairman of the Audit Committee
Yavuz Canevi	Member of the Board of Directors
Hans Wilfried J. Broucke	Member of the Board of Directors
Özden Odabaşı	Member of the Board of Directors
Sandrine Ferdane	Member of the Board of Directors
Ayşe Meral Çimenbiçer	Member of the Board of Directors, Member of Audit Committee
Metin Toğay	Member of the Board of Directors
Didier Albert N. Van Hecke	Member of the Board of Directors, Member of Audit Committee
Ümit Leblebici	Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Member

Information on Participation of Board Members and Committee Members into Respective Meetings

As of 30 June 2022 the Board of Directors have accepted 118 resolutions and Audit Committee 33 resolutions. The Board Members and Committee Members have participated into respective meetings at sufficient levels.

Executive Management

General Manager, Assistant General Managers and Their Responsibilities in the Bank

Name	Title
Ümit Leblebici	General Manager and Member of the Board of Directors
Gökhan Mendi	Senior Assistant General Manager, Retail and Private Banking
Ali İhsan Arıdaşır	Assistant General Manager Responsible for SME Loans
Melis Coşan Baban	Head of Legal Affairs, Secretary of the Board of Directors
Ali Gökhan Cengiz	Assistant General Manager, SME Banking
Mehmet Ali Cer	Assistant General Manager, Information Technologies
Mustafa Aşkın Dolaştır	Assistant General Manager, Financial Affairs Group
Osman Durmuş	Assistant General Manager Responsible for Retail and Business Loans
Orhan Hatipoğlu	Assistant General Manager, Banking Operations and Support Services
Bade Sipahioğlu Işık	Assistant General Manager, Human Resources
Dr. Tuğrul Özbakan	Assistant General Manager, Treasury & ALM
Akil Özçay	Assistant General Manager, Financial Markets
Gökhan Özdil	Assistant General Manager, Corporate Loans
Ömer Abidin Yenidoğan	Assistant General Manager, Corporate and Corporate Investment Banking Group
Nimet Elif Kocaayan	Chief Risk Officer
Hakan Tıraşın	Head of Internal Audit
Birol Deper	Head of Compliance Group and Internal Control Group, Consumer Relations
	Coordination Officer

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

D. Significant Events and Transactions in the Current Period

Amendments to Main Contract in 1 January – 30 June 2022:

There have been no changes to the main contract during the period of 1 January – 30 June 2022.

Significant Events and Transaction in the Current Period:

Past due receivables amounting to TL 137,617 for which TL 134,690 of provision had been allocated, is sold for TL 27,732 during 2022 and after all sales procedures were completed, these past due receivables have been written off from the portfolio.

Summary of Financial Information:

	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
	Consolidated	Consolidated
(million TL)	Financial Statements	Financial Statements
Loans, Net	151,848	108,464
Loans (*)	152,972	109,183
Non-Performing Loans	2,977	3,359
Provision for Expected Loses	(4,101)	(4,078)
Total Assets	263,022	198,854
Deposits	185,774	131,583
Shareholder's Equity	19,279	14,056
Net Profit (Prior Period 30 June 2021)	4,814	664

^(*) Includes factoring receivables.

Summary of Financial Ratios:

	30 June 2022 Consolidated	31 December 2021 Consolidated
	Financial Statements	Financial Statements
Loans / Total Assets	57.73%	54.55%
Deposits / Total Assets	70.63%	66.17%
Return on Equity (Prior Period 30 June 2021)	59.26%	11.38%
NPL Ratio	1.91%	2.98%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	15.32%	17.77%
Coverage Ratio	66.10%	68.23%

NOTES AND EXPLANATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

E. Credit Ratings Assigned by Rating Agencies and Information on Their Contents (*)

In terms of the ratings given by the institutions rating banks in our country, our Parent Bank continues to be one of the banks with the highest rating. As of 31 December 2021, our ratings are as follows:

Moody's Investor Services:

Baseline Credit Assessment	b3
Adjusted Baseline Credit Assessment	b1
Long Term FC Bank Deposits	B2
Short Term FC Bank Deposits	NP
Long Term TL Bank Deposits	B1
Short Term TL Bank Deposits	NP
Outlook	Negative

Fitch Ratings:

Long-term B Short-term B

Outlook Negative

Turkish Lira Commitments

Long-term B+
Short-term B
Outlook Negative
National AA (tur)
Outlook Stable
Financial Capacity b+
Viability Rating b

F. Donations

The Parent Bank has donated TL 142,948 with 113 items to the several agencies and institutions during the period of 1 January 2022 - 30 June 2022.

^(*) Ratings above are not performed based on the "Communiqué for Authorization and Activities of Rating Institutions" published by the Capital Markets Board.